



July 2015

# FOD8314, FOD8314T

## 1.0 A Output Current, Gate Drive Optocoupler in Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin

### Features

- FOD8314T - 8 mm Creepage and Clearance Distance, and 0.4 mm Insulation Distance to Achieve Reliable and High-Voltage Insulation
- 1.0 A Output Current Driving Capability for Medium-Power IGBT/MOSFET
  - Use of P-Channel MOSFETs at Output Stage Enables Output Voltage Swing Close to Supply Rail
- 20 kV/ $\mu$ s Minimum Common Mode Rejection
- Wide Supply Voltage Range: 15 V to 30 V
- Fast Switching Speed Over Full Operating Temperature Range
  - 500 ns Maximum Propagation Delay
  - 300 ns Maximum Pulse Width Distortion
- Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) with Hysteresis
- Extended Industrial Temperate Range: -40°C to 100°C
- Safety and Regulatory Approvals:
  - UL1577, 5,000 V<sub>RMS</sub> for 1 Minute
  - DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 (Pending Approvals)

### Applications

- AC and Brushless DC Motor Drives
- Industrial Inverter
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- Induction Heating
- Isolated IGBT/Power MOSFET Gate Drive

### Related Resources

- [FOD3150, High Noise Immunity, 1.0 A Output Current, Gate Drive Optocoupler Datasheet](#)
- [www.fairchildsemi.com/products/optoelectronics/](#)

### Description

The FOD8314 series is a 1.0 A output gate drive optocoupler, capable of driving medium-power IGBT/MOSFETs. It is ideally suited for fast-switching driving of power IGBT and MOSFET used in motor-control inverter applications, and high-performance power systems.

The FOD8314 series utilizes stretched body package to achieve 8 mm creepage and clearance distances (FOD8314T), and optimized IC design to achieve reliably high-insulation voltage and high-noise immunity.

The FOD8314 series consists of an Aluminum Gallium Arsenide (AlGaAs) Light-Emitting Diode (LED) optically coupled to an integrated circuit with a high-speed driver for push-pull MOSFET output stage. The device is housed in a stretched body, 6-pin, small outline, plastic package.

### Functional Schematic

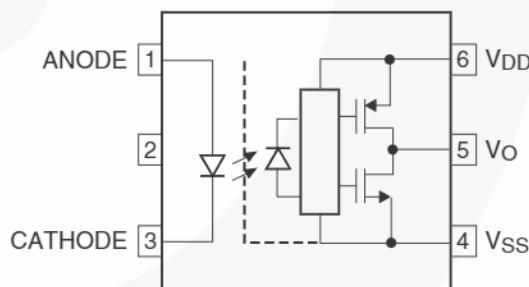


Figure 1. Schematic

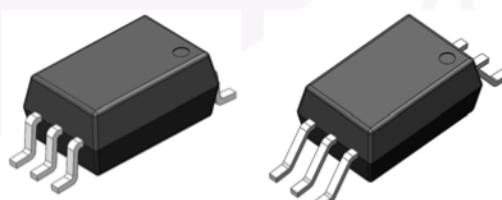


Figure 2. Package Outline

## Truth Table

LED	$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ "Positive Going" (Turn-on)	$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$ "Negative Going" (Turn-off)	$V_O$
Off	0 V to 30 V	0 V to 30 V	LOW
On	0 V to 11.5 V	0 V to 10 V	LOW
On	11.5 V to 14.5 V	10 V to 13 V	Transition
On	14.5 V to 30 V	13 V to 30 V	HIGH

## Pin Definitions

Pin #	Name	Description
1	ANODE	LED Anode
2	N.C	Not Connection
3	CATHODE	LED Cathode
4	$V_{SS}$	Negative Supply Voltage
5	$V_O$	Output Voltage
6	$V_{DD}$	Positive Supply Voltage

## Pin Configuration

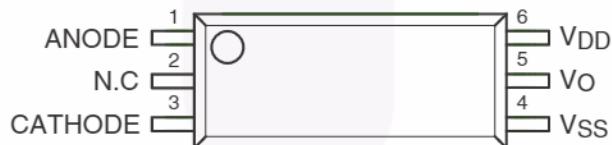


Figure 3. Pin Configuration

## Safety and Insulation Ratings

As per DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 (pending certification), this optocoupler is suitable for “safe electrical insulation” only within the safety limit data. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.

Parameter	Characteristics		
	FOD8314	FOD8314T	
Installation Classifications per DIN VDE 0110/1.89 Table 1, For Rated Mains Voltage	< 150 V <sub>RMS</sub>	I–IV	I–IV
	< 300 V <sub>RMS</sub>	I–IV	I–IV
	< 450 V <sub>RMS</sub>	I–III	I–IV
	< 600 V <sub>RMS</sub>	I–III	I–III
Climatic Classification	40/100/21		
Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110/1.89)	2		
Comparative Tracking Index	175		

Symbol	Parameter	Value		Unit
		FOD8314	FOD8314T	
V <sub>PR</sub>	Input-to-Output Test Voltage, Method B, V <sub>IORM</sub> × 1.875 = V <sub>PR</sub> , 100% Production Test with t <sub>m</sub> = 1 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC	1,671	2,137	V <sub>peak</sub>
	Input-to-Output Test Voltage, Method A, V <sub>IORM</sub> × 1.6 = V <sub>PR</sub> , Type and Sample Test with t <sub>m</sub> = 10 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC	1,426	1,824	V <sub>peak</sub>
V <sub>IORM</sub>	Maximum Working Insulation Voltage	891	1,140	V <sub>peak</sub>
V <sub>IOTM</sub>	Highest Allowable Over-Voltage	6,000	8,000	V <sub>peak</sub>
	External Creepage	≥ 8.0	≥ 8.0	mm
	External Clearance	≥ 7.0	≥ 8.0	mm
DTI	Distance Through Insulation (Insulation Thickness)	≥ 0.4	≥ 0.4	mm
T <sub>S</sub>	Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values Allowed in the Event of a Failure,			
	Case Temperature	150	150	°C
	Input Current	200	200	mA
P <sub>S,OUTPUT</sub>	Output Power	600	600	mW
R <sub>IO</sub>	Insulation Resistance at T <sub>S</sub> , V <sub>IO</sub> = 500 V	10 <sup>9</sup>	10 <sup>9</sup>	Ω

## Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.)

