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FAN6754B

Highly Integrated Green- Mode PWM Controller

Brownout and V_{Limit} Adjustment by HV Pin

Features

- High-Voltage Startup
- AC Input Brownout Protection with Hysteresis
- Monitor HV to Adjust V_{Limit}
- Low Operating Current: 1.5mA
- Linearly Decreasing PWM Frequency to 22KHz
- Frequency Hopping to Reduce EMI Emission
- Fixed PWM Frequency: 65KHz
- Peak-Current-Mode Control
- Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)
- Internal Open-Loop Protection
- GATE Output Maximum Voltage Clamp: 13V
- V_{DD} Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
- V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)
- Programmable Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)
- Internal Latch Circuit (OVP, OTP)
- Open-Loop Protection (OLP); Restart for MR, Latch for ML
- Built-in 8ms Soft-Start Function

Applications

General-purpose switch-mode power supplies and flyback power converters, including:

- Power Adapters

Description

The highly integrated FAN6754B PWM controller provides several features to enhance the performance of flyback converters. To minimize standby power consumption, a proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to continuously decrease the switching frequency under light-load conditions.

Under zero-load and very light-load conditions, FAN6754B saves PWM pulses by entering deep burst mode. This burst mode function enables the power supply to meet international power conservation requirements.

FAN6754B integrates a frequency-hopping function internally to reduce EMI emission of a power supply with minimum line filters. Built-in synchronized slope compensation is accomplished by proprietary HV monitor to adjust V_{Limit} for constant output power limit over universal AC input range. The gate output is clamped at 13V to protect the external MOSFET from over-voltage damage.

Other protection functions include AC input brownout protection with hysteresis, and V_{DD} over-voltage protection. For over-temperature protection, an external NTC thermistor can be applied to sense the external switcher's temperature. When V_{DD} OVP or OTP are activated, an internal latch circuit is used to latch-off the controller. The latch mode is reset when the V_{DD} supply is removed.

FAN6754B is available in an 8-pin SOP package.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Packing Method
FAN6754BMRMY	-40 to +105°C	8-Pin, Small Outline Package (SOP)	Tape & Reel
FAN6754BMLMY			

