

High-performance video signal Switcher Series Video Drivers with Built-in Free RoHS Low Voltage operation Single Video Switchers

High-performance System video Driver Series Video Drivers with Built-in Input Selection SW

BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM, BH76360FV, BH76361FV

High-performance video signal Switcher Series

Wide Band Low Voltage operation Single Video Switchers No.09065EAT01

BH76332FVM, BH76333FVM, BH76362FV, BH76363FV

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Wide Band Low Voltage operation Single Video Switchers BH76332FVM (3input 1output Video Switch) • • • • • P2 BH76333FVM (3input 1output Video Switch) • • • • • P2 (6input 1output Video Switch) • • • • • P17 BH76362FV BH76363FV (6input 1output Video Switch) · · · · · P17

Line-up of products with built-in video amplifier and video driver

3-input, 1-output video switch

BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM, BH76332FVM, BH76333FVM

General

BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM, BH76332FVM, and BH76333FVM are video signal switching ICs, each with three inputs and one circuit input, which feature wide dynamic range and frequency response. Since these ICs can be used with low voltage starting at VCC = 2.8 V, they are applicable not only in stationary devices but also in mobile devices. This product line-up supports a broad range of input signals, depending on whether or not a 6-dB video amplifier and video

driver are included and what combination of sync tip clamp type and bias (resistor termination) type inputs are used.

Features

- 1) Able to use a wide range of power supply voltage, from 2.8 V to 5.5 V
- 2) Wide output dynamic range
- Excellent frequency response (BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM: 100 kHz/10 MHz 0 dB [Typ.], BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM: 100 kHz/30 MHz 0 dB [Typ.])
- 4) No crosstalk between channels (Typ. -65 dB, f = 4.43 MHz)
- 5) Built-in standby function, circuit current during standby is 0 µA (Typ.)
- 6) Sync tip clamp input (BH76330FVM, BH76332FVM)
- 7) Bias input (Zin = 150 kΩ) (BH76331FVM, BH76333FVM)
- 8) 6-dB amp and 75 Ω driver are built in (BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM)
- 9) Enables two load drivers [when using output coupling capacitor] (BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM)
- 10) Able to be used without output coupling capacitor (BH76330FVM)
- 11) MSOP8 compact package

Applications

Input switching in car navigation systems, TVs, DVD systems, etc.

Line-up

	BH76330FVM	BH76331FVM	BH76332FVM	BH76333FVM		
Supply voltage	2.8 V to 5.5 V					
Amp gain	6 0	dB	-0.1 dB			
Video driver	Inclu	uded	_			
Frequency response	100 kHz/10 Mł	Hz, 0 dB (Typ.)	100 kHz/30 MI	Hz, 0 dB (Typ.)		
Input turne	Sync tip	Bias	Sync tip	Bias		
Input type	clamp (Zin = 150 k Ω)		clamp	(Zin = 150 kΩ)		

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	7.0	V
Power dissipation	Pd	470 *1	mW
Input voltage range	V _{IN}	0 to VCC+0.2	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	S
range	торі		
Storage temperature	Tota	-55 to +125	S
range	Tstg		

*¹ When used while Ta = 25℃, 4.7 mW is dissipated per 1℃ Mounted on 70 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm glass epoxy board

• Operation range (Ta = 25° C)

 $\log(10 - 200)$					
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	2.8	5.0	5.5	V

	`			- /	/	1	1
Parameter	Symbol			γp.		Unit	Conditions
i arameter	Cymbol	76330	76331	76332	76333	Offic	Conditions
Circuit current 1	ICC1	1	0	9		mA	When no signal
Circuit current 2	ICC2		0	.0		μA	During standby
	ICC3-1	1	11	1	0		During output of color bar signal
Circuit current 3		47				mA	During output of color bar signal
	ICC3-2	17		_			(no C in output)
Maximum output level	Vом	4	.6	3.8	3.4	Vpp	f = 10 kHz, THD = 1%
Voltage gain	Gv	6	.0	-0	.1	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 100 kHz
	G _{F1}	(0	-	-	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 10 MHz/100 kHz
Frequency response	G _{F2}	-	_	()	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 30 MHz/100 kHz
Crosstalk between channels	CT	-65				dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz
Mute attenuation	MT		-6	65		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz
OTI nin quitab laval	Vтнн		1.2	Min		V	High level threshold voltage
CTL pin switch level	VTHL			Max		V	Low level threshold voltage
CTL pin inflow current	I _{THH}			Max		μA	CTL pin = 2.0 V applied
Input impedance	Zin	_	150	_	150	kΩ	
Differential gain	D _G		0	.3		%	Vin = 1.0 Vpp
	D _P -1	0	0.7 0.3			Standard stair step signal	
Differential phase		0.0	0.0 –		deg.	Same condition as above	
	D _P -2	0.0				(no C in output)	
Y-related S/N	SNY		. 75 70		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz	
	γνις	+	+75 +78		uБ	100% white video signal	
C-related S/N [AM]	SNCA		+	75		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz
C-related S/N [PM]	SNCP		+65			uБ	100% chroma voltage signal

• Electrical characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25° C, <u>VCC = 5 V</u>)

Electrical characteristics 2 (unless otherwise specified, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, <u>VCC = 3 V</u>)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур.			Unit	Conditions	
Parameter	Symbol	76330	76331	76332	76333	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current 1	ICC1	8	.5	8	0	mA	When no signal
Circuit current 2	ICC2		0	.0		μA	During standby
	ICC3-1	9	.5	9	0	mA	During output of color bar signal
Circuit current 3	ICC3-2	15.5					During output of color bar signal
	1003-2	15.5		_			(no C in output)
Maximum output level	Vом	2.7	2.8	1.8	1.9	Vpp	f = 10 kHz, THD = 1%
Voltage gain	Gv	6	.0	-0	.1	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 100 kHz
	G _{F1}		0	-	-	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 10 MHz/100 kHz
Frequency response	G _{F2}	-	_	()	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 30 MHz/100 kHz
Crosstalk between channels	CT	-65				dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz
Mute attenuation	MT		-6	65		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz
CTL nin quitab laval	Vтнн		1.2	Min		V	High level threshold voltage
CTL pin switch level	VTHL			Max		V	Low level threshold voltage
CTL pin inflow current	I _{THH}			Max		μA	CTL pin = 2.0 V applied
Input impedance	Zin	-	150		150	kΩ	
Differential gain	D _G	0.3	0.7	0	3	%	Vin = 1.0 Vpp
	D _P -1	1	.0	0	3		Standard stair step signal
Differential phase		0.5				deg.	Same condition as above
	D _P -2	0.5		—		_	(no C in output)
Y-related S/N	SNy	+75 +78		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz		
		· ·	+15 +10			100% white video signal	
C-related S/N [AM]	SN _{CA}	+75				dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz
C-related S/N [PM]	SN _{CP}		+6	65		dB	100% chroma video signal

(Note) Re: ICC3, V_{OM} , G_V , G_F , C_T , M_T , D_G , D_P , SN_Y , SN_{CA} , and SN_{CP} parameters

BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM: RL = 150 Ω

BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM: RL = 10 k Ω

• Control pin settings

	CTL				
	A	В			
STBY	L(OPEN)	L(OPEN)			
IN1	L(OPEN)	Н			
IN2	Н	L(OPEN)			
IN3	Н	Н			

Block diagram



Fig.1 BH76330FV



Fig.2 BH76331FV



Fig. 3 BH76332FV



Fig. 4 BH76333FV

• I/O equivalent circuit diagrams

Input pins

Sync tip cl BH76330F	lamp input FVM/BH763	332FVM	Bias inpu BH76331	t FVM/BH76	333FVM
Pin No.	Name	Equivalent circuit	Pin No.	Name	Equivalent circuit
1 3 5	IN1 IN2 IN3		1 3 5	IN1 IN2 IN3	IN 100Ω 777 V 777
Video signal input pin is used for sync tip clamp input. • DC potential BH76330FVM: 1.5 V BH76332FVM: 1.0 V			impedanc • DC pot	ce is 150 kΩ	

Control pins

Pin No.	Name	Equivalent circuit			
2 4	CTLA CTLB	СТL 50kΩ 50kΩ 2250kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 1000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Switches operation mode [active or standby] and input					
pin.					
Threshold	Threshold level is 0.45 V to 1.2 V.				

Output pin

With video driver BH76330FVM/BH76331FVM			Without video driver BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM		
Pin No.	Name	Equivalent circuit	Pin No.	Name	
7	OUT		7	OUT	J.OmA J.TT
Video signal output pin. Able to drive loads up to 75 Ω			Video signal output pin.		
-	(dual drive). • DC potential			ential	
BH76330F		V BH76331FVM: 2.5 V	DC pote BH76332	FVM: 0.3	V BH76333FVM: 1.8 V

Note 1) The above DC potential is only when VCC = 5 V. This value is a reference value and is not guaranteed. Note 2) Numerical values shown in these figures are design values, and compliance to standards is not guaranteed.

• Test Circuit Diagrams



Fig. 5 BH76330FV/BH76331FV Test Circuit Diagram

Fig. 6 BH76332FV/BH76333FV Test Circuit Diagram

Test circuit diagrams are used for shipment inspections, and differ from application circuits.

Application circuit examples





Fig. 7 BH76330FV





Fig. 9 BH76332FV

Fig. 10 BH76333FV

See pages 6/16 to 10/16 for description of how to determine the capacity of I/O coupling capacitors.

• Cautions for selection and use of application parts

When using this IC by itself ①

Input type	Input impedance Zin	Capacity of input coupling capacitor (recommended value)	Capacity of output coupling capacitor (recommended value)
Sync_Tip_Clamp	10 MΩ	0.1 µF	
Bias	150 kΩ	4.7 µF	470 μF to 1000 μF

Method for determining capacity of input coupling capacitor

The HPF is comprised of an input coupling capacitor and the internal input impedance Zin of the IC. Since the fc value of this HPF is determined using the following equation (a), the above recommended capacity for the input capacitor is derived. Usually, the cutoff frequency fc is several Hz.

 $fc = 1 / (2\pi \times C \times Zin) \cdot \cdot \cdot (a)$

When evaluating the sag characteristics and determining the capacity of the capacitor during video signal input, a horizontal stripe signal called "H bar" (shown in Fig. 10) is suitable, and this type of signal is used instead of a color bar signal to evaluate characteristics and determine capacity.



Fig.11 Example of Screen with Obvious Sag (H-bar Signal)

Method for determining capacity of output coupling capacitor

The output pins of models with a 75 Ω driver [BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM] have an HPF comprised of an output coupling capacitor and load resistance R_L (= 150 Ω). When fc is set to approximately 1 Hz or 2 Hz, the capacity of the output coupling capacitor needs to be approximately 470 µF to 1000 µF.

As for models without the 75Ω driver, an HPF is similarly comprised using the capacity of the output coupling capacitor and the input impedance of the IC connected at the next stage, and the capacitance required for the output coupling capacitor should be estimated using equation (a).

When this IC is used as a standalone device ②

In models that include a 75Ω driver [BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM], up to two monitors (loads) can be connected (a connection example is shown in Fig. 12). When there are multiple loads, the number of output coupling capacitors must be increased or a larger capacitance must be used, based on the table shown below.





Fig. 12 (a) Application Circuit Example 1 (Two Drives)

Fig. 12 (b) Application Circuit Example 2 (Two Drives)

Application circuit example	No. of output capacitors	Capacitance per output capacitor (recommended values)
Fig. 12 (a) No. of drives required		470 μ F to 1000 μ F (same as with one drive)
Fig. 12 (b)	1	(No. of drive × 470 μF to 1000) uF

When this IC is used as a standalone device ③

The BH76330FVM is the only model that can be used without an output coupling capacitor.

This use method not only enables reductions in board space and part-related costs, but it is able to improve the sag characteristics by improving low-range frequency response. However, when the output coupling capacitor is omitted, a direct current flows to the connected set, so the specifications of the connected set should be noted carefully before starting use.

Note also that only one load can be connected when the output coupling capacitor is omitted.



When using several of these ICs ①

When several of these ICs are used, it enables applications in which separate images are output to the car navigation system's front and rear monitors.



Fig.14 Application Example when Using Several ICs

When several ICs are used at the same time, the number of parallel connections of input impedance equals the number of ICs being used, which reduces the input impedance. This also raises the fc value of the HPF formed at the input pin block, so the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor must be increased according to equation (a). The recommended values for calculation results are listed in the table below.

When a clamp is used as the input type, the original input impedance becomes much greater, and if two or three are used at the same time there is no need to change the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor.

Input type	Input impedance per IC	Number of ICs used	Total input impedance	Capacitance of input coupling capacitor (recommended values)
i i	Approx. 10 MΩ	2	Approx. 5 M Ω	0.1 µF
Sync_Tip_Clamp		3	Approx. 3 M Ω	0.1 µF
Dist	4501.0	2	75 kΩ	6.8 µF~
Bias	150 kΩ	3	50 kΩ	10 µF~

When using several of these ICs ②

When three bias input type models (BH76331FVM or BH76333FVM) are used in parallel, they can be used for RGB signal switching applications. Likewise, when one clamp input type model (BH76330FVM or BH76332FVM) is connected in parallel with two bias input type models (a total of three ICs used in parallel), they can be used for component signal switching applications. The same method can be used to determine the capacitance of I/O coupling capacitors of these applications.







Fig. 15 (b). Component Signal Switching Application Example (using one clamp input type model and two bias input type models in parallel)

Cautions for use

- 1. The numerical values and data shown here are typical design values, not guaranteed values.
- 2. The application circuit examples show recommended circuits, but characteristics should be checked carefully before using these circuits. If any external part constants are modified before use, factors such as variation in all external parts and ROHM LSI ICs, including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics, should be fully considered to set an ample margin.
- 3. Absolute maximum ratings

If the absolute maximum ratings for applied voltage and/or operation temperature are exceeded, LSI damage may result. Therefore, do not apply voltage or use in a temperature that exceeds these absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use a physical safety device such as a fuse and make sure that no conditions that might exceed the absolute maximum ratings will be applied to the LSI IC.

4. GND potential

Regardless of the operation mode, the voltage of the GND pin should be at least the minimum voltage. Actually check whether or not the voltage at each pin, including transient phenomena, is less than the GND pin voltage.

5. Thermal design

The thermal design should be done using an ample margin that takes into consideration the allowable dissipation under actual use conditions.

6. Shorts between pins and mounting errors

When mounting LSI ICs onto the circuit board, make sure each LSI's orientation and position is correct. The ICs may become damaged if they are not mounted correctly when the power is turned on. Similarly, damage may also result if a short occurs, such as when a foreign object is positioned between pins in an IC, or between a pin and a power supply or GND connection.

- 7. Operation in strong electromagnetic field
- When used within a strong electromagnetic field, evaluate carefully to avoid the risk of operation faults.
- 8. Place the power supply's decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VCC pin (PIN 6) and GND pin (PIN 8).
- 9. With a clamp input type model (BH76330FVM or BH76332FVM), if any unused input pins are left open they will oscillate, so unused input pins should instead be connected to GND via a capacitor or else directly connected to VCC.
- 10. With models that do not include a 75Ω driver (BH76332FVM or BH76333FVM), in some cases the capacitance added to the set board may cause the peak frequency response to occur at a high frequency. To lower the peak frequency, connect in series resistors having resistance of several dozen Ω to several hundred Ω as close as possible to the output pin.





11. Frequency response in models that do not include a 75- Ω driver (BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM) was measured as 100 kH/30 MHz: 0 dB (Typ.) in the application circuit examples (shown in Fig. 9 and Fig. 10), and when resistance of about 1 or $2 \text{ k}\Omega$ is applied from the IC's output pin to GND, this frequency response can be improved (the lower limit of the applied resistance should be 1 k Ω). In such cases, gain is reduced, since the output voltage is divided by the added resistance and the output resistance of the IC.







(b) Frequency response changes when resistance is inserted Input amplitude: 1 Vpp, Output load resistance: 10 kΩ Other constants are as in application examples (Figs. 9 & 10)

(c) Voltage gain fluctuation when resistance is inserted [f = 100 kHz] (Voltage gain without inserted resistance: -0.11 dB)

Resistance added to output $\frac{1}{2}$ [k Ω]

-0.10

-0.12

-0.16

-0.18

-0.20 0.5

GAIN@f=100kHz[dB] -0.14

Fig.17 Result of Resistance Inserted to Improve BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM Frequency Response

 With clamp input type models (BH76330FVM and BH76332FVM), if the termination impedance of the video input pin becomes higher, sync contractions or oscillation-related problems may occur. Evaluate temperature and other characteristics carefully and use at 1 kΩ or less.



Fig. 18. Relation between Input Pin Termination Impedance and Amount of Sync Contraction

Evaluation board pattern diagram and circuit diagram





Fig. 19. Evaluation Board Circuit Diagram



Parts list

ris list					
Symb	Symbol		Function	Recommended value	Comments
R1	R3	R5	Input terminating resistor	75 Ω	-
C1	C3	C5	Input coupling capacitor	See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine	B characteristics recommended
R71			Output resistor	75 Ω	_
C7			Output coupling capacitor	See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine	B characteristics recommended
C01	C01 C02			10 μF	
C02			Decoupling capacitor	0.1 µF	B characteristics recommended

Reference data (1) BH76330FVM/BH76331FVM [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 150 Ω]





Fig.50 DG vs. Ambient Temperature





Fig.49 DG vs. Supply Voltage



Reference data (2) BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 10 kΩ]







• External dimensions and label codes



MSOP8 (unit: mm)



When used with 6-input, 1-output video switch BH7636xFV

Fig. 14 above shows an application example in which two of these ICs are used. When the similar IC models BH7636xFV and BH7633xFVM are used at the same time, the type of configuration shown below can be combined. In such cases, input coupling capacitors can be used, as in the application example in Fig. 14.



*¹ Input coupling capacitor can be used with this.

*² Output coupling capacitors can be omitted when using BH76330FVM or BH76360FV, and this helps reduce the number of parts.

*³ Any inputs that are not used should be connected directly to VCC or shorted with GND via a capacitor.

Fig. 102 Application Example in which BH76330FVM and BH76360FV Are Used Concurrently

For details of BH7636xFV, see the BH7636xFV Series Application Notes.

Line-up of products with built-in video amplifier and video driver

6-input, 1-output video switch

BH76360FV, BH76361FV, BH76362FV, BH76363FV

General

BH76360FV, BH76361FV, BH76362FV, and BH76363FV are video signal switching ICs, each with six inputs and one circuit input, which feature wide dynamic range and frequency response. Since these ICs can be used with low voltage starting at VCC = 2.8 V, they are applicable not only in stationary devices but also in mobile devices.

This product line-up supports a broad range of input signals, depending on whether or not a 6-dB video amplifier and video driver are included and what combination of sync tip clamp type and bias (resistor termination) type inputs are used.

Features

- 1) Able to use a wide range of power supply voltage, from 2.8 V to 5.5 V
- 2) Wide output dynamic range
- Excellent frequency response
 (BH76360FV, BH76361FV : 100kHz/10MHz 0dB[Typ.], BH76362FV, BH76363FV : 100kHz/30MHz 0dB[Typ.])
- 4) No crosstalk between channels (Typ.-65dB, f=4.43MHz)
- 5) Built-in mute function (Typ.-65dB, f=4.43MHz)
- 6) Built-in standby function, circuit current during standby is 0 µA (Typ.)
- 7) Sync tip clamp input (BH76360FV, BH76362FV)
- 8) Bias input (Zin=150kΩ) (BH76361FV, BH76363FV)
- 9) 6-dB amp and 75Ω driver are built in (BH76360FV, BH76361FV)
- 10) Enables two load drivers [when using output coupling capacitor] (BH76360FV, BH76361FV)
- 11) Able to be used without output coupling capacitor (BH76360FV)
- 12) SSOP-B16 compact package

Applications

Input switching in car navigation systems, TVs, DVD systems, etc.

●Line-up

	BH76360FV	BH76361FV	BH76362FV	BH76363FV		
Supply voltage	2.8 V to 5.5 V					
Amp gain	60	зВ	-0.1dB			
Video driver	Inclu	uded	_			
Frequency response	100kHz/10MHz 0dB (Typ.)		100kHz/30MHz 0dB (Typ.)			
lonut turno	Sync tip	Bias	Sync tip	Bias		
Input type	clamp	(Zin = 150 kΩ)	clamp	(Zin = 150 kΩ)		

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	7.0	V
Power dissipation	Pd	450 *1	mW
Input voltage range	V _{IN}	0 to VCC+0.2	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-40 to +85	°C
range	торі		
Storage temperature	Tota	-55 to +125	°C
range	Tstg		

*¹ When used while Ta = 25°C, 4.7 mW is dissipated per 1°C Mounted on 70 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm glass epoxy board

• Operation range (Ta = 25° C)

iui	igo (iu – 20 0)					
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit
	Supply voltage	VCC	2.8	5.0	5.5	V

	Тур.						-
Parameter	Symbol	76360	76361	76362	76363	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current 1	ICC1	1	2	11		mA	When no signal
Circuit current 2	ICC2		0	.0		uA	During standby
	ICC3-1	1	3	1	2		During output of color bar signal
Circuit current 3	ICC3-2	19		_		mA	During output of color bar signal (no C in output)
Maximum output level	Vом	4	.6	3.8	3.4	Vpp	f=10kHz, THD=1%
Voltage gain	Gv	6	.0	-0	.1	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=100kHz
Eroquonov rooponoo	G _{F1}		0	-	-	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=10MHz/100kHz
Frequency response	G _{F2}	-	_	()	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=30MHz/100kHz
Crosstalk between channels	CT	-65		65		dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz
Mute attenuation	MT		-65			dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz
	Vтнн		1.2	Min		V	High Level threshold voltage
CTL pin switch level	VTHL		0.45	Max		V	Low Level threshold voltage
CTL pin inflow current	Ітнн	50 _{Max}		Max		uA	CTL pin = 2.0 V applied
Input impedance	Zin	—	150	-	150	kΩ	
Differential gain	D _G		0	.3		%	Vin=1.0Vpp
Differential phase	D _P -1	0	.7	0.3		deg.	Standard stair step signal
	D _P -2	0.0		_		uey.	Same condition as above (no C in output)
Y-related S/N	SN _Y	+	75	+7	78	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz 100% white video signal
C-related S/N [AM]	SNCA		+75		dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz	
C-related S/N [PM]	SN _{CP}		+6	65		uВ	100% chroma voltage signal

●Electrical characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C、<u>VCC=5V</u>)

Electrical characteristics 2 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = $25^{\circ}C$, <u>VCC = 3 V</u>)

	(uniess oure	n wise spe	uneu, ia -	- 20 C, <u>vo</u>	O = O V		
Parameter	Symbol Typ.			Unit	Conditions		
rarameter	Symbol	76360	76361	76362	76363	Unit	Conditions
Circuit current 1	ICC1		1	0		mA	When no signal
Circuit current 2	ICC2		0	.0		uA	During standby
	ICC3-1	1	1	1	0	mA	During output of color bar signal
Circuit current 3	ICC3-2	17					During output of color bar signal
	1003-2	17		_			(no C in output)
Maximum output level	Vом	2.7	2.8	1.8	1.9	Vpp	f=10kHz, THD=1%
Voltage gain	Gv	6	.0	-0	.1	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=100kHz
	G _{F1}	(C	-	-	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=10MHz/100kHz
Frequency response	G _{F2}	-	_	()	dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=30MHz/100kHz
Crosstalk between channels	Ст		-65			dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz
Mute attenuation	Μ _T		-6	65		dB	Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz
	Vтнн	1.2 _{Min}				V	High Level threshold voltage
CTL pin switch level	VTHL	0.45 _{Max}				V	Low Level threshold voltage
CTL pin inflow current	Ітнн			Max		uA	CTL pin = 2.0 V applied
Input impedance	Zin	_	150	—	150	kΩ	
Differential gain	D_G		0	.3		%	Vin=1.0Vpp
	D _P -1	1	.0	0	3		Standard stair step signal
Differential phase	D _P -2	0.5		_		deg.	Same condition as above (no C in output)
Y-related S/N	SNY		75		70	dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz
I-IEIAIEU J/IN	γνις	+75 +78		uВ	100% white video signal		
C-related S/N [AM]	SNCA	+75				dB	Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz
C-related S/N [PM]	SN _{CP}		+65			dB	100% chroma video signal

(Note) Re: ICC3, V_{OM}, G_V, G_F, C_T, M_T, D_G, D_P, SN_Y, SN_{CA}, SN_{CP} parameters

BH76360FV, BH76361FV: $RL = 150 \Omega$

BH76362FV, BH76363FV: RL = 10 k Ω

Control pin settings

	CTLA	CTLB	CTLC	CTLD			
IN1	L(OPEN)	L(OPEN)	L(OPEN)	Н			
IN2	н	L(OPEN)	L(OPEN)	н			
IN3	L(OPEN)	Н	L(OPEN)	Н			
IN4	Н	Н	L(OPEN)	Н			
IN5	L(OPEN)	L(OPEN)	Н	Н			
IN6	Н	L(OPEN)	Н	Н			
MUTE	*	Н	Н	Н			
STBY	*	*	*	L(OPEN)			
	v L (ODENI) or H oithor is p						

* L(OPEN) or H either is possible

Block diagram



●I/O equivalent circuit diagrams

Input pins

Sync tip cl BH76360F	amp input FV / BH763	62FV	Bias input BH76361	t FV / BH763	363FV
PIN No.	Name	Equivalent circuit	PIN No.	Name	Equivalent circuit
2 4 6 8 9 11	IN1 IN2 IN3 IN4 IN5 IN6		2 4 6 8 9 11	IN1 IN2 IN3 IN4 IN5 IN6	₩ 100Ω 777 \$150kΩ ₩ 777
Video sign • DC pote BH76360F	ential	n is used for sync tip clamp input. BH76362FV:1.0V	impedanc • DC pote	e is 150 kΩ	in is used for bias type input. Input 2. BH76363FV : 2.5V

Control pins

PIN No.	Name	Equivalent circuit			
10 12 13 14	CTLA CTLB CTLC CTLD	CTL 50kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10			
Switches operation mode [active or standby] and input pin.					
pin.					
Threshold	level is 0.4	5 V to 1.2 V.			

Output pin

With video BH76360F		61FV	Without video driver BH76362FV / BH76363FV		
PIN No.	Name	Equivalent circuit	PIN No.	Name	
16	OUT		16	OUT	OUT 3.0mA 7/7 7/7
-	n. Able to drive loads up to 75 Ω	Video signal output pin.			
(dual drive	-			ontial	
DC pote BH76360F		BH76361FV : 2.5V	DC pote BH76362		BH76363FV : 1.8V

Note 1) The above DC potential is only when VCC = 5 V. This value is a reference value and is not guaranteed. Note 2) Numerical values shown in these figures are design values, and compliance to standards is not guaranteed.

Test Circuit Diagrams



Fig.5 BH76360FV/BH76361FV Test Circuit Diagram



Test circuit diagrams are used for shipment inspections, and differ from application circuits.



See pages 6/16 to 10/16 for description of how to determine the capacity of I/O coupling capacitors.

Cautions for selection and use of application parts

When using this IC by itself ①

Input type	Input impedance	Capacity of input coupling	Capacity of output coupling
прастуре	Zin	capacitor (recommended value)	capacitor (recommended value)
Sync_Tip_Clamp	10MΩ	0.1uF	470. F 4000. F
Bias	150kΩ	4.7uF	470uF~1000uF

Method for determining capacity of input coupling capacitor

The HPF is comprised of an input coupling capacitor and the internal input impedance Zin of the IC. Since the fc value of this HPF is determined using the following equation (a), the above recommended capacity for the input capacitor is derived. Usually, the cutoff frequency fc is several Hz.

 $fc = 1 / (2\pi \times C \times Zin) \cdot \cdot \cdot (a)$

When evaluating the sag characteristics and determining the capacity of the capacitor during video signal input, a horizontal stripe signal called "H bar" (shown in Fig. 10) is suitable, and this type of signal is used instead of a color bar signal to evaluate characteristics and determine capacity.



Fig.11 Example of Screen with Obvious Sag (H-bar Signal)

Method for determining capacity of output coupling capacitor

The output pins of models with a 75 Ω driver [BH76360FV and BH76361FV] have an HPF comprised of an output coupling capacitor and load resistance R_L (= 150 Ω). When fc is set to approximately 1 Hz or 2 Hz, the capacity of the output coupling capacitor needs to be approximately 470 µF to 1000 µF.

As for models without the 75Ω driver, an HPF is similarly comprised using the capacity of the output coupling capacitor and the input impedance of the IC connected at the next stage, and the capacitance required for the output coupling capacitor should be estimated using equation (a).

When this IC is used as a standalone device ②

In models that include a 75Ω driver [BH76360FV and BH76361FV], up to two monitors (loads) can be connected (a connection example is shown in Fig. 12). When there are multiple loads, the number of output coupling capacitors must be increased or a larger capacitance must be used, based on the table shown below.





Fig. 12 (a) Application Circuit Example 1 (Two Drives)



Application circuit example	No. of output capacitors	Capacitance per output capacitor (recommended values)	
Fig12(a)	No. of drives required	470 μ F to 1000 μ F (same as with one drive)	
Fig12(b)	1	(No. of drive × 470 μF to 1000) uF	

When this IC is used as a standalone device ③

The BH76360FV is the only model that can be used without an output coupling capacitor.

This use method not only enables reductions in board space and part-related costs, but it is able to improve the sag characteristics by improving low-range frequency response. However, when the output coupling capacitor is omitted, a direct current flows to the connected set, so the specifications of the connected set should be noted carefully before starting use.

Note also that only one load can be connected when the output coupling capacitor is omitted.



Fig.13 Application Example without Output Coupling Capacitor

When using several of these ICs ①

When several of these ICs are used, it enables applications in which separate images are output to the car navigation system's front and rear monitors.



Fig.14 Application Example when Using Several ICs

When several ICs are used at the same time, the number of parallel connections of input impedance equals the number of ICs being used, which reduces the input impedance. This also raises the fc value of the HPF formed at the input pin block, so the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor must be increased according to equation (a). The recommended values for calculation results are listed in the table below.

When a clamp is used as the input type, the original input impedance becomes much greater, and if two or three are used at the same time there is no need to change the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor.

Input type	Input impedance per IC	Number of ICs used	Total input impedance	Capacitance of input coupling capacitor (recommended values)
	Approx. 10 MΩ	2	Approx. 5 M Ω	0.1uF
Sync_Tip_Clamp		3	Approx. 3 M Ω	0.1uF
Disa	150kΩ	2	75k Ω	6.8uF~
Bias		3	50k Ω	10uF~

When using several of these ICs ②

When three bias input type models (BH76361FV or BH76363FV) are used in parallel, they can be used for RGB signal switching applications. Likewise, when one clamp input type model (BH76360FV or BH76362FV) is connected in parallel with two bias input type models (a total of three ICs used in parallel), they can be used for component signal switching applications. The same method can be used to determine the capacitance of I/O coupling capacitors of these applications.



Fig. 15 (a). RGB Signal Switching Application Example (using three bias input type models in parallel)



Fig. 15 (b). Component Signal Switching Application Example (using one clamp input type model and two bias input type models in parallel)

Cautions for use

- 1. The numerical values and data shown here are typical design values, not guaranteed values.
- The application circuit examples show recommended circuits, but characteristics should be checked carefully before using these circuits. If any external part constants are modified before use, factors such as variation in all external parts and ROHM LSI ICs, including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics, should be fully considered to set an ample margin.
- 3. Absolute maximum ratings

If the absolute maximum ratings for applied voltage and/or operation temperature are exceeded, LSI damage may result. Therefore, do not apply voltage or use in a temperature that exceeds these absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use a physical safety device such as a fuse and make sure that no conditions that might exceed the absolute maximum ratings will be applied to the LSI IC.

4. GND potential

Regardless of the operation mode, the voltage of the GND pin should be at least the minimum voltage. Actually check whether or not the voltage at each pin, including transient phenomena, is less than the GND pin voltage.

5. Thermal design

The thermal design should be done using an ample margin that takes into consideration the allowable dissipation under actual use conditions.

6. Shorts between pins and mounting errors

When mounting LSI ICs onto the circuit board, make sure each LSI's orientation and position is correct. The ICs may become damaged if they are not mounted correctly when the power is turned on. Similarly, damage may also result if a short occurs, such as when a foreign object is positioned between pins in an IC, or between a pin and a power supply or GND connection.

7. Operation in strong electromagnetic field

When used within a strong electromagnetic field, evaluate carefully to avoid the risk of operation faults.

- 8. Place the power supply's decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VCC pin (PIN 1,PIN3) and GND pin (PIN 5, PIN7, PIN15).
- 9. With a clamp input type model (BH76360FV or BH76362FV), if any unused input pins are left open they will oscillate, so unused input pins should instead be connected to GND via a capacitor or else directly connected to VCC.
- 10. With models that do not include a 75Ω driver (BH76362FV or BH76363FV), in some cases the capacitance added to the set board may cause the peak frequency response to occur at a high frequency. To lower the peak frequency, connect in series resistors having resistance of several dozen Ω to several hundred Ω as close as possible to the output pin.



Fig.16 Positions where Resistors are Inserted to Lower Peak Frequency Response in BH76362FV or BH76363FV

11. Frequency response in models that do not include a 75-Ω driver (BH76362FV and BH76363FV) was measured as 100 kH/30 MHz: 0 dB (Typ.) in the application circuit examples (shown in Fig. 9 and Fig. 10), and when resistance of about 1 or 2 kΩ is applied from the IC's output pin to GND, this frequency response can be improved (the lower limit of the applied resistance should be 1 kΩ). In such cases, gain is reduced, since the output voltage is divided by the added resistance and the output resistance of the IC.



Fig.17 Result of Resistance Inserted to Improve BH76362FV/BH76363FV Frequency Response

12. With clamp input type models (BH76360FV and BH76362FV), if the termination impedance of the video input pin becomes higher, sync contractions or oscillation-related problems may occur. Evaluate temperature and other characteristics carefully and use at 1 k Ω or less.



Fig. 18. Relation between Input Pin Termination Impedance and Amount of Sync Contraction

Evaluation board pattern diagram and circuit diagram







Evaluation Board Pattern Diagram



Parts list

Syr	Symbol Function		Function	Recommended value	Comments			
R2	R4	R6		75.0	_			
R8	R9	R11	Input terminating resistor	75Ω				
C2	C4	C6	Input coupling	See no rea 6/16 to 7/16 to determine	B characteristics recommended			
C8	C9	C11	capacitor	See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine	B characteristics recommended			
R161 C16			Output resistor	75Ω	_			
			Output coupling capacitor	See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine	B characteristics recommended			
C01(C03) C02(C04)				10uF	B characteristics recommended			
			Decoupling capacitor	0.1uF				

Reference data (1) BH76360FV / BH76361FV [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 150 Ω]





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●Reference data (2) BH76362FV/BH76363FV [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 µF, RL = 10 kΩ]







• External dimensions and label codes



SSOP-B16 (unit: mm)



●When used with 3-input, 1-output video switch BH7633xFVM

Fig. 14 above shows an application example in which two of these ICs are used. When the similar IC models BH7633xFVM and BH7636xFV are used at the same time, the type of configuration shown below can be combined. In such cases, input coupling capacitors can be used, as in the application example in Fig. 14.



Fig.102 Application Example in which BH76330FVM and BH76360FV Are Used Concurrently

For details of BH7633xFVM, see the BH7633xFVM Series Application Notes.

Selection of order type 3 3 0 В 6 Part No. Tape and Reel information BH76330FVM BH76332FVM TR BH76331FVM BH76333FVM BH76360FV BH76362FV E2 BH76361FV BH76363FV MSOP8 <Dimension> <Tape and Reel information> Tape Embossed carrier tape 3000pcs Quantity Direction TR (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper right when you hold of feed reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand) 0.05 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0.22 -8:85 0.080 LŶ× Č 0.65 0.08 5 <u>aààà</u> ממממי Direction of feed 1Pin Reel (Unit:mm) When you order , please order in times the amount of package quantity. SSOP-B16 <Dimension> <Tape and Reel information> Tape Embossed carrier tape Quantity 2500pcs Direction E2 0 ± 0.2 (The direction is the 1pin of product is at the upper left when you hold reel on the left hand and you pull out the tape on the right hand) of feed 0.15 ± 0.1 0 0 Ο Ο 0 С C Ο Ο 0 0 0 С Ο 며 <u>⊃</u> 0.1 0.65 0.22 ± 0.1 Direction of feed 1pin Reel When you order , please order in times the amount of package quantity. (Unit:mm)

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