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{OPR}$	Operating Temperature	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J$	Junction Temperature	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{SOL}$	Lead Solder Temperature <i>(Refer to Reflow Temperature Profile)</i>	260 for 10 sec	$^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{F(AVG)}$	Average Input Current	25	mA
$V_R$	Reverse Input Voltage	5.0	V
$I_{O(PEAK)}$	Peak Output Current <sup>(1)</sup>	1.5	A
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	0 to 35	V
$V_{O(PEAK)}$	Peak Output Voltage	0 to $V_{DD}$	V
$t_{R(IN)}, t_{F(IN)}$	Input Signal Rise and Fall Time	500	ns
$PD_I$	Input Power Dissipation <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	45	mW
$PD_O$	Output Power Dissipation <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	500	mW

### Notes:

1. Maximum pulse width = 10  $\mu\text{s}$ , maximum duty cycle = 0.2%.
2. No derating required across operating temperature range.
3. Derate linearly from  $25^\circ\text{C}$  at a rate of 5.2 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ .
4. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied. Permanent damage may occur if the device is subjected to conditions outside these ratings.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
$T_A$	Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	+100	$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	Supply Voltage	16	30	V
$I_{F(ON)}$	Input Current (ON)	10	16	mA
$V_{F(OFF)}$	Input Voltage (OFF)	0	0.8	V

## Isolation Characteristics

Apply over all recommended conditions, typical value is measured at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{ISO}$	Input-Output Isolation Voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , R.H. < 50%, $t = 1.0$ minute, $I_{I-O} \leq 20 \mu\text{A}$ <sup>(5)(6)</sup>	5000			$\text{VAC}_{\text{RMS}}$
$R_{ISO}$	Isolation Resistance	$V_{I-O} = 500 \text{ V}$ <sup>(5)</sup>		$10^{11}$		$\Omega$
$C_{ISO}$	Isolation Capacitance	$V_{I-O} = 0 \text{ V}$ , Frequency = 1.0 MHz <sup>(5)</sup>		1		pF

**Notes:**

- Device is considered a two terminal device: pins 1, 2 and 3 are shorted together and pins 4, 5 and 6 are shorted together.
- 5,000  $\text{VAC}_{\text{RMS}}$  for 1 minute duration is equivalent to 6,000  $\text{VAC}_{\text{RMS}}$  for 1 second duration.

## Electrical Characteristics

Apply over all recommended conditions, typical value is measured at  $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{SS} = \text{Ground}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_F$	Input Forward Voltage		1.1	1.5	1.8	V
$\Delta(V_F/T_A)$	Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$		-1.8		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$BV_R$	Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 10 \mu\text{A}$	5			V
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ , $V_F = 0 \text{ V}$		20		pF
$I_{OH}$	High Level Output Current <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{OH} = V_{DD} - 0.75 \text{ V}$	0.2			A
		$V_{OH} = V_{DD} - 4 \text{ V}$	1.0			A
$I_{OL}$	Low Level Output Current <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{OL} = V_{SS} + 0.75 \text{ V}$	0.2			A
		$V_{OL} = V_{SS} + 4 \text{ V}$	1.0			A
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage <sup>(7)(8)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_O = -1.0 \text{ A}$	$V_{DD} - 6.0$	$V_{DD} - 1.5$		V
		$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_O = -100 \text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	$V_{DD} - 0.1$		
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage <sup>(7)(8)</sup>	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_O = 1.0 \text{ A}$		$V_{SS} + 1.5$	$V_{SS} + 6.0$	V
		$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$		$V_{SS} + 0.1$	$V_{SS} + 0.5$	
$I_{DDH}$	High Level Supply Current	$V_O = \text{Open}$ , $I_F = 7$ to $16 \text{ mA}$		2.9	5.0	mA
$I_{DDL}$	Low Level Supply Current	$V_O = \text{Open}$ , $V_F = 0$ to $0.8 \text{ V}$		2.8	5.0	mA
$I_{FLH}$	Threshold Input Current Low to High	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O > 5 \text{ V}$		1.5	7.5	mA
$V_{FHL}$	Threshold Input Voltage High to Low	$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O < 5 \text{ V}$	0.8			V
$V_{UVLO+}$	UnderVoltage Lockout Threshold	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O > 5 \text{ V}$	11.5	12.7	14.5	V
		$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O < 5 \text{ V}$	10.0	11.2	13.0	V
$UVLO_{HYS}$	UnderVoltage Lockout Threshold Hysteresis			1.5		V

**Notes:**

- In this test,  $V_{OH}$  is measured with a dc load current of 100 mA. When driving capacitive load  $V_{OH}$  will approach  $V_{DD}$  as  $I_{OH}$  approaches 0 A.
- Maximum pulse width = 1 ms, maximum duty cycle = 20%.

