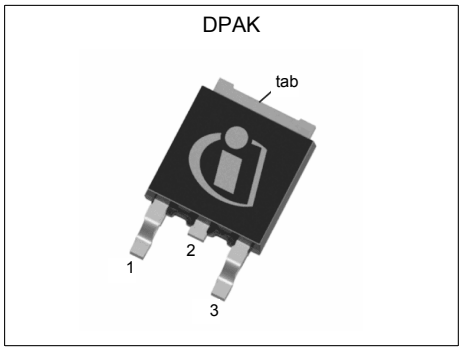
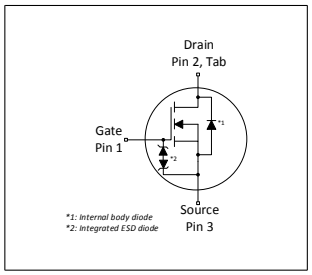
MOSFET

600V CoolMOS™ PFD7 SJ Power Device



CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies.
The latest CoolMOS™ PFD7 is an optimized platform tailored to target cost sensitive applications in consumer markets such as charger, adapter, motor drive, lighting, etc.
The new series provides all the benefits of a fast switching Superjunction MOSFET, combined with an excellent price/performance ratio and state of the art ease-of-use level. The technology meets highest efficiency standards and supports high power density, enabling customers going towards very slim designs.



Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)}$*Q_g and $R_{DS(on)}$*E_{oss}
- Low switching losses E_{oss}, excellent thermal behavior
- Fast body diode
- Wide range portfolio of $R_{DS(on)}$ and package variations
- Integrated zener diode

Benefits

- Enables high power density designs and small form factors
- Enables efficiency gains at higher switching frequencies
- Excellent commutation ruggedness
- Easy to select right parts and optimize the design
- High ESD ruggedness

Potential applications

Recommended for ZVS topologies used in high density chargers, adapters, lighting and motor drives applications, etc.

Product validation

Qualified according to JEDEC Standard

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DS} @ $T_{j,max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	280	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	15.3	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	31	A
E_{oss} @ 400V	2.0	µJ
Body diode di_F/dt	1300	A/µs
ESD Class (HBM)	2	-

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPD60R280PFD7S	PG-TO 252-3	60S280D7	see Appendix A

Table of Contents

1 Maximum ratings

at T_j = 25°C, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current[1]	I_D	- -	- -	12 7	A	T_C=25°C T_C=100°C
Pulsed drain current[2]	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	31	A	T_C=25°C
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	36	mJ	I_D=2.5A; V_{DD}=50V; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.18	mJ	I_D=2.5A; V_{DD}=50V; see table 10
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	-	-	2.5	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	120	V/ns	V_{DS}=0...400V
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC (f>1 Hz)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	51	W	T_C=25°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-40	-	150	°C	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-40	-	150	°C	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	-	Ncm	-
Continuous diode forward current[1]	I_S	-	-	12	A	T_C=25°C
Diode pulse current[2]	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	31	A	T_C=25°C
Reverse diode dv/dt[3]	dv/dt	-	-	70	V/ns	V_{DS}=0...400V, I_{SD}<=8.8A, T_j=25°C see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di_F/dt	-	-	1300	A/µs	V_{DS}=0...400V, I_{SD}<=8.8A, T_j=25°C see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage	V_{ISO}	-	-	n.a.	V	V_{rms}, T_C=25°C, t=1min

[1] Limited by $T_{j,max}$. Maximum Duty Cycle D = 0.50
[2] Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$
[3] Identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	2.43	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	35	45	°C/W	Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thickness) copper area for drain connection and cooling. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.
Soldering temperature, wave & reflow soldering allowed	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL3

3 Electrical characteristics

at T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	600	-	-	V	V_{GS}=0V, I_D=1mA
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3.5	4	4.5	V	V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=0.18mA
Zero gate voltage drain current[1]	I_{DSS}	- -	- 4	1 37	µA	V_{DS}=600V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=25°C V_{DS}=600V, V_{GS}=0V, T_j=125°C
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	1000	nA	V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	- -	0.233 0.549	0.280 -	Ω	V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, T_j=25°C V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, T_j=150°C
Gate resistance	R_G	-	11.0	-	Ω	f=1MHz, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	656	-	pF	V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=400V, f=250kHz
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	15	-	pF	V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=400V, f=250kHz
Effective output capacitance, energy related[2]	$C_{o(er)}$	-	25	-	pF	V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V
Effective output capacitance, time related[3]	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	230	-	pF	I_D=constant, V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0...400V
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	18	-	ns	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, R_G=10.2Ω; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	12	-	ns	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, R_G=10.2Ω; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	48	-	ns	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, R_G=10.2Ω; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	8	-	ns	V_{DD}=400V, V_{GS}=10V, I_D=3.6A, R_G=10.2Ω; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	3.7	-	nC	V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.6A, V_{GS}=0 to 10V
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	5.2	-	nC	V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.6A, V_{GS}=0 to 10V
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	15.3	-	nC	V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.6A, V_{GS}=0 to 10V
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.6	-	V	V_{DD}=400V, I_D=3.6A, V_{GS}=0 to 10V

