#### General Description

The MAX395 8-channel, serially controlled, single-pole/single-throw (SPST) analog switch offers eight separately controlled switches. The switches conduct equally well in either direction. On-resistance (100 $\Omega$  max) is matched between switches to 5 $\Omega$  max and is flat (10 $\Omega$  max) over the specified signal range.

These CMOS devices can operate continuously with dual power supplies ranging from  $\pm 2.7V$  to  $\pm 8V$  or a single supply between  $\pm 2.7V$  and  $\pm 16V$ . Each switch can handle rail-to-rail analog signals. The off leakage current is only 0.1nA at  $\pm 25^{\circ}C$  or 5nA at  $\pm 85^{\circ}C$ .

Upon power-up, all switches are off, and the internal shift registers are reset to zero. The MAX395 is electrically equivalent to two MAX391 quad switches controlled by a serial interface, and is pin compatible with the MAX335.

The serial interface is compatible with SPI™/QSPI™ and Microwire™. Functioning as a shift register, it allows data (at DIN) to be clocked in synchronously with the rising edge of clock (SCLK). The shift register's output (DOUT) enables several MAX395s to be daisy chained.

All digital inputs have 0.8V to 2.4V logic thresholds, ensuring both TTL- and CMOS-logic compatibility when using  $\pm$ 5V supplies or a single +5V supply.

#### Applications

Serial Data-Acquisition Systems	Industrial and Process- Control Systems
Avionics	ATE Equipment
Audio Signal Routing	Networking

#### Pin Configuration



- SPI™/QSPI™, Microwire™-Compatible Serial Interface
- 8 Separately Controlled SPST Switches
- 100Ω Signal Paths with ±5V Supplies
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Handling
- ♦ Asynchronous RESET Input
- Pin Compatible with Industry-Standard MAX335
- ±2.7V to ±8V Dual Supplies +2.7V to +16V Single Supply
- >2kV ESD Protection per Method 3015.7
- TTL/CMOS-Compatible Inputs (with +5V or ±5V Supplies)

#### Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX395CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX395CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX395C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX395ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX395EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX395MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP**
	a 11 161 11	

\* Contact factory for dice specifications.

\*\* Contact factory for availability.

#### NOO NO7 TOP VIEW міхім 24 CS SCLK 1 MAX395 2 23 RESET V+ COMO COM7 22 DOUT DIN 3 LOGIC GND 4 21 V-PARALLEL REGISTER AND TRANSLATOR NO0 20 NO7 5 \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* 19 COMO COM7 DIN 8-BIT SHIFT REGISTER DOUT N01 18 NO6 17 COM1 8 COM6 RESET *Μ*ΛΧΙ*Μ* NO2 9 NO5 6 MAX395 5 COM2 1 COM5 SCI K CLOCK TRANSLATOR 4 NO3 NO4 I ATCH 1 COM3 3 COM4 CS CS TRANSLATOR DIP/SO SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc. Microwire is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

\_Functional Diagram

Maxim Integrated Products 1

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

**MAX395** 



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltages Referenced to GND	
V+0.3V, +17V	
V17V, +0.3V	
V+ to V0.3V, +17V	
SCLK, CS, DIN, DOUT, RESET0.3V to (V+ + 0.3V)	
NO, COM(V 2V) to (V+ + 2V)	
Continuous Current into Any Terminal±30mA	
Peak Current, NO_ or COM_	
(pulsed at 1ms,10% duty cycle)±100mA	

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}$ C) Narrow Plastic DIP (derate 13.33mW°C above +70°C)...1067mW

Wide SO (derate 11.76mW°C above +70°C).....941mW Narrow CERDIP (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)....1000mW Operating Temperature Ranges

MAX395C_ G	0°C to +70°C
MAX395E_ G	40°C to +85°C
MAX395MRG	55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+ 300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies**