## Switching Characteristics

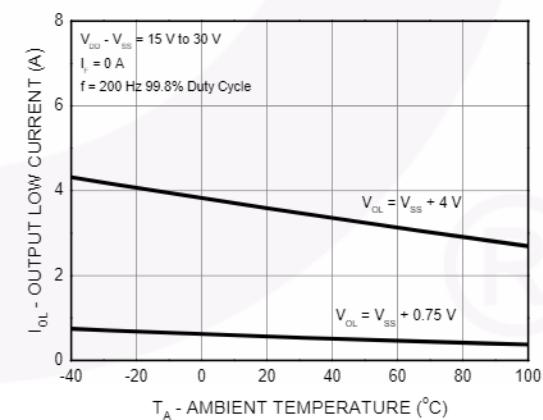
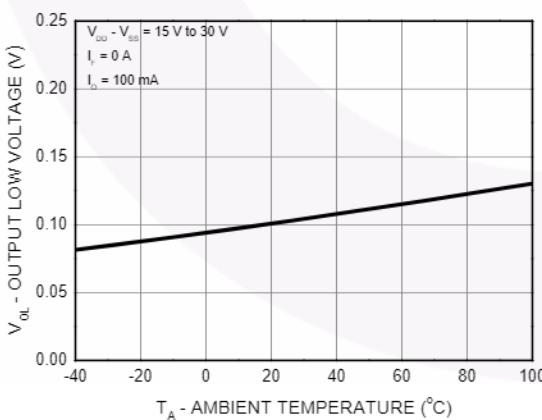
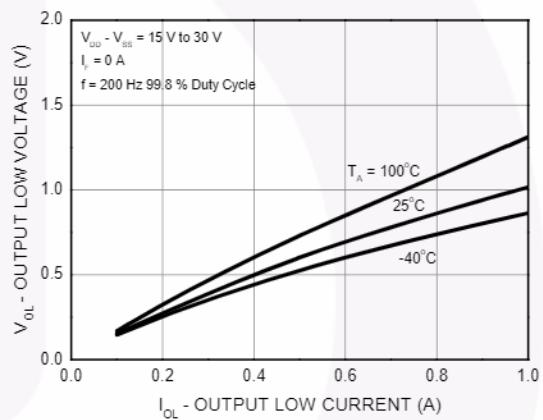
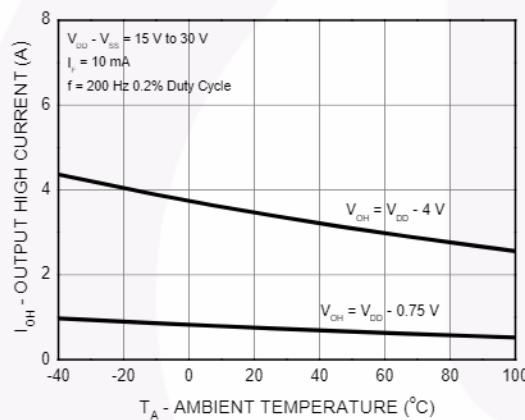
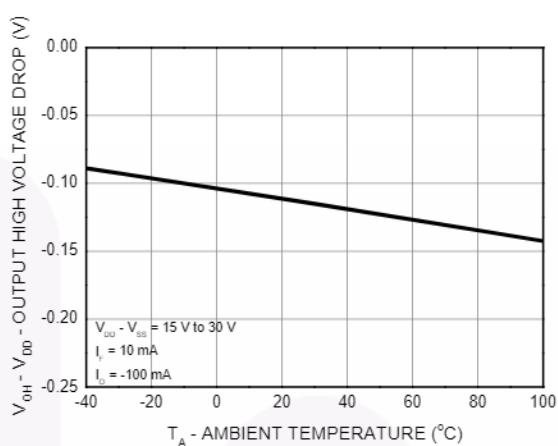
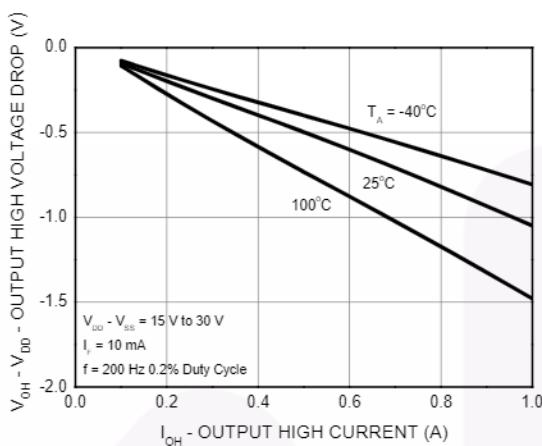
Apply over all recommended conditions, typical value is measured at  $V_{DD} = 30V$ ,  $V_{SS} = \text{Ground}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time to Logic Low Output <sup>(9)</sup>	$I_F = 7 \text{ mA to } 16 \text{ mA}$ , $R_g = 10 \Omega$ , $C_g = 10 \text{ nF}$ , $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$ , Duty Cycle = 50%	100	270	500	ns
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay Time to Logic High Output <sup>(10)</sup>		100	260	500	ns
PWD	Pulse Width Distortion <sup>(11)</sup> $ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $			25	300	ns
PDD (Skew)	Propagation Delay Difference Between Any Two Parts <sup>(12)</sup>		-350		350	
$t_R$	Output Rise Time (10% to 90%)			60		ns
$t_F$	Output Fall Time (90% to 10%)			40		ns
$t_{ULVO\ ON}$	ULVO Turn On Delay	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O > 5 \text{ V}$		0.8		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{ULVO\ OFF}$	ULVO Turn Off Delay	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $V_O < 5 \text{ V}$		0.2		$\mu\text{s}$
$ CM_H $	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Output High	$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10 \text{ mA to } 16 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CM} = 2000 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>(13)</sup>	20	50		$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$
$ CM_L $	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Output Low	$V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}$ , $V_F = 0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{CM} = 2000 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ <sup>(14)</sup>	20	50		$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$

### Notes:

9. Propagation delay  $t_{PHL}$  is measured from the 50% level on the falling edge of the input pulse to the 50% level of the falling edge of the  $V_O$  signal.
10. Propagation delay  $t_{PLH}$  is measured from the 50% level on the rising edge of the input pulse to the 50% level of the rising edge of the  $V_O$  signal.
11. PWD is defined as  $|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}|$  for any given device.
12. The difference between  $t_{PHL}$  and  $t_{PLH}$  between any two FOD8314 parts under the same operating conditions, with equal loads.
13. Common mode transient immunity at output high is the maximum tolerable negative  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the trailing edge of the common mode impulse signal,  $V_{CM}$ , to ensure that the output remains high (i.e.,  $V_O > 15.0 \text{ V}$ ).
14. Common mode transient immunity at output low is the maximum tolerable positive  $dV_{cm}/dt$  on the leading edge of the common pulse signal,  $V_{CM}$ , to ensure that the output remains low (i.e.,  $V_O < 1.0 \text{ V}$ ).

