

TS5A22364-Q1 具有负信号功能的 0.65Ω 双路 SPDT 模拟开关

1 特性

- 适用于汽车电子 应用
- 指定的先断后合 (BBM) 开关
- 负信号摆幅功能: 最大摆幅范围为 -2.75V 到 2.75V ($V_{CC} = 2.75\text{V}$)
- 内部分流开关, 可防止在切换电源时出现喀哒声和噼啪声
- 低导通状态电阻 (0.65Ω 典型值)
- 低电荷注入
- 出色的通道间导通状态电阻匹配
- 2.25V 至 5.5V 电源 (V_{CC})
- 锁断性能达 100mA, 符合 AEC Q100-004
- 静电放电 (ESD) 性能
 - 通过 2500V 人体模型测试, 符合 AEC Q100-002
 - 通过 1500V 带电器件模型测试, 符合 AEC Q100-011

2 应用

- 车用信息娱乐
- 音频路由
- 工业自动化
- 医疗成像

3 说明

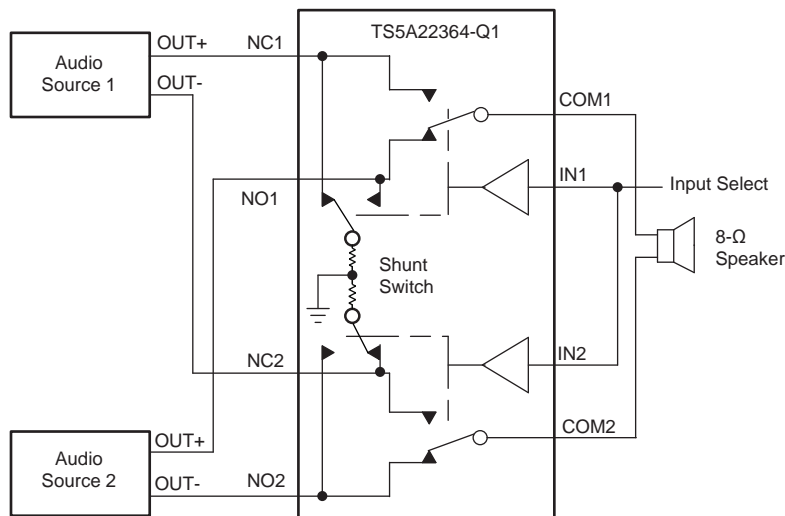
TS5A22364-Q1 是一款双通道单刀双掷 (SPDT) 模拟开关, 设计用于 2.3V 至 5.5V 电源。该器件支持 负信号摆幅, 允许低于接地电平的信号通过开关, 同时不发生失真。此外, TS5A22364-Q1 还包含一个内部分流开关, 能够在常闭或常开引脚未连接至 COM 时使其电容放电。此开关可降低在切换电源时出现的喀哒声和噼啪声。先断后合特性可防止信号在跨路径传输时出现失真。该器件同时拥有低导通电阻、出色的通道间导通状态电阻匹配以及最小总谐波失真 (THD) 性能, 是音频应用的理想选择。

器件信息⁽¹⁾

器件型号	封装	封装尺寸 (标称值)
TS5A22364-Q1	VSSOP (10)	3.00mm x 3.00mm

(1) 如需了解所有可用封装, 请见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。

LP38690 的



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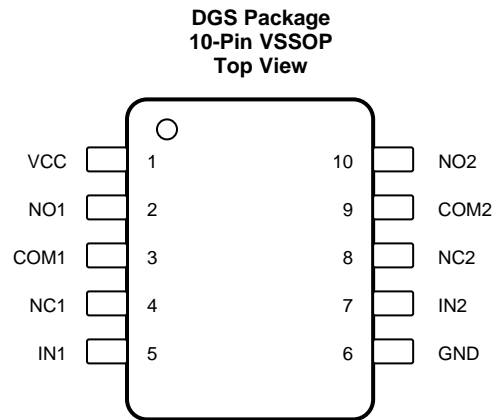
4 修订历史记录

Changes from Original (October 2014) to Revision A

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5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	VCC	I	Supply power
2	NO1	I/O	Normally open (NO) signal path, switch 1
3	COM1	I/O	Common signal path, switch 1
4	NC1	I/O	Normally closed (NC) signal path, switch 1
5	IN1	I	Digital control pin to connect COM1 to NO1, switch 1
6	GND	—	Ground
7	IN2	I	Digital control pin to connect COM2 to NO2, switch 2
8	NC2	I/O	Normally closed (NC) signal path, switch 2
9	COM2	I/O	Common signal path, switch 2
10	NO2	I/O	Normally open (NO) signal path, switch 2

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

 over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾	-0.5	6	V
V _{NC}	Analog voltage on NC1-NC2 pin ^{(3) (4) (5)}	V _{CC} - 6	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{NO}	Analog voltage on NO1-NO2 pin ^{(3) (4) (5)}			
V _{COM}	Analog voltage on COM1-COM2 pin ^{(3) (4) (5)}			
I _{I/O} K	Analog port diode input clamp current	-50	50	mA
I _{INC}	On-state switch continuous current	-150	150	mA
I _{INO} I _{ICOM}	On-state switch peak current ⁽⁶⁾	-300	300	
I _{RSH}	Off-state switch shunt resistor current	-20	20	mA
V _{IN}	Digital input voltage	-0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current ^{(3) (4)}	-50	50	mA
I _{CC} I _{GND}	Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND	-100	100	mA
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration <10% duty cycle.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	-2500	2500	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	-1500	1500	

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates HBM stressing is done in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.3	5.5	V
V _{NC}	Signal path voltage	V _{CC} - 5.5	V _{CC}	V
V _{NO}				
V _{COM}				
V _{IN}	Digital control	GND	V _{CC}	V

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ^{(1) (2)}		TS5A22364-Q1		UNIT
		DGS (VSSOP)		
		10 PINS		
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	163.3		°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	56.4		°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	83.1		°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	6.8		°C/W
ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	81.8		°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A		°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

(2) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics—2.5-V Supply

V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V, T_A = –40°C to +125°C (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V _{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH									
Analog signal	V _{COM} V _{NO} V _{NC}					V _{CC} – 5.5		V _{CC}	V
On-state resistance	R _{on}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V _{CC} , 1.5 V, V _{CC} – 5.5 V I _{COM} = –100 mA	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.7 V		0.65	0.94 1.3	Ω
On-state resistance match between channels	ΔR _{on}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = 1.5 V, I _{COM} = –100 mA	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.7 V		0.023	0.11 0.15	Ω
On-state resistance flatness	R _{on(flat)}	V _{NC} or V _{NO} = V _{CC} , 1.5 V, V _{CC} – 5.5 V I _{COM} = –100 mA	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.7 V		0.18	0.46 0.56	Ω
Shunt switch resistance	R _{SH}	I _{NO} or I _{NC} = 10 mA		–40°C to +125°C	2.7 V		25	55	Ω
On-state leakage current	I _{COM(ON)}	V _{NC} and V _{NO} = floating, V _{COM} = V _{CC} , V _{CC} – 5.5 V	See Figure 16	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.7 V	–200		200 2500	nA
DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (IN)⁽²⁾									
Input logic high	V _{IH}			–40°C to +125°C		1.4		V _{CC}	V
Input logic low	V _{IL}			–40°C to +125°C				0.4	V
Input leakage current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or 0		25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.7 V	–250		250 250	nA
DYNAMIC									
Turnon time	t _{ON}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 300 Ω	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.5 V 2.3 V to 2.7 V		44	80 120	ns
Turnoff time	t _{OFF}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} , R _L = 300 Ω	C _L = 35 pF, See Figure 18	25°C –40°C to +125°C	2.5 V 2.3 V to 2.7 V		22	70 70	ns
Break-before-make time	t _{BBM}	See Figure 19		25°C	2.5 V	1	7		ns
Charge injection	Q _C	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, See Figure 23	25°C	2.5 V		215		pC
On-State NC, NO, COM capacitance	C _{COM(ON)}	V _{COM} = V _{CC} or GND, Switch ON, f = 10 MHz		25°C	2.5 V		370		pF
Digital input capacitance	C _I	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		25°C	2.5 V		2.6		pF
Bandwidth	BW	R _L = 50 Ω, –3 dB	See Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		17		MHz

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the [Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs](#) application report, [SCBA004](#).