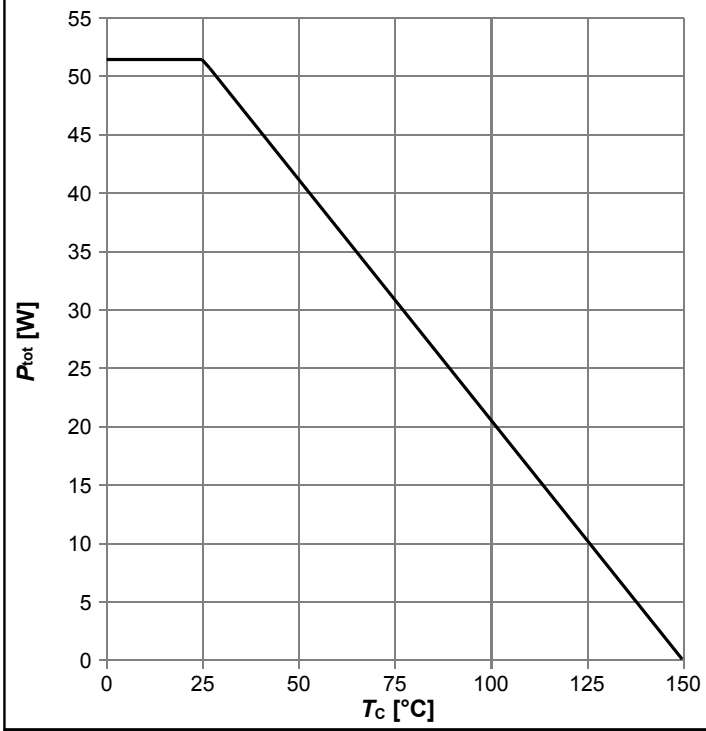
[1] Maximum specification is defined by calculated six sigma upper confidence bound
[2] $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V
[3] $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	1.0	-	V	V_{GS}=0V, I_F=3.6A, T_j=25°C
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	71	107	ns	V_R=400V, I_F=3.6A, di_F/dt=100A/µs; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	0.19	0.39	µC	V_R=400V, I_F=3.6A, di_F/dt=100A/µs; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	4.9	-	A	V_R=400V, I_F=3.6A, di_F/dt=100A/µs; see table 8

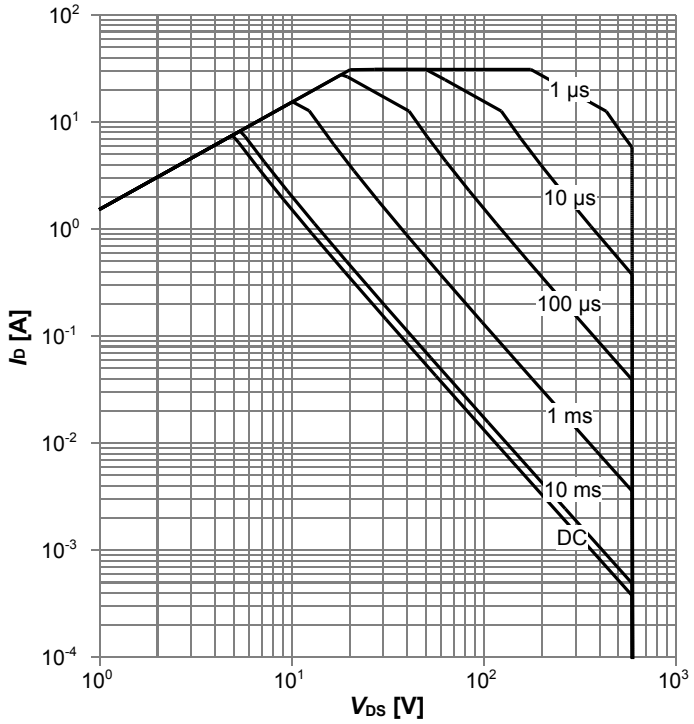
4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