## Typical Performance Characteristics



## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

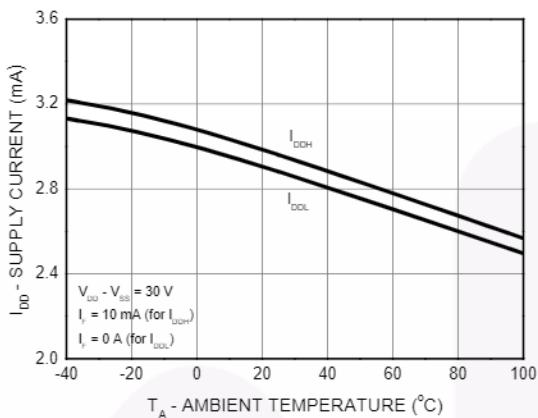


Figure 10. Supply Current vs. Ambient Temperature

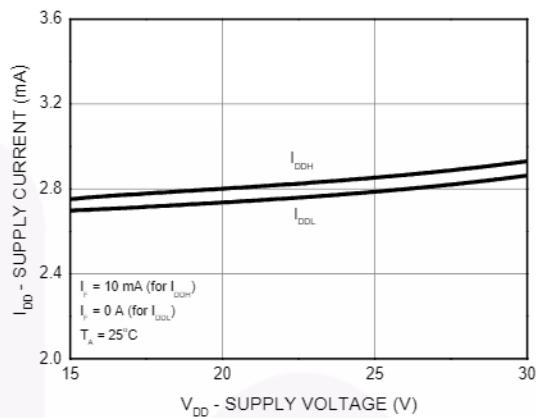


Figure 11. Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage

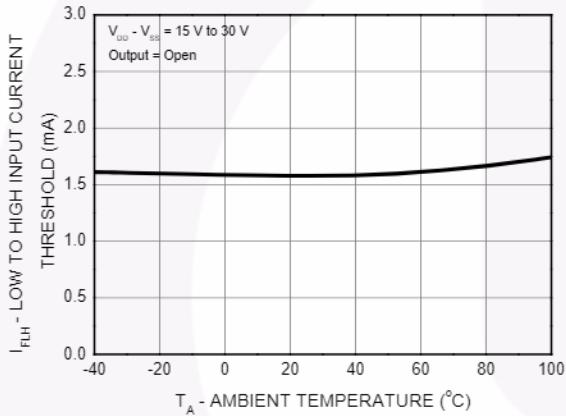


Figure 12. Low to High Input Current Threshold vs. Ambient Temperature

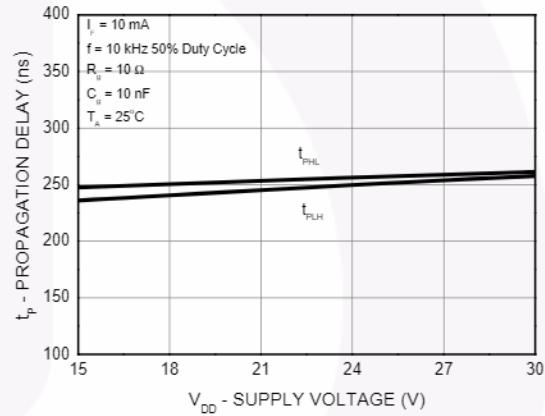


Figure 13. Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage

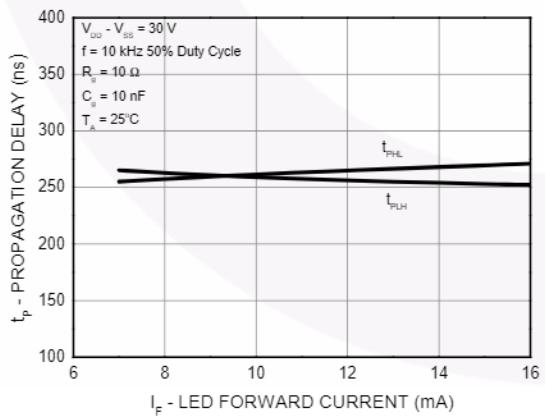


Figure 14. Propagation Delay vs. LED Forward Current

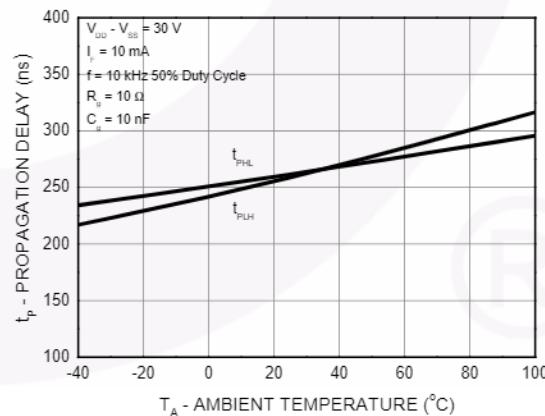


Figure 15. Propagation Delay vs. Ambient Temperature

## Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

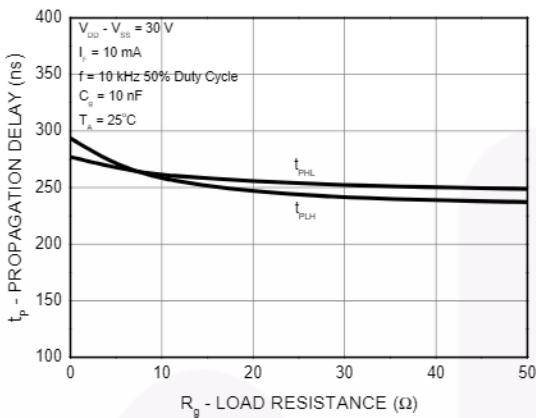


Figure 16. Propagation Delay vs.  
Load Resistance

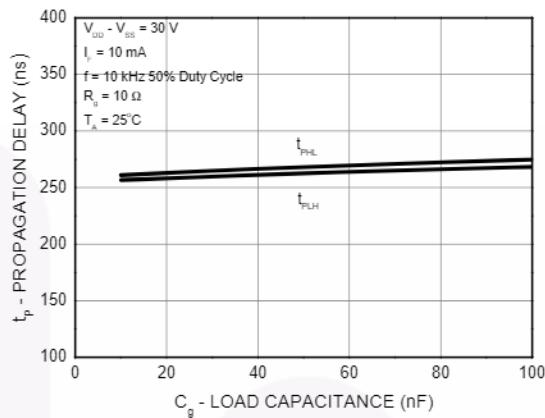


Figure 15. Propagation Delay vs.  
Load Capacitance

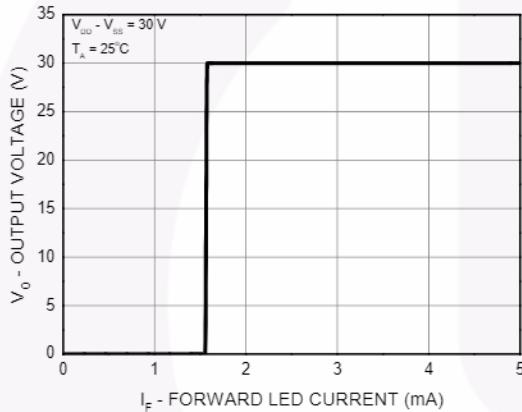


Figure 18. Transfer Characteristics

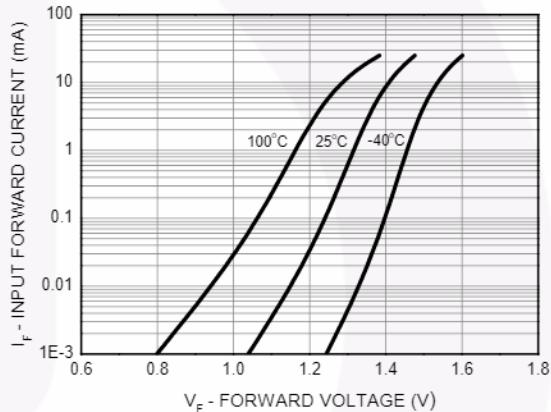


Figure 19. Input Forward Current vs.  
Forward Voltage

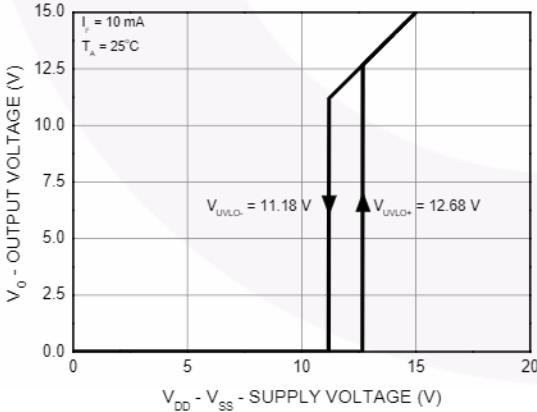


Figure 20. Under Voltage Lockout

### Test Circuit

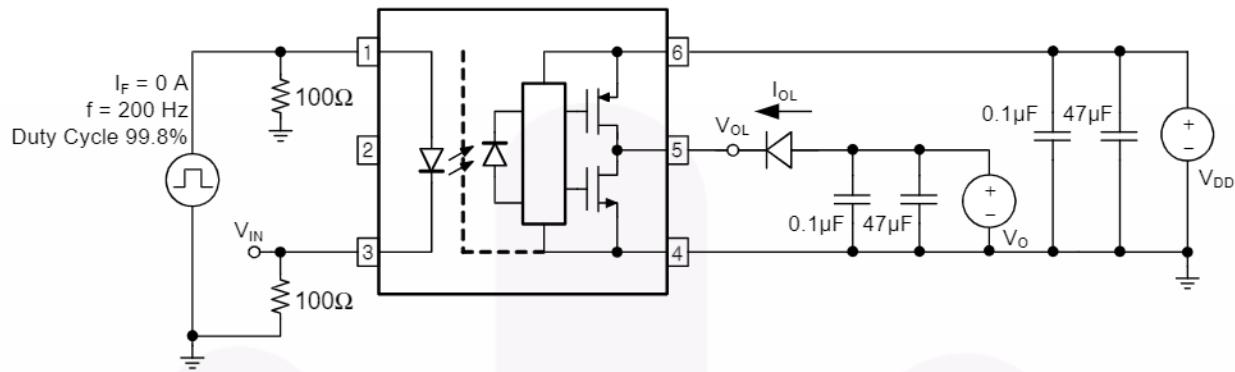


Figure 21.  $I_{OL}$  Test Circuit

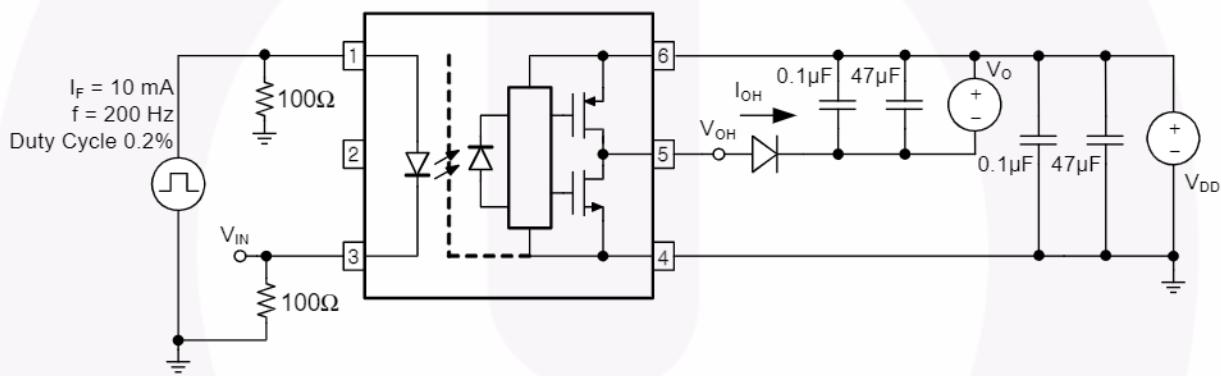


Figure 22.  $I_{OH}$  Test Circuit

### Test Circuit (Continued)

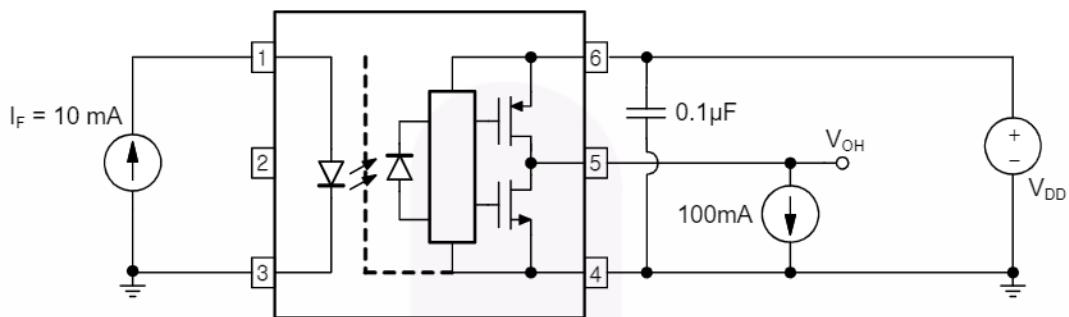