Application Diagram

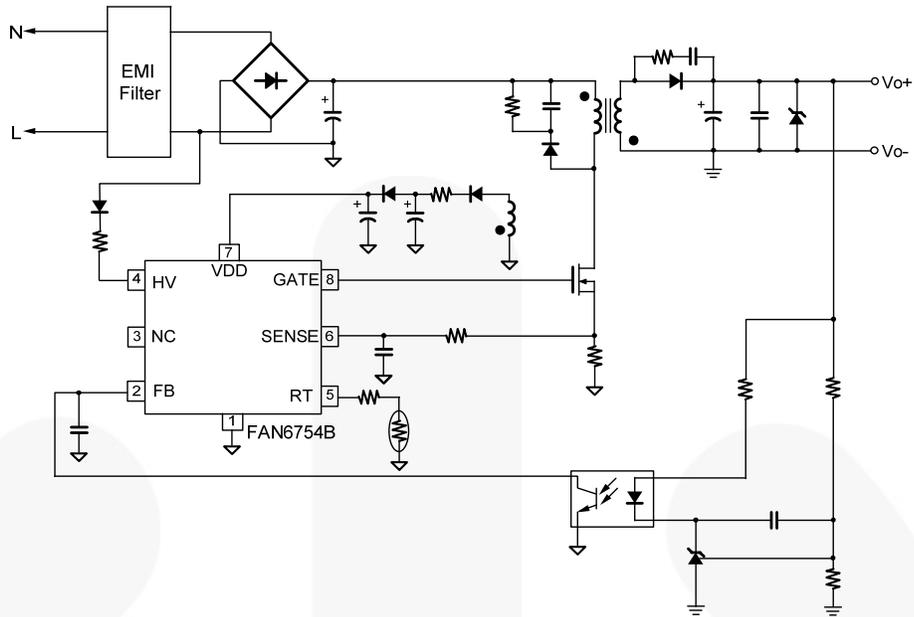


Figure 1. Typical Application

Internal Block Diagram

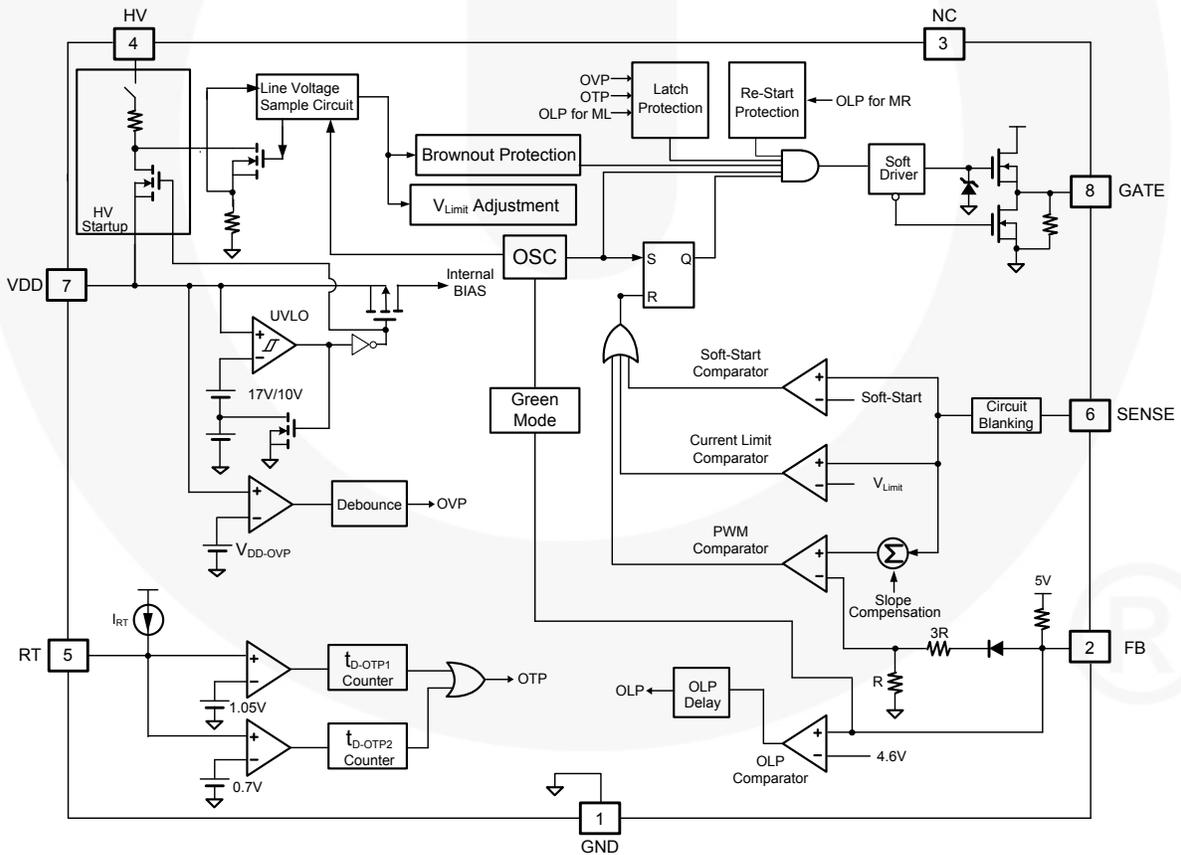


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram

Marking Information

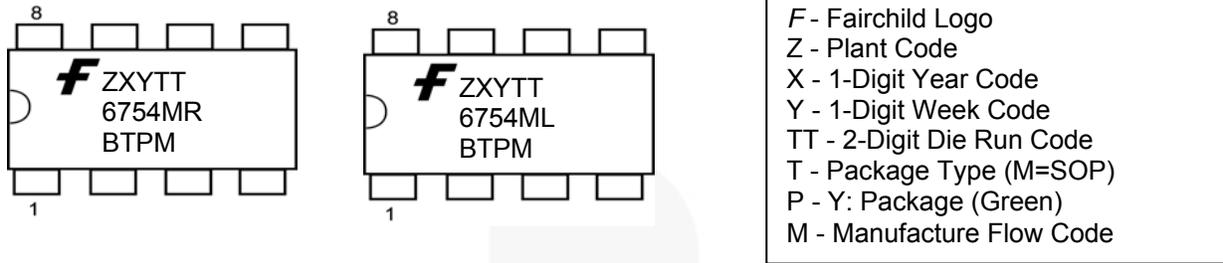


Figure 3. Top Mark

Pin Configuration

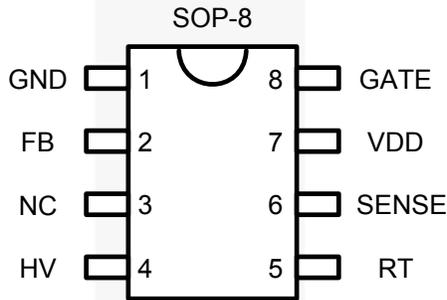


Figure 4. Pin Configuration (Top View)

Pin Definitions

Pin #	Name	Description
1	GND	Ground. This pin is used for the ground potential of all the pins. A 0.1μF decoupling capacitor placed between VDD and GND is recommended.
2	FB	Feedback. The output voltage feedback information from the external compensation circuit is fed into this pin. The PWM duty cycle is determined by this pin and the current-sense signal from Pin 6. FAN6754B performs open-loop protection (OLP); if the FB voltage is higher than a threshold voltage (around 4.6V) for more than 56ms, the controller latches off the PWM.
3	NC	No Connection
4	HV	High-Voltage Startup. This pin is connected to the line input via a 1N4007 and 200kΩ resistor to achieve brownout and high/low line compensation. Once the voltage on the HV pin is lower than the brownout voltage, PWM output turns off. High/low line compensation dominates the cycle-by-cycle current limiting to achieve constant output power limiting with universal input.
5	RT	Over-Temperature Protection. An external NTC thermistor is connected from this pin to GND. The impedance of the NTC decreases at high temperatures. Once the voltage on the RT pin drops below the threshold voltage, the controller latches off the PWM. If RT pin is not connected to NTC resistor for Over-Temperature Protection, a 100KΩ series one resistor is recommended to ground to prevent from noise interference. This pin is limited by an internal clamping circuit.
6	SENSE	Current Sense. This pin is used to sense the MOSFET current for the current-mode PWM and current limiting. The version doesn't have internal SSCP function.
7	VDD	Supply Voltage. IC operating current and MOSFET driving current are supplied using this pin. This pin is connected to an external bulk capacitor of typically 47μF. The threshold voltages for turn-on and turn-off are 17V and 10V, respectively. The operating current is lower than 2mA.
8	GATE	Gate Drive Output. The totem-pole output driver for the power MOSFET. It is internally clamped below 13V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{VDD}	DC Supply Voltage ^(1,2)			30	V
V _{FB}	FB Pin Input Voltage		-0.3	7.0	V
V _{SENSE}	SENSE Pin Input Voltage		-0.3	7.0	V
V _{RT}	RT Pin Input Voltage		-0.3	7.0	V
V _{HV}	HV Pin Input Voltage			500	V
P _D	Power Dissipation (T _A < 50°C)			400	mW
Θ _{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Air)			150	°C/W
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature		-40	+125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-55	+150	°C
T _L	Lead Temperature (Wave Soldering or IR, 10 Seconds)			+260	°C
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Capability, All Pins Except HV Pin	Human Body Model; JESD22-A114		5500	V
		Charged Device Model; JESD22-C101		2000	

