

High Performance Class-D Speaker Amplifier Series

20W+20W Class-D

Speaker Amplifier for Analog Input



BD5424EFS

No.09075EAT04

●Overview

BD5424EFS is a 20W + 20W stereo class-D power amplifier IC, developed for space-saving and low heat-generation applications such as low-profile TV sets. The IC employs state-of-the-art Bipolar, CMOS, and DMOS (BCD) process technology that eliminates turn-on resistance in the output power stage and internal loss due to line resistances up to an ultimate level. With this technology, the IC has achieved high efficiency of 91% (10W + 10W output with 8Ω load), which is the top class in the industry. The IC, in addition, employs a compact back-surface heat radiation type power package to achieve low power consumption and low heat generation and eliminates necessity of installing an external radiator, up to a total output of 40W. This product satisfies both needs for drastic downsizing, low-profile structures and powerful, high-quality playback of the sound system.

●Features

- 1) A high efficiency of 91% (10W + 10W output with 8Ω load), which is the highest grade in the industry and low heat-generation.
- 2) An output of 20W + 20W (17V, with 8Ω load) is allowed without an external heat radiator.
- 3) Driving a lowest rating load of 3.6Ω is allowed.
- 4) Pop noise upon turning power on/off and power interruption has been reduced.
- 5) High-quality audio muting is implemented by soft-switching technology.
- 6) An output power limiter function limits excessive output to speakers.
- 7) High-reliability design provided with built-in protection circuits against high temperatures, against VCC shorting and GND shorting, against reduced-voltage, and against applying DC voltage to speaker.
- 8) A master/slave function allowing synchronization of multiple devices reduces beat noises.
- 9) Adjustment of internal PWM sampling clock frequencies (350kHz to 500kHz) allows easy protective measures against unwanted radio emission to AM radio band.
- 10) A compact back-surface heat radiation type power package is employed.
HTSSOP-A44(5mm × 7.5mm × 1.0mm, pitch 0.8mm)

●Absolute Maximum Ratings

A circuit must be designed and evaluated not to exceed absolute maximum rating in any cases and even momentarily, to prevent reduction in functional performances and thermal destruction of a semiconductor product and secure useful life and reliability.

The following values assume $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$. For latest values, refer to delivery specifications.

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	+20	V	Pin 7, 8, 15, 16, 29, 30, 37, 38, 40 (Note 1, 2)
Power dissipation	P_d	2.0	W	(Note 3)
		4.5	W	(Note 4)
Input voltage for signal pin	V_{IN}	-0.2 ~ +7.2	V	Pin 1, 44 (Note 1)
Input voltage for control pin	V_{CONT}	-0.2 ~ $V_{CC}+0.2$	V	Pin 20, 24 (Note 1)
Input voltage for clock pin	V_{OSC}	-0.2 ~ +7.2	V	Pin 23 (Note 1)
Operating temperature range	T_{opr}	-40 ~ +85	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 ~ +150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Maximum junction temperature	T_{jmax}	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$	

(Note 1) A voltage that can be applied with reference to GND (pins 11, 12, 33, 34, and 43)

(Note 2) P_d and $T_{jmax}=150^\circ\text{C}$ must not be exceeded.

(Note 3) 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm FR4 One-sided glass epoxy board (Back copper foil 0%) installed.

If used under $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ or higher, reduce 16mW for increase of every 1°C . The board is provided with thermal via.

(Note 4) 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm FR4 Both-sided glass epoxy board (Back copper foil 100%) installed.

If used under $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ or higher, reduce 36mW for increase of every 1°C . The board is provided with thermal via.

●Operating Conditions

The following values assume $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Check for latest values in delivery specifications.

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	+10 ~ +18	V	Pin 7, 8, 15, 16, 29, 30, 37, 38, 40
Minimum load resistance	R_L	3.6	Ω	(Note 5)

(Note 5) P_d should not be exceeded.

●Electrical Characteristics

Except otherwise specified $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 12\text{V}$, $f_{IN} = 1\text{kHz}$, $R_g = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, $MUTEX="H"$, $MS="L"$, $SDX="H"$. For latest values, refer to delivery specifications.

Item	Symbol	Representative value	Unit	Conditions
Whole circuit				
Circuit current 1 (Sampling mode)	I_{CC1}	30	mA	With no signal
Circuit current 2 (Muting mode)	I_{CC2}	12	mA	$MUTEX = "L"$
Control circuit				
"H" level input voltage	V_{IH}	2.3 ~ 12	V	$SDX, MUTEX, MS$
"L" level input voltage	V_{IL}	0 ~ 0.8	V	$SDX, MUTEX, MS$
Audio circuit				
Voltage gain	G_V	28	dB	$P_o = 1\text{W}$
Maximum output power 1 (Note 6)	P_{O1}	10	W	$THD+N = 10\%$
Maximum output power 2 (Note 6)	P_{O2}	20	W	$V_{CC}=17\text{V}$, $THD+N = 10\%$
Total harmonic distortion (Note 6)	THD	0.1	%	$P_o = 1\text{W}$, $BW=20\text{Hz} \sim 20\text{kHz}$
Crosstalk	CT	85	dB	$P_o = 1\text{W}$, $R_g = 0\Omega$, $BW = \text{IHF-A}$
Output noise voltage (Sampling mode)	V_{NO}	80	μVrms	$R_g = 0\Omega$, $BW = \text{IHF-A}$
Residual noise voltage (Muting mode)	V_{NOM}	35	μVrms	$R_g = 0\Omega$, $BW = \text{IHF-A}$, $MUTEX = "L"$
Mute Attenuation	G_{vm}	98	dB	$P_o = 1\text{W}$, $BW = \text{IHF-A}$, $MUTEX = "L"$
Internal sampling clock frequency	F_{OSC}	350	kHz	$MS = "L"$ (In master operation)

(Note 6) The rated values of items above indicate average performances of the device, which largely depend on circuit layouts, components, and power supplies. The reference values are those applicable to the device and components directly installed on a board specified by us.