Diagram 1: Power dissipation



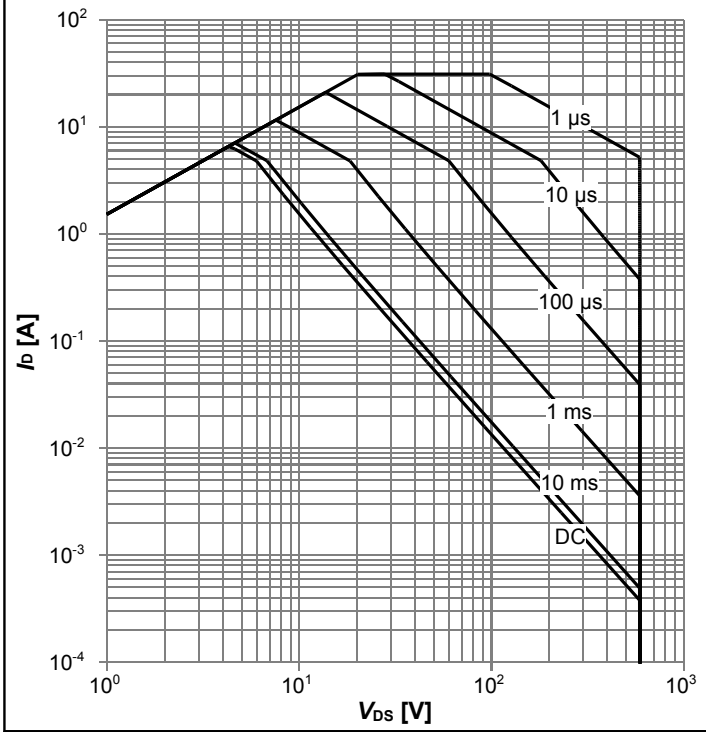
$P_{tot}=f(T_C)$

Diagram 2: Safe operating area



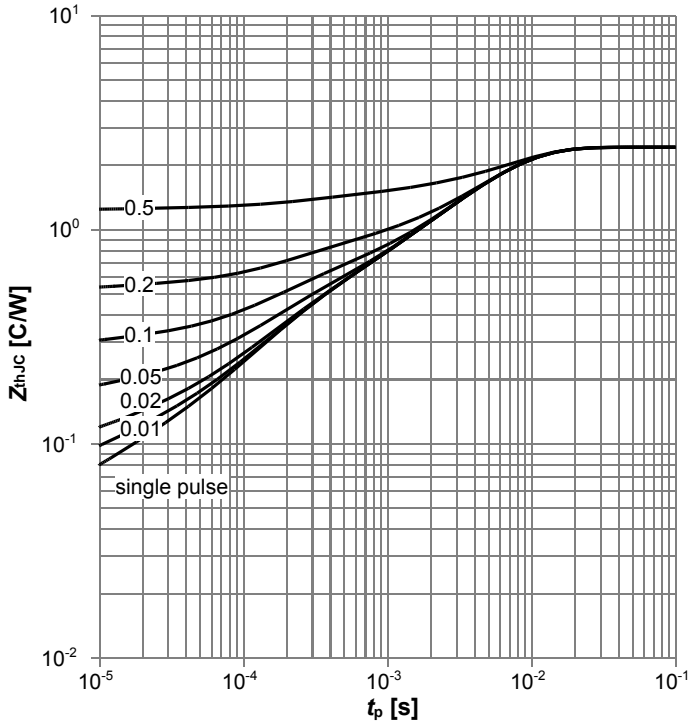
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; T_C=25 °C; D=0; parameter: t_p

Diagram 3: Safe operating area



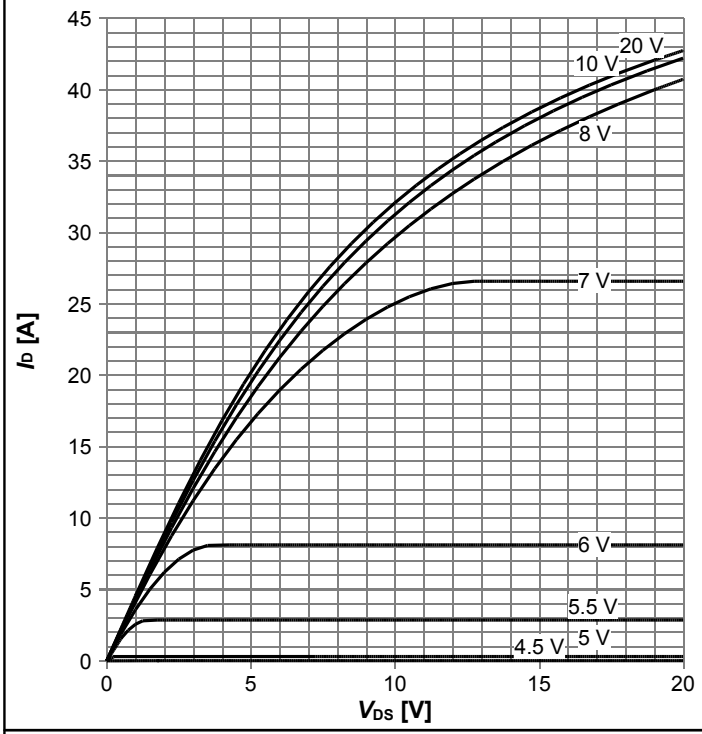
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; T_C=80 °C; D=0; parameter: t_p