Notes:

- All voltage values, except differential voltages, are given with respect to the network ground terminal.
- Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device.
- ESD with HV pin: CDM=1000V and HBM=1000V.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40		+105	°C
R _{HV}	HV Startup Resistor	150	200	250	kΩ

Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD}=15V$ and $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD} Section						
V_{OP}	Continuously Operating Voltage				24	V
V_{DD-ON}	Start Threshold Voltage		16	17	18	V
V_{DD-OFF}	Minimum Operating Voltage		9	10	11	V
V_{DD-OLP}	I_{DD-OLP} Off Voltage		5.5	6.5	7.5	V
V_{DD-LH}	Threshold Voltage on VDD Pin for Latch-Off Release Voltage		3.5	4.0	4.5	V
V_{DD-AC}	Threshold Voltage on VDD Pin for Disable AC Recovery to Avoid Startup Failed		$V_{DD-OFF} + 2.8$	$V_{DD-OFF} + 3.3$	$V_{DD-OFF} + 3.8$	V
I_{DD-ST}	Startup Current	$V_{DD-ON} - 0.16V$			30	μA
I_{DD-OP1}	Operating Supply Current, PWM Operation	$V_{DD}=20V$, FB=3V Gate Open		1.5	2.0	mA
I_{DD-OP2}	Operating Supply Current, Gate Stop	$V_{DD}=20V$, FB=3V		1.0	1.5	mA
I_{LH}	Operating Current at PWM-Off Phase Under Latch-Off Conduction	$V_{DD}=5V$	30	60	90	μA
I_{DD-OLP}	Internal Sink Current Under Latch-Off Conduction	$V_{DD-OLP}+0.1V$	170	200	230	μA
V_{DD-OVP}	V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection		24	25	26	V
$t_{D-VDDOVP}$	V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection Debounce Time		75	165	255	μs
HV Section						
I_{HV}	Supply Current from HV Pin	$V_{AC}=90V(V_{DC}=120V)$, $V_{DD}=0V$	2.0	3.5	5.0	mA
I_{HV-LC}	Leakage Current after Startup	HV=700V, $V_{DD}=V_{DD-OFF}+1V$		1	20	μA
V_{AC-OFF}	Brownout Threshold	DC Source Series R=200k Ω to HV Pin See Equation 1	92	102	112	V
V_{AC-ON}	Brownin Threshold	DC Source Series R=200k Ω to HV Pin See Equation 2	104	114	124	V
ΔV_{AC}	$V_{AC-ON} - V_{AC-OFF}$	DC Source Series R=200k Ω to HV Pin	6	12	18	V
$t_{S-CYCLE}$	Line Voltage Sample Cycle	FB > V_{FB-N}		220		μs
		FB < V_{FB-G}		650		
t_{H-TIME}	Line Voltage Hold Period			20		μs
$t_{D-AC-OFF}$	PWM Turn-off Debounce Time	FB > V_{FB-N}	65	75	85	ms
		FB < V_{FB-G}	180	235	290	ms

Continued on page 7...

