# Panasonic

## **Automation Controls Catalog**

Small size controlled 3.5 A inrush current possible

current possible

**DC** battery operation 3. Flat compact size

> 10.6 (L) × 7.2 (W) × 5.2 (H) mm .417 (L)×.283 (W)×.205 (H) inch

## **FEATURES** 1. Small size controlled 3.5 A inrush 2. 2.4 coil voltage type newly available

**GQ RELAYS** TH types

c Sus

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- 1. Thermostat (HVAC temperature controller)
- 2. Others, High-capacity control etc.

**RoHS** compliant

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**



- Tape and reel packing (picked from 5/6/7/8 pin side) Z:
- Y٠ Tape and reel packing (picked from the 5/6/7/8-pin side) With humidity indicator and silica gel in moisture proof bag

Note 1) The "W" and "Y" at the end of the part number only appears on the inner and outer packing. It does not appear on the relay itself.

#### TYPES 1.Standard PC board terminal

#### 1 coil latching Single side stable Nominal coil voltage Part No. Part No. 1.5 V DC AGQ20T1H AGQ21T1H 2.4 V DC AGQ20T2H AGQ21T2H AGQ21T03 3 V DC AGQ20T03 4.5 V DC AGQ20T4H AGQ21T4H 6 V DC AGQ20T06 AGQ21T06 9 V DC AGQ20T09 AGQ21T09 12 V DC AGQ20T12 AGQ21T12 24 V DC AGQ20T24 AGQ21T24

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

#### 2.Surface-mount terminal

#### 1) Tube packing

	Single side stable	1 coil latching	
Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	Part No.	
1.5 V DC	AGQ20T□1H	AGQ21T□1H	
2.4 V DC	AGQ20T□2H	AGQ21T□2H	
3 V DC	AGQ20T□03	AGQ21T□03	
4.5 V DC	AGQ20T□4H	AGQ21T□4H	
6 V DC	AGQ20T□06	AGQ21T□06	
9 V DC	AGQ20T□09	AGQ21T□09	
12 V DC	AGQ20T 12	AGQ21T 12	
24 V DC	AGQ20TD24 AGQ21TD24		

: For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: <u>A</u>, S type: <u>S</u> Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

#### 2) Tape and reel packing

Nominal acil valtaga	Single side stable	1 coil latching	
Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	Part No.	
1.5 V DC	AGQ20To1HZ AGQ21To1HZ		
2.4 V DC	AGQ20TD2HZ AGQ21TD2HZ		
3 V DC	AGQ20TD03Z	AGQ21TD03Z	
4.5 V DC	AGQ20T□4HZ	AGQ21T□4HZ	
6 V DC	AGQ20TD06Z	AGQ21T⊡06Z	
9 V DC	AGQ20T=09Z AGQ21T=09Z		
12 V DC	AGQ20T012Z AGQ21T012Z		
24 V DC	AGQ20TD24Z AGQ21TD24Z		

For each surface-mounted terminal identification, input the following letter. A type: <u>A</u>, S type: <u>S</u> Standard packing: Tape and reel: 900 pcs.; Case: 1,800 pcs. Notes: 1.Tape and reel packing symbol "-Z" is not marked on the relay. "X" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available. 2.Tape and reel packing symbol "-W" is not marked on the relay. "Y" type tape and reel packing (picked from 1/2/3/4-pin side) is also available. 3.Please inquire if you require a relay, between 1.5 and 24 V DC, with a voltage not listed.

## RATING

#### 1.Coil data

#### 1) Single side stable type

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistan [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	
1.5 V DC			93.8 mA	16 Ω	140 mW	150%V of nominal voltage	
2.4 V DC			58.5 mA	41 Ω			
3 V DC		10%V or more of nominal voltage* (Initial)	46.7 mA	64.2 Ω			
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of		31 mA	145 Ω			
6 V DC	nominal voltage*			23.3 mA	257 Ω		nonina voltage
9 V DC	(Initial)		15.5 mA	579 Ω			
12 V DC		11.7 mA	1,028 Ω				
24 V DC			9.6 mA	2,504 Ω	230 mW	120%V of nominal voltage	