Figure 23.  $V_{OH}$  Test Circuit

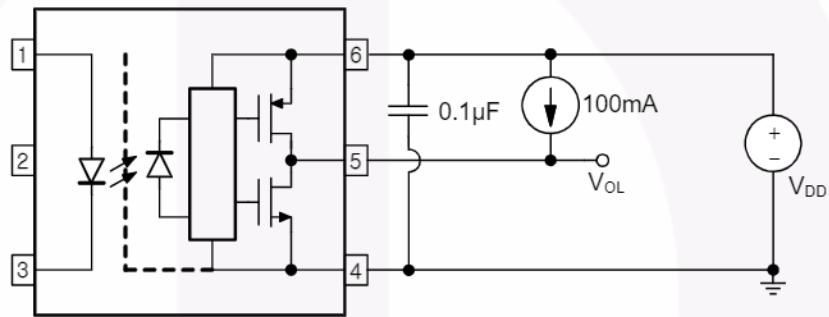


Figure 24.  $V_{OL}$  Test Circuit

### Test Circuit (Continued)

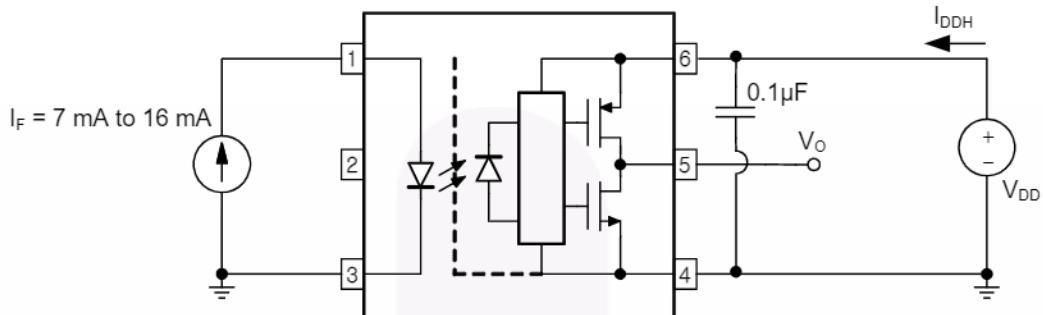


Figure 25.  $I_{DDH}$  Test Circuit

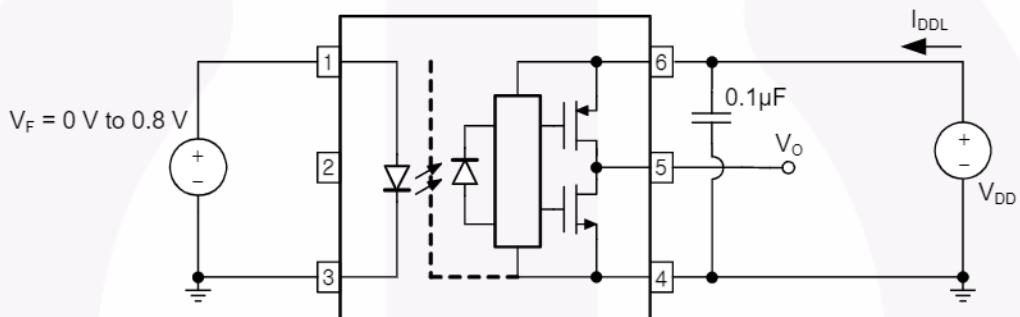


Figure 26.  $I_{DDL}$  Test Circuit

**Test Circuit** (Continued)

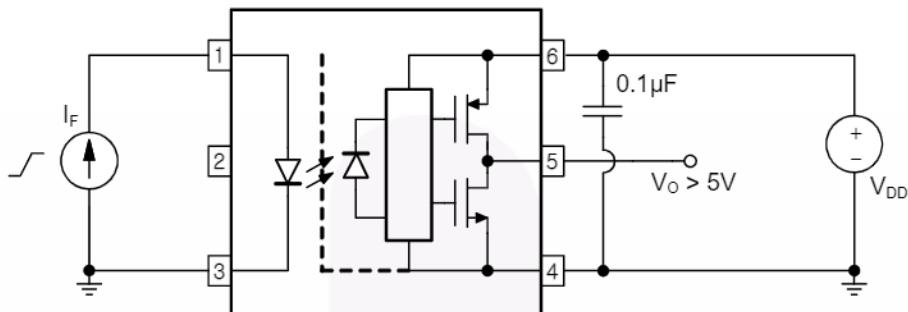


Figure 27.  $I_{FLH}$  Test Circuit

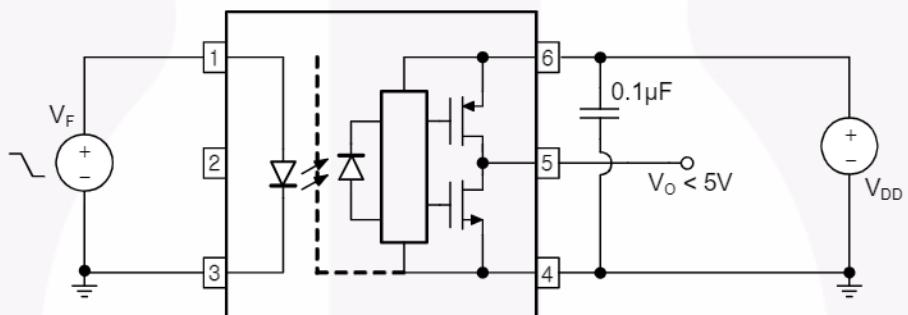


Figure 28.  $V_{FHL}$  Test Circuit

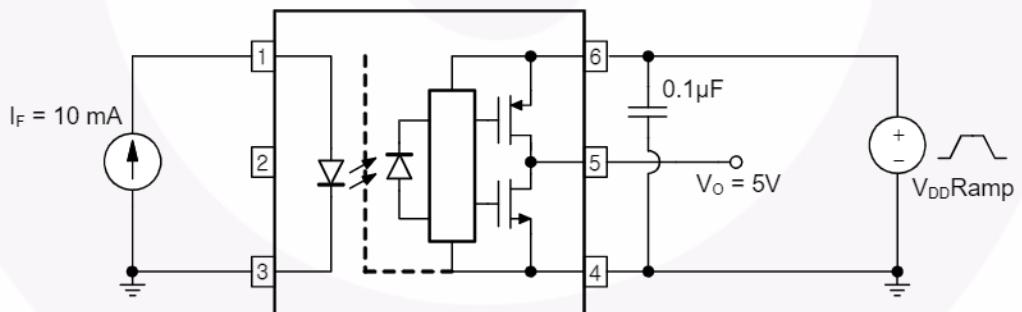


Figure 29. UVLO Test Circuit

### Test Circuit (Continued)

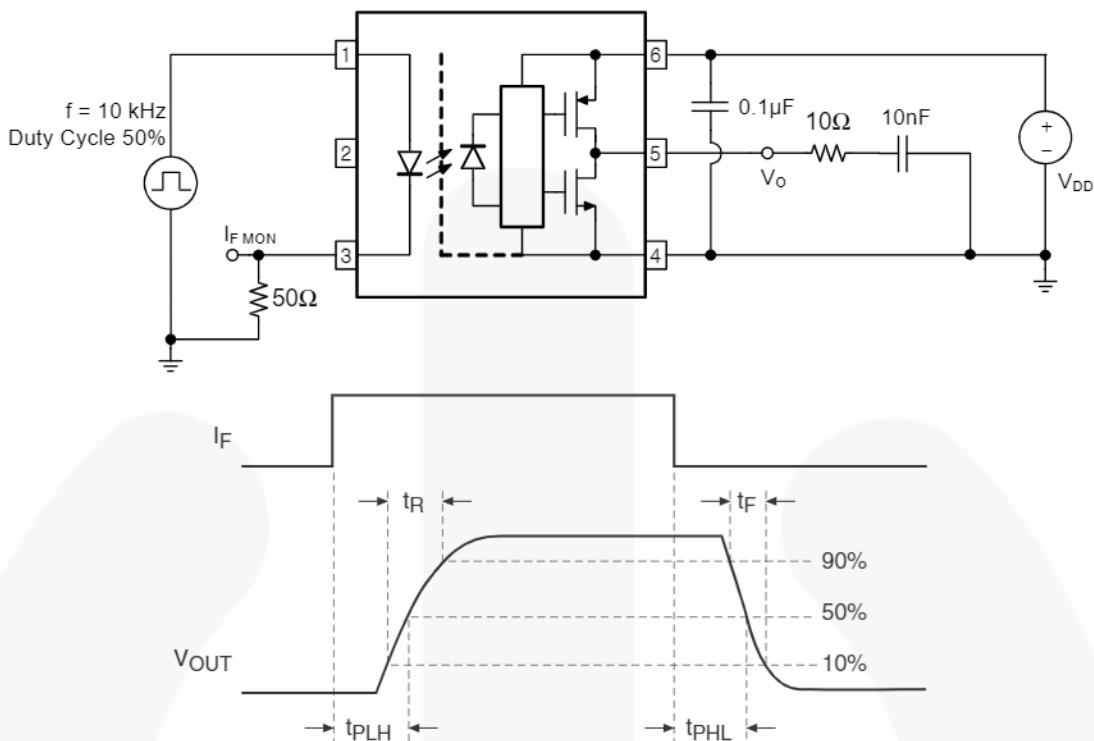


Figure 30.  $t_{PHL}$ ,  $t_{PLH}$ ,  $t_R$  and  $t_F$  Test Circuit and Waveforms