Typical Performance Characteristics

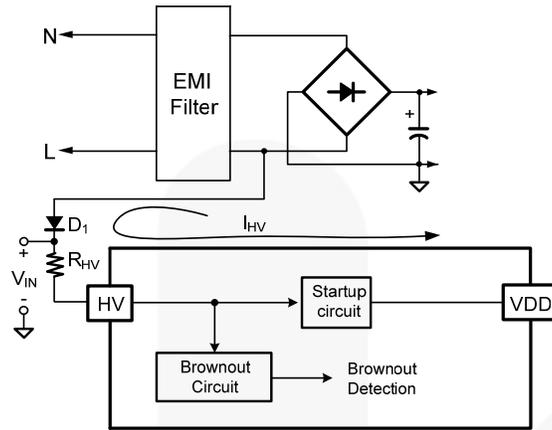


Figure 5. Brownout Circuit

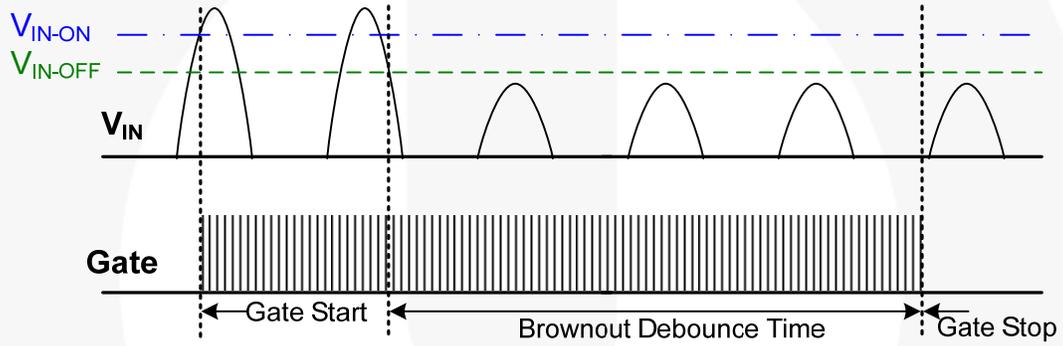


Figure 6. Brownout Behavior

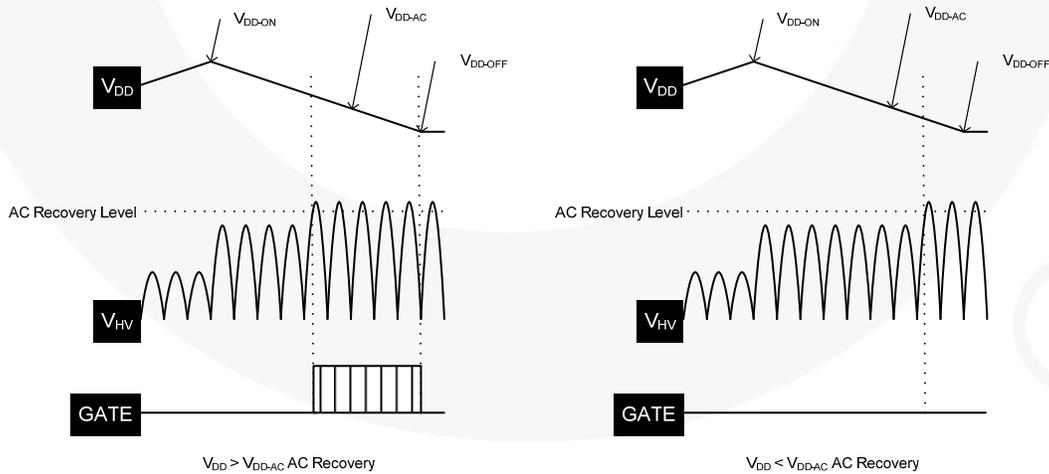


Figure 7. V_{DD-AC} and AC Recovery

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

$V_{DD}=15V$ and $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Oscillator Section						
f_{OSC}	Frequency in Normal Mode	Center Frequency	61	65	69	KHz
		Hopping Range	± 3.7	± 4.2	± 4.7	
t_{HOP}	Hopping Period	$FB > V_{FB-N}$	3.9	4.4	4.9	ms
		$FB = V_{FB-G}$	10.2	11.5	12.8	ms
f_{OSC-G}	Green-Mode Frequency		19	22	25	KHz
f_{DV}	Frequency Variation vs. V_{DD} Deviation	$V_{DD}=11V$ to $22V$			5	%
f_{DT}	Frequency Variation vs. Temperature Deviation	$T_A=-40$ to $+105^{\circ}C$			5	%
Feedback Input Section						
A_V	Input Voltage to Current-Sense Attenuation		1/4.5	1/4.0	1/3.5	V/V
Z_{FB}	Input Impedance		14	16	18	k Ω
$V_{FB-OPEN}$	Output High Voltage	FB Pin Open	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
V_{FB-OLP}	FB Open-Loop Trigger Level		4.3	4.6	4.9	V
t_{D-OLP}	Delay Time of FB Pin Open-Loop Protection				62	ms
V_{FB-N}	Green-Mode Entry FB Voltage	Pin, FB Voltage (FB = V_{FB-N})	2.6	2.8	3.0	V
		Hopping Range	± 3.7	± 4.2	± 4.7	kHz
V_{FB-G}	Green-Mode Ending FB Voltage	Pin, FB Voltage (FB = V_{FB-G})	2.1	2.3	2.5	V
		Hopping Range	± 1.27	± 1.45	± 1.62	kHz
$V_{FB-ZDCR}$	FB Threshold Voltage for Zero-Duty Recovery		1.9	2.1	2.3	V
V_{FB-ZDC}	FB Threshold Voltage for Zero-Duty		1.8	2.0	2.2	V

Continued on the following page...

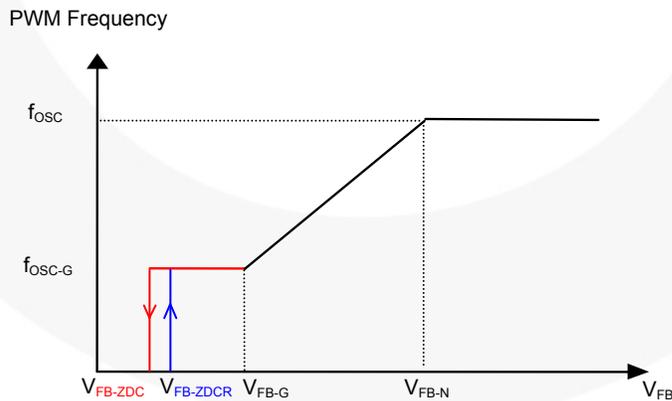


Figure 8. V_{FB} vs. PWM Frequency

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)V_{DD}=15V and T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Current-Sense Section						
t _{PD}	Delay to Output			100	250	ns
t _{LEB}	Leading-Edge Blanking Time		230	280	330	ns
V _{Limit-L}	Current Limit at Low Line (V _{AC} =86V)	V _{DC} =122V, Series R=200kΩ to HV	0.43	0.46	0.49	V
V _{Limit-H}	Current Limit at High Line (V _{AC} =259V)	V _{DC} =366V, Series R=200kΩ to HV	0.36	0.39	0.42	V
t _{SS}	Soft-Start Time	Startup Time	7	8	9	ms
GATE Section						
DCY _{MAX}	Maximum Duty Cycle		86	89	92	%
V _{GATE-L}	Gate Low Voltage	V _{DD} =15V, I _O =50mA			1.5	V
V _{GATE-H}	Gate High Voltage	V _{DD} =12V, I _O =50mA	8			V
I _{GATE-SINK}	Gate Sink Current ⁽⁴⁾	V _{DD} =15V	300			mA
I _{GATE-SOURCE}	Gate Source Current ⁽⁴⁾	V _{DD} =15V, GATE=6V	250			mA
t _r	Gate Rising Time	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF		100		ns
t _f	Gate Falling Time	V _{DD} =15V, C _L =1nF		50		ns
V _{GATE-CLAMP}	Gate Output Clamping Voltage	V _{DD} =22V	9	13	17	V
RT Section						
I _{RT}	Output Current from RT Pin		92	100	108	μA
V _{RTTH1}	Over-Temperature Protection Threshold Voltage	0.7V < V _{RT} < 1.05V, after 12ms Latch Off	1.000	1.035	1.070	V
V _{RTTH2}		V _{RT} < 0.7V, After 100μs Latch Off	0.65	0.70	0.75	
t _{D-OTP1}	Over-Temperature Latch-Off Debounce	V _{RTTH2} < V _{RT} < V _{RTTH1} FB > V _{FB-N}	13	16	19	ms
		V _{RTTH2} < V _{RT} < V _{RTTH1} FB < V _{FB-G}	40	51	62	
t _{D-OTP2}		V _{RT} < V _{RTTH2} , FB > V _{FB-N}	110	185	260	μs
	V _{RT} < V _{RTTH2} , FB < V _{FB-G}	320	605	890		