#### 2) 1 coil latching type

Nominal coil voltage	Set voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Reset voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistan [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. applied voltage (at 20°C 68°F)							
1.5 V DC		66.7 mA	22.5 Ω										
2.4 V DC			41.7 mA	57.6 Ω	-								
3 V DC		75%V or less of nominal voltage* (Initial)	33.3 mA	90 Ω									
4.5 V DC	75%V or less of nominal voltage*		nominal voltage*	nominal voltage*						22.2 mA	202.5 Ω	100 mW	150%V of
6 V DC	(Initial)					16.7 mA	360 Ω		nominal voltage				
9 V DC			11.1 mA	810 Ω									
12 V DC			8.3 mA	1,440 Ω									
24 V DC			5.0 mA	4,800 Ω	120 mW								

\*Pulse drive (JIS C 5442-1996)

Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

#### 2.Specifications

Characteristics	Item		Specifications		
	Arrangement		2 Form C		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)		
	Contact material		AgNi + Au plating		
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive)		2 A 30 V DC, 1 A 30 V DC, 0.3 A 125 V AC		
	Max. switching power (resistive)		60 W (DC), 30 W (DC), 37.5 V A (AC)		
	Max. switching volta	ge	110 V DC, 125 V AC		
	Max. switching current		2 A (AC, DC)		
	Min. switching capac	city (Reference value)*1	10 µA 10 mV DC		
	Nominal operating	Single side stable	140 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 230 mW (24 V DC)		
	power	1 coil latching	100 mW (1.5 to 12 V DC), 120 mW (24 V DC)		
	Insulation resistance	e (Initial)	Min. 1,000 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC) Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric voltage		
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)		
Electrical characteristics	Surge breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	1,500 V (10×160 μs) (FCC Part 68)		
onaraotonotios		Between contact and coil	2,500 V (2×10 μs) (Telcordia)		
	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 50°C (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 2A)		
	Operate time [Set time] (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)		
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F) (Initial)		Max. 4 ms [Max. 4 ms] (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)		
	Chaoly registeres	Functional	Min. 750 m/s2 (half -sine shock pulse: 6 ms; detection time: 10 µs.)		
Mechanical	Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 1,000 m/s2 (half -sine shock pulse: 6 ms.)		
characteristics	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3.3 mm (Detection time: 10 µs.)		
	Vibration resistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 5.0 mm		
	Mechanical		Min. 5 × 107 (at 180 cpm)		
Expected life	Electrical		Min. 1 × 105 (1 A 30 V DC resistive) Min. 1 × 105 (3.5 A inrush (250 ms) /1 A 30 V AC (cosφ =0.4)) (ON/OFF=1s/9s)		
Conditions	Conditions for opera storage*2	tion, transport and	Ambient temperature: (Single side stable, 1 coil latching type) –40°C to +85°C –40°F to +185°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)		
	Max. operating speed (at rated load)		20 cpm		
Unit weight			Approx. 1.0 g .035 oz		

Notes: \*1 This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. \*2 Refer to "AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT" in GENERAL APPLICATION GUIDELINES.

## **REFERENCE DATA**

1. Electrical life (1 × 10<sup>5</sup> operation is possible) Tested sample: AGQ21TA03, 6 pcs. Switching frequency: ON:OFF = 1s:9s Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F Circuit



#### \*Precaution

When using at 3.5A, connection of NO (pin #5 and #8) and COM (pin #4 and #9) in the circuit is required.

Condition: 30V AC Inrush current: 3.5A (effective value), Inrush time 250ms steady current: 1.0A (effective value), (Inductive load  $\cos\varphi = 0.4$ )







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## DIMENSIONS (mm inch)

The CAD data of the products with a CAD mark can be downloaded from: http://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

#### 1.PC board terminal



#### 2.Surface-mount terminal





#### Schematic (Top view)

Single side stable High sensitivity single side stable



(Deenergized condition)

1 coil latching



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## NOTE

Stopper (green)

#### 1. Packing style

1) The relay is packed in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.

