# 5V-Adjustable High-PSRR Low-Noise LDO

# **MD7682 Series**

# **CMOS Voltage Regulator With ON/OFF Switch**

## **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

MD7682 series are highly accurate, lownoise, high power supply rejection ratio (PSRR), low-dropout voltage

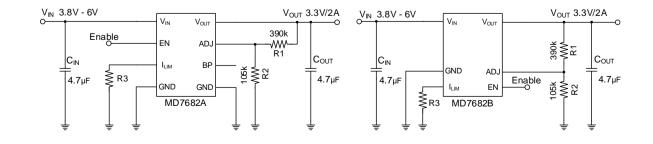
regulator (LDO) with high output current capability manufactured in CMOS processes. It can deliver up to 2A of current while consuming 60µA of quiescent current. Internal circuitry includes a reference voltage generator, an error amplifier, driver transistor, over-current protection circuit, short-circuit protection circuit, thermal shutdown circuit and a phase compensation circuit. The MD7682 operates by default as a fixed output voltage regulator (default output voltage: 5V) while usage of an external resistor divider allows adjustable out voltages as low as 0.7V. Additional features include enable function, and current limit adjustable.

## APPLICATIONS

- Smart wearer
- Long-life battery-powered devices
- Portable mobile devices, such as mobile phones, cameras, and so on
- Wireless communication equipment

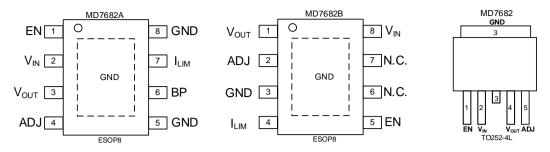
## FEATURES

- Highly Accurate: ±2%
- Low Quiescent Current: 65µA
- Dropout Voltage: 250mV@3.3V/2A
- Maximum Output Current: 2A
- Input Voltage Range: 2~6V
- Output Voltage Noise: 100µVrms@Vout=3.3V
- High PSRR:75dB@1kHz
- Temperature Stability: ±40ppm/°C
- ON/OFF Logic = Enable High
- Standby Current: 10nA
- Addition function: Reverse Current Protection Output Voltage adjustable, Current Limit adjustable
- COUT Discharge Circuit when EN Disable is Active
- Protections Circuits: Current Limit, Short Circuit, and Thermal Protections
- Output Capacitor: Low ESR Ceramic Capacitor Compatible, above 2.2uF.
- RoHS compliant "Green"/Halogen Free 8-pin Exposed pad SOIC (ESOP8) and 4-pin TO252 packages



# **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT:**

# **PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)**



# **PRODUCT SELECTIONS**

Туре	Fixed Output Voltage(note 1*)	ADJ	Accuracy (note 2*)	Package (note 3*)	MARKING (note 4*)
MD7682A50SF4	5V	Yes	±2%	ESOP8	孢 7682A
MD7682B50SF4	5V	Yes	±2%	ESOP8	7682B 📈
MD7682E50UB2	5V	Yes	±2%	TO252-4L	7682

#### Notes:

1\* Customer can request to customize the output voltage ranged from 1.2V to 5V if desired voltage is not found in the selections.

2\* Customer can request customization of accuracy requirement.

3\* Customer can request customization of package choice.

4\* Please pay attention to the MARKING of the product package type.

## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Name	ESOP8 (MD7682A)	ESOP8 (MD7682B)	TO252-4L (MD7682)	Description
VOUT	3	1	4	Regulator Output pin.
ADJ	4	2	5	Adjustable Pin. Output Voltage can be set by external feedback resistors when using a resistive divider. Or, connect ADJ to GND for $V_{OUT}$ = 5V, set by internal feedback resistors.
GND	5,8	3	3	Ground Signal
EN	1	5	1	Enable Pin. Minimum 1.6V to enable the device. Maximum 0.4V to shutdown the device.
VIN	2	8	2	Power Input Pin. Must be closely decoupled to GND pin with a 4.7µF or greater ceramic capacitor.
BP	6	-	-	Bypass pin. Connect a 1µF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. Bypass pin can be left floating if unnecessary.
ILIM	7	4	-	Current Limit Adjustment
N.C.	-	6,7	-	None Connection (Used to connect GND or OPEN state.)
GND	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad	-	Connect to GND.