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data)

(1) Under Stereo Operation ($R_L=8\Omega$)

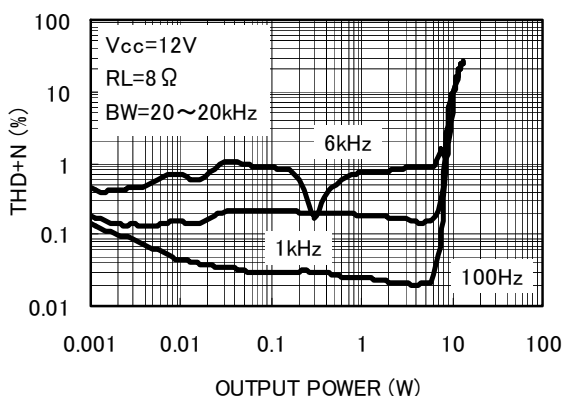


Fig. 1 THD+N — Output power

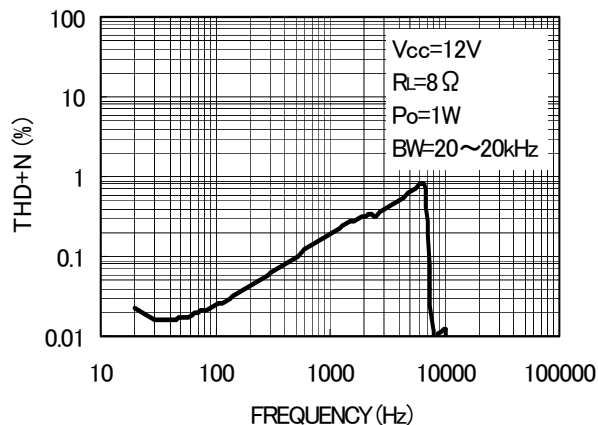


Fig. 2 THD+N — Frequency

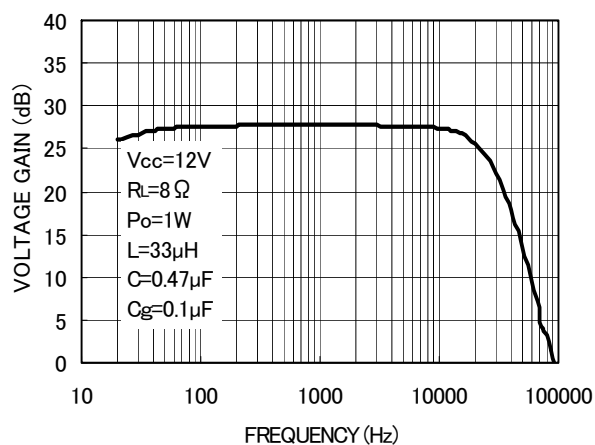


Fig. 3 Voltage gain - Frequency

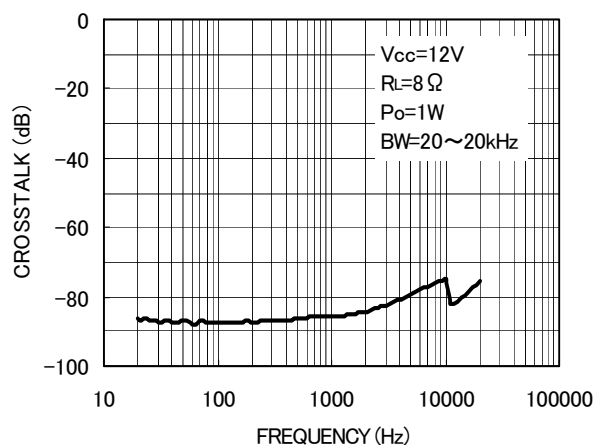


Fig. 4 Crosstalk - Frequency

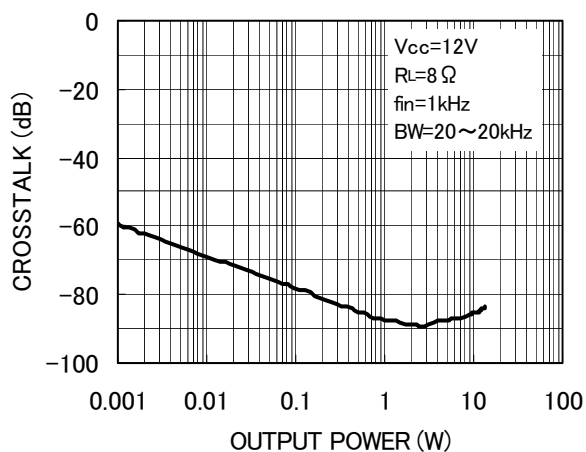


Fig. 5 Crosstalk - Output power

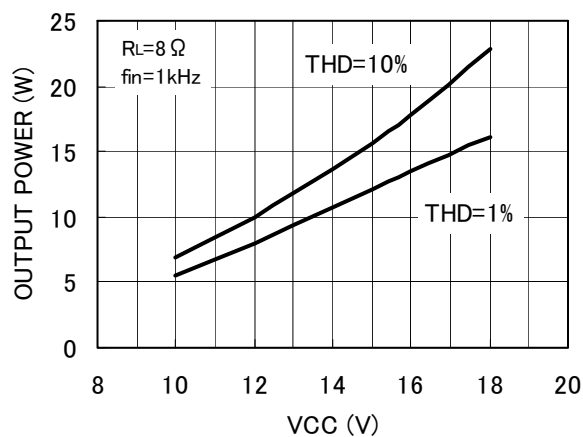


Fig. 6 Output power - Power supply voltage

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

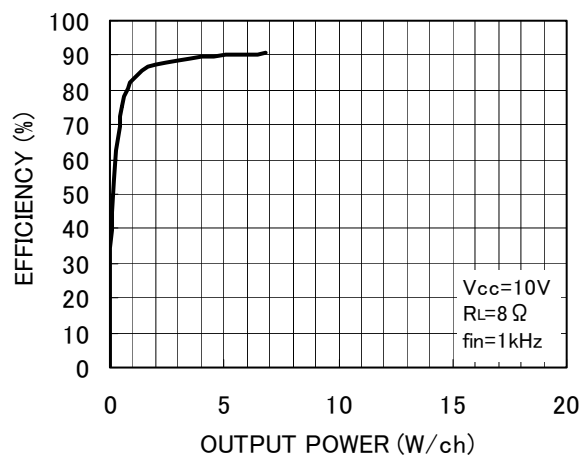


Fig. 7 Efficiency - Output power

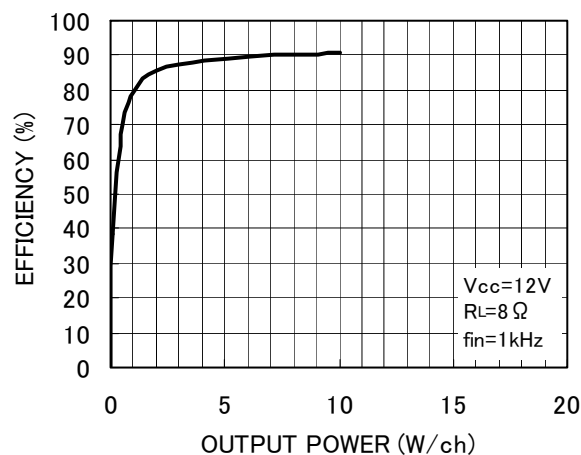


Fig. 8 Efficiency - Output power

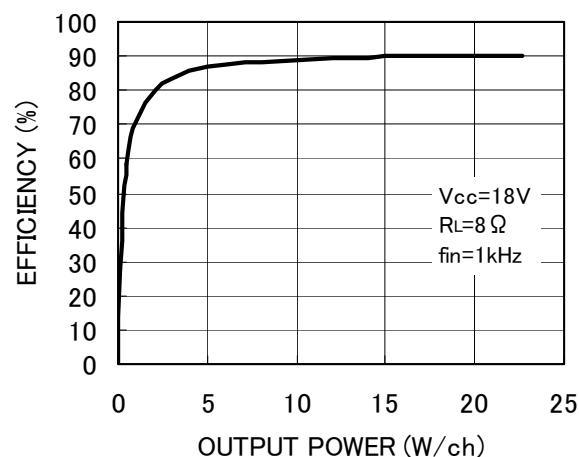


Fig. 9 Efficiency - Output power

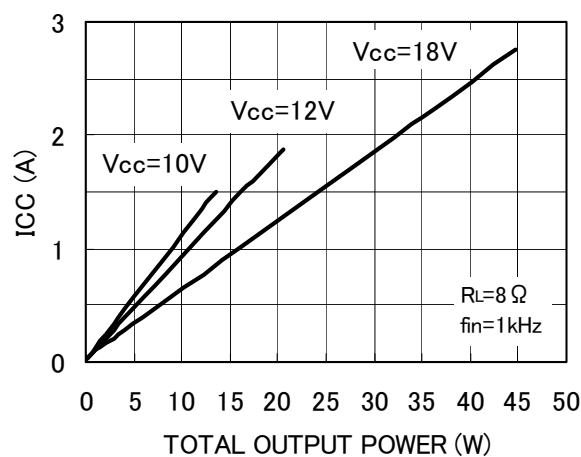


Fig. 10 Current consumption - Output power

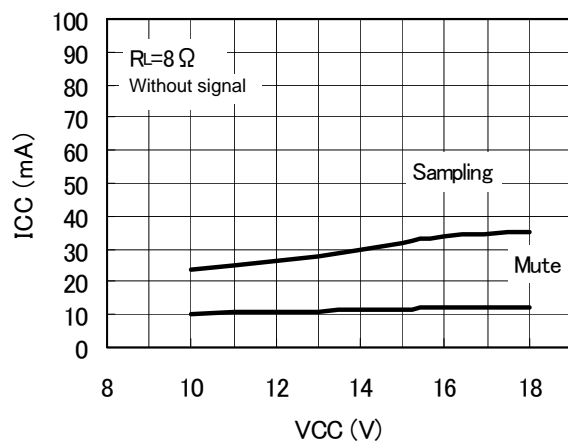


Fig. 11 Current consumption - Power supply voltage

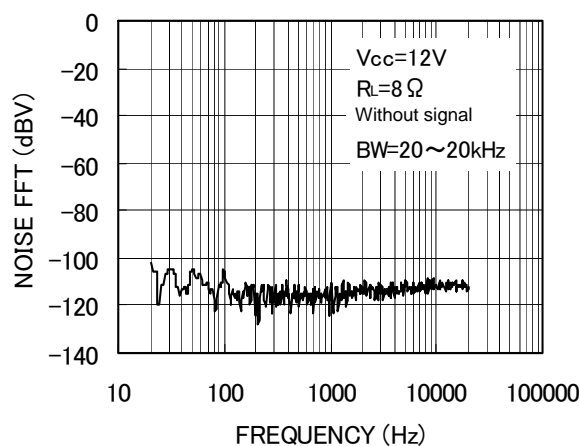


Fig. 12 FFT of Output Noise Voltage

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

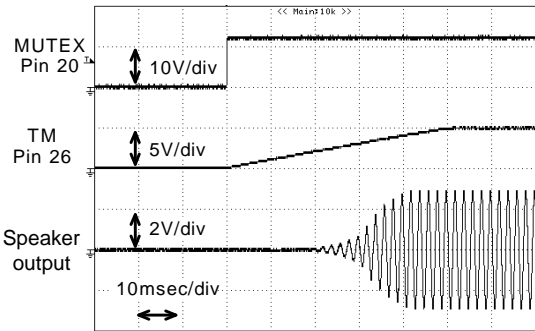


Fig. 13 Wave form when Releasing Soft-mute

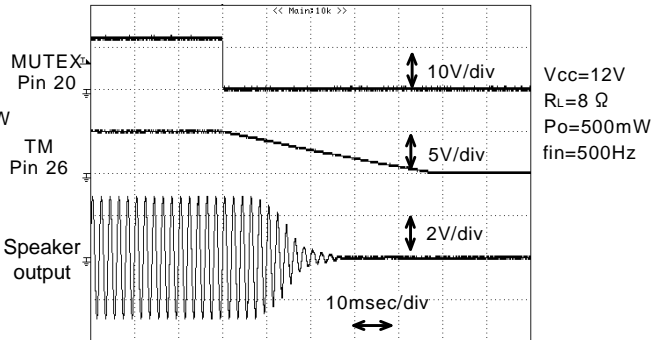


Fig. 14 Wave form when Activating Soft-mute

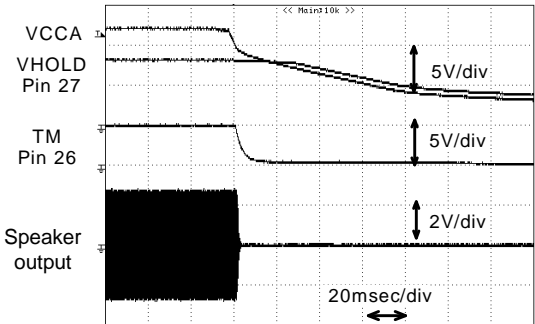


Fig. 15 Wave form on Instantaneous Power Interruption (20msec / div)

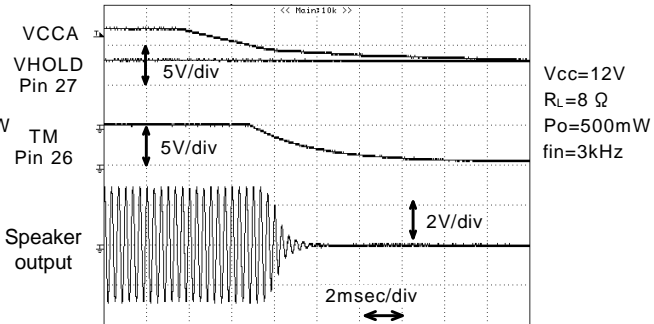


Fig. 16 Wave form on Instantaneous Power Interruption (2msec / div)

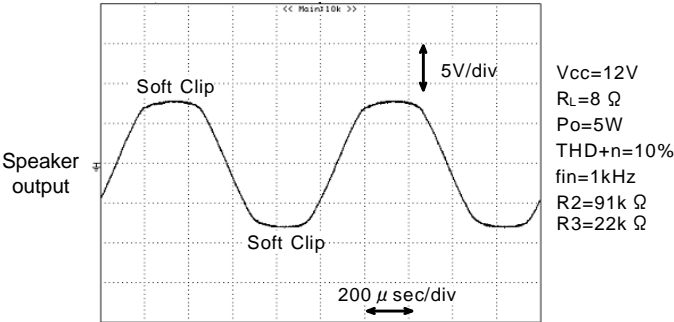
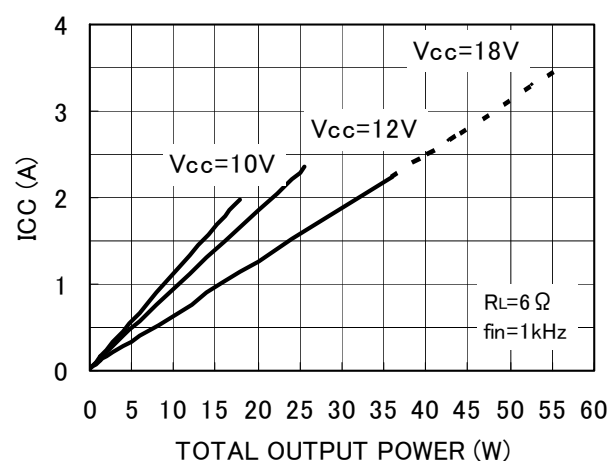
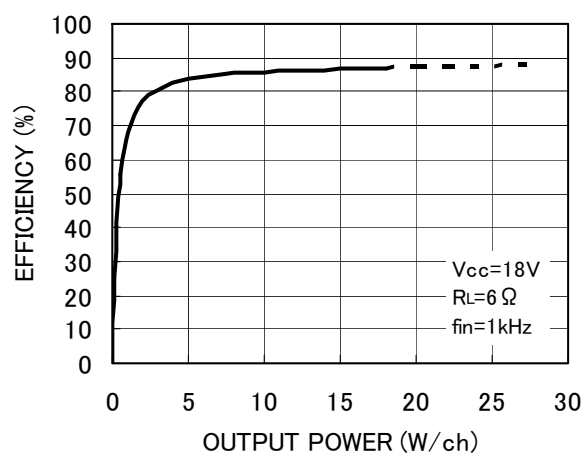
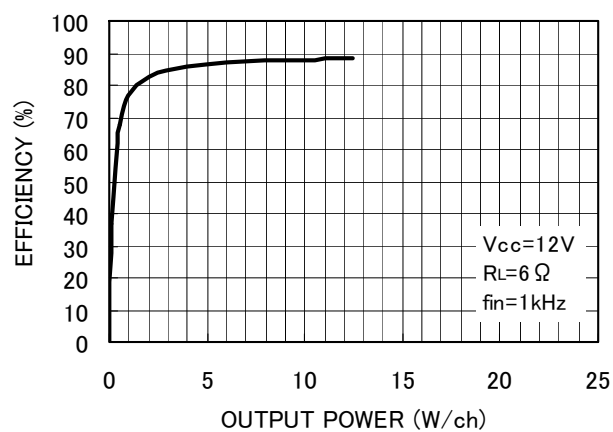
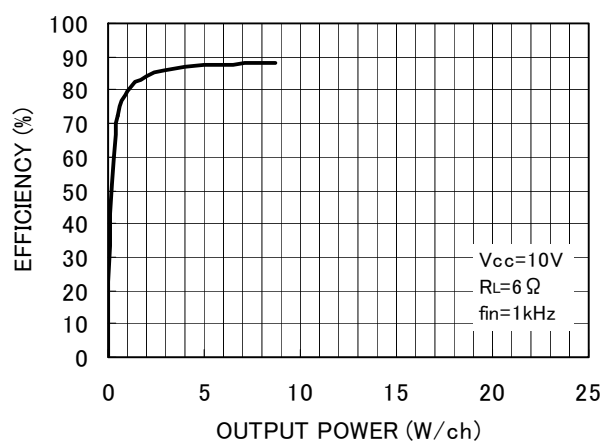
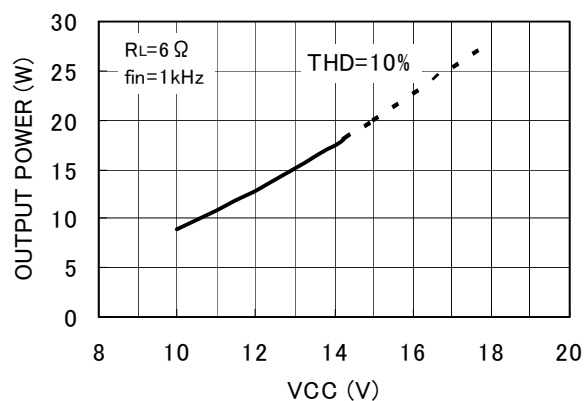


Fig. 17 Wave form on Output Power Limiter function (Po = 5W)

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

(2) Under Stereo Operation ($R_L=6\Omega$)



Dotted lines of the graphs indicate continuous output power to be obtained on musical signal source or by installing additional heat sinks.

●Electrical characteristic curves (Reference data) – Continued

(3) Under Stereo Operation ($R_L=4\Omega$)

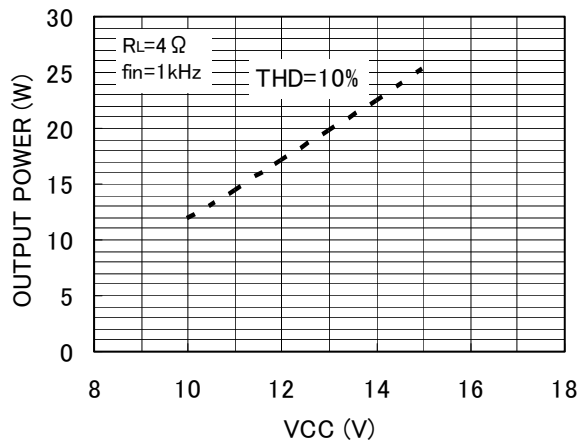


Fig. 23 Output power - Power supply voltage

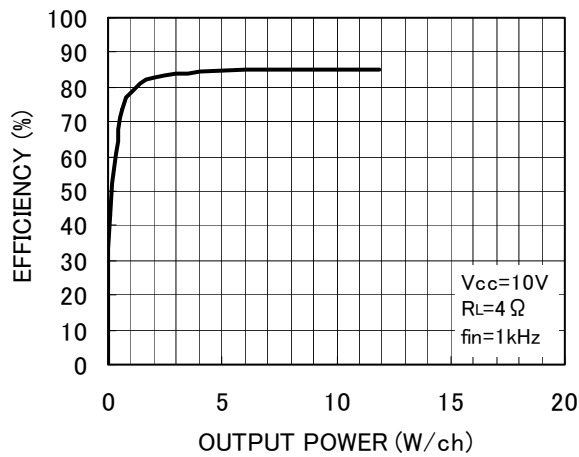


Fig. 24 Efficiency - Output power

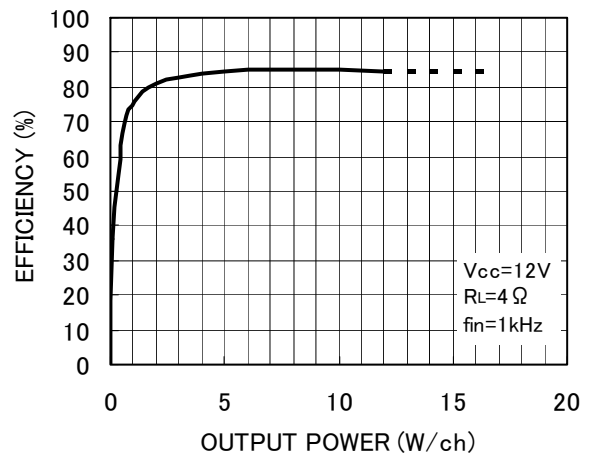


Fig. 25 Efficiency - Output power

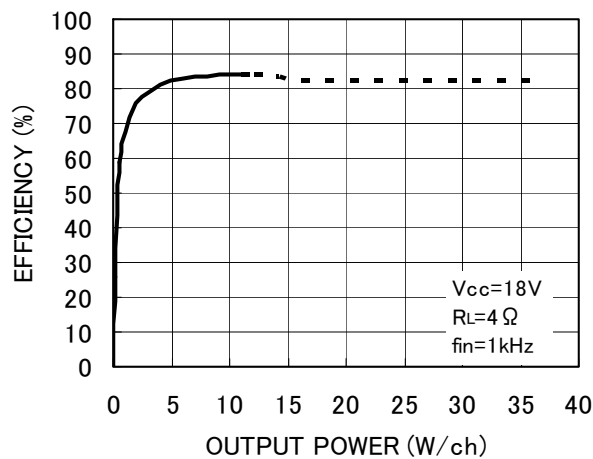


Fig. 26 Efficiency - Output power

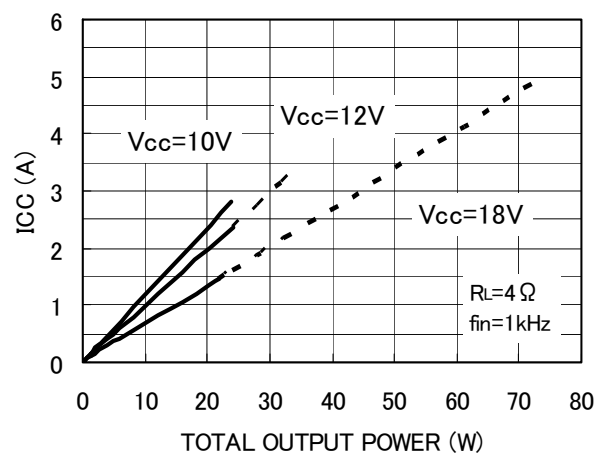


Fig. 27 Current consumption - Output power

Dotted lines of the graphs indicate continuous output power to be obtained on musical signal source or by installing additional heat sinks.

● Pin Assignment

Top View

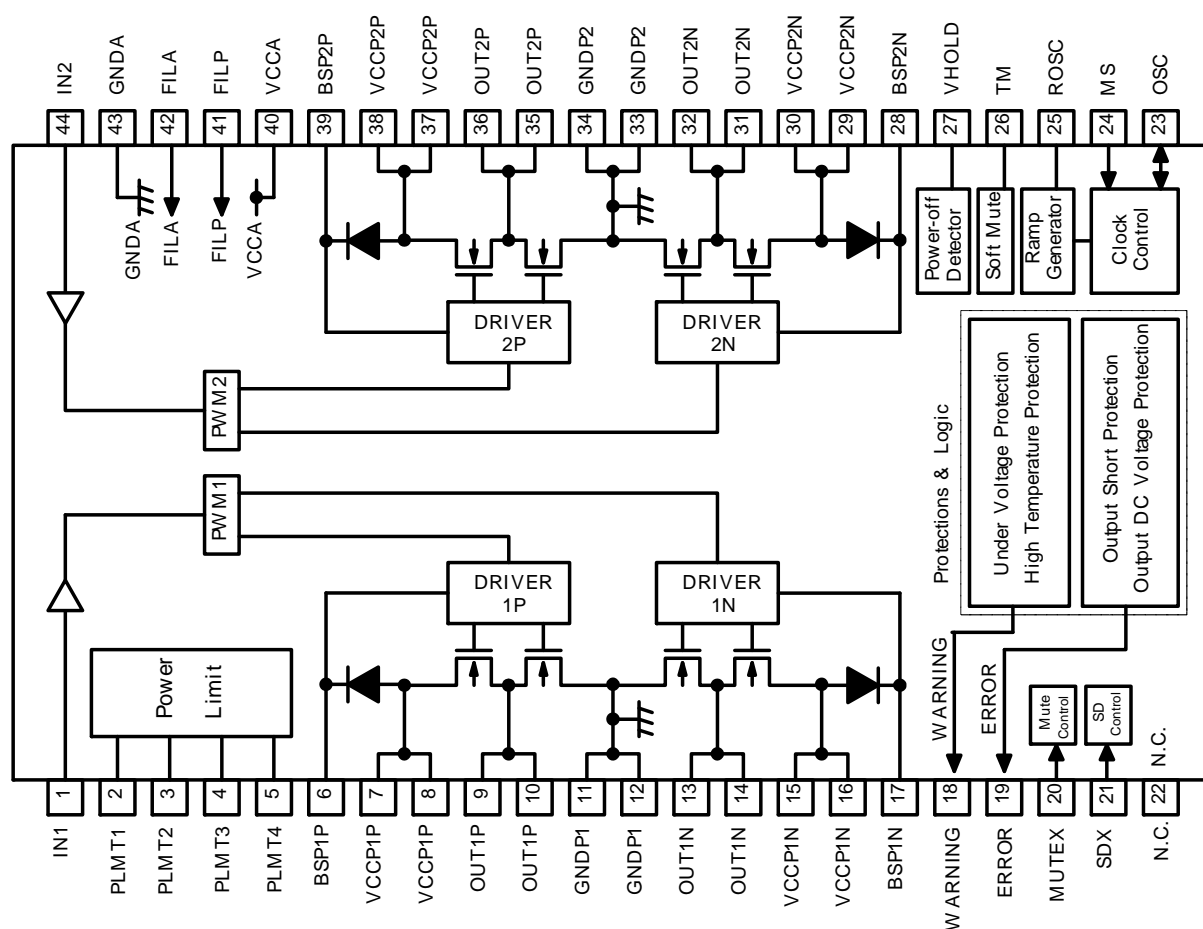


Fig. 28 Pin Assignment Diagram

●Outer Dimensions and Inscriptions

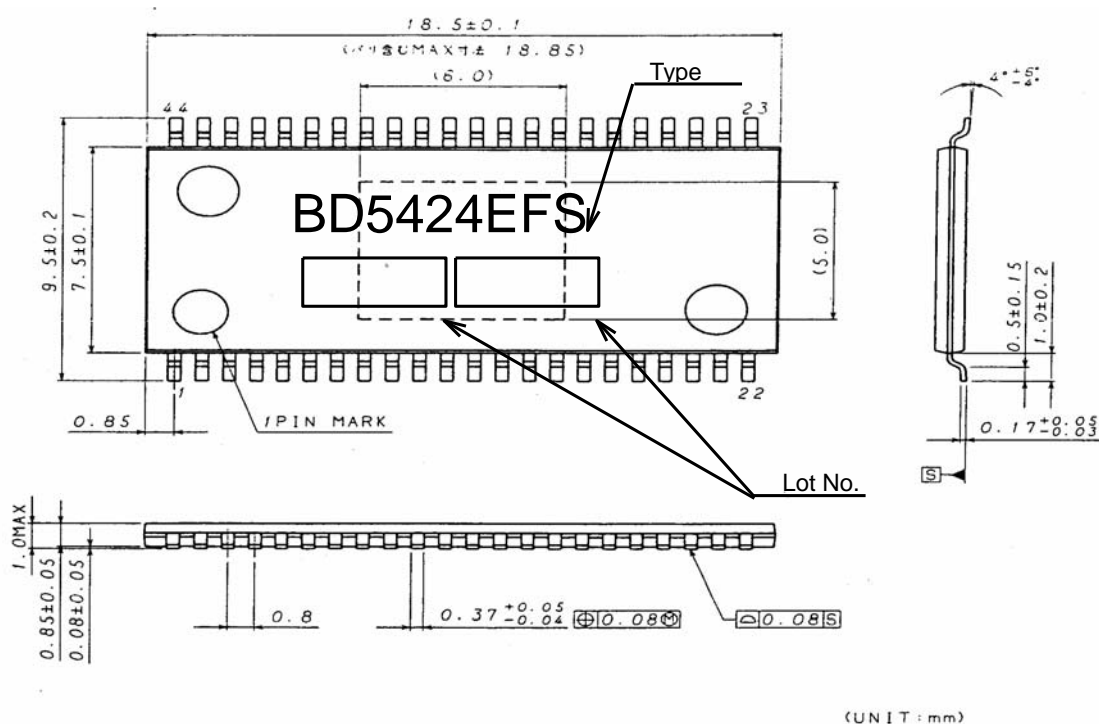
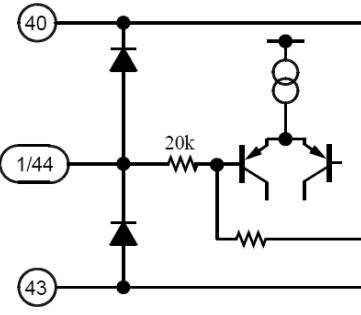
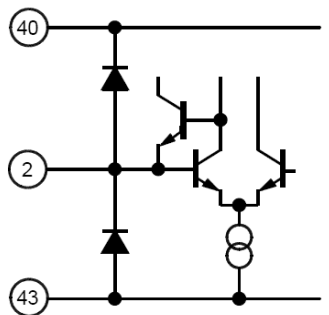
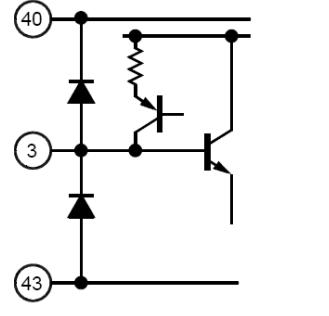
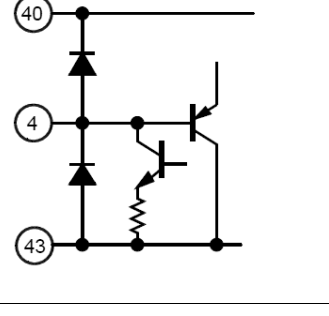
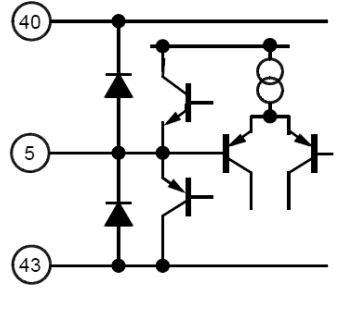


Fig. 29 Outer Dimensions and Inscriptions of HTSSOP-A44 Package

●Explanation of Pin Functions (Provided pin voltages are typical values.)

No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Pin description	Internal equalizing circuit
1 44	IN1 IN2	3.5V	ch1 Analog signal input pin ch2 Analog signal input pin Input audio signal via a capacitor.	
2	PLMT1	3.5V	Voltage-to-current conversion pin for output power limiter function Connect a register.	
3	PLMT2	-	Current-to-voltage conversion pin for output power limiter function Connect a register.	
4	PLMT3	-	Current-to-voltage conversion pin for output power limiter function Connect a register.	
5	PLMT4	3.5V	Bias pin for output power limiter function Connect a register and a capacitor.	

●Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Pin description	Internal equalizing circuit
6	BSP1P	-	ch1 positive bootstrap pin Connect a capacitor.	
7, 8	VCCP1P	Vcc	ch1 positive power system power supply pin	
9, 10	OUT1P	Vcc~0V	ch1 positive PWM signal output pin Connect with output LPF.	
11, 12	GNDP1	0V	ch1 power system GND pin	
13, 14	OUT1N	Vcc~0V	ch1 negative PWM signal output pin Connect with output LPF.	
15, 16	VCCP1N	Vcc	ch1 negative power system power supply pin	
17	BSP1N	-	ch1 negative bootstrap pin Connect a capacitor.	
18	WARNING	H: 5V L: 0V	Warning output pin Pin to notify operation warning. H: Under warning L: Normal operation	
19	ERROR	H: 5V L: 0V	Error output pin A pin for notifying operation errors. H: Error L: Normal operation	
20	MUTEX	-	Audio mute control pin H: Mute off L: Mute on	

●Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Pin description	Internal equalizing circuit
21	SDX	-	Shutdown control pin H: Shutdown off L: Shutdown on	
22	N.C.	-	N.C. pin Nothing is connected with IC internal circuit.	
23	OSC	-	Sampling clock signal input/output pin When using two or more sampling clocks, connect via a capacitor.	
24	MS	-	Master/Slave switching pin Switching of master/slave functions on a sampling clock signal. H: Slave operation L: Master operation	
25	ROSC	5.6V	Internal PWM sampling clock frequency setting pin Usually the pin is used open. To adjust an internal sampling clock frequency, connect a resistor.	
26	TM	0~5V	Audio muting constant setting pin Connect a capacitor.	

●Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Pin description	Internal equalizing circuit
27	HOLD	$0.68 \times V_{CC}$	Instantaneous power interruption detecting voltage setting pin Connect a capacitor. To adjust a detecting voltage, connect a resistor.	
28	BSP2N	-	ch2 negative bootstrap pin Connect a capacitor.	
29, 30	VCCP2N	V_{CC}	ch2 negative power system power supply pin	
31, 32	OUT2N	$V_{CC} \sim 0V$	ch2 negative PWM signal output pin Connect an output LPF.	
33, 34	GNDP2	0V	ch2 power system GND pin	
35, 36	OUT2P	$V_{CC} \sim 0V$	ch2 positive PWM signal output pin Connect an output LPF.	
37, 38	VCCP2P	V_{CC}	ch2 positive power system power supply pin	
39	BSP2P	-	ch2 positive bootstrap pin Connect a capacitor.	
40	VCCA	V_{CC}	Analog system power pin	
41	FILP	$\frac{V_{CC}+35}{12}$	PWM system bias pin Connect a capacitor.	

●Explanation of Pin Functions - Continued

No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Pin description	Internal equalizing circuit
42	FILA	3.5V	Analog signal system bias pin Connect a capacitor.	
43	GNDA	0V	Analog system power supply pin	

● Application Circuit Diagram

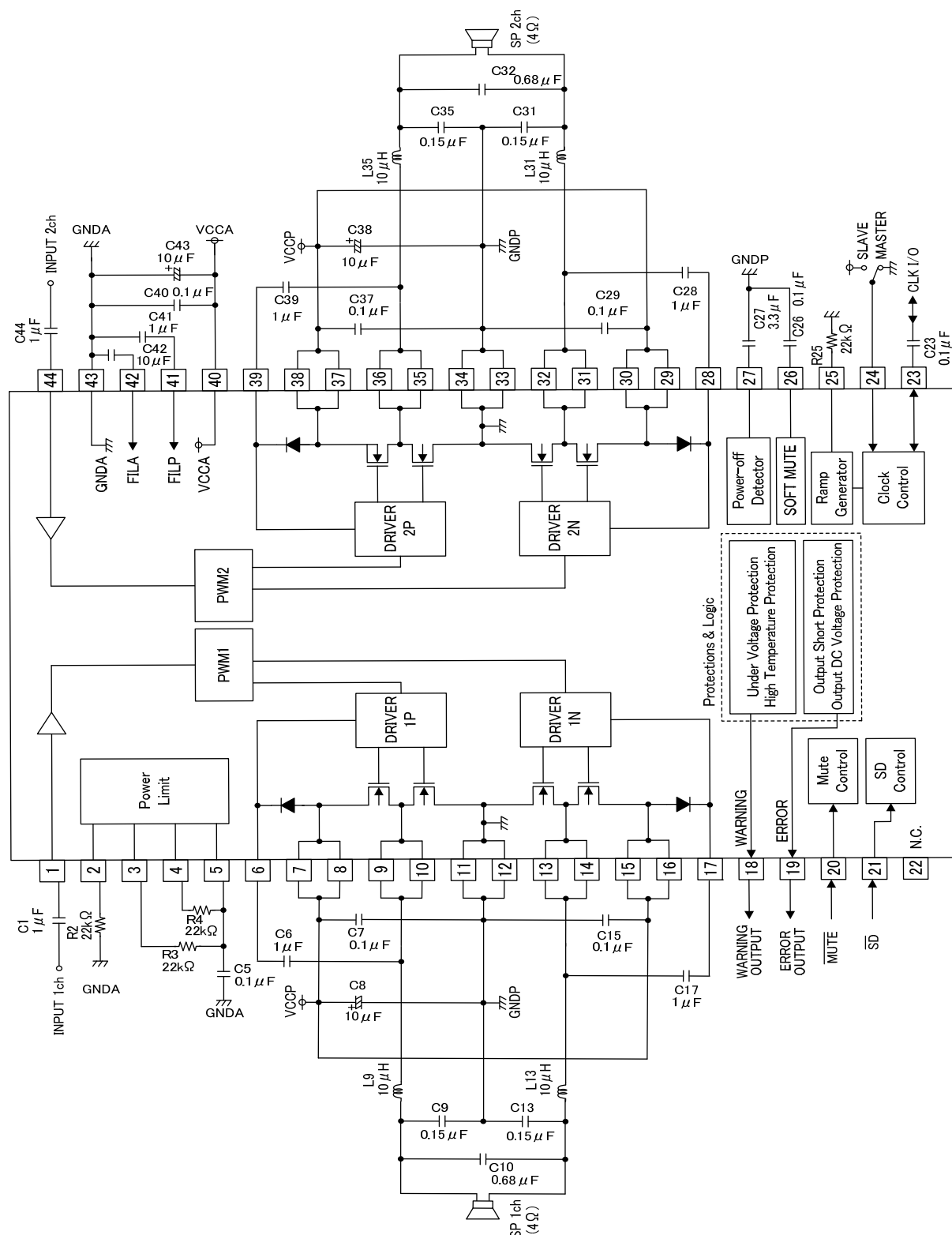
• $V_{CC}=10V\sim 18V$ 

Fig. 30 Circuit Diagram of Stereo Operation with 4Ω Load

Table 1 BOM List of Stereo Operation with 4Ω Load

No.	Item	Part Number	Vendor	Configuration		Value	Rated voltage	Tolerance	Temperature characteristics	Quantity	Reference
				mm	inch						
1	IC	BD5424EFS	ROHM	HTSSOP-A44		-	-	-	-	1	IC1
2	C	GRM21BB31H105KA12	MURATA	2012	0805	1μF	50V	±10%	±10%	4	C6, C17, C28, C39
3	C	GRM188R11H104KA93	MURATA	1608	0603	0.1μF	50V	±10%	±10%	5	C7, C15, C29, C37, C40
4	C	GRM21BB31H154KA88	MURATA	2012	0805	0.15μF	50V	±10%	±10%	4	C9, C13, C31, C35
5	C	GRM188B31C105KA92	MURATA	1608	0603	1μF	16V	±10%	±10%	2	C1, C44
6	C	GRM31MR71H684KA88	MURATA	3216	1206	0.68μF	50V	±10%	±15%	2	C10, C32
7	C	GRM21BB31E335KA75	MURATA	2012	0805	3.3μF	25V	±10%	±10%	1	C27
8	C	GRM188B11E104KA01	MURATA	1608	0603	0.1μF	25V	±10%	±10%	3	C5, C23, C26
9	C	GRM21BB11C105KA	MURATA	2012	0805	1μF	16V	±10%	±10%	1	C41
10	C	GRM21BB31C106KE15	MURATA	2012	0805	10μF	16V	±10%	±10%	1	C42
11	C	25SVPD10M	SANYO	6666	2626	10μF	25V	±20%	±25%	3	C8, C38, C43
12	R	MCR01MZPF2202	ROHM	1005	0402	22kΩ	50V	±1%	±200ppm/°C	3	R2, R3, R4, R25

No.	Item	Part Number	Vendor	Configuration	Value	Tolerance	DC Resistance	Rated DC Current	Quantity	Reference
				mm						
13	L	A7502BY-100M	TOKO	φ13×16.0	10μH	±20%	30mΩmax.	5.09A max.	4	L9, L13, L31, L35

●Notes for use Notes for use

1. About absolute maximum ratings

If an applied voltage or an operating temperature exceeds an absolute maximum rating, it may cause destruction of a device. A result of destruction, whether it is short mode or open mode, is not predictable. Therefore, provide a physical safety measure such as fuse, against a special mode that may violate conditions of absolute maximum ratings.

2. About power supply line

As return of current regenerated by back EMF of output coil happens, take steps such as putting capacitor between power supply and GND as a electric pathway for the regenerated current. Be sure that there is no problem with each property such as emptied capacity at lower temperature regarding electrolytic capacitor to decide capacity value. If the connected power supply does not have sufficient current absorption capacity, regenerative current will cause the voltage on the power supply line to rise, which combined with the product and its peripheral circuitry may exceed the absolute maximum ratings. It is recommended to implement a physical safety measure such as the insertion of a voltage clamp diode between the power supply and GND pins.

3. Potential of GND (11, 12, 33, 34, and 43 pins)

Potential of the GND terminal must be the lowest under any operating conditions.

4. About thermal design

Perform thermal design with sufficient margins, in consideration of maximum power dissipation P_d under actual operating conditions. This product has an exposed frame on the back of the package, and it is assumed that the frame is used with measures to improve efficiency of heat dissipation. In addition to front surface of board, provide a heat dissipation pattern as widely as possible on the back also.

A class-D power amplifier has heat dissipation efficiency far higher than that of conventional analog power amplifier and generates less heat. However, extra attention must be paid in thermal design so that a power dissipation P_{diss} should not exceed the maximum power dissipation P_d .

$$\text{Maximum power dissipation} \quad P_d = \frac{T_{jmax} - T_a}{\theta_{ja}} \quad [W]$$

$$\text{Power dissipation} \quad P_{diss} = P_o \left(\frac{1}{\eta} - 1 \right) \quad [W]$$

T_{jmax} : Maximum temperature junction = 150[°C]

T_a : Operating ambient temperature [°C]

θ_{ja} : Package thermal resistance [°C/W]

P_o : Output power [W]

η : Efficiency

5. About operations in strong electric field

Note that the device may malfunction in a strong electric field.

6. Thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit

This product is provided with a built-in thermal shutdown circuit. When the thermal shutdown circuit operates, the output transistors are placed under open status. The thermal shutdown circuit is primarily intended to shut down the IC avoiding thermal runaway under abnormal conditions with a chip temperature exceeding $T_{jmax} = 150^\circ\text{C}$.

7. About shorting between pins and installation failure

Be careful about direction and displacement of an LSI when installing it onto the board. Faulty installation may destroy the LSI when the device is energized. In addition, a foreign matter getting in between LSI pins, pins and power supply, and pins and GND may cause shorting and destruction of the LSI.

8. About power supply startup and shutdown

When starting up a power supply, be sure to place the MUTEX pin (pin 20) and SDX pin (pin 21), at "L" level. When shutting down a power supply also, be sure to place the pin at "L" level. Those processes reduce pop noises generated upon turning on and off the power supply. In addition, all power supply pins must be started up and shut down at the same time.

9. About WARNING output pin (pin 18) and ERROR output pin (pin 19)

A WARNING flag is output from the WARNING output pin upon operation of the high-temperature protection function and under-voltage protection function. And an ERROR flag is output from the ERROR output pin upon operation of VCC/GND shorting protection function and speaker DC voltage applying protection function. These flags are the function which the condition of this product is shown in. The use which aimed at the protection except for this product is prohibition.

10. About N.C. pins (pin 22)

The N.C. (Non connection) pins are not connected with an internal circuit. Leave the pins open or connect them to GND.

●Ordering part number

B	D
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Part No
BD

5	4	2	4
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Part No.
5424

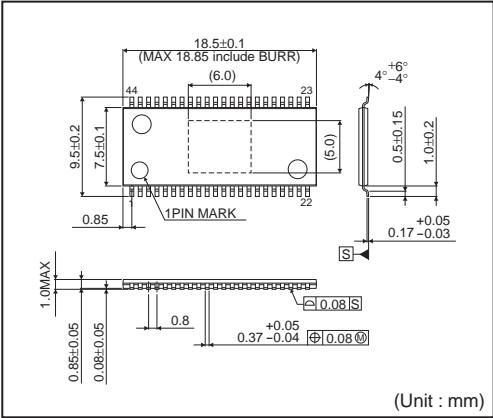
E	F	S
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Package
EFS: HTSSOP-A44

E	2
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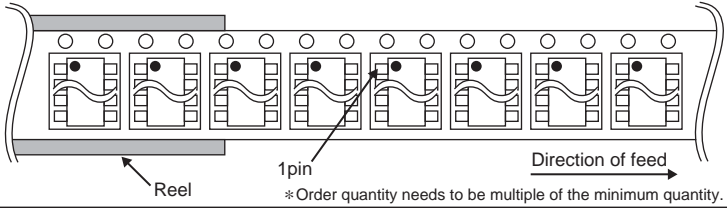
Packaging and forming specification
E2: Embossed tape and reel

HTSSOP-A44



<Tape and Reel information>

Tape	Embossed carrier tape (with dry pack)
Quantity	1500pcs
Direction of feed	E2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand)



Notes

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