Note:

4. Guaranteed by design.

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

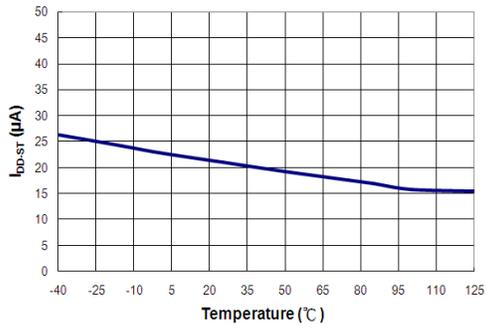


Figure 9. Startup Current (I_{DD-ST}) vs. Temperature

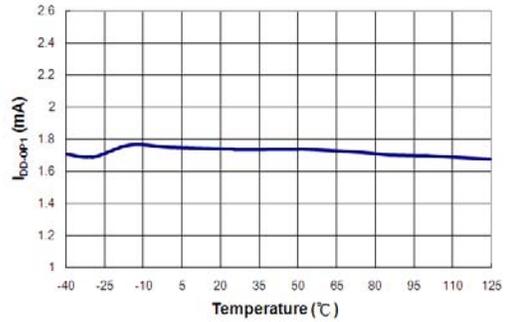


Figure 10. Operation Supply Current (I_{DD-OP1}) vs. Temperature

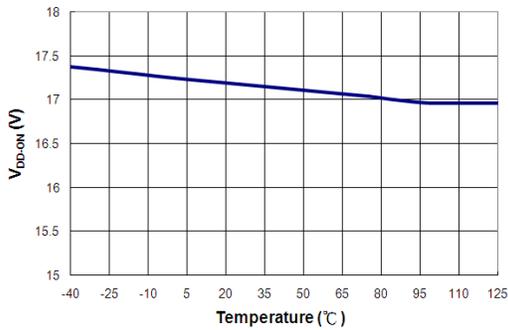


Figure 11. Start Threshold Voltage (V_{DD-ON}) vs. Temperature

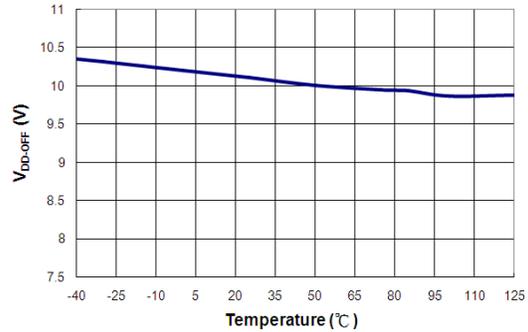


Figure 12. Minimum Operating Voltage (V_{DD-OFF}) vs. Temperature

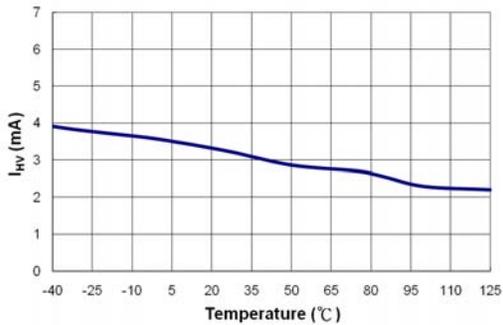


Figure 13. Supply Current Drawn from HV Pin (I_{HV}) vs. Temperature

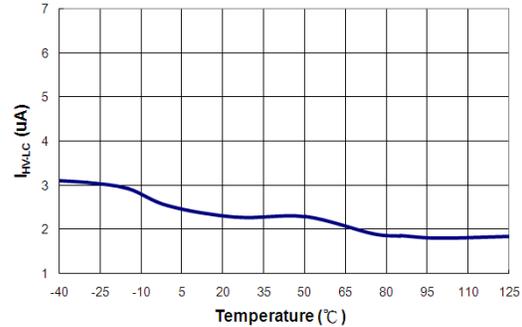


Figure 14. HV Pin Leakage Current After Startup (I_{HV-LC}) vs. Temperature

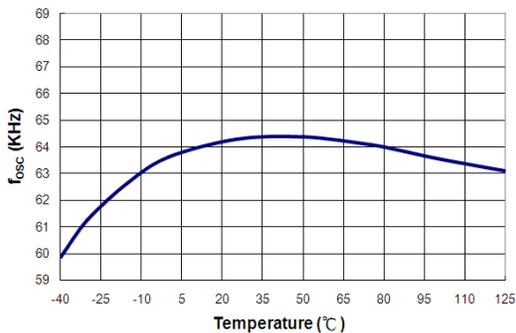


Figure 15. Frequency in Normal Mode (f_{osc}) vs. Temperature

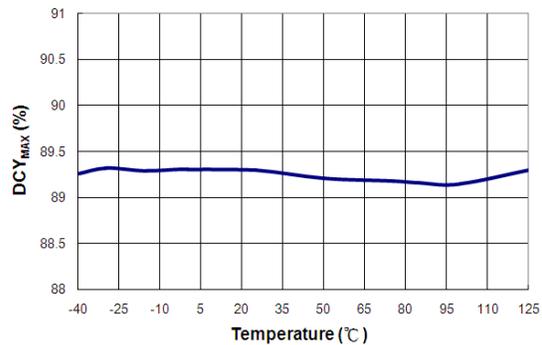


Figure 16. Maximum Duty Cycle (DCY_{MAX}) vs. Temperature

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

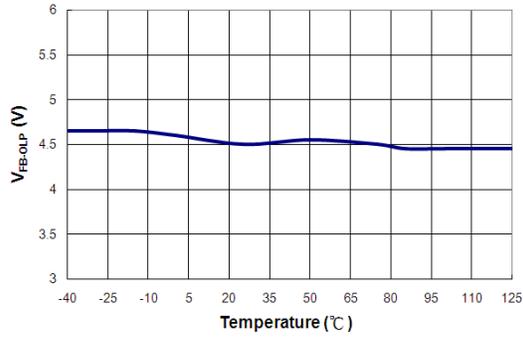


Figure 17. FB Open-Loop Trigger Level (V_{FB-OLP}) vs. Temperature

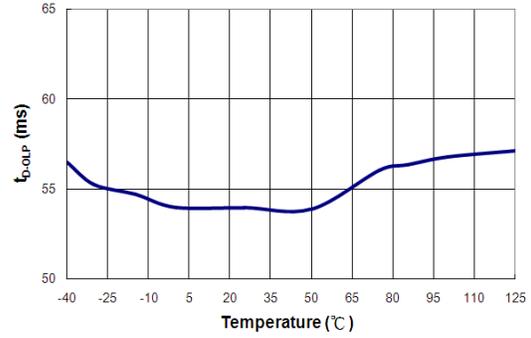


Figure 18. Delay Time of FB Pin Open-Loop Protection (t_{D-OLP}) vs. Temperature