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

### (Unless otherwise indicated: Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATI	NGS	UNITS
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	~ 7	
Enable Voltage	V <sub>EN</sub>	-0.3	~ 7	V
Output Voltage	Vout	-0.3 ~ \	/ <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	
Power Dissipation	Po	Interna	ally Limited	
Thermal Resistance	Rejb <sup>(1)</sup>	ESOP8	80	°C/W
Thermal Resistance	<b>Γ</b> θJB(''	TO252-4	60	C/VV
Operating Ambient Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85		ĉ
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +125		C
ESD Protection	ESD HBM	400	00	V

Note: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

(1) Mounted on JEDEC standard 4layer (2s2p) PCB test board

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 4.7\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu F$ ,  $C_{BYP}=1\mu F$ ,  $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ .

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Voltage	Vin		2		6	V
Output Voltage Tolerance	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> <sup>*1</sup>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-2		+2	%
Continuous Output Current	Іоит	V <sub>IN</sub> >2.3V	2			A
Ground Current		V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , no load		65		μA
	IGND	Ven=Vin, Iout=100mA		410		μΑ
Shutdown Current	Ishut	V <sub>EN</sub> =0		0.01		μA
Output Current Limit	ILIM			3		A
Current Fold Back				1		~
		V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =2A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =1.8V		380	500	
Dropout Voltage*2	V <sub>DROP</sub> <sup>*2</sup>	V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =2A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V		250	370	mV
		VEN=VIN, IOUT=2A, VOUT=5V		240	360	
Line Regulation		V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> +1V≤V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>EN</sub> ≤6V I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		3	15	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT2}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0V$ $1mA \le I_{OUT} \le 2A$		10	20	mV
Temperature Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT(s)}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> +1.0V I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA -40°C≤T <sub>A</sub> ≤125°C		±40		ppm/°C
Reference Voltage Tolerance			0.686	0.7	0.714	V
ADJ Pin Current		V <sub>ADJ</sub> = V <sub>REF</sub>		10		nA
ADJ Pin Threshold			0.05	0.1	0.2	V
Enable Turn-On Threshold		Output ON	1.6			V
Enable Turn-Off Threshold		Output OFF			0.4	V
Shutdown Pin Current				0.1	0.5	μA
Shutdown Exit Delay Time				0		μs
Max Output Discharge Resistance to GND during Shutdown				22		Ω
Reverse Current	IREV <sup>*3</sup>	VIN=0V, VEN=2V, VOUT=5.5V		0.10	0.5	μA
V <sub>OUT</sub> Sink Current at Reverse condition	IREVS <sup>*4</sup>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>EN</sub> =5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.5V		0.14	0.5	μA
		f=1kHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA		75		
	<b>D0</b>	f=10kHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA		57		
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	f=100kHz, Iout=10mA		46		dB
		f=1MHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA	1	55		1
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>OUTN</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V f=10Hz ~100KHz		100		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
	1				1	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	Iout=1mA		160		°C
Thermal Shutdown Temperature Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SD</sub> T <sub>SD_HYS</sub>	Iout=1mA		160 25		℃ ℃

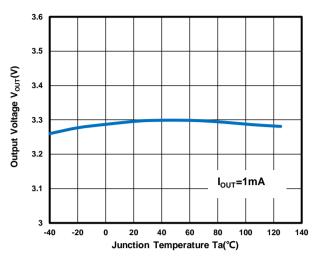
Notes:

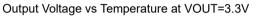
1.  $V_{OUT(S)}$ : Output voltage when  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1$  mA.