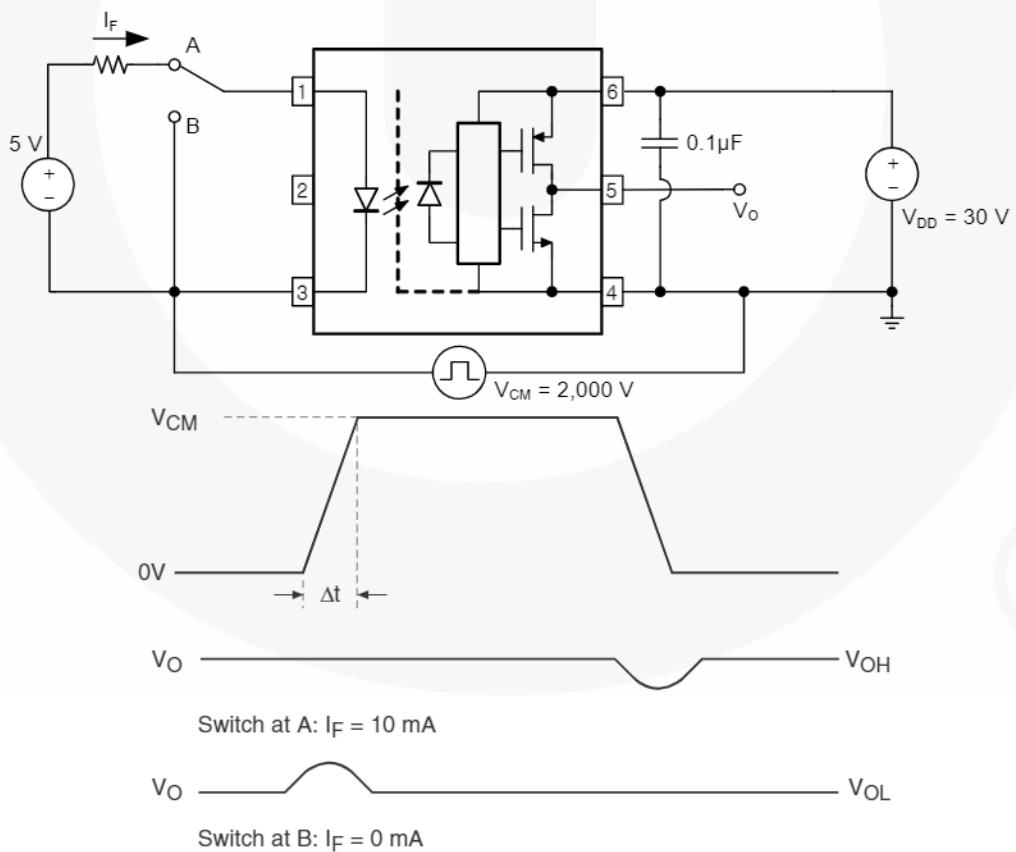
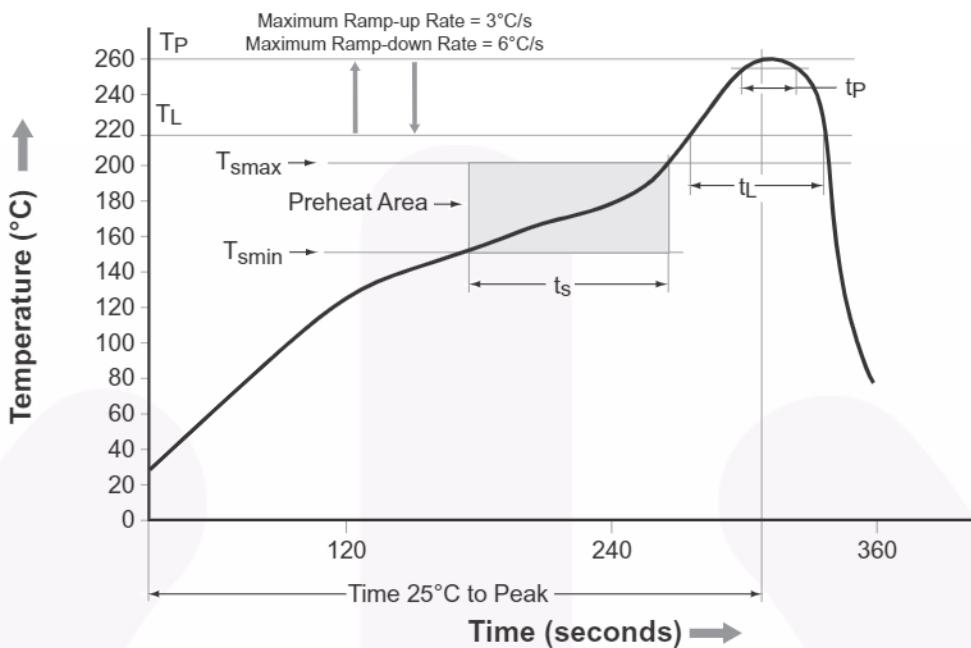


Figure 31. CMR Test Circuit and Waveforms

## Reflow Profile



Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly Profile
Temperature Minimum ( $T_{s\text{min}}$ )	150°C
Temperature Maximum ( $T_{s\text{max}}$ )	200°C
Time ( $t_S$ ) from ( $T_{s\text{min}}$ to $T_{s\text{max}}$ )	60 s to 120 s
Ramp-up Rate ( $t_L$ to $t_p$ )	3°C/second maximum
Liquidous Temperature ( $T_L$ )	217°C
Time ( $t_L$ ) Maintained Above ( $T_L$ )	60 s to 150 s
Peak Body Package Temperature	260°C +0°C / -5°C
Time ( $t_p$ ) within 5°C of 260°C	30 s
Ramp-Down Rate ( $T_p$ to $T_L$ )	6°C/s maximum
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	8 minutes maximum

Figure 32. Reflow Profile

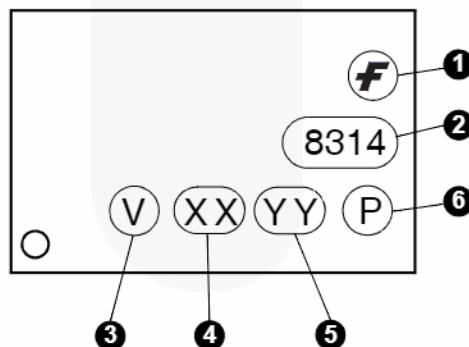
## Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Packing Method
FOD8314	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin	Tube (100 units per tube)
FOD8314R2	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin	Tape and Reel (1,000 units per reel)
FOD8314V	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	Tube (100 units per tube)
FOD8314R2V	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	Tape and Reel (1,000 units per reel)
FOD8314T	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, Wide Lead	Tube (100 units per tube)
FOD8314TR2	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, Wide Lead	Tape and Reel (1,000 units per reel)
FOD8314TV	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, Wide Lead, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	Tube (100 units per tube)
FOD8314TR2V	Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, Wide Lead, DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option	Tape and Reel (1,000 units per reel)



All packages are lead free per JEDEC: J-STD-020B standard.

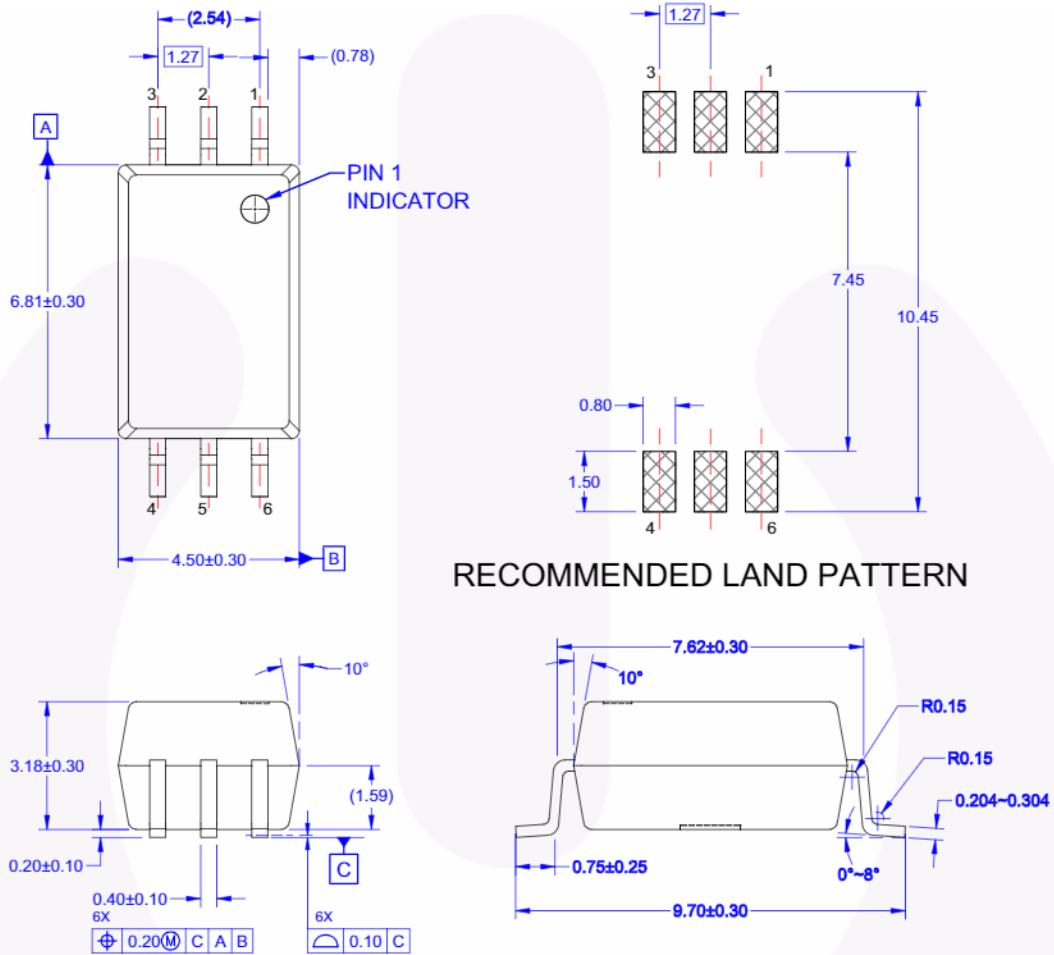
## Marking Information



### Definitions

1	Fairchild Logo
2	Device Number, e.g. 8314 or 8314T
3	DIN EN/IEC60747-5-5 Option (only appears on component ordered with this option) (Pending Approvals)
4	Last Digit Year Code, e.g. '5'
5	Two Digit Work Week Ranging from '01' to '53'
6	Assembly Package Code

## Package Dimensions

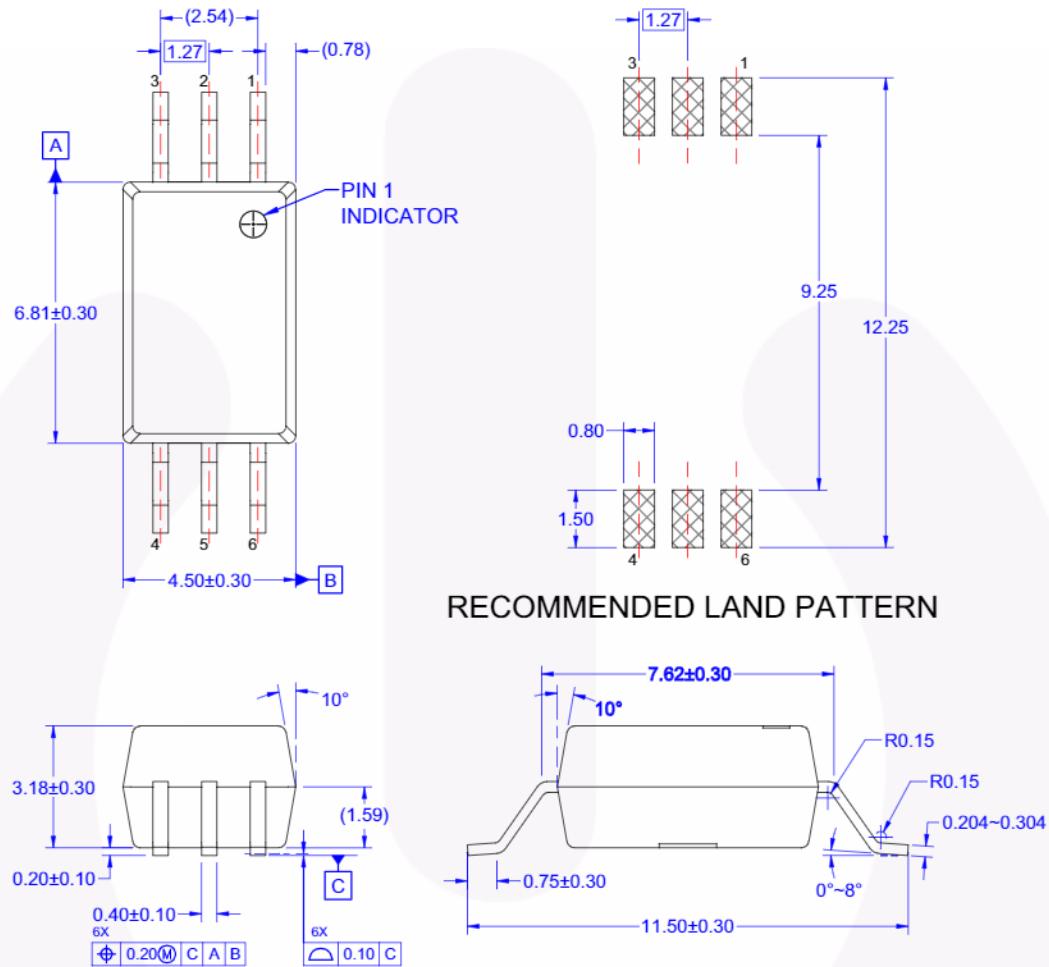


- NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
- NO STANDARD APPLIES TO THIS PACKAGE
  - ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
  - DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS OR MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSION.
  - DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-2009.
  - DRAWING FILE NAME: MKT-M06BREV1

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Figure 33. Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin

### Package Dimensions (Continued)



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED  
 A) NO STANDARD APPLIES TO THIS PACKAGE  
 B) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.  
 C) DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE BURRS  
 OR MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSION.  
 D) DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER  
 ASME Y14.5M-2009.  
 E) DRAWING FILE NAME: MKT-M06CREV1



Figure 34. Stretched Body SOP 6-Pin, "T" Package Option



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