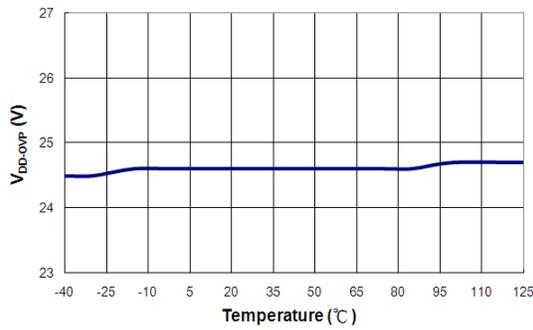


Figure 19. V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (V_{DD-OVP}) vs. Temperature

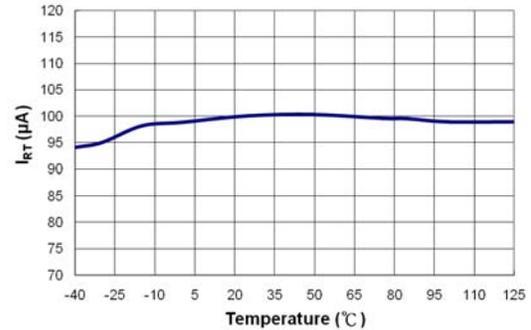


Figure 20. Output Current from RT Pin (I_{RT}) vs. Temperature

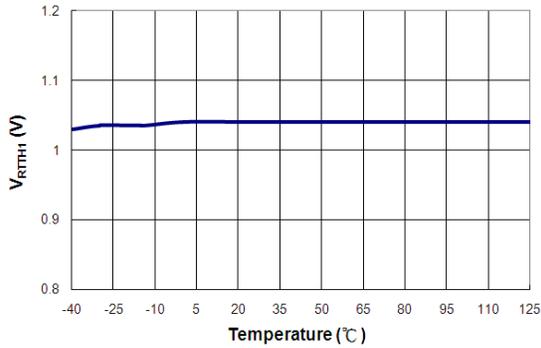


Figure 21. Over-Temperature Protection Threshold Voltage (V_{RTTH1}) vs. Temperature

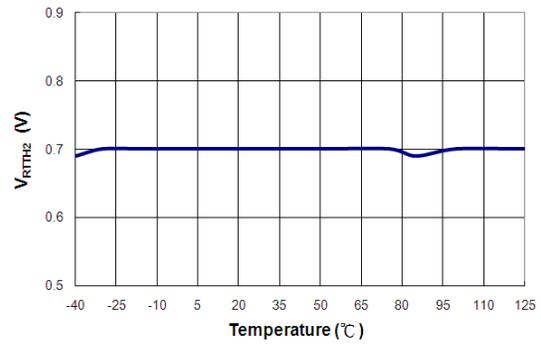


Figure 22. Over-Temperature Protection Threshold Voltage (V_{RTTH2}) vs. Temperature

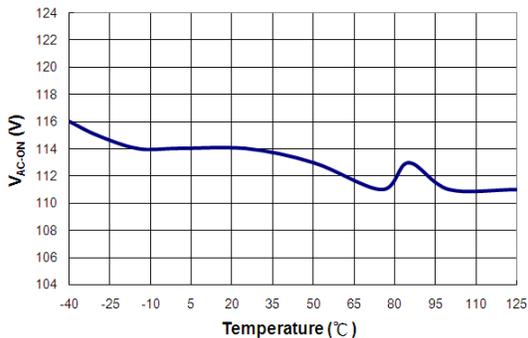


Figure 23. Brownin (V_{AC-ON}) vs. Temperature

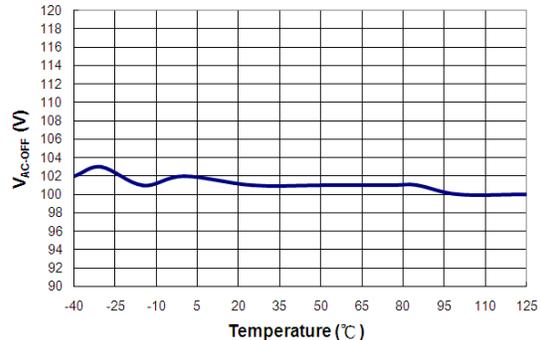


Figure 24. Brownout (V_{AC-OFF}) vs. Temperature

Functional Description

Startup Current

For startup, the HV pin is connected to the line input through an external diode and resistor; R_{HV} , (1N4007 / 200KΩ recommended). Peak startup current drawn from the HV pin is $(V_{AC} \times \sqrt{2}) / R_{HV}$ and charges the hold-up capacitor through the diode and resistor. When the V_{DD} capacitor level reaches V_{DD-ON} , the startup current switches off. At this moment, the V_{DD} capacitor only supplies the FAN6754B to keep the V_{DD} until the auxiliary winding of the main transformer provides the operating current.