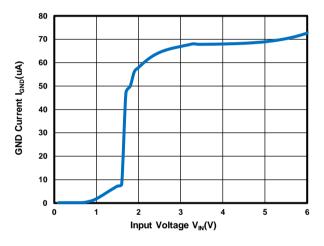
- 2.  $V_{DROP}=V_{IN1} (V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.98)$  where  $V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage when  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.98$ .
- 3.  $\ensuremath{I_{\text{REV}}}$  reverse current shows the current flowing from the  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  terminal to  $V_{\text{IN}}$  terminal.
- 4. I<sub>REVS:</sub> reverse flow during the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin sink current shows the current flowing from the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin to the V<sub>SS</sub> terminal.

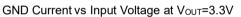
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

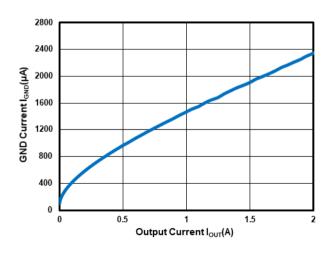
Test Conditions: VIN=VOUT+1.0V, CIN =  $4.7\mu$ F, COUT =  $4.7\mu$ F, TA=25°C, unless otherwise indicated.

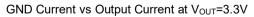


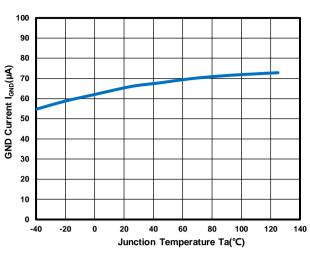




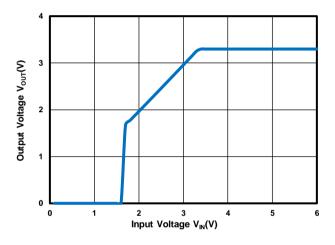


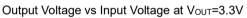


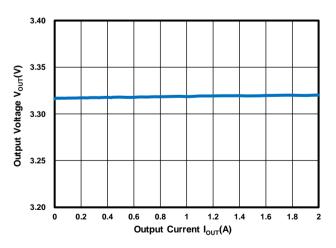


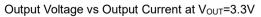






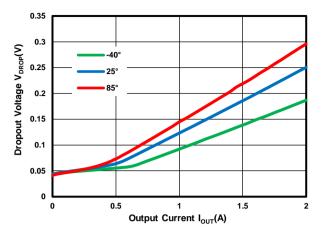




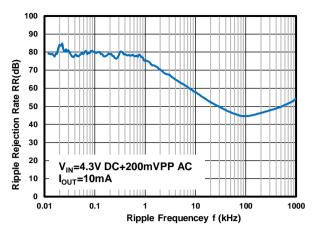


# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(CONTINUTED)

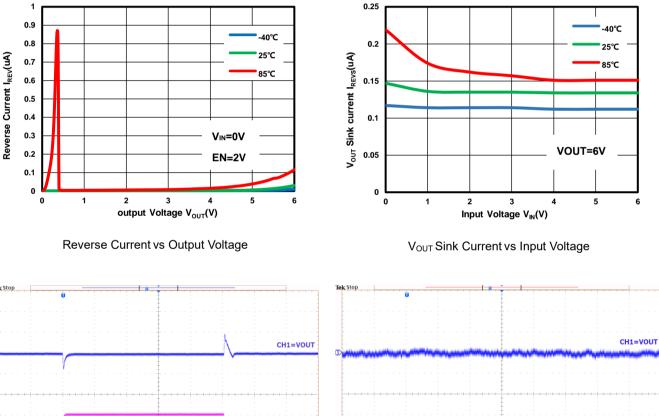
Test Conditions: VIN=VOUT+1.0V, CIN=4.7 $\mu$ F, COUT= 4.7 $\mu$ F, TA=25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise indicated.