Diagram 4: Max. transient thermal impedance



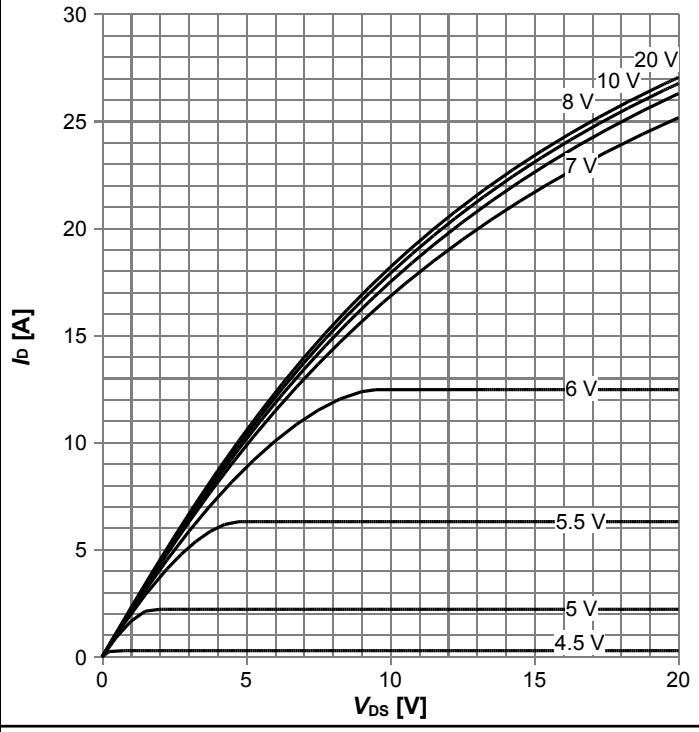
$Z_{thJC}=f(t_P)$; parameter: $D=t_p/T$

Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



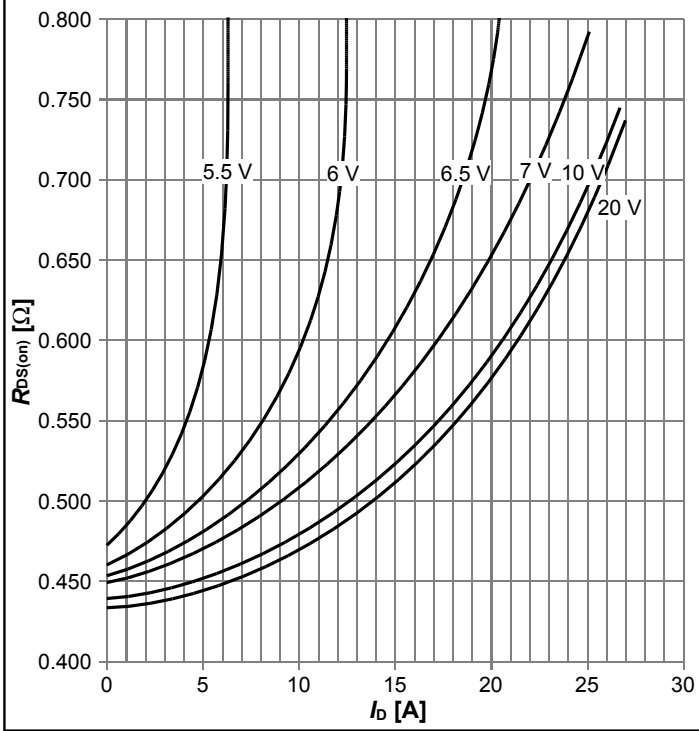
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=25$ °C; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



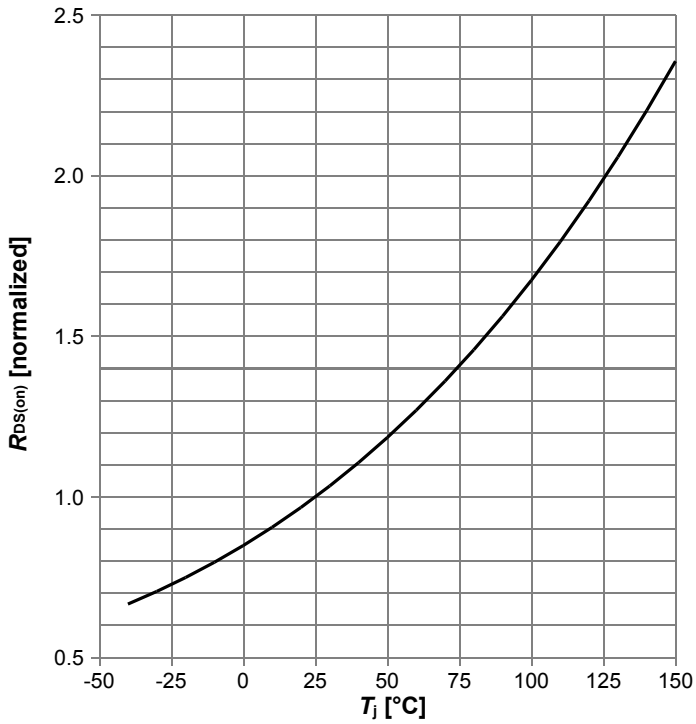
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=125$ °C; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



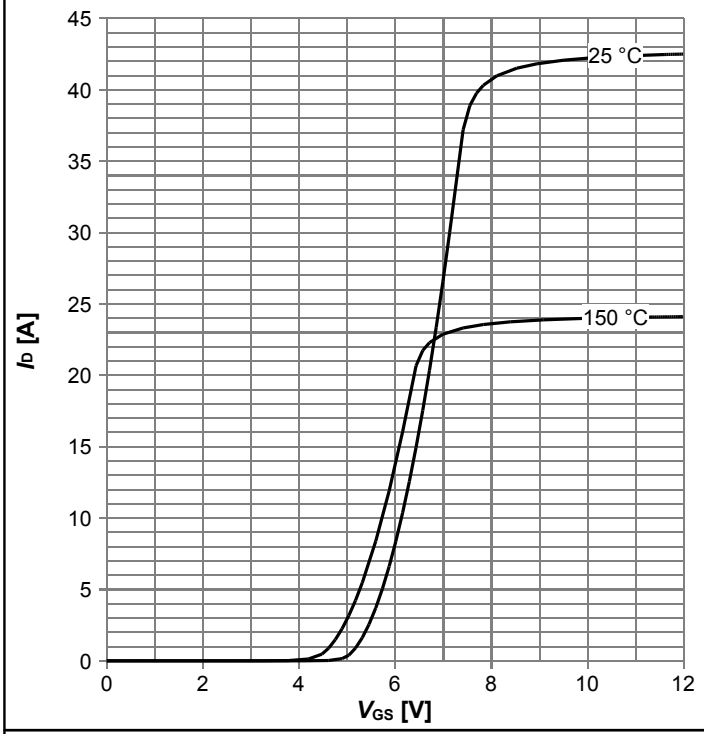
$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D)$; $T_j=125$ °C; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