Orientation (indicates PIN No.1) stripe

Orientation (indicates PIN No.1) stripe

Stopper (red)

#### (S type) (1)-2 Tape dimensions



(2) Dimensions of plastic peel

#### mm inch 20±0.5 .079±.020 .070±.0200 .070±.0200 .070±.0200 .070±.0200 .070±.0200

#### 2. Automatic insertion

To maintain the internal function of the relay, the chucking pressure should not exceed the values below. Chucking pressure in the direction A : 9.8 N {1 kgf} or less Chucking pressure in the direction B : 9.8 N {1 kgf} or less Chucking pressure in the direction C : 9.8 N {1 kgf} or less



Please chuck the *portion*. Avoid chucking the center of the relay. In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be also avoided.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product.

- Requests to customers :
- https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

2) Tape and reel packing (A type) (1)-1 Tape dimensions mm inch  $Relay polarity bar <math>\frac{157^{21} dia.}{100} \frac{4.0}{2.00 dia.} \frac{2.0 dia.}{1.07} \frac{Max. 6.55}{2.00} \frac{1.07}{2.01} \frac{1.07}{2.00 dia.} \frac{Max. 6.55}{2.00} \frac{1.07}{2.00 dia.} \frac{Max. 6.55}{2.00} \frac{1.07}{2.00 dia.} \frac{Max. 6.55}{2.00} \frac{1.07}{2.00 dia.} \frac{Max. 6.55}{2.00 dia.} dia.} \frac{M$ 

#### For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR COIL INPUT

#### Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts)

Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

#### DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil.

The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary.

The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

#### Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity(+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic).

If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work.

Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

#### Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil.

Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise.

Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

Temperature rise due to pulse voltage

When a pulse voltage with ON time of less than 2 minutes is used, the coil temperature rise bares no relationship to the ON time.

This varies with the ratio of ON time to OFF time, and compared with continuous current passage, it is rather small. The various relays are essentially the same in this respect.

Current passage time	%
For continuous passage	Temperature rise value is 100%
ON : OFF = 3 : 1	About 80%
ON : OFF = 1 : 1	About 50%
ON : OFF = 1 : 3	About 35%



Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (hot start) In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere.

The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases.

That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value.

However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

#### NOTES

#### Usage, Storage, and Transport Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subject to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity, and pressure conditions.

The allowable specifications for environments suitable for usage, storage, and transportation are given below.

 Temperature: The allowable temperature range differs for each relay, so refer to the relay's individual specifications. In addition, when transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases when the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this situation, be sure to consult the individual specifications.

#### 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph. (The allowable temperature depends on the relays.)





3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

#### Condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay and microwave device is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity.

Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

#### lcing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C.

This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

#### Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions.

Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

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#### Storage requirements

Since the surface-mount terminal type is sensitive to humidity it is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following.

- Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened. (within 72 hours, Max. 30°C / 70% RH).
  If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.
- If relays will not be used within 72 hours, please store relays in a humidity controlled desiccator or in an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added.

\* If the relay is to be soldered after it has been exposed to excessive humidity atmosphere, cracks and leaks can occur. Be sure to mount the relay under the required mounting conditions.

- 3) When relays (which is packaged with humidity indicator and silica gel) meeting one of below criteria, please bake (dry) before use.
  - When the storage conditions specified in 1) are exceeded.
  - When humidity indicator is in **I** or **I** status according to judgement standard.

#### <How to judge>

Please check humidity indicator color and decide if baking is necessary or not.

#### • : indicate brown, $\bigcirc$ : Other than brown (blueish color)

$\searrow$	5%	10%	60%	Bake treatment necessity judgment
Ι	•	•	•	No need to bake
Π	0	•	•	No need to bake
Ш	0	0	•	Need to bake
IV	0	0	0	Need to bake



Humidity indicator card

#### <Baking (Drying) conditions>

• With reel : 45°C, 96 hours or more.



• Without reel (including relay only) : 60°C, 35 hours or more.



 The following cautionary label is affixed to the anti-humidity pack.

## Caution

This vacuum-sealed bag contains

#### **Moisture Sensitive Products**

After this bag is opened, the product must be used

### within **72** hours

If product is not used within 72 hours, baking is necessary. For baking conditions please contact us.

#### Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure.

Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

#### NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85% RH or higher (at 20°C).

If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

#### OTHERS

#### Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type,etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- 2) Surface-mount terminal type relay is sealed type and it can be cleaned by immersion.

Use pure water or alcohol-based cleaning solvent.

 Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower). Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays.

Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to the ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product. •Requests to customers: https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Please contact .....

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