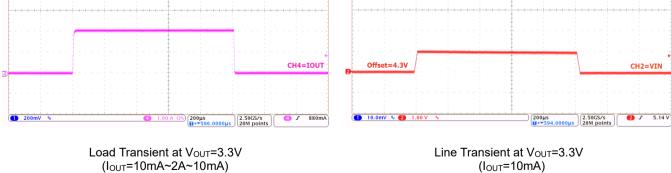


Dropout Voltage vs Output Current at V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V



Power Supply Rejection Ratio at VOUT=3.3V

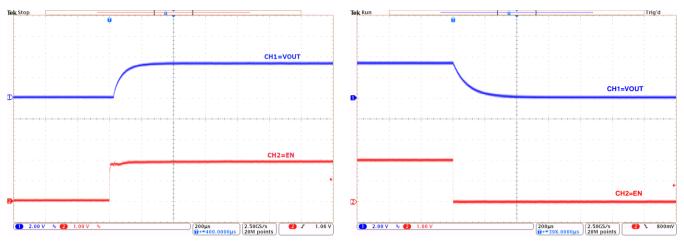




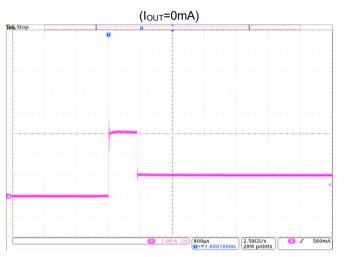
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# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(CONTINUTED)

Test Conditions: V\_IN=V\_OUT+1.0V, C\_IN=4.7  $\mu$ F, C\_OUT=4.7  $\mu$ F, T\_A=25  $^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$  , unless otherwise indicated.



Enable Startup at Vout=3.3V

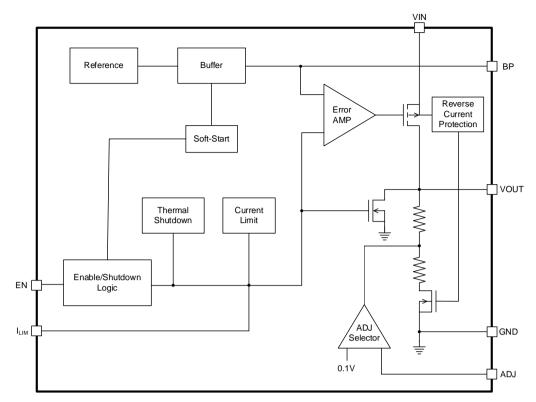


Output Current Fold-back at V\_{OUT}=3.3V



(I<sub>OUT</sub>=0mA)

# BLOCK DIAGRAM



### THEORY OF OPERATION

The MD7682 is a low-dropout voltage regulator with low quiescent current, low noise and high PSRR. It can support load current up to 2A. It incorporates current-limit and thermal protection features.

### SHUTDOWN

By connecting EN pin to GND, the MD7682 can be shutdown to reduce the supply current to 0.01µA (typ.). In this mode, the output voltage of MD7682 is equal to 0V.

### **CURRENT LIMIT and SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION**

The MD7682 includes current limit protection feature, which monitors and controls the maximum output current. If the output is overloaded or shorted to ground, this can protect the device from being damaged. When output is shorted to ground, current limit will be adjusted to about 25% of the rated current limit to protect the device.

### THERMAL PROTECTION

The MD7682 includes a thermal protection feature that protects the IC by turning off the pass transistor when the maximum junction temperature  $T_J$  exceed 160°C.

### POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation across the device can be calculated as:

$$P_{\rm D} = I_{\rm OUT} * (V_{\rm IN} - V_{\rm OUT})$$

The total junction temperature is calculated as:

$$T_J = T_A + (P_D * \theta_{JA})$$

where,  $T_J$  is the junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance between junction to ambient. There is a temperature rise associated with this power dissipated while operating in a given ambient temperature. If the calculated junction temperature exceeds maximum junction temperature specification, then the built-in thermal protection feature is triggered as described previously. To insure reliable performance, the maximum allowable power dissipation for a given ambient temperature must be considered and it can be calculated as follows:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$$

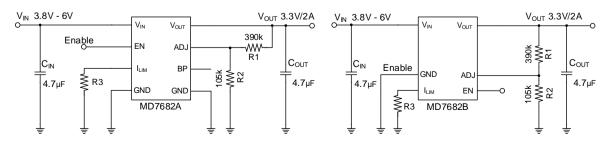
where,  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance between junction to ambient. In order to insure the best thermal flow, proper mounting of the IC is required.

### **INPUT & OUTPUT CAPACITORS**

MD7682 is optimized for use with ceramic capacitors. In order to ensure stability of the device, please place an output ceramic capacitor of  $4.7\mu$ F or bigger at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and GND pin as close as possible. An input capacitor of  $4.7\mu$ F is recommended. X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors are recommended as they have the best temperature and voltage characteristics. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.

When large output current switching (>500mA) are required in the application, a greater value of Input/Output capacitors ( $\geq$ 10 µF) would be recommended to ensure the device to operate smoothly.

### TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



### **PROGRAMMING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE**

MD7682's internal feedback resistors set the output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  to 5V when the ADJ pin is connected to GND. Alternatively; the output voltage is adjustable via the external feedback resistor network R1 and R2 by calculating the following formula:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} * (1 + \frac{R1}{R2})$$

where,  $V_{\text{REF}}$  is the reference voltage set internally at 0.7V nominal.

#### NOISE BYPASS CAPACITOR (For MD7682A)

A 1µF bypass capacitor at BP pin can reduce output voltage noise. This pin can be left floating if it is unnecessary. CURRENT LIMIT EXTERNAL ADJUSTMENT FUNCTION

By connecting a resistor to the current limit external adjustment pin ( $I_{LIM}$ ), the current limit can be set to any value. By the following equation, the current limit value can be set to any value within a range of 300mA to 3000mA (TYP.).

$$I_{LIM} = \frac{293.59}{R_{LIM}} + 0.0635$$

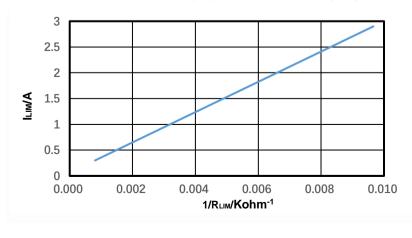
Initial value of the current limit is set to 3000mA (TYP.) on IC inside. Please be sure to use the current limit external control terminal ( $I_{LIM}$ ) are connected by either 0 $\Omega$  short to GND terminal on the substrate. When the  $I_{LIM}$  pin is open, the switch transistor is forcibly turned off.

Table. Current Limit Setting Lis	Table.	Current	Limit	Setting	List
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	5	
I <sub>LIM(T)</sub> (mA)	R <sub>LIM(T)</sub> (kΩ)	(E96) Resistor(kΩ)
300	1241.4	1200
400	872.5	866
500	672.6	665
600	547.2	549
700	461.3	464
800	398.6	392
900	351	348
1000	313.5	309
1100	283.3	280
1200	258.3	255
1300	237.4	237
1400	219.7	215
1500	204.4	205
1600	191.1	191

	ds			
I <sub>LIM(T)</sub> (mA)	R <sub>LIM(T)</sub> (kΩ)	(E96) Resistor(kΩ)		
1700	179.4	178		
1800	169.1	169		
1900	159.9	158		
2000	151.6	150		
2100	144.2	143		
2200	137.4	137		
2300	131.3	130		
2400	125.7	124		
2500	120.5	121		
2600	115.8	115		
2700	111.4	110		
2800	107.3	107		
2900	103.5	100		
3000	I <sub>LIM</sub> shorted to GND			

MD7682 Current Limit (ILIM) vs External Resistor (RLIM)



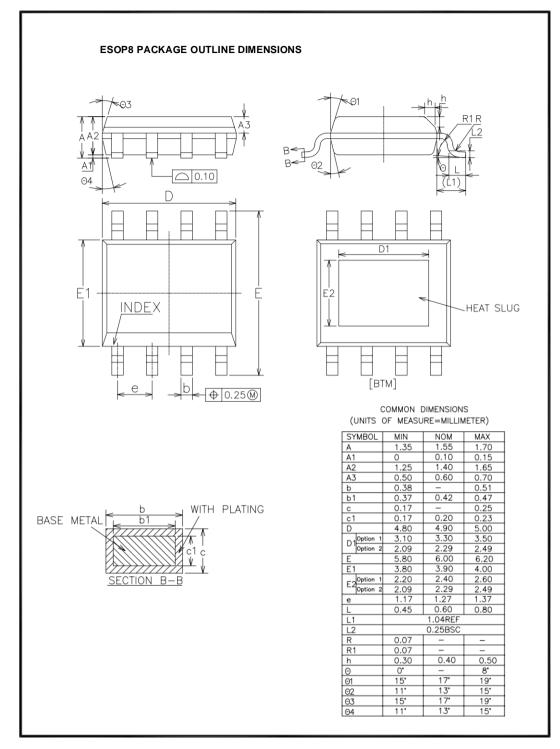
### LAYOUT CONSIDERATION

- 1. Connect the bottom-side pad to a large ground plane for good thermal conductivity and to reduce the thermal resistance of the device.
- 2. The input Capacitor C<sub>IN</sub> and output capacitor C<sub>OUT</sub> must be placed as close as possible to the pins V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> respectively.
- 3. Use short wires to connect the power supply to pins  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  and GND on the board.

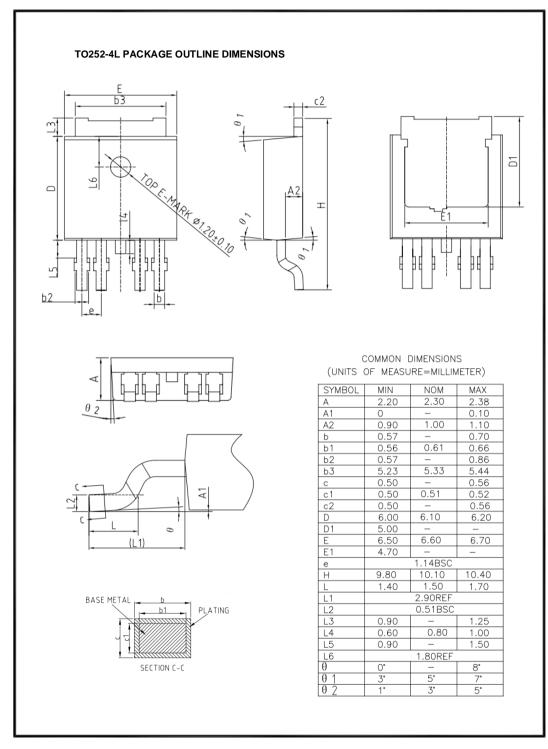
### Notes on Use

- 1. The input capacitor (C<sub>IN</sub>) and the output capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>) should be placed to the as close as possible with a shorter wiring.
- 2. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.
- 3. Please pay attention to the operation conditions of input and output voltage and load current, such that the power consumption in the IC should not exceed the allowable power consumption of the package even though the chip has short circuit protection.
- 4. IC has a built-in anti-static protection (ESD) circuit, but please do not add excessive stress to the IC.

# **PACKAGING INFORMATION**



# PACKAGING INFORMATION(CONTINUTED)



For the newest datasheet, please see the website: Version V1.0: 20210710 www.md-ic.com.cn