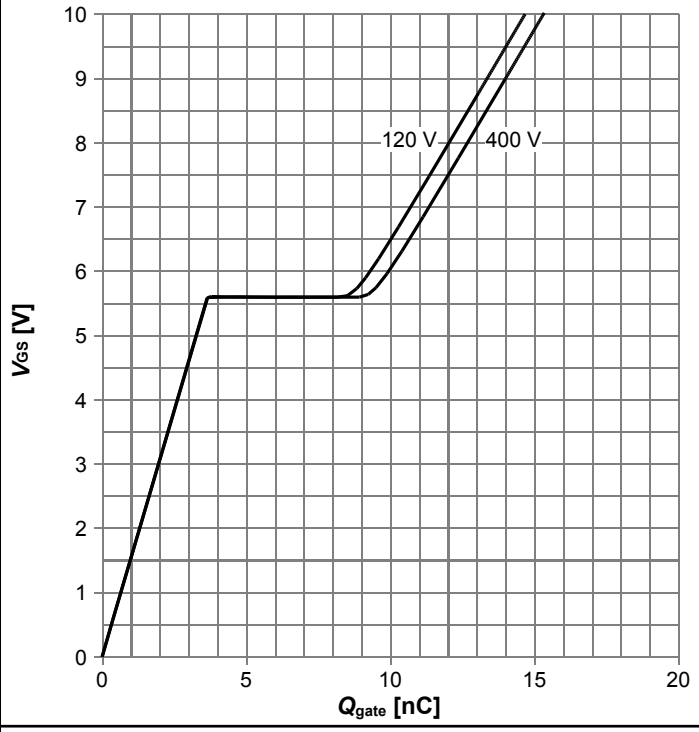
$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; $I_D=3.6$ A; $V_{GS}=10$ V

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



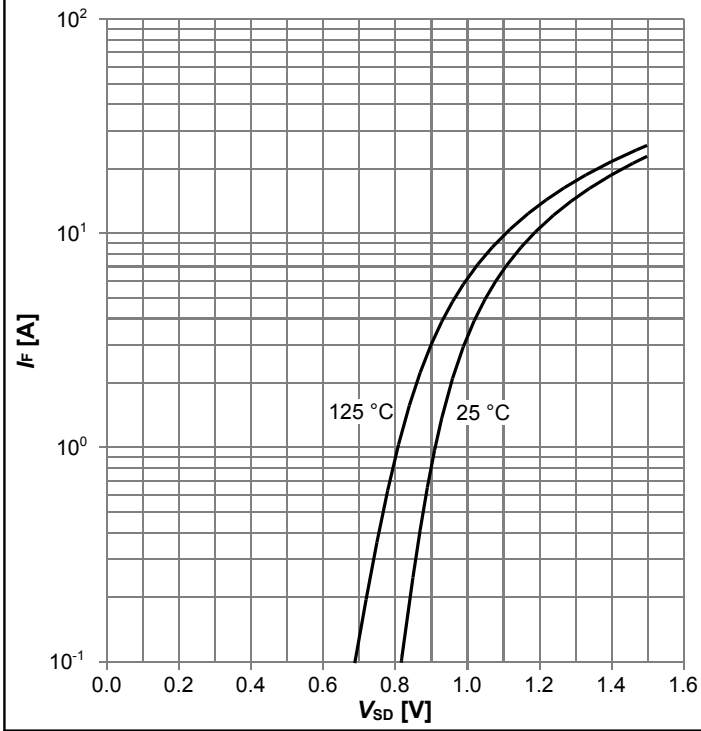
I_D=f(V_{GS}); V_{DS}=20V; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



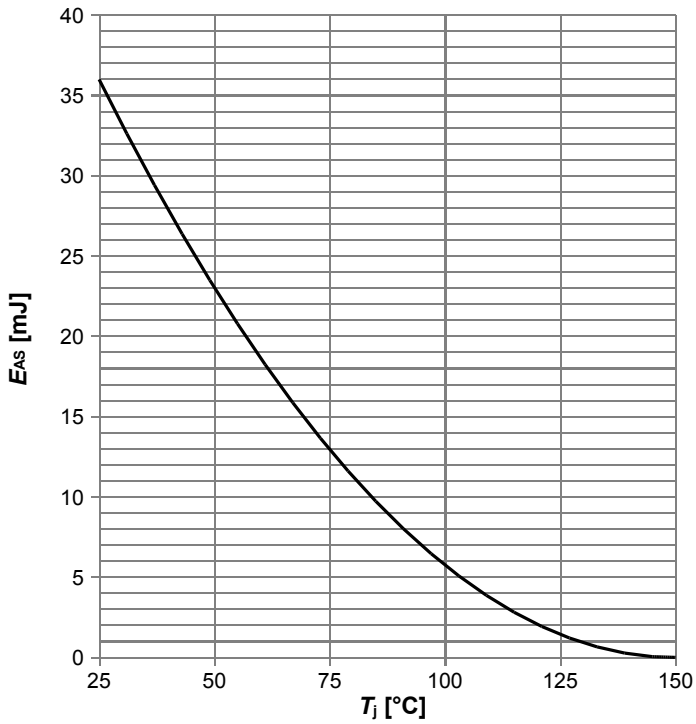
V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=3.6 A pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



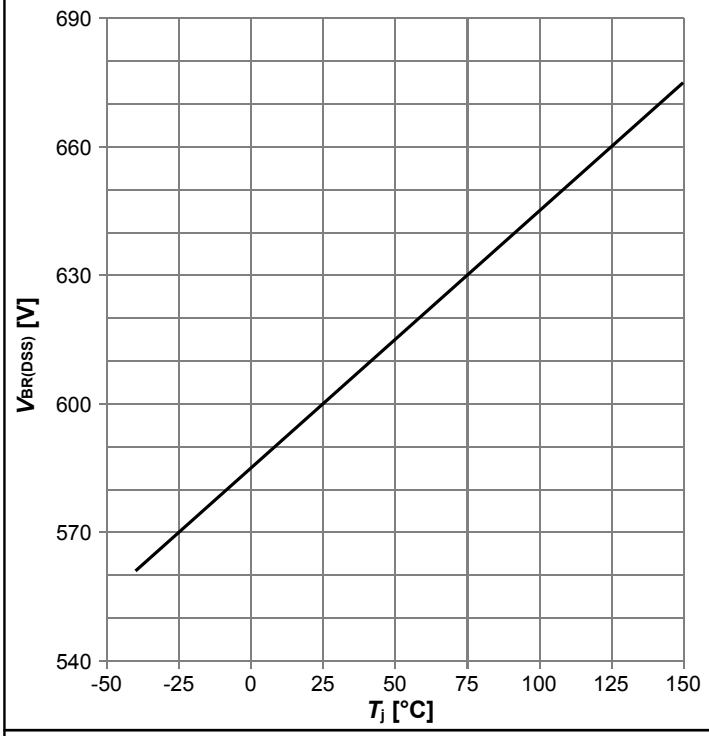
I_F=f(V_{SD}); parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy



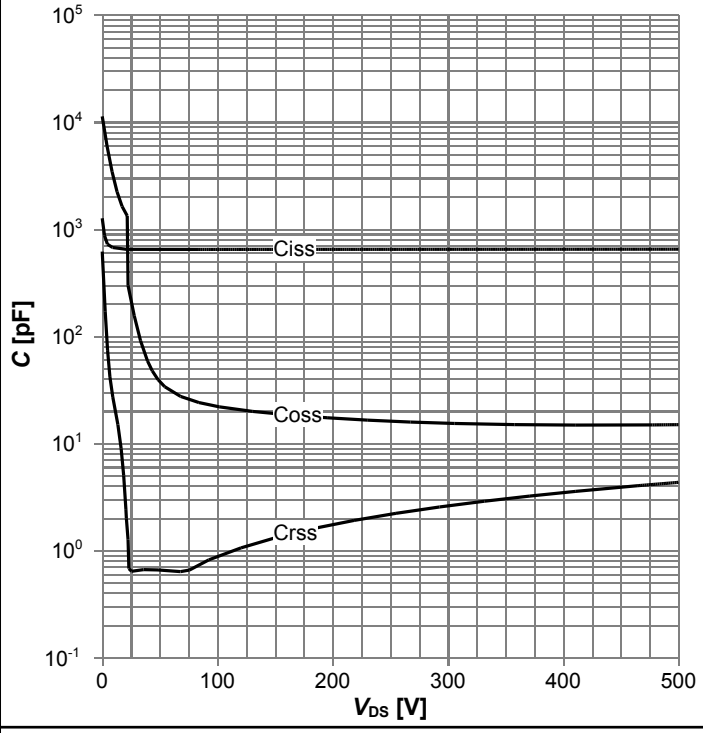
E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=2.5 A; V_{DD}=50 V

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



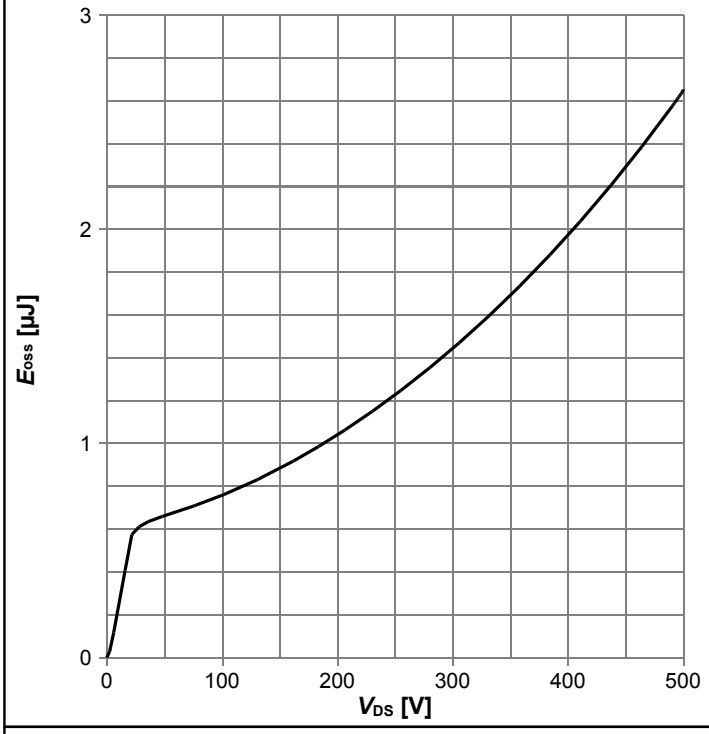
$V_{BR(DSS)}$=f(T_j); I_D=1 mA

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



C=f(V_{DS}); V_{GS}=0 V; f=250 kHz

Diagram 15: Typ. Coss stored energy



E_{oss}=f(V_{DS})

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

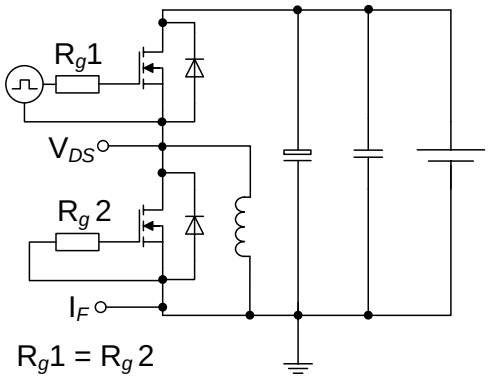
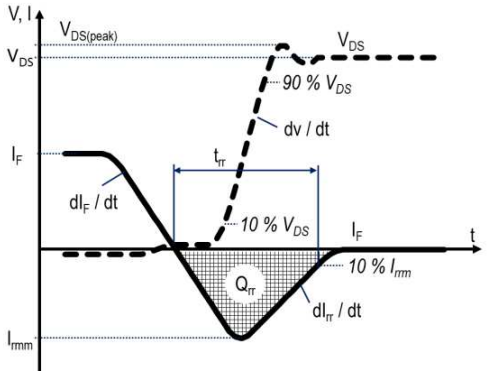
Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
	

Table 9 Switching times

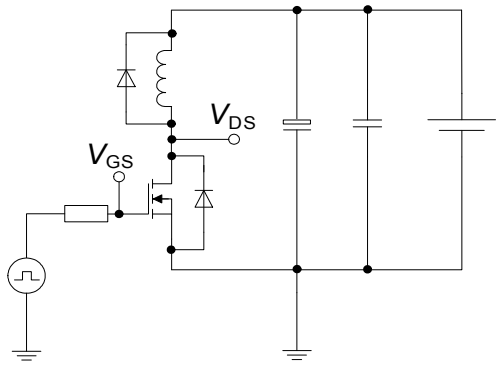
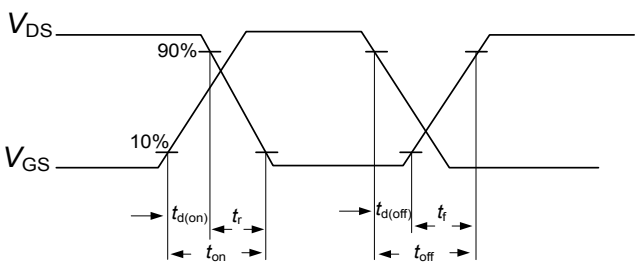
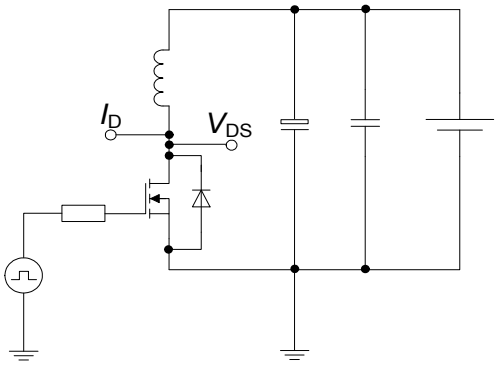
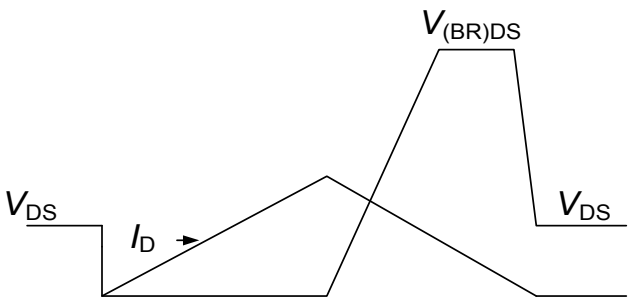
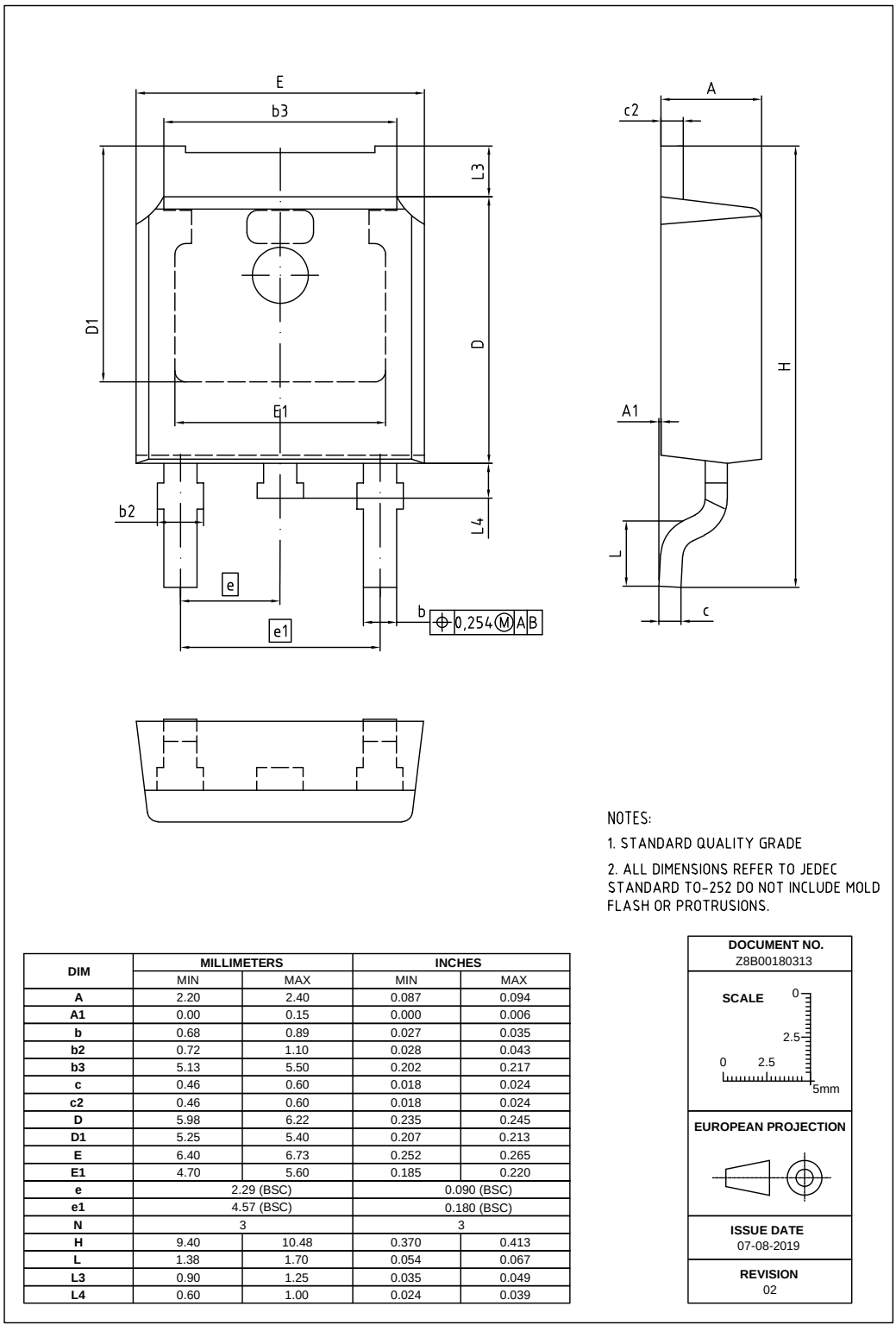
Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
	

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	2.20	2.40	0.087	0.094
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006
b	0.68	0.89	0.027	0.035
b2	0.72	1.10	0.028	0.043
b3	5.13	5.50	0.202	0.217
c	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
c2	0.46	0.60	0.018	0.024
D	5.98	6.22	0.235	0.245
D1	5.25	5.40	0.207	0.213
E	6.40	6.73	0.252	0.265
E1	4.70	5.60	0.185	0.220
e	2.29 (BSC)		0.090 (BSC)	
e1	4.57 (BSC)		0.180 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
H	9.40	10.48	0.370	0.413
L	1.38	1.70	0.054	0.067
L3	0.90	1.25	0.035	0.049
L4	0.60	1.00	0.024	0.039

Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 252-3, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- **IFX CoolMOS PFD7 Webpage:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS PFD7 application note:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX CoolMOS PFD7 simulation model:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX Design tools:** www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPD60R280PFD7S

Revision: 2019-09-27, Rev. 2.0

Previous Revision		
Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2019-09-27	Release of final version

We Listen to Your Comments
Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:
erratum@infineon.com

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany

Legal Disclaimer
The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics (“Beschaffenheitsgarantie”) .

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.
In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer’s compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer’s products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer’s applications.
The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer’s technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

Information
For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (**www.infineon.com**).

Warnings
Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.
The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.