Electrical Characteristics—2.5-V Supply (continued)

 $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Off-state isolation	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$, See Figure 21	25°C	2.5 V		-66	dB	
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$, See Figure 22	25°C	2.5 V		-75	dB	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$ $f = 20 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$, See Figure 24	25°C	2.5 V		0.01	%	
SUPPLY								
Positive supply current	I_{CC}	V_{COM} and $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, V_{NC} and $V_{NO} = \text{floating}$	25°C	2.7 V		0.2	1.1	μA
			-40°C to +125°C			1.3		
		$V_{COM} = V_{CC} - 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, V_{NC} and $V_{NO} = \text{floating}$	-40°C to +125°C	2.7 V			3.3	μA

6.6 Electrical Characteristics—3.3-V Supply

 $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
ANALOG SWITCH								
Analog signal	V_{COM} V_{NO} V_{NC}			$V_{CC} - 5.5$		V_{CC}	V	
On-state resistance	R_{on}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} \leq V_{CC}$, 1.5 V, $V_{CC} - 5.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C -40°C to +125°C	3 V	0.61	0.87	Ω	
On-state resistance match between channels	ΔR_{on}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C -40°C to +125°C	3 V	0.024	0.13	Ω	
On-state resistance flatness	$R_{on(flat)}$	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} \leq V_{CC}$, 1.5 V, $V_{CC} - 5.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$ COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C -40°C to +125°C	3 V	0.12	0.46	Ω	
Shunt switch resistance	R_{SH}	I_{NO} or $I_{NC} = 10 \text{ mA}$	-40°C to +125°C	3 V	25	40	Ω	
On-state leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} and $V_{NO} = \text{floating}$, $V_{COM} = V_{CC}, V_{CC} - 5.5 \text{ V}$ COM to NO or NC, See Figure 16	25°C -40°C to +125°C	3.6 V	-200	200	nA	
					-2500	2500		
DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (IN)⁽²⁾								
Input logic high	V_{IH}		-40°C to +125°C		1.4	V_{CC}	V	
Input logic low	V_{IL}		-40°C to +125°C			0.6	V	
Input leakage current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or 0	25°C -40°C to +125°C	3.6 V	-250	250	nA	
					-250	250		
DYNAMIC								
Turnon time	t_{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 300 \Omega$ $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V		34	80	ns
			-40°C to +125°C	3 V to 3.6 V			80	
Turnoff time	t_{OFF}	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 300 \Omega$ $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V		19	70	ns
			-40°C to +125°C	3 V to 3.6 V			70	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}		25°C	3.3 V	1	7	ns	
Charge injection	Q_C	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$, $C_L = 1 \text{ nF}$, See Figure 23	25°C	3.3 V		300	pC	
On-State NC, NO, COM capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$ or GND, $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$ See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		370	pF	

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* application report, [SCBA004](#).

Electrical Characteristics—3.3-V Supply (continued)

 $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Digital input capacitance	C_I	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	See Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		2.6		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, -3 dB	Switch ON, See Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		17.5		MHz
Off-state isolation	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$	$f = 100\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 21	25°C	3.3 V		-68		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$	$f = 100\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 22	25°C	3.3 V		-76		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\text{ pF}$	$f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, See Figure 24	25°C	3.3 V		0.008		%
SUPPLY									
Positive supply current	I_{CC}	V_{COM} and $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, V_{NC} and $V_{NO} =$ floating		25°C	3.6 V		0.1	1.2	μA
				-40°C to +125°C			1.3		
				-40°C to +125°C		3.6 V		3.4	μA

6.7 Electrical Characteristics—5-V Supply⁽¹⁾

 $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH									
Analog signal	V_{COM} , V_{NO} , V_{NC}					$V_{CC} - 5.5$		V_{CC}	V
On-state resistance	R_{on}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{CC}$, 1.6 V, $V_{CC} = -5.5\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V		0.52	0.74	Ω
				-40°C to +125°C			0.83		
On-state resistance match between channels	ΔR_{on}	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = 1.6\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V		0.04	0.23	Ω
				-40°C to +125°C			0.30		
On-state resistance flatness	$R_{on(Flat)}$	V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = V_{CC}$, 1.6 V, $V_{CC} = -5.5\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$	COM to NO or NC, See Figure 14	25°C	4.5 V		0.076	0.46	Ω
				-40°C to +125°C			0.5		
Shunt switch resistance	R_{SH}	I_{NO} or $I_{NC} = 10\text{ mA}$		-40°C to +125°C	4.5 V		16	36	Ω
On-state leakage current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	V_{NC} and $V_{NO} =$ Floating, $V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $V_{CC} - 5.5\text{ V}$	See Figure 16	25°C	5.5 V		-200	200	nA
				-40°C to +125°C			-2500	2500	
DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS (IN)⁽²⁾									
Input logic high	V_{IH}			-40°C to +125°C		2.4		V_{CC}	V
Input logic low	V_{IL}			-40°C to +125°C				0.8	V
Input leakage current	I_{IH} , I_{IL}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or 0		25°C	5.5 V		-250	250	nA
				-40°C to +125°C			-250	250	
DYNAMIC									
Turnon time	t_{ON}	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 300\ \Omega$	$C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		27	80	ns
				-40°C to +125°C	4.5 V to 5.5 V			80	
Turnoff time	t_{OFF}	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 300\ \Omega$	$C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		13	70	ns
				-40°C to +125°C	4.5 V to 5.5 V			70	
Break-before-make time	t_{BBM}	$V_{NC} = V_{NO} = V_{CC}/2$, $R_L = 300\ \Omega$	$C = 35\text{ pF}$, See Figure 19	25°C	5 V	1	3.5		ns
Charge injection	Q_C	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, See Figure 23	25°C	5 V		500		pC

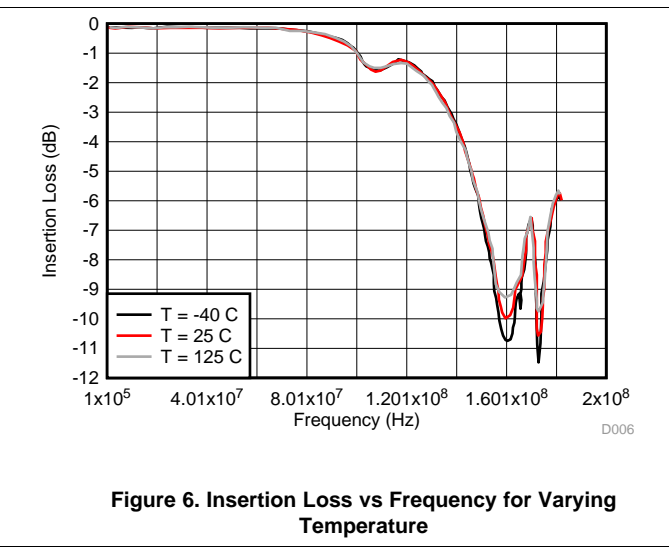
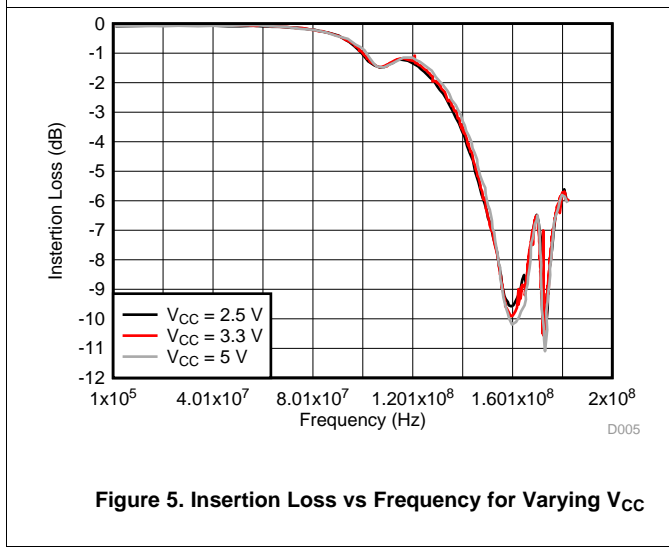
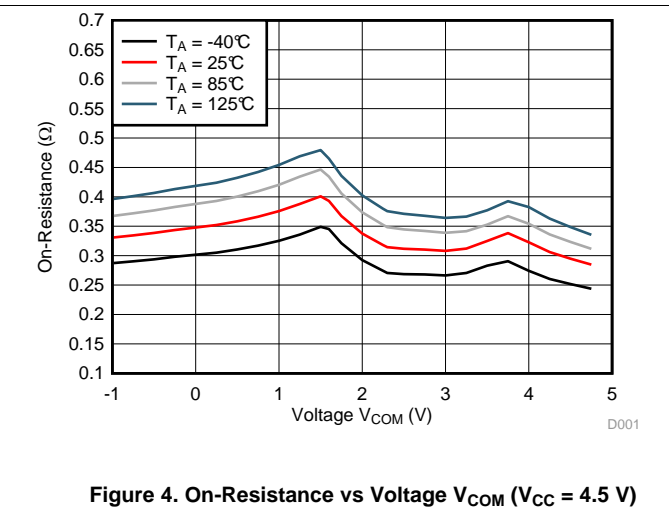
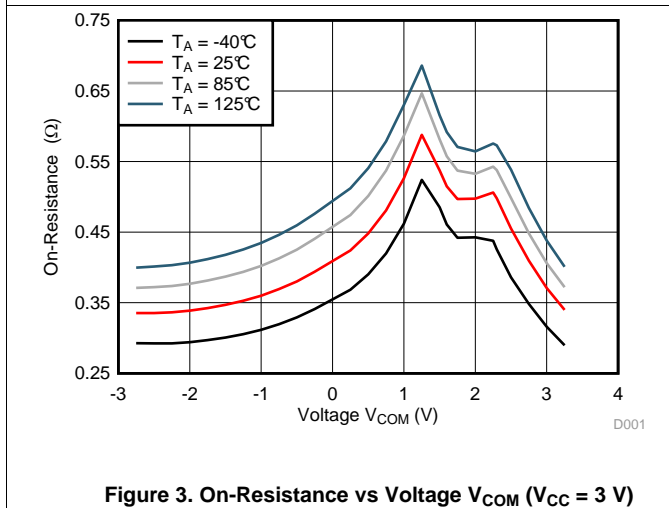
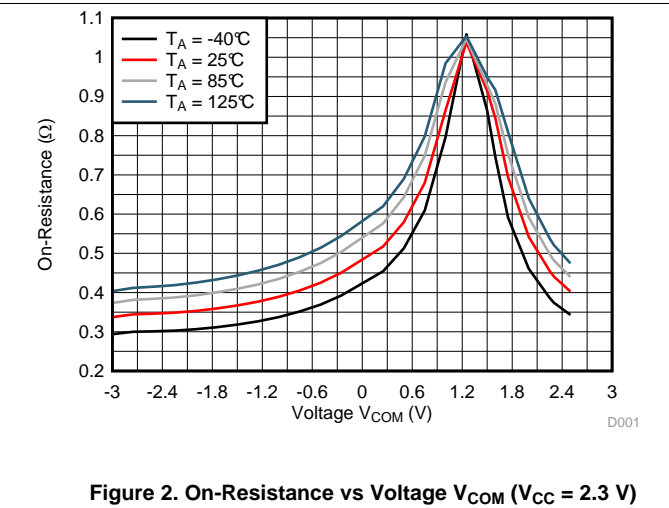
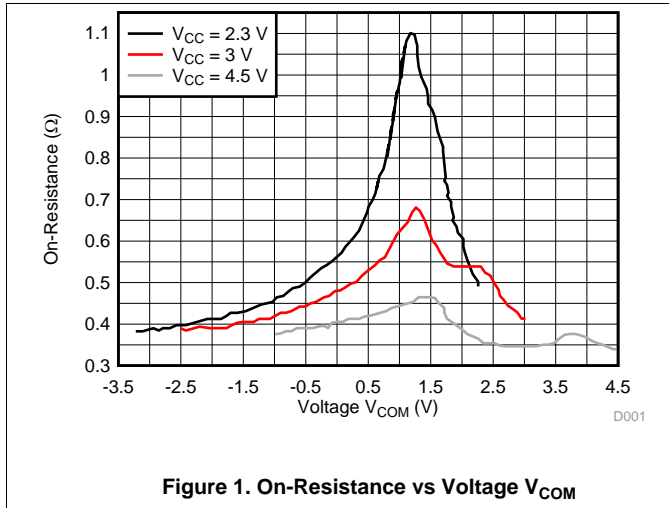
(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* application report, [SCBA004](#).

Electrical Characteristics—5-V Supply⁽¹⁾ (continued)
 $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }+125^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_{CC}	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ON-State NC, NO, COM capacitance	$C_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{COM} = V_{CC}$ or GND	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		370		pF
Digital input capacitance	C_I	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	See Figure 17	25°C	5 V		2.6		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$	See Figure 20	25°C	5 V		18.3		MHz
Off-state isolation	O_{ISO}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$	f = 100 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		-70		dB
Crosstalk	X_{TALK}	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$	f = 100 kHz, See Figure 22	25°C	5 V		-78		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 35\ \text{pF}$	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 24	25°C	5 V		0.009		%
SUPPLY									
Positive supply current	I_{CC}	V_{COM} and $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND, V_{NC} or $V_{NO} = \text{floating}$	25°C	5.5 V	0.2	1.3	μA		
			-40°C to +125°C		3.5				
		$V_{COM} = V_{CC} - 5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IN} =$ V_{CC} or GND, V_{NC} or $V_{NO} =$ floating	-40°C to +125°C		5				

6.8 Typical Characteristics



Typical Characteristics (continued)

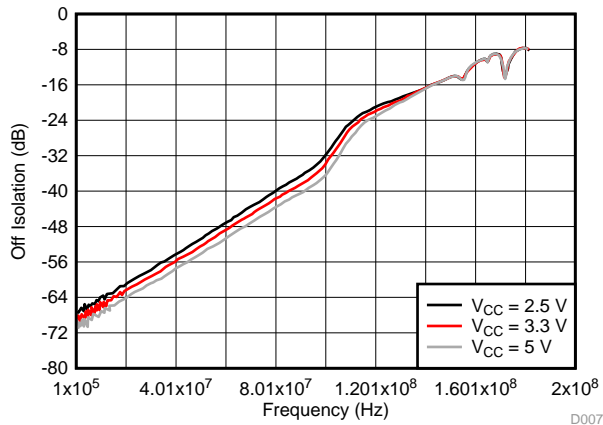


Figure 7. Off Isolation vs Frequency for Varying V_{CC}

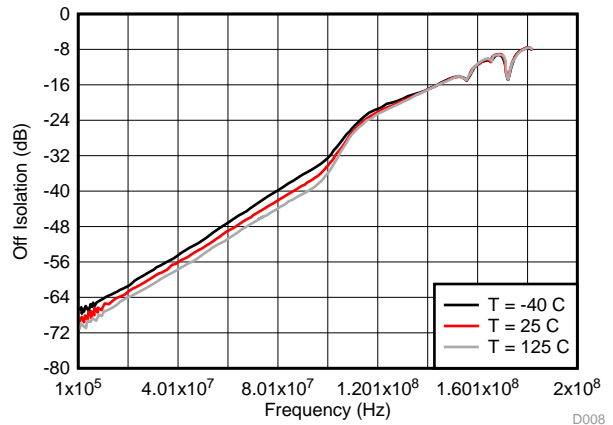


Figure 8. Off Isolation vs Frequency for Varying Temperature

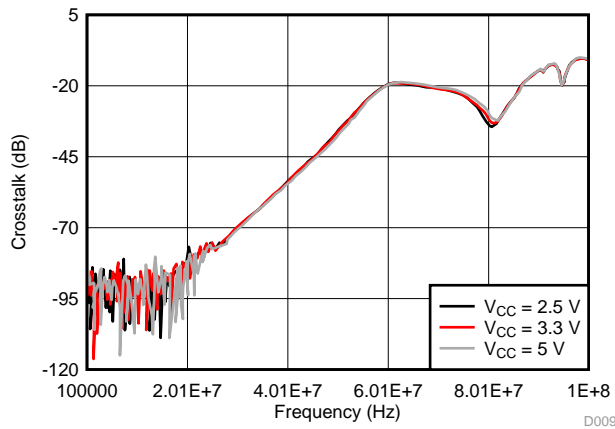


Figure 9. Crosstalk vs Frequency for Varying V_{CC}

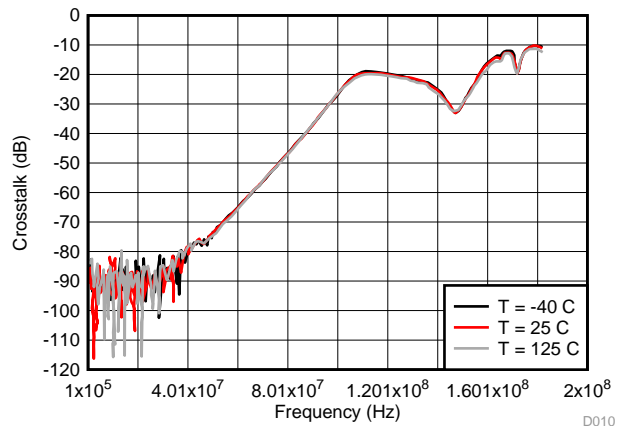


Figure 10. Crosstalk vs Frequency ($V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

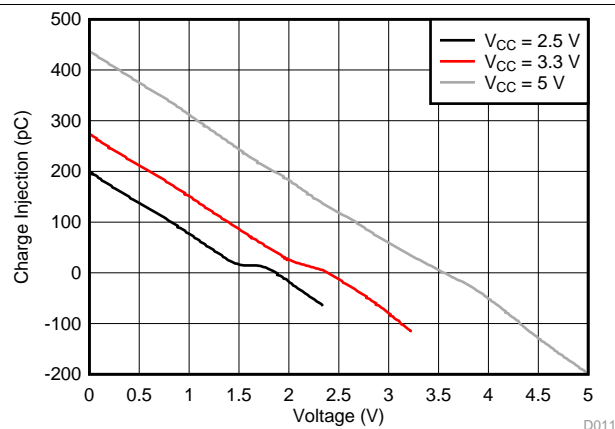


Figure 11. Charge Injection vs Voltage V_{COM}

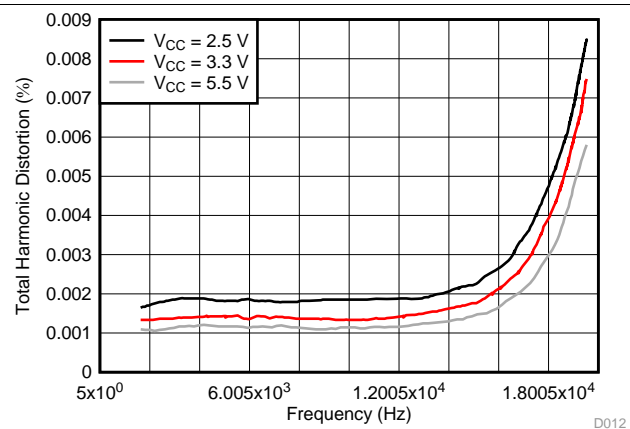
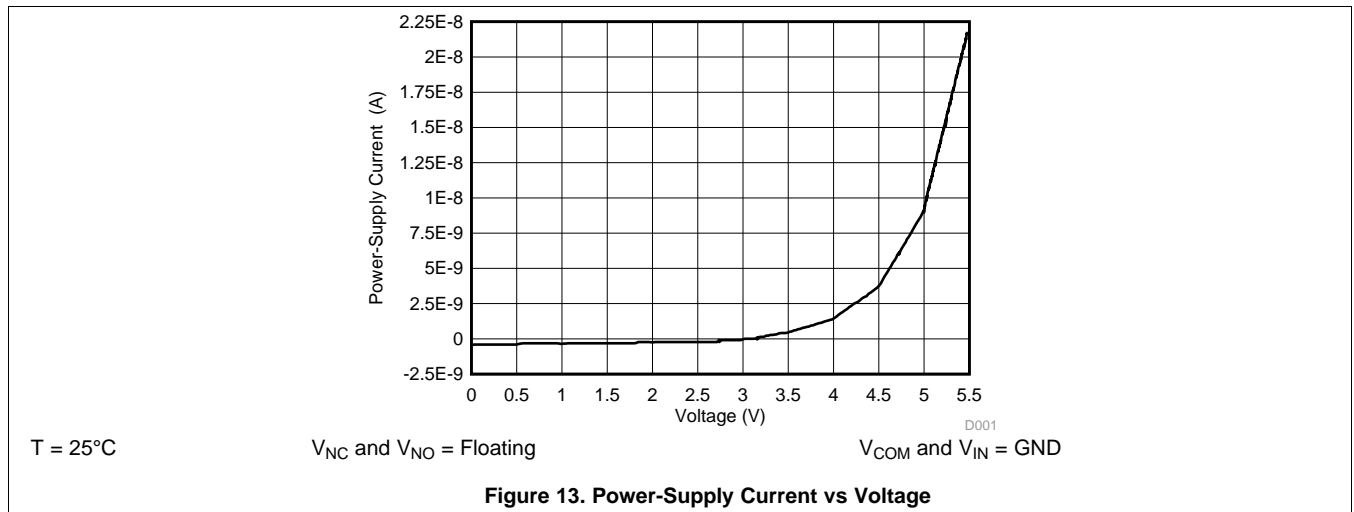


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency

Typical Characteristics (continued)



7 Parameter Measurement Information

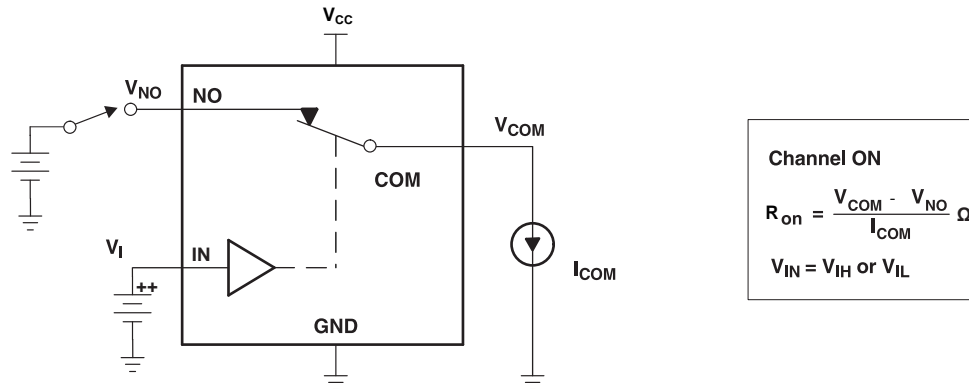


Figure 14. On-State Resistance (R_{on})

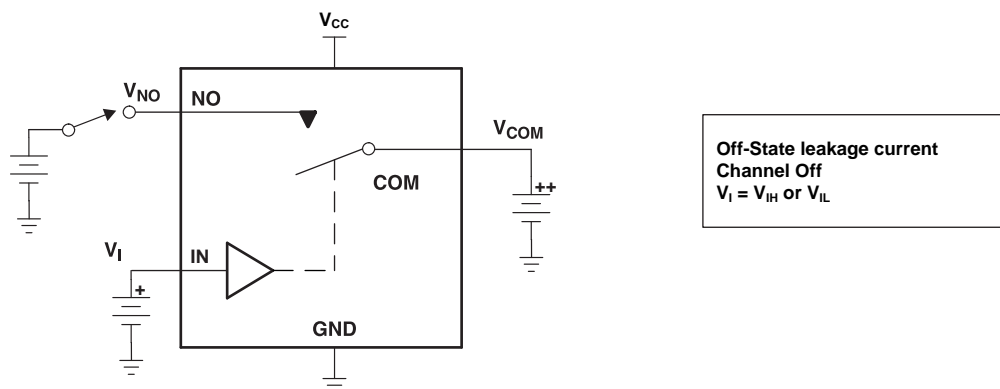


Figure 15. Off-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{NO(OFF)}$)

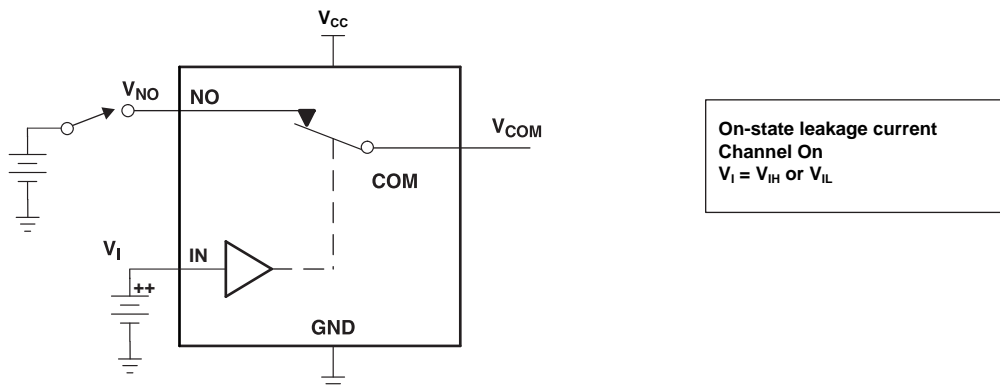


Figure 16. On-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NO(ON)}$)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

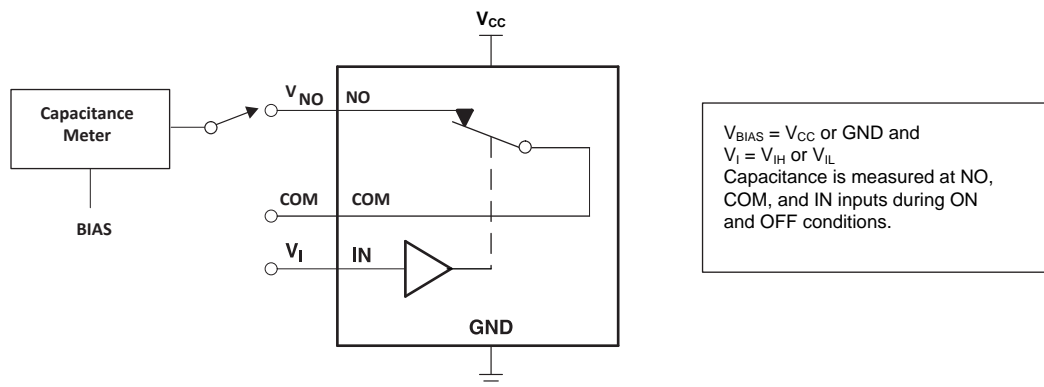
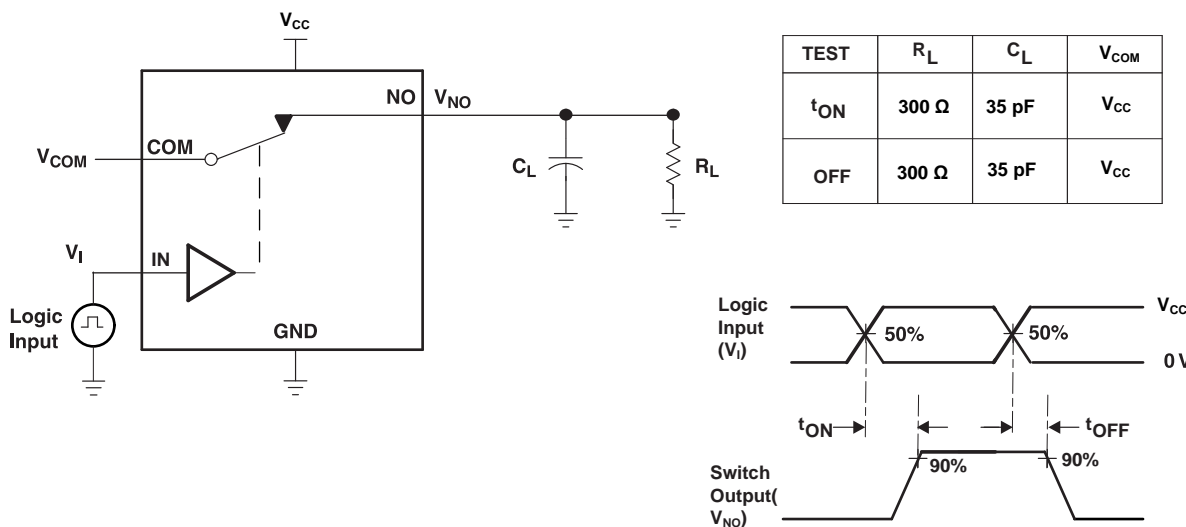


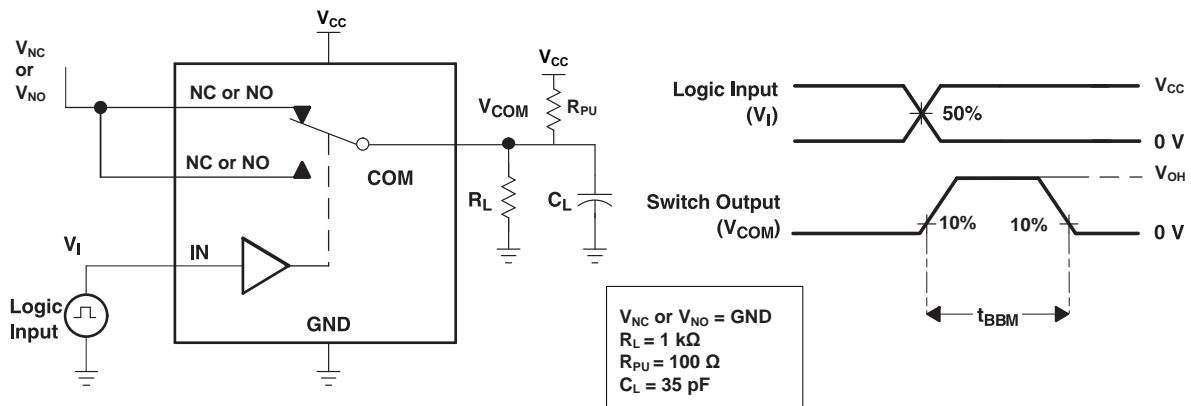
Figure 17. Capacitance (C_I , $C_{COM(OFF)}$, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NO(OFF)}$, $C_{NO(ON)}$)



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5$ ns, $t_f < 5$ ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 18. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff time (t_{OFF})

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10$ MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5$ ns, $t_f < 5$ ns.

Figure 19. Break-Before-Make Time (t_{BBM})

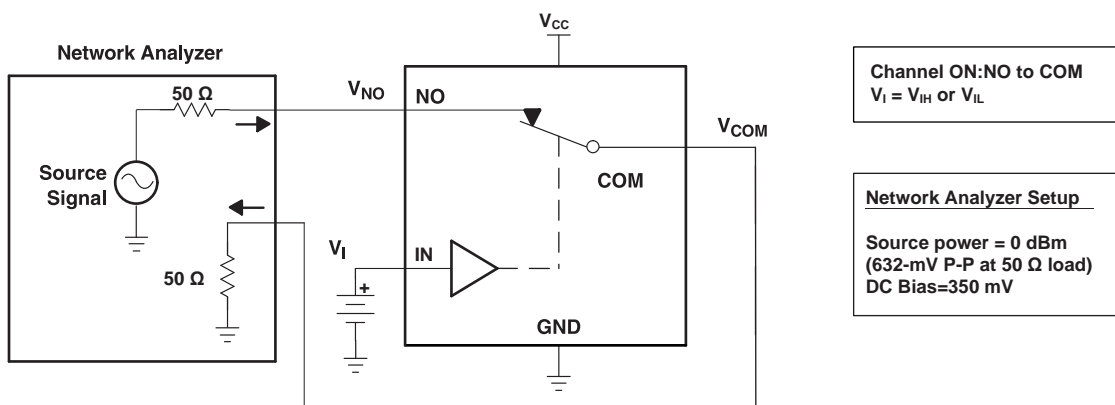


Figure 20. Bandwidth (BW)

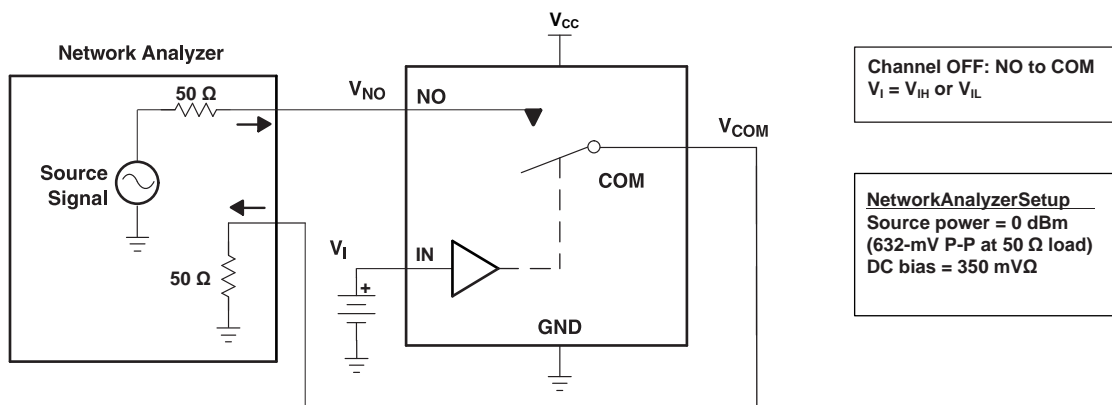


Figure 21. Off Isolation (O_{ISO})

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

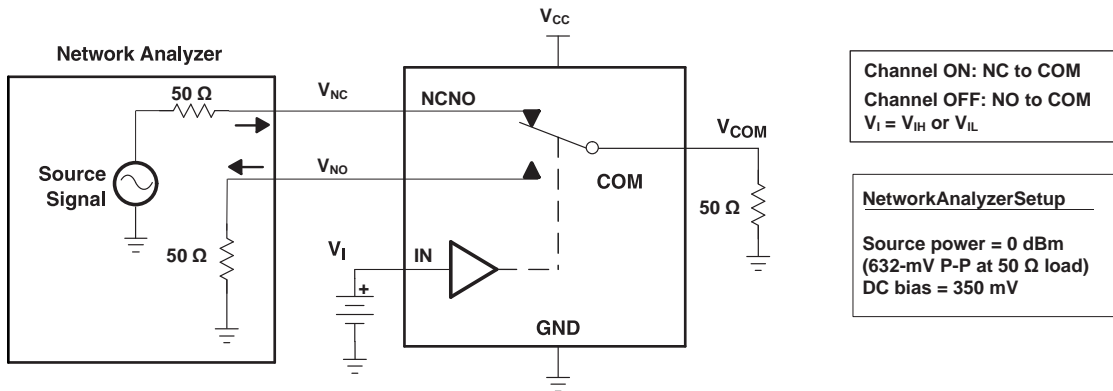
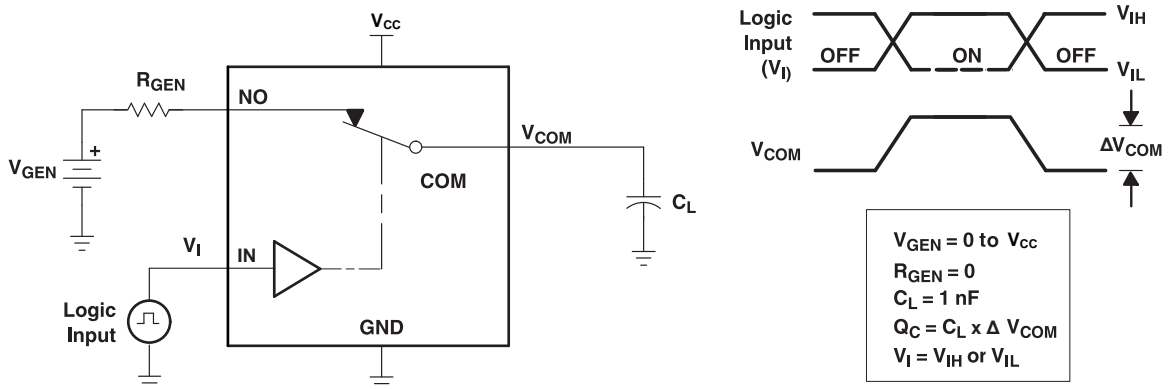


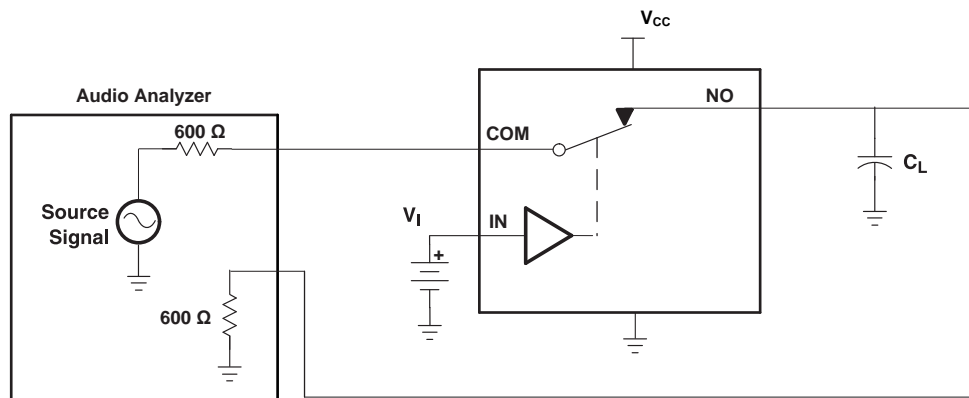
Figure 22. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



- A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10$ MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5$ ns, $t_f < 5$ ns.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 23. Charge Injection (Q_C)

Channel ON: COM to NO $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $R_L = 600 \Omega$
 $V_{SOURCE} = 0.5$ V P-P $f_{SOURCE} = 20$ Hz to 20 kHz $C_L = 35$ pF



- A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

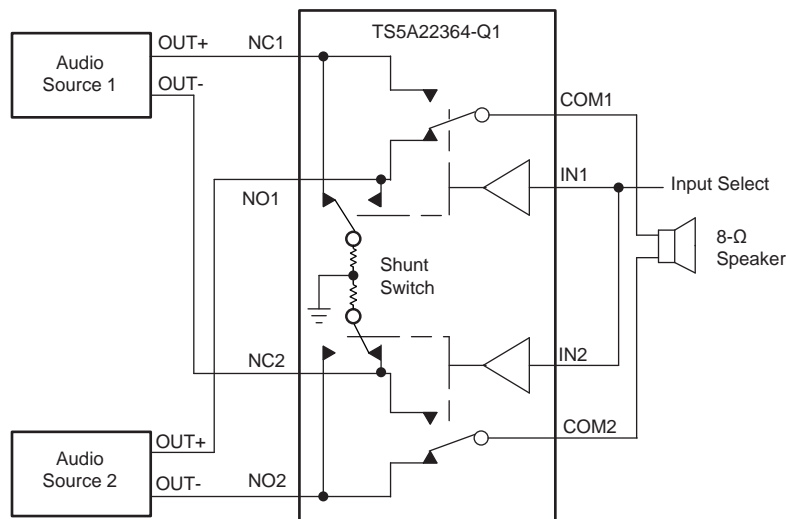
Figure 24. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS5A22364-Q1 is a 2-channel single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switch designed to operate from 2.3-V to 5.5-V power supply. The device features negative signal swing capability that allows signals below ground to pass through the switch without distortion. Additionally, the TS5A22364-Q1 includes an internal shunt switch, which automatically discharges any capacitance at the NC or NO terminals when they are not connected to COM. This reduces the audible click-and-pop noise when switching between two sources. The break-before-make feature prevents signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one path to another. Low On-state resistance, excellent channel-to-channel On-state resistance matching, and minimal total harmonic distortion (THD) performance are ideal for audio applications.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Click-and-Pop Reduction

The 50-Ω shunt switches on the TS5A22364-Q1 automatically discharge any capacitance at the NC or NO terminals when they are not connected to COM. This reduces the audible click-and-pop sounds that occur when switching between audio sources. Audible clicks and pops are caused when a step DC voltage is switched into the speaker. By automatically discharging the side that is not connected, any residual DC voltage is removed, thereby reducing the clicks and pops.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 shows the function table for the TS5A22364-Q1.

Table 1. Function Table

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	ON	OFF
H	OFF	ON

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

9.1.1 Negative Signal Swing Capability

The TS5A22364-Q1 dual SPDT switches feature negative signal capability that allows signals below ground to pass through without distortion. These analog switches operate from a single 2.3-V to 5.5-V supply. The input and output signal swing of the device is dependant on the supply voltage V_{CC} : the device can pass signals as high as V_{CC} and as low as $V_{CC} - 5.5$ V, including signals below ground with minimal distortion. The Off state signal path (either NC or NO) during the operation of the TS5A22364-Q1 cannot handle negative DC voltage.

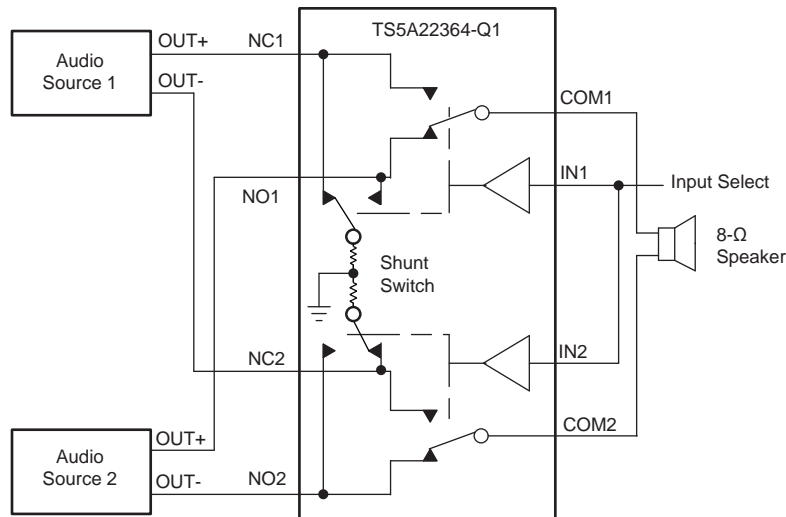
Table 2 shows the input-output signal swing the user can get with different supply voltages.

Table 2. Input-Output Signal Swing

SUPPLY VOLTAGE, V_{CC}	MINIMUM (V_{NC}, V_{NO}, V_{COM}) = $V_{CC} - 5.5$	MAXIMUM (V_{NC}, V_{NO}, V_{COM}) = V_{CC}	MINIMUM (V_{NC}, V_{NO}, V_{COM}) = $V_{CC} - 5.5$	MAXIMUM (V_{NC}, V_{NO}, V_{COM}) = V_{CC}
	ON State signal path		OFF state signal path	
5.5 V	0 V	5.5 V	0 V	5.5 V
4.2 V	-1.3 V	4.2 V	0 V	4.2 V
3.3 V	-2.2 V	3.3 V	0 V	3.3 V
3 V	-2.5 V	3 V	0 V	3 V
2.5 V	-3 V	2.5 V	0 V	2.5 V

9.2 Typical Application

The 50- Ω shunt switches on the TS5A22364-Q1 automatically discharge any capacitance at the NC or NO terminals when they are unconnected to COM. This reduces audible click-and-pop sounds that occur when switching between audio sources. Audible clicks and pops are caused when a step DC voltage is switched into the speaker. By automatically discharging the side that is not connected, any residual DC voltage is removed, thereby reducing the clicks and pops. See Figure 25.

Typical Application (continued)

Figure 25. Shunt Switch Block Diagram
9.2.1 Design Requirements

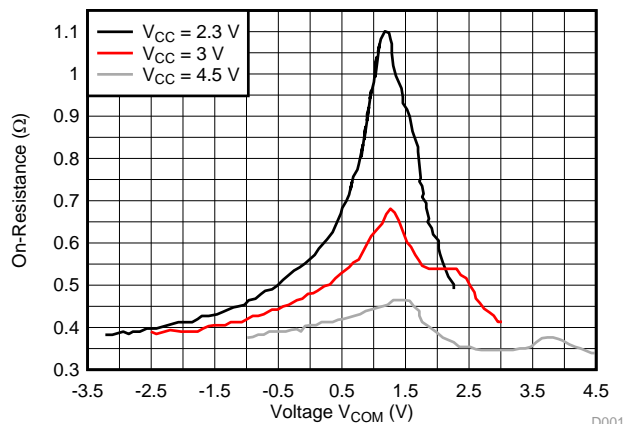
Tie the digitally controlled input select pins IN1 and IN2 to V_{CC} or GND to avoid unwanted switch states that could result if the logic control pins are left floating.

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Select the appropriate supply voltage to cover the entire voltage swing of the signal passing through the switch because the TS5A22364-Q1 operates from a single 2.3-V to 5.5-V supply and the input-output signal swing of the device is dependant of the supply voltage V_{CC} . The device passes signals as high as V_{CC} and as low as $V_{CC} - 5.5$ V. Use Table 2 as a guide for selecting supply voltage based on the signal passing through the switch.

Limit the current through the shunt resistor so as not to exceed the ± 20 mA.

Ensure that the device is powered up with a supply voltage on VCC before a voltage can be applied to the signal paths NC and NO.

9.2.3 Application Curve

Figure 26. On-Resistance vs Voltage V_{COM}

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The TS5A22364-Q1 operates from a single 2.3-V to 5.5-V supply. The device must be powered up with a supply voltage on VCC before a voltage can be applied to the signal paths NC and NO. It is recommended to include a 100 μ s delay after VCC is at voltage before applying a signal on NC and NO paths.

It is also good practice to place a 0.1- μ F bypass capacitor on the supply pin VCC to GND to smooth out lower frequency noise to provide better load regulation across the frequency spectrum.

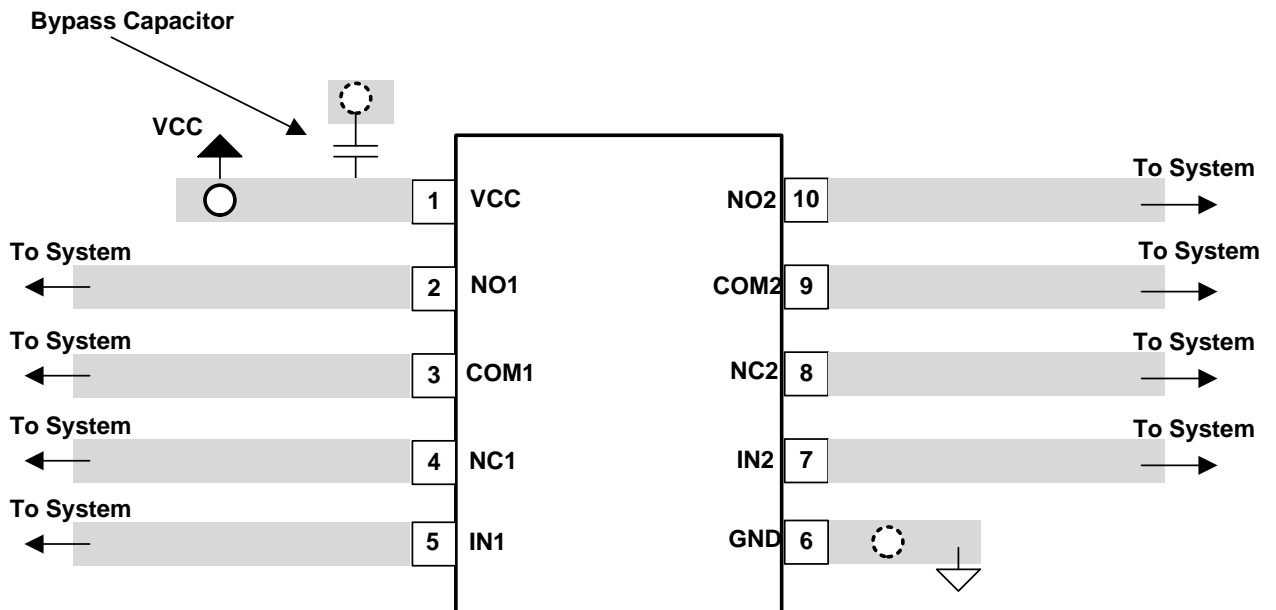
11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

It is recommended to place a bypass capacitor as close to the supply pin VCC as possible to help smooth out lower frequency noise to provide better load regulation across the frequency spectrum.

Minimize trace lengths and vias on the signal paths in order to preserve signal integrity.

11.2 Layout Example



12 器件和文档支持

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Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS5A22364QDGSRQ1	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGS	10	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SJN	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

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OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

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TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

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- Catalog: [TS5A22364](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A22364QDGSRQ1	VSSOP	DGS	10	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

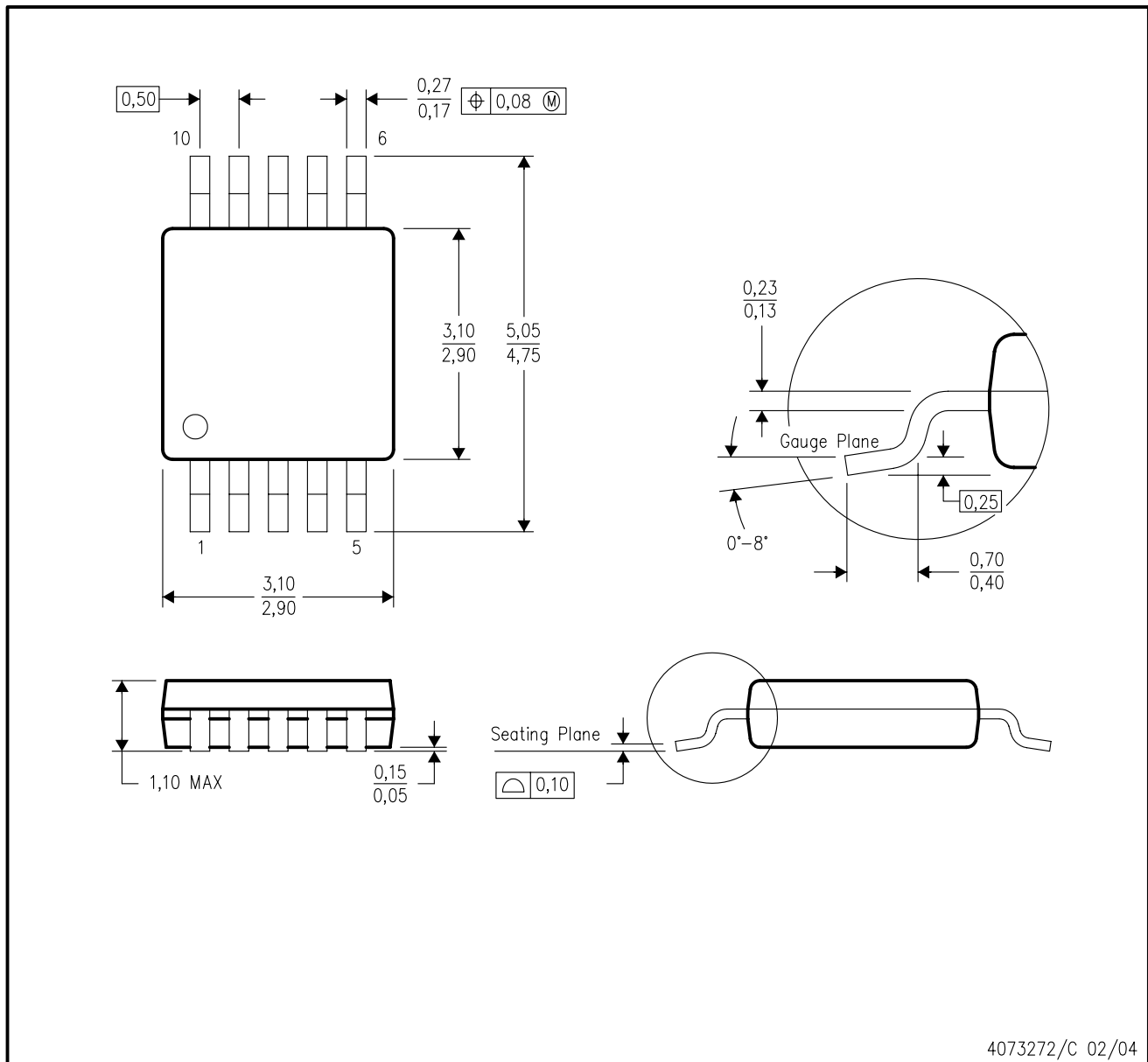


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A22364QDGSRQ1	VSSOP	DGS	10	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0

DGS (S-PDSO-G10)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

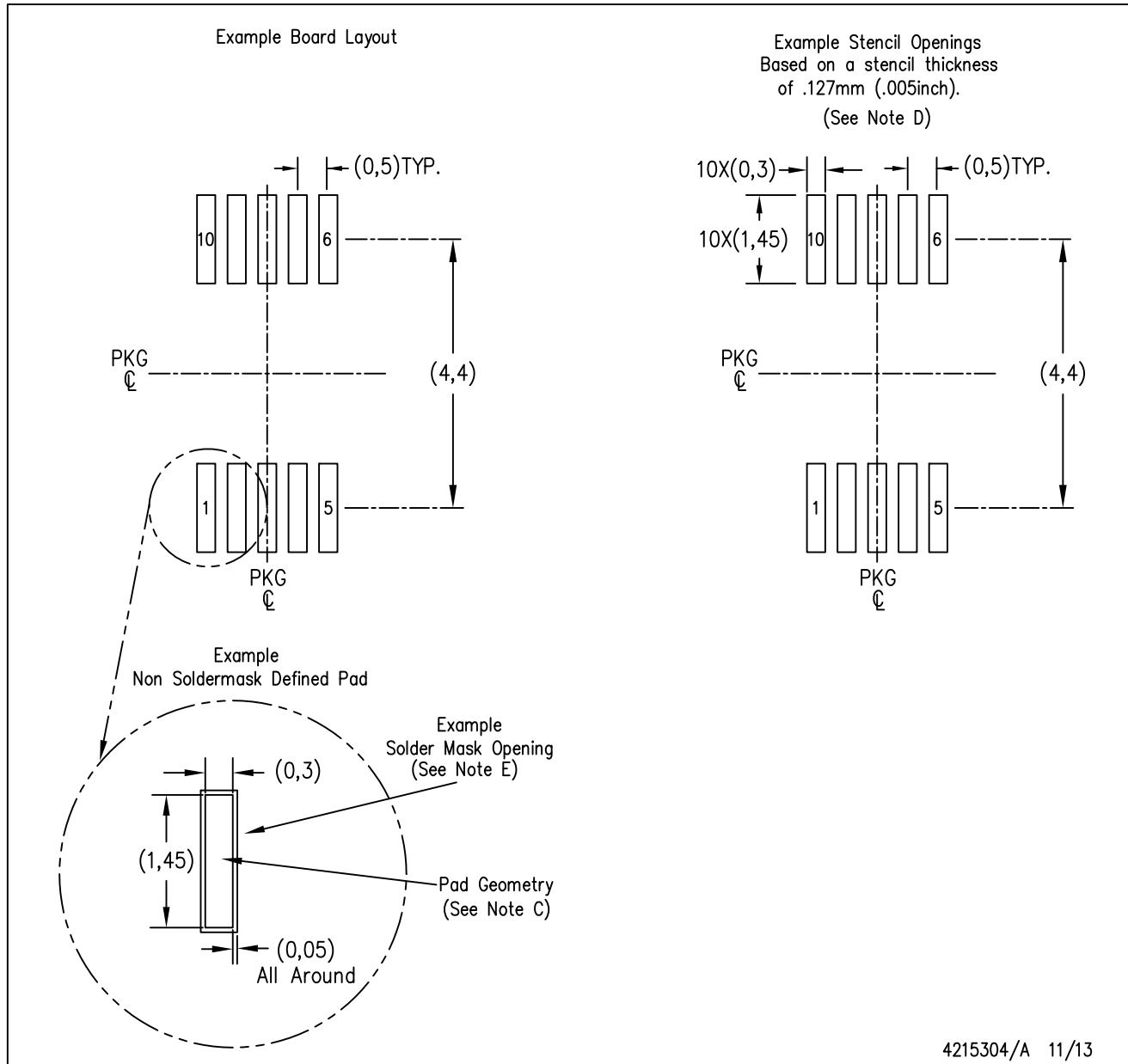


4073272/C 02/04

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation BA.

DGS (S-PDSO-G10)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

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