

Data Sheet Supplement Version 1.0

Dynamic Differential Hall Effect Sensor TLE4924C-2 E6547

For all parameters not specified in this document the TLE4926C-HT E6547 data sheet is valid.



Туре	Marking	Ordering Code	Package
TLE4924C-2 E6547	24D82	SP000718250	PG-SSO-3-92



1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Conditions
Junction	Tj	-40			°C	-
temperature				155	°C	2000 h (not additive)
				165	°C	1000 h (not additive)
				175	°C	168 h (not additive)
				195	°C	3x1 h (additive to the other life times).

2. Operating Range

Operating junction	Tj	-40		°C	-
temperature			155	°C	2000 h (not additive)
			165	°C	1000 h (not additive)
			175	°C	168 h (not additive)
					reduced signal
					quality permittable
					(e.g. jitter).

3. AC/DC characteristics in Running Mode

Over operating range, unless otherwise specified. Typical values correspond to V_S=12V and T_A=25°C

delay time Falling edge	t _d	7	12.5	18 20 ¹	µs µs	Only valid for Tj=25°C.
				20 25 ²	μο	Tj=-40°C -Tj=175°C
Rising edge				25		Tj=-40°C -Tj=175°C
						Higher magnetic
						slopes and overshoots
						reduce t_d , because the
						signal is filtered
						internal.3

¹ only valid for the falling edge. ² Not subject to production test-verified by design/characterisation ³ measured with a sinusoidal-field with 10mTpp and a frequency of 1kHz.



4. Magnetic Characteristics in Running Mode

Minimum signal	$ \Delta B_{min} $	0.35	0.75	1.35	mT	
amplitude						





Figure 1 System operation with visible adaptive hysteresis



5. Typical Hysteresis Values

PGA	GainRange	Hysteresis (peak to peak)	FullRange =MaxSignal	Percentage thresholds
X1	6	10.6 mT	± 120 mT	4.42 %
X2	5	8.0 mT	± 60 mT	6.67 %
X4	4	5.5 mT	\pm 30 mT	9.17 %
X8	3	3.8 mT	± 15 mT	12.67 %
X16	2	2.6 mT	± 7.5 mT	17.33 %
X32	1	1.8 mT	± 3.75 mT	24 %
X64	0	1.3 mT	± 1.875 mT	34.67 %





Figure 2 Delay time definitions

 $t_D = t_v + t_d$

- t_D = Delay defined from $diff_B$ = 0 to 50 % of output edge
- t_d = Delay on signal path
- t_v = Systematic delay because of visible hysteresis concept

 $t_{\nu}\xspace$ is a function of the magnetic signal amplitude and frequency



Revision History:		November 2009	Version 1.0
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