(V + = +4.5V to +5.5V, V - = -4.5V to -5.5V,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	VCOM, VNO		C, E, M	V-		V+	V
COM NO On Desistance	Devi	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		60	100	0
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V$ , $I_{NO} = 1mA$	C, E, M			125	Ω
COM, NO On-Resistance Match		V+ = 5V, V- = -5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			5	Ω
Between Channels (Note 2)	ARON	$V_{COM} = \pm 3V$ , $I_{NO} = 1mA$	C, E, M			10	1 52
COM, NO On-Resistance	Deuteroux	V+ = 5V, V- = -5V, I <sub>NO</sub> = 1mA,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			10	0 Ω
Flatness (Note 2)	R <sub>FLAT</sub> (ON)	V <sub>COM</sub> = -3V, 0V, 3V	C, E, M			15	1 12
		V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
NO Off Leakage Current	hierore	$V_{COM} = -4.5V, V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	nA
(Note 3)	INO(OFF)	V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
		$V_{COM} = 4.5V, V_{NO} = -4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	
		V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
COM Off Leakage Current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{COM} = -4.5V, V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	nA
(Note 3)		$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{-} = -5.5V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.1	0.002	0.1	
		$V_{COM} = 4.5V, V_{NO} = -4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	
COM On Leakage Current	1	V+ = 5.5V, V- = -5.5V,	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	-0.2	0.01	0.2	nA
(Note 3)	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = \pm 4.5 V$	C, E, M	-20		20	IIA
DIGITAL I/O		•					
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	VIH		C, E, M	2.4			V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	VIL		С, Е, М			0.8	V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Current Logic High or Low	I <sub>IH</sub> , IIL	$V_{\text{DIN}}, V_{\text{SCLK}}, V_{\overline{\text{CS}}} = 0.8 \text{V or } 2.4 \text{V}$	С, Е, М	-1	0.03	1	μA
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	Vdout	IDOUT = 0.8mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	Vdout	IDOUT = -1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLKHYST		C, E, M		100		mV

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**—**Dual Supplies (continued)** (V+ = +4.5V to +5.5V, V- = -4.5V to -5.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS	
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTE	RISTICS							
Turn-On Time	ton	From rising edge of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		200	400	ns	
Turn-On Time	UN	From fising edge of CS	С, Е, М			500	115	
Turn-Off Time	toff	From rising edge of $\overline{CS}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	400	ns	
Turn-On Time	UFF	From Haing edge of CS	С, Е, М			500	113	
Break-Before-Make Delay	tBBM	From rising edge of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	5	15		ns	
Charge Injection (Note 4)	VCTE	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO} = 0V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2	10	рС	
NO Off Capacitance	C <sub>NO(OFF)</sub>	$V_{NO} = GND, f = 1MHz$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2		pF	
COM Off Capacitance	C <sub>COM</sub> (OFF)	$V_{COM} = GND, f = 1MHz$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2		pF	
Switch On Capacitance	C <sub>(ON)</sub>	$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = GND,$ f = 1MHz	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		8		pF	
Off Isolation	VISO	$\begin{array}{l} R_{L} = 50 \Omega,  C_{L} = 15 pF, \\ V_{NO} = 1 V_{RMS},  f = 100 kHz \end{array}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		-90		dB	
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	VCT	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 50 \Omega, \ C_L = 15 pF, \\ V_{NO} = 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 100 kHz \end{array}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		<-90		dB	
POWER SUPPLY		·						
Power-Supply Range	V+, V-		С, Е, М	±3		±8	V	
V. Current Current		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V_{+}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		7	20		
V+ Supply Current	l+	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = 0V \text{ or } V+$	C, E, M			30	) µA	
V. Currente Current		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V_+,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-1	0.1	1		
V- Supply Current	BHV = 000 = 00000000000000000000000000000	RESET = 0V or V+	C, E, M	-2		2	- μΑ	

**MAX395** 



#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Dual Supplies (Figure 1)

(V + = +4.5V to +5.5V, V = -4.5V to -5.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 1)	MAX	UNITS
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE							
SCLK Frequency	fsclk		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz
Cycle Time	t <sub>CH</sub> + t <sub>CL</sub>		C, E, M	480			ns
CS Lead Time	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns
CS Lag Time	tCSH2		C, E, M	240			ns
SCLK High Time	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns
SCLK Low Time	tcl		C, E, M	190			ns
Data Setup Time	tDS		C, E, M	200	17		ns
Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>		C, E, M	0	-17		ns
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK (Note 4)	t <sub>DO</sub>	50% of SCLK to 10% of DOUT, $C_L = 10pF$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C C, E, M		85	400	ns
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t <sub>DR</sub>	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, CL = 10pF	С, Е, М			100	ns
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	t <sub>SCR</sub>	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	t <sub>DF</sub>	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	C, E, M			100	ns
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscf	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	C, E, M			2	μs
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	t <sub>RW</sub>		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		70		ns

Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

Note 2:  $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(max)} - R_{ON(min)}$ . On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.

Note 3: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp. Note 4: Guaranteed by design.

**Note 5:** Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies. **Note 6:** See Figure 6. Off isolation = 20log<sub>10</sub> V<sub>COM</sub>/V<sub>NO</sub>, V<sub>COM</sub> = output. NO = input to off switch.

Note 7: Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

M/IXI/M

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply** (V+ = +4.5V to +5.5V, V- = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NO</sub>		C, E, M	V-		V+	V
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	V+ = 5V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 3.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		125	175	Ω
COM, NO OII-RESISTANCE	RON	I <sub>NO</sub> = 1mA	С, Е, М			225	1 1
		$V + = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 4.5V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
NO Off Leakage Current	INO(OFF)	$V_{NO} = 0V$	C, E, M	-10		10	nA
(Notes 4, 5)	INO(OFF)	$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
		$V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	
		$V + = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 4.5V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
COM Off Leakage Current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{NO} = 0V$	C, E, M	-10		10	] nA
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOIVI(OFF)	$V_{+} = 5.5V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
		$V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-10		10	
COM On Leakage Current	ICOM(ON)	V+ = 5.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.2	0.002	0.2	nA
(Notes 4, 5)		$V_{COM} = V_{NO} = 4.5V$	C, E, M	-20		20	20
DIGITAL I/O							
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	VIH		C, E, M	2.4			V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	VIL		С, Е, М			0.8	V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Current Logic High or Low	IIH, IIL	$V_{DIN}$ , $V_{SCLK}$ , $V_{\overline{CS}} = 0.8V$ or 2.4V	С, Е, М	-1	0.03	1	μA
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	Vdout	IDOUT = -0.8mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	Vdout	IDOUT = 1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLK <sub>HYST</sub>		C, E, M		100		mV
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTER	ISTICS	1	· ·				1
Turne Ore Time e		France stations and sea of CC	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		200	400	
Turn-On Time	ton	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			500	ns
T		5	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	400	
Turn-Off Time	toff	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			500	ns
Break-Before-Make Delay	tBBM	From rising edge of CS	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		15		ns
Charge Injection (Note 4)	VCTE	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO} = 0V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2	10	pC
Off Isolation (Note 6)	V <sub>ISO</sub>	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{split} R_L &= 50\Omega, \ C_L = 15pF, \\ V_{NO} &= 1V_{RMS}, \ f &= 100kHz \end{split}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		-90		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 7)	V <sub>CT</sub>	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{split} R_L &= 50 \Omega, \ C_L = 15 p F, \\ V_{NO} &= 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 100 k Hz \end{split}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		<-90		dB
POWER SUPPLY		1					1
		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		7	20	
V+, V- Supply Current	I+	$V_{+}$ , RESET = 0V or V_{+}	C, E, M			30	μA

**MAX395** 



#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply (Figure 1)

(V+ = +4.5V to +5.5V, V- = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE							
SCLK Frequency	fsclk		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz
Cycle Time (Note 4)	t <sub>CH</sub> + t <sub>CL</sub>		C, E, M	480			ns
CS Lead Time (Note 4)	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns
CS Lag Time (Note 4)	t <sub>CSH2</sub>		C, E, M	240			ns
SCLK High Time (Note 4)	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns
SCLK Low Time (Note 4)	t <sub>CL</sub>		C, E, M	190			ns
Data Setup Time (Note 4)	t <sub>DS</sub>		C, E, M	200	17		ns
Data Hold Time (Note 4)	tDН		C, E, M	0	-17		ns
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK	tDO	50% of SCLK to 10% of	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		85		ns
(Note 4)	LDO	DOUT, $C_L = 10 pF$	C, E, M			400	115
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDR	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	С, Е, М			100	ns
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tscr	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	С, Е, М			2	μs
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDF	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	С, Е, М			100	ns
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tSCF	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	С, Е, М			2	μs
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	trw		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		70		ns

Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

Note 2: ΔR<sub>ON</sub> = R<sub>ON(max)</sub> - R<sub>ON(min)</sub>. On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.

Note 3: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp.

Note 4: Guaranteed by design.

Note 5: Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies.

**Note 6:** See Figure 6. Off isolation =  $20lg_{10}V_{COM}/V_{NO}$ ,  $V_{COM}$  = output. NO = input to off switch. **Note 7:** Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

M/IXI/N

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply

(V+ = +3.0V to +3.6V, V- = 0V,  $T_A = T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNIT
ANALOG SWITCH			1				
Analog Signal Range	VCOM, VNO		С, Е, М	V-		V+	V
COM, NO On-Resistance	Ron	V+ = 3.0V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1.5V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		270	500	Ω
CON, NO OII-RESISTANCE	RON	I <sub>NO</sub> = 1mA	С, Е, М			600	52
		V+ = 3.0V, VCOM = 3V,	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
NO Off Leakage Current	INO(OFF)	V <sub>NO</sub> = 0V	С, Е, М	-5		5	nA
(Notes 4, 5)	INO(OFF)	$V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
		$V_{NO} = 3V$	C, E, M	-5		5	
		$V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 3V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
COM Off Leakage Current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{NO} