# 74HC4351; 74HCT4351

8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch
Rev. 3 — 9 July 2018 Product data sheet

# 1 General description

The 74HC4351; 74HCT4351 is a single-pole octal-throw analog switch (SP8T) suitable for use in analog or digital 8:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer applications. The switch features three digital select inputs (S0 to S2), eight independent inputs/outputs (Yn), a common input/output (Z) and two digital enable inputs ( $\overline{E}1$  and E2). With  $\overline{E}1$  LOW and E2 HIGH, one of the eight switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by S0 to S2. The data at the select inputs may be latched by using the latch enable input ( $\overline{LE}$ ). When  $\overline{LE}$  is HIGH the latch is transparent. When  $\overline{E}1$  is HIGH or E2 is LOW all 8 analog switches are turned off. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of  $V_{CC}$ .

#### 2 Features and benefits

- Wide analog input voltage range from -5 V to +5 V
- · Complies with JEDEC standard no. 7A
- · Low ON resistance:
  - 80  $\Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC}$   $V_{EE}$  = 4.5 V
  - 70  $\Omega$  (typical) at V<sub>CC</sub> V<sub>EE</sub> = 6.0 V
  - $-60 \Omega$  (typical) at  $V_{CC}$   $V_{EE}$  = 9.0 V
- Logic level translation: to enable 5 V logic to communicate with ±5 V analog signals
- Typical 'break before make' built-in
- · Address latches provided
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F exceeds 2000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

# 3 Applications

- · Analog multiplexing and demultiplexing
- · Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing
- Signal gating

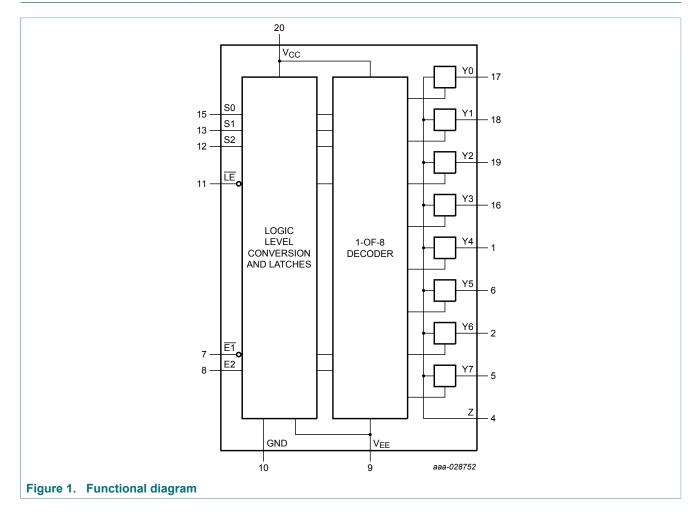


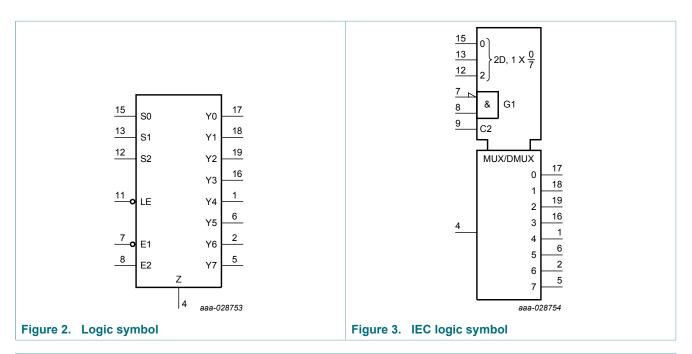
# 4 Ordering information

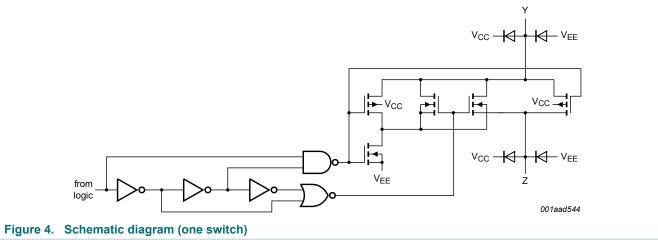
**Table 1. Ordering information** 

Type number	Package									
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version						
74HC4351D	-40 °C to +125 °C	SO20	plastic small outline package; 20 leads;	SOT163-1						
74HCT4351D			body width 7.5 mm							
74HC4351DB	-40 °C to +125 °C	SSOP20	plastic shrink small outline package; 20 leads;	SOT339-1						
74HCT4351DB			body width 5.3 mm							

# 5 Functional diagram

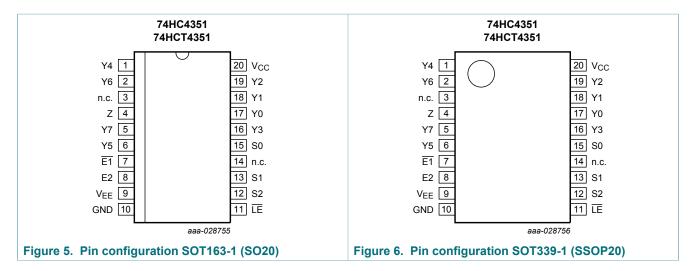






# 6 Pinning information

## 6.1 Pinning



## 6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
E1	7	enable input (active LOW)
E2	8	enable input (active HIGH)
LE	11	latch enable input (active LOW)
S0, S1, S2	15, 13, 12	select inputs
Y0, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4, Y5, Y6, Y7	17, 18, 19, 16, 1, 6, 2, 5	independent input or output
Z	4	common output or input
V <sub>EE</sub>	9	supply voltage
GND	10	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC</sub>	20	supply voltage
n.c.	3, 14	not connected

# 7 Functional description

Table 3. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; ↓ = HIGH-to-LOW TE transition.

Input						Channel ON
E1	E2	LE	S2	S1	S0	
Н	Х	X	X	Х	Х	none
Х	L	X	X	Х	Х	none
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Y0
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Y1
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Y2
L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	Y3
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	Y4
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	Y5
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Y6
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Y7
L	Н	L	X	X	Х	[1]
Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	[2]

<sup>[1]</sup> Last selected channel "ON".

## 8 Limiting values

#### Table 4. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to  $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$  (ground).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage	[1]	-0.5	+11.0	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±20	mA
I <sub>SK</sub>	switch clamping current	$V_{SW}$ < -0.5 V or $V_{SW}$ > $V_{CC}$ + 0.5 V	-	±20	mA
$I_{SW}$	switch current	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{SW}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	-	±25	mA
I <sub>EE</sub>	supply current		-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		-	50	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	SO20, SSOP20; T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C [2]	-	500	mW
Р	power dissipation	per switch	-	100	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> To avoid drawing V<sub>CC</sub> current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Yn, the voltage drop across the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0.4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V<sub>CC</sub> current will flow out of terminals Yn. In this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Yn and Z may not exceed V<sub>CC</sub> or V<sub>EE</sub>.

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<sup>[2]</sup> Select channels latched

<sup>[2]</sup> For SO20 packages: above 70 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 8 mW/K. For SSOP20 packages: above 60 °C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 5.5 mW/K.

# 9 Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	7	'4HC435	1	74	4HCT435	51	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage	see Figure 7 and Figure 8							
		V <sub>CC</sub> - GND	2.0	5.0	10.0	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> - V <sub>EE</sub>	2.0	5.0	10.0	2.0	5.0	10.0	V
VI	input voltage		GND	-	$V_{CC}$	GND	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{SW}$	switch voltage		V <sub>EE</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+25	+125	-40	+25	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	-	625	-	-	-	ns/V
	and fall rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	1.67	139	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	83	-	-	-	ns/V
	·	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	31	-	-	-	ns/V

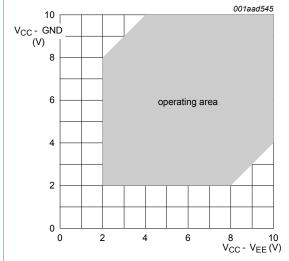


Figure 7. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HC4351

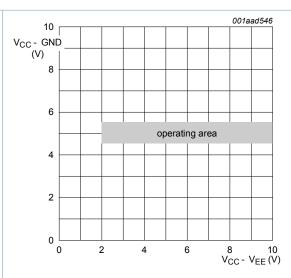


Figure 8. Guaranteed operating area as a function of the supply voltages for 74HCT4351

## 10 Static characteristics

#### Table 6. Ron resistance per latch for 74HC4351 and 74HCT4351

For test circuit, see Figure 9

For 74HC4351:  $V_I = V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ ;  $V_{CC}$  - GND or  $V_{CC}$  -  $V_{EE}$  = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

For 74HCT4351:  $V_I = V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ ;  $V_{CC}$  - GND = 4.5 V and 5.5 V,  $V_{CC}$  -  $V_{EE}$  = 2.0 V, 4.5 V, 6.0 V and 9.0 V.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		T <sub>aı</sub>	<sub>mb</sub> = 25	°C	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
				Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
R <sub>ON(peak)</sub>		V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>EE</sub>	[1]								
	(peak)	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V};$ $I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V; I <sub>SW</sub> = 1000 μA		-	100	180	-	225	-	270	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	90	160	-	200	-	240	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	70	130	-	165	-	195	Ω
R <sub>ON(rail)</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub>	[1]								
	(rail)	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V};$ $I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	[2]	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	80	140	-	175	-	210	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	70	120	-	150	-	180	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu A$		-	60	105	-	130	-	160	Ω
		V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	[1]								
		$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V};$ $I_{SW} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	[2]	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu A$		-	90	160	-	200	-	240	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 6.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	80	140	-	175	-	210	Ω
		$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{EE}$ = -4.5 V; $I_{SW}$ = 1000 $\mu$ A		-	65	120	-	150	-	180	Ω
ΔR <sub>ON</sub>	ON resistance	V <sub>is</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> to V <sub>EE</sub>	[1]								
r	mismatch between	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	[2]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
	channels	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V		-	9	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V		-	8	-	-	-	-	-	Ω
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V		-	6	-	-	-	-	-	Ω

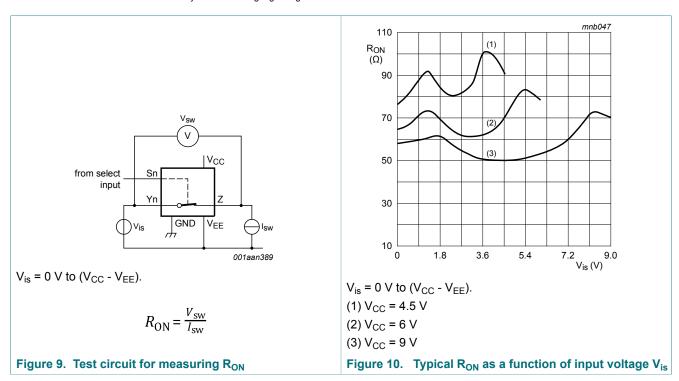
<sup>[1]</sup>  $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at a Yn or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as an input.

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[2] When supply voltages (V<sub>CC</sub> - V<sub>EE</sub>) near 2.0 V the analog switch ON resistance becomes extremely non-linear. When using a supply of 2 V, it is recommended to use these devices only for transmitting digital signals.



#### Table 7. Static characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);

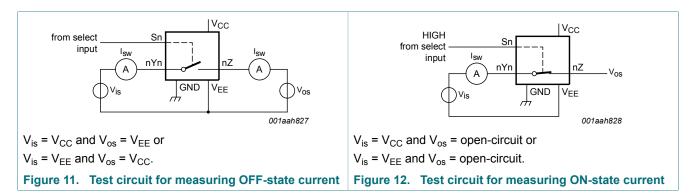
 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input;

Vos is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Tar	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
74HC43	51									
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.5	1.2	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	V
	input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	3.15	2.4	-	3.15	-	3.15	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	4.2	3.2	-	4.2	-	4.2	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	6.3	4.7	-	6.3	-	6.3	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	-	0.8	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	V
	input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	-	2.1	1.35	-	1.35	-	1.35	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	2.8	1.8	-	1.8	-	1.8	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 9.0 V	-	4.3	2.7	-	2.7	-	2.7	V
I	input leakage	$V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$								
	current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	±0.2	-	±2.0	-	±2.0	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Tan	<sub>nb</sub> = 25	S°C		: -40 °C 85 °C	T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ ; see Figure 11								
		per channel	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	-	±4.0	-	±4.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ ; see Figure 12	-	-	±0.4	-	±4.0	-	±4.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is}$ = $V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os}$ = $V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	-	-	8.0	-	80.0	-	160.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10.0 V	-	-	16.0	-	160.0	-	320.0	μΑ
C <sub>I</sub>	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	pF
$C_sw$	switch	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	pF
	capacitance	common pins Z	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF
74HCT4	351									
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	2.0	1.6	-	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	1.2	0.8	-	8.0	-	0.8	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(OFF)</sub>	OFF-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ ; see Figure 11								
		per channel	-	-	±0.1	-	±1.0	-	±1.0	μΑ
		all channels	-	-	±0.4	-	±4.0	-	±4.0	μΑ
I <sub>S(ON)</sub>	ON-state leakage current	$V_{CC}$ = 10.0 V; $V_{EE}$ = 0 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $ V_{SW} $ = $V_{CC}$ - $V_{EE}$ ; see <u>Figure 12</u>	-	-	±0.4	-	±4.0	-	±4.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{is} = V_{EE}$ or $V_{CC}$ ; $V_{os} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{EE}$								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	-	8.0	-	80.0	-	160.0	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -5.0 V	-	-	16.0	-	160.0	-	320.0	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_I = V_{CC} - 2.1 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V; $V_{EE} = 0 \text{ V}$								
		inputs E1, E2 and Sn	-	50	180	-	225	-	245	μΑ
		input LE	-	150	540	-	675	-	735	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>an</sub>	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = to +1	Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
Cı	input capacitance		-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	pF	
C <sub>sw</sub>	switch	independent pins Yn	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	pF	
	capacitance	common pins Z	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF	



## 11 Dynamic characteristics

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

GND = 0 V;  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns;  $C_L = 50$  pF; for test circuit see Figure 16.  $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input;

Vos is the output voltage at pins Z or Yn, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>an</sub>	T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = to +1	Unit
			Min Typ Max		Min	Max	Min	Max		
74HC43	51									
t <sub>pd</sub> propagation	$V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 13</u> [1]									
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	14	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	5	12	-	15	-	18	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	4	10	-	13	-	15	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	4	8	-	10	-	12	ns

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>an</sub>	<sub>nb</sub> = 25	S°C		-40 °C 35 °C	T <sub>amb</sub> = to +1		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-ON time	$\overline{E1}$ to V <sub>os</sub> ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 k $\Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 14</u>								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	85	300	-	375	-	450	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	31	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	25	51	-	64	-	77	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	28	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		E2 to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	85	300	-	375	-	450	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	31	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	25	51	-	64	-	77	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	25	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		$\overline{\text{LE}}$ to V <sub>os</sub> ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ; see <u>Figure 14</u>								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	91	300	-	375	-	450	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	33	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	26	51	-	64	-	77	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	27	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		Sn to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	88	300	-	375	-	450	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	32	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	26	51	-	64	-	77	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	25	50	-	63	-	75	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>ar</sub>	<sub>nb</sub> = 25	5°C		-40 °C 35 °C	T <sub>amb</sub> = to +1	Unit	
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>off</sub>	turn-OFF time	$\overline{E1}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	69	250	-	315	-	375	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	25	50	-	63	-	75	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	20	43	-	54	-	64	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	20	40	-	50	-	60	ns
		E2 to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	72	250	-	315	-	375	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	26	50	-	63	-	75	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	21	43	-	54	-	64	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	19	40	-	50	-	60	ns
		$\overline{\text{LE}}$ to V <sub>os</sub> ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 kΩ; see <u>Figure 14</u>								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	83	275	-	345	-	415	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	30	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	24	47	-	59	-	71	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	26	45	-	56	-	68	ns
		Sn to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	80	275	-	345	-	415	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	29	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	23	47	-	59	-	71	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	24	48	-	60	-	72	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	Sn to $\overline{LE}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 15								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	60	17	-	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	12	6	-	-	15	-	18	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	10	5	-	-	13	-	15	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	18	9	-	-	23	-	27	ns
t <sub>hold</sub>	hold time	Sn to $\overline{LE}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 15								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	5	-8	-	-	5	-	5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	5	-3	-	-	5	-	5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	5	-2	-	-	5	-	5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	5	-4	-	-	5	-	5	ns
t <sub>WH(min)</sub>	minimum	$\overline{\text{LE}}$ ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 k $\Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 15</u>								
, ,	pulse width	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	100	11	-	-	125	-	150	ns
	HIGH	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	20	1	-	-	25	-	30	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	17	3	-	-	21	-	26	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	25	7	-	-	31	-	38	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
C <sub>pd</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC}$	] _	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF
$C_sw$	switch	maximum								
	capacitance	independent (Yn)		5	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		common (Z)	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF
74HCT4	351									
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation	$V_{is}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = \infty \Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 13</u> [1]								
	delay	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	6	12	-	15	-	18	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V		4	8	-	10	-	12	ns
t <sub>on</sub>	turn-ON time	$\overline{\text{E1}}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see $\overline{\text{Figure 14}}$								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	40	75	-	94	-	113	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	31	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		E2 to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	35	70	-	88	-	105	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	26	50	-	63	-	75	ns
		$\overline{\text{LE}}$ to V <sub>os</sub> ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 k $\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	_	42	75	-	94	-	113	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	37	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		Sn to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	39	75	-	94	-	113	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	30	60	-	75	-	90	ns
t <sub>off</sub>	turn-OFF time	$\overline{E1}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	27	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	20	40	-	50	-	60	ns
		E2 to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	32	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	26	50	-	63	-	75	ns
		$\overline{\text{LE}}$ to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	33	60	-	75	-	90	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	30	55	-	69	-	83	ns
		Sn to $V_{os}$ ; $R_L = 1 k\Omega$ ; see Figure 14								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	-	33	65	-	81	-	98	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	-	29	55	-	69	-	83	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	Sn to $\overline{\text{LE}}$ ; $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ; see Figure 15								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	12	6	_	-	15	-	18	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	14	7	_	_	18	_	21	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C			T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C		T <sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +125 °C	
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>hold</sub>	hold time	Sn to $\overline{LE}$ ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 k $\Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 15</u>								
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	5	-1	-	-	5	-	5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	5	-2	-	-	5	-	5	ns
t <sub>WH(min)</sub> minimum	$\overline{\text{LE}}$ ; R <sub>L</sub> = 1 k $\Omega$ ; see <u>Figure 15</u>									
	pulse width HIGH	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V	25	13	-	-	31	-	38	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	25	13	-	-	31	-	38	ns
C <sub>pd</sub>	power dissipation capacitance	per switch; $V_I = GND$ to $V_{CC} - 1.5 V$ [2]	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF
C <sub>sw</sub>	switch	maximum								
	capacitance	independent (Yn)	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	pF
		common (Z)	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	pF

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} [1] & $t_{pd}$ is the same as $t_{PHL}$ and $t_{pLH}$. \\ [2] & $C_{PD}$ is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ($P_D$ in $\mu$W). \\ \end{tabular}$ 

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma \{(C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o\}$  where:

f<sub>i</sub> = input frequency in MHz;

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;

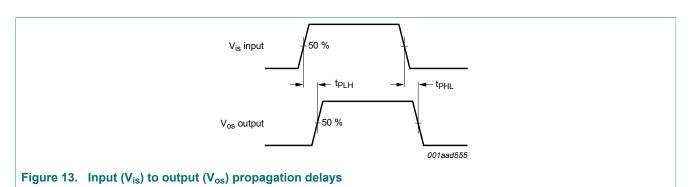
N = number of inputs switching;

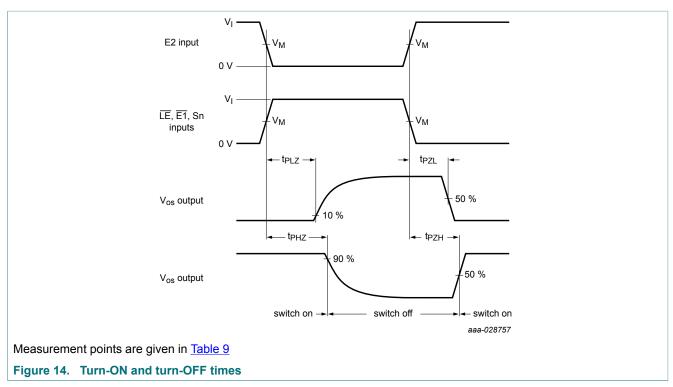
$$\begin{split} & \Sigma \{ (C_L + C_{sw}) \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o \} = \text{sum of outputs}; \\ & C_L = \text{output load capacitance in pF}; \end{split}$$

C<sub>sw</sub> = switch capacitance in pF;

V<sub>CC</sub> = supply voltage in V.

## 11.1 Waveforms and test circuit





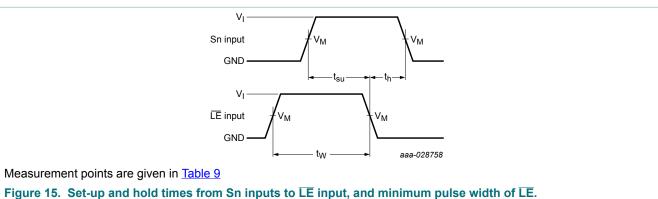
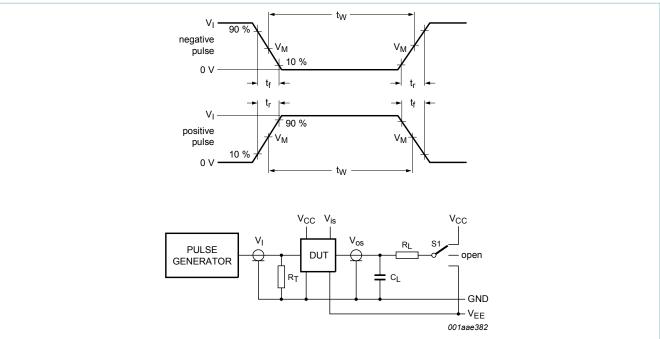


Table 9. Measurement points

Туре	Input	Output	
	V <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>
74HC4351	GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 x V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 x V <sub>CC</sub>
74HCT4351	GND to 3 V	1.3 V	1.3 V



Definitions for test circuit; see <u>Table 10</u>:

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_0$  of the pulse generator.

 $\ensuremath{\text{C}_{\text{L}}}$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R<sub>I</sub> = Load resistance.

S1 = Test selection switch.

Figure 16. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

Test	Input			Load	Load		
	V <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>is</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>		$R_L$	
			at f <sub>max</sub>	other [1]			
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	[2]	V <sub>CC</sub>	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V <sub>EE</sub>
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	[2]	V <sub>EE</sub>	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	V <sub>CC</sub>
Other	[2]	pulse	< 2 ns	6 ns	50 pF	1 kΩ	open

<sup>[1]</sup>  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns; when measuring  $f_{max}$ , there is no constraint to  $t_r$  and  $t_f$  with 50 % duty factor.

[2] V<sub>I</sub> values:

For 74HC4351:  $V_I = V_{CC}$ For 74HCT4351:  $V_I = 3 \text{ V}$ 

#### 11.2 Additional dynamic characteristics

#### Table 11. Additional dynamic characteristics

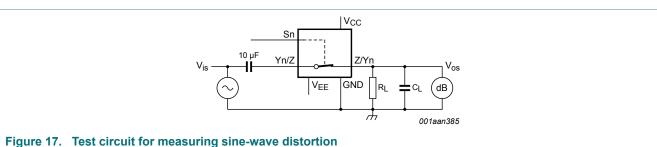
Recommended conditions and typical values; GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $C_L$  = 50 pF unless stated otherwise.

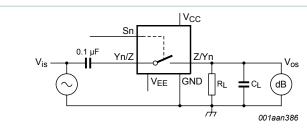
 $V_{is}$  is the input voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an input.

 $V_{os}$  is the output voltage at pins Yn or Z, whichever is assigned as an output.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
d <sub>sin</sub>	sine-wave distortion	$f_i$ = 1 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Figure 17					
		$V_{is}$ = 4.0 V (p-p); $V_{CC}$ = 2.25 V; $V_{EE}$ = -2.25 V		-	0.04	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.02	-	%
		$f_i$ = 10 kHz; $R_L$ = 10 kΩ; see Figure 17					
		$V_{is} = 4.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 2.25 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -2.25 \text{ V}$		-	0.12	-	%
		$V_{is} = 8.0 \text{ V (p-p)}; V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_{EE} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.06	-	%
$\alpha_{iso}$	isolation (OFF-state)	$R_L$ = 600 Ω; $f_i$ = 1 MHz; see Figure 18					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.25 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -2.25 V	[1]	-	-50	-	dB
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	[1]	-	-50	-	dB
V <sub>ct</sub> cro	crosstalk voltage	between control and any switch (peak-to-peak value); $R_L = 600 \ \Omega$ ; $f_i = 1 \ MHz$ ; ( $\overline{E1}$ , E2 or Sn square wave between $V_{CC}$ and GND; $t_r = t_f = 6 \ ns$ ; see Figure 19					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = 0 V		-	120	-	mV
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V		-	220	-	mV
f <sub>(-3dB)</sub>	-3 dB frequency	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ ; $C_L = 10 pF see Figure 20$					
	response	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.25 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -2.25 V	[2]	-	160	-	MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>EE</sub> = -4.5 V	[2]	-	170	-	MHz

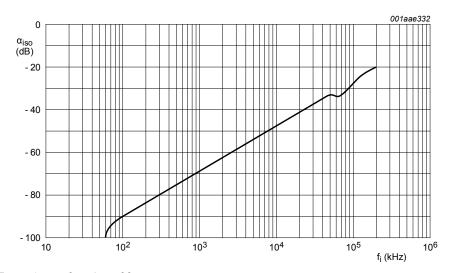
<sup>[1]</sup> Adjust input voltage  $V_{is}$  to 0 dBm level (0 dBm = 1 mW into 600  $\Omega$ ). [2] Adjust input voltage  $V_{is}$  to 0 dBm level at  $V_{os}$  for 1 MHz (0 dBm = 1 mW into 50  $\Omega$ ).





 $V_{CC}$  = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V;  $V_{EE}$  = -4.5 V;  $R_L$  = 600  $\Omega$ ;  $R_S$  = 1 k $\Omega$ .

#### a. Test circuit



b. Isolation (OFF-state) as a function of frequency

Figure 18. Test circuit for measuring isolation (OFF-state)

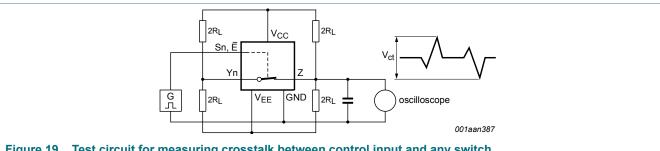
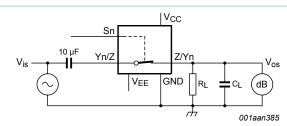
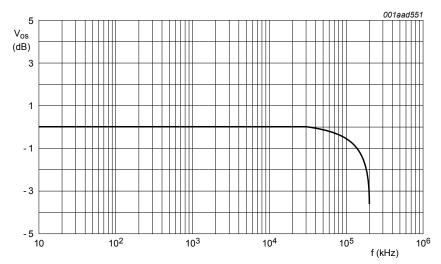


Figure 19. Test circuit for measuring crosstalk between control input and any switch



 $V_{CC}$  = 4.5 V; GND = 0 V;  $V_{EE}$  = -4.5 V;  $R_L$  = 50  $\Omega$ ;  $R_S$  = 1 k $\Omega$ .

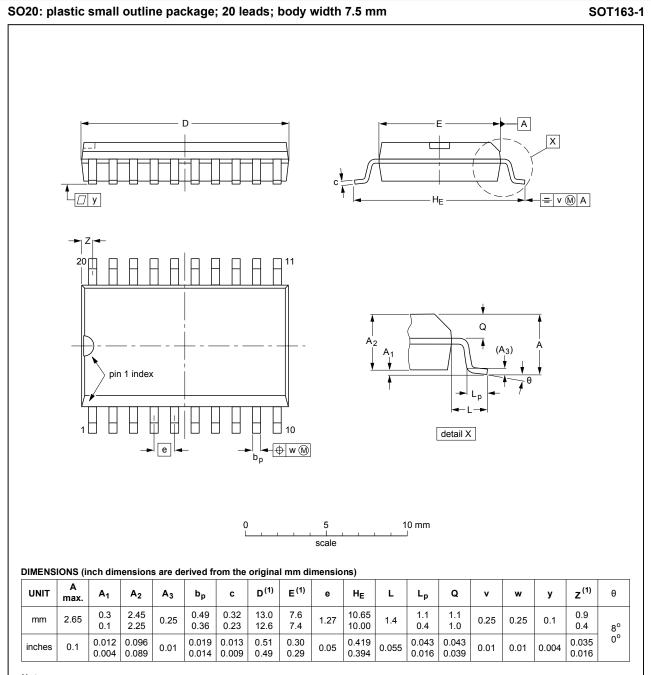
#### a. Test circuit



b. Typical frequency response

Figure 20. Test circuit for frequency response

# 12 Package outline



#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT163-1	075E04	MS-013				<del>-99-12-27</del> 03-02-19

Figure 21. Package outline SOT163-1 (SO20)

74HC\_HCT4351

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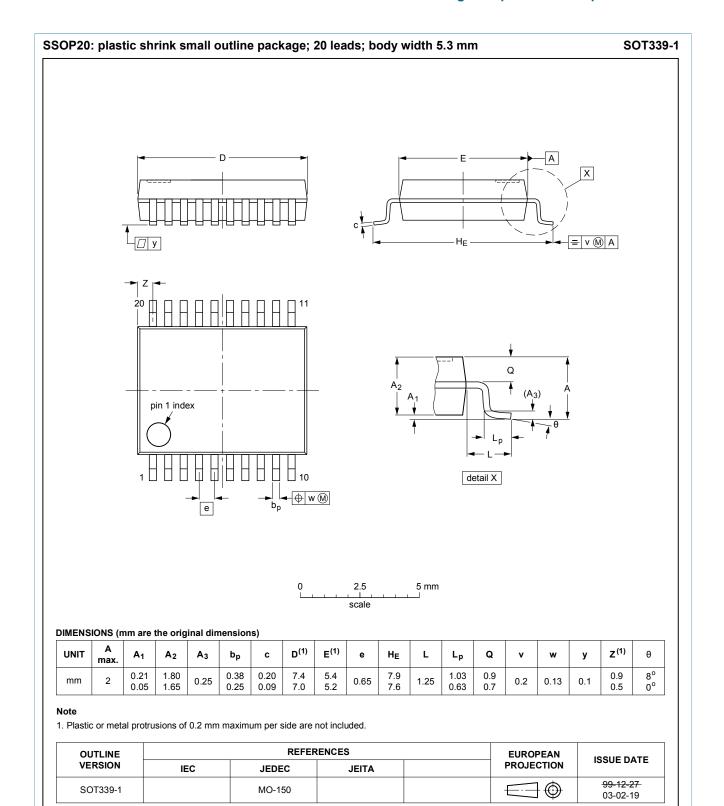


Figure 22. Package outline SOT339-1 (SSOP20)

## 13 Abbreviations

#### Table 12. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description				
CDM	Charged Device Model				
DUT	Device Under Test				
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge				
НВМ	Human Body Model				
MM	Machine Model				

# 14 Revision history

#### Table 13. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes			
74HC_HCT4351 v.3	20180709	Product data sheet	-	74HC_HCT4351 v.2			
Modifications:	Nexperia.  • Legal texts have	<ul> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Type numbers 74HC4351N (SOT146-1) and 74HCT4351N (SOT146-1) removed.</li> </ul>					
74HC_HCT4351 v.2	19901201	Product specification	-	74HC_HCT4351 v.1			

## 15 Legal information

#### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status <sup>[1][2]</sup>	Product status <sup>[3]</sup>	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions". [2] [3]
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# 74HC4351; 74HCT4351

## 8-channel analog multiplexer/demultiplexer with latch

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