Operating Current

Operating current is around 1.5mA. The low operating current enables better efficiency and reduces the requirement of V_{DD} hold-up capacitance.

Green-Mode Operation

The proprietary green-mode function provides off-time modulation to reduce the switching frequency in light-load and no-load conditions. V_{FB} , which is derived from the voltage feedback loop, is taken as the reference. Once V_{FB} is lower than the threshold voltage (V_{FB-N}), the switching frequency is continuously decreased to the minimum green-mode frequency of around 22KHz.

Current Sensing / PWM Current Limiting

Peak-current-mode control is utilized to regulate output voltage and provide pulse-by-pulse current limiting. The switch current is detected by a sense resistor into the SENSE pin. The PWM duty cycle is determined by this current-sense signal and V_{FB} , the feedback voltage. When the voltage on the SENSE pin reaches around $V_{COMP} = (V_{FB} - 0.6)/4$, the switch cycle is terminated immediately. V_{COMP} is internally clamped to a variable voltage around 0.46V for low-line output power limit.

Leading-Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs on the sense-resistor. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, a leading-edge blanking time is built in. During this blanking period, the current-limit comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate driver.

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The turn-on and turn-off thresholds are fixed internally at 17V and 10V, respectively. During startup, the hold-up capacitor must be charged to 17V through the startup resistor to enable the IC. The hold-up capacitor continues to supply V_{DD} until the energy can be delivered from auxiliary winding of the main transformer. V_{DD} must not drop below 10V during startup. This UVLO hysteresis window ensures that hold-up capacitor is adequate to supply V_{DD} during startup.

Gate Output / Soft Driving

The BiCMOS output stage is a fast totem-pole gate driver. Cross conduction has been avoided to minimize heat dissipation, increase efficiency, and enhance reliability. The output driver is clamped by an internal 13V Zener diode to protect power MOSFET transistors against undesirable gate over voltage. A soft driving waveform is implemented to minimize EMI.

Soft-Start

For many applications, it is necessary to minimize the inrush current at startup. The built-in 8ms soft-start circuit significantly reduces the startup current spike and output voltage overshoot.

Slope Compensation

The sensed voltage across the current-sense resistor is used for peak-current-mode control and cycle-by-cycle current limiting. Built-in slope compensation improves stability and prevents sub-harmonic oscillation. FAN6754B inserts a synchronized, positive-going, ramp at every switching cycle.

Constant Output Power Limit

When the SENSE voltage across sense resistor R_{SENSE} reaches the threshold voltage, around 0.46V for low-line condition, the output GATE drive is turned off after a small delay, t_{PD} . This delay introduces an additional current proportional to $t_{PD} \cdot V_{IN} / L_P$. Since the delay is nearly constant regardless of the input voltage V_{IN} , higher input voltage results in a larger additional current and the output power limit is higher than under low input line voltage. To compensate this variation for a wide AC input range, a power-limiter is controlled by the HV pin to solve the unequal power-limit problem. The power limiter is fed to the inverting input of the current limiting comparator. This results in a lower current limit at high-line inputs than at low-line inputs.

Brownout and Constant Power Limited by the HV Pin

Unlike previous PWM controllers, FAN6754B's HV pin can detect the AC line voltage brownout function and adjust the current limit. Using a fast diode and startup resistor to sample the AC line voltage, the peak value refreshes and is stored in a register at each sampling cycle. When internal update time is met, this peak value is used for brownout and current-limit level judgment. Equation 1 and 2 calculate the level of brownin or brownout converted to RMS value. For power saving, FAN6754B enlarges the sampling cycle to lower the power loss from HV sampling at light-load condition.

$$V_{AC-ON}(RMS) = (0.9V \times \frac{(R_{HV} + 1.6)}{1.6}) / \sqrt{2} \quad (1)$$

$$V_{AC-OFF}(RMS) = (0.81V \times \frac{(R_{HV} + 1.6)}{1.6}) / \sqrt{2} \quad (2)$$

where R_{HV} is in kΩ.

The HV pin can perform current limit to shrink the tolerance of Over-Current Protection (OCP) under full range of AC voltage, to linearly current limit curve, as shown in 0. FAN6754B also shrinks the V_{limit} level by half to lower the I^2R_{SENSE} loss to increase the heavy-load efficiency.

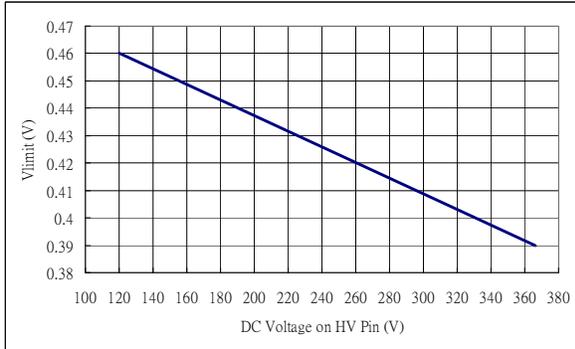


Figure 25. Linearly Current Limit Curve

V_{DD} Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

V_{DD} over-voltage protection prevents damage due to abnormal conditions. If the V_{DD} voltage is over the over-voltage protection voltage (V_{DD-OVP}) and lasts for t_{D-VDDOVP}, the PWM pulses are disabled until V_{DD} drops below the UVLO, then starts again. Over-voltage conditions are usually caused by open feedback loops.

Thermal Protection

An NTC thermistor, R_{NTC}, in series with resistor R_A, can be connected from the RT pin to ground. A constant current, I_{RT}, is output from the RT pin. The voltage on the RT pin can be expressed as $V_{\text{RT}} = I_{\text{RT}} \cdot (R_{\text{NTC}} + R_{\text{PTC}})$, where I_{RT} is 100μA. At high ambient temperature, R_{NTC}

is smaller, such that V_{RT} decreases. When V_{RT} is less than 1.035V (V_{RTTH1}), the PWM turns off after 16ms (t_{D-OTP1}). If V_{RT} is less than 0.7V (V_{RTTH2}), the PWM turns off after 185μs (t_{D-OTP2}). If the RT pin is not connected to NTC resistor for over-temperature protection, connecting a series one 100K resistor to ground to prevent from noise interference is recommended. This pin is limited by an internal clamping circuit.

Limited Power Control

The FB voltage increases every time the output of the power supply is shorted or overloaded. If the FB voltage remains higher than a built-in threshold for longer than t_{D-OLP}, PWM output is turned off. As PWM output is turned off, V_{DD} begins decreasing.

When V_{DD} goes below the turn-off threshold (10V) the controller is totally shut down and V_{DD} is continuously discharged to V_{DD-OLP} (6.5V) by I_{DD-OLP} to lower the average input power. This is called two-level UVLO. V_{DD} is cycled again. This protection feature continues as long as the overloading condition persists. This prevents the power supply from overheating due to overloading conditions.

Noise Immunity

Noise on the current sense or control signal may cause significant pulse-width jitter, particularly in continuous-conduction mode. Slope compensation helps alleviate this problem. Good placement and layout practices should be followed. Avoiding long PCB traces and component leads, locating compensation and filter components near the FAN6754B, and increasing the power MOS gate resistance improve performance.

Physical Dimensions

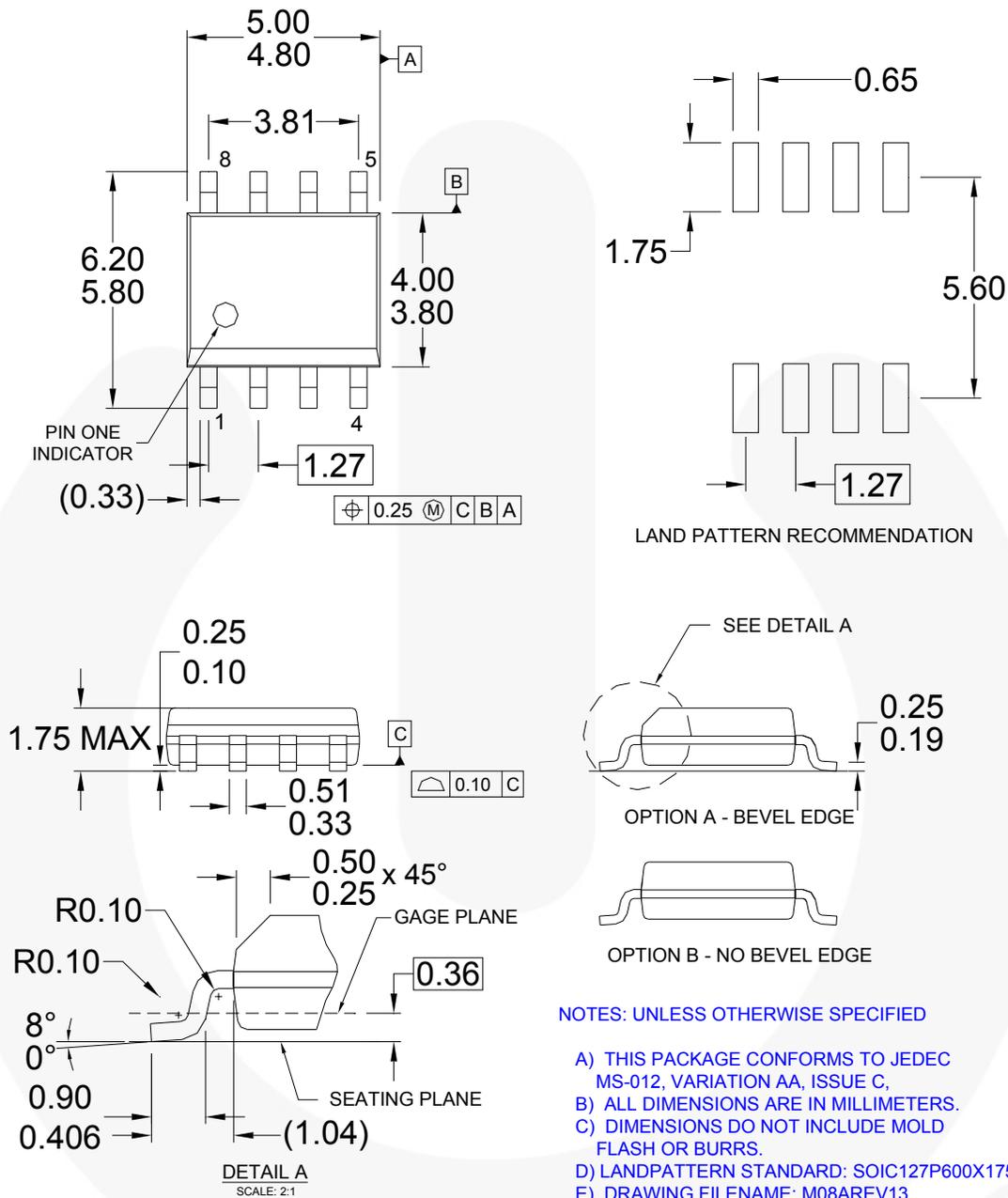


Figure 26. 8-Pin Small Outline Package (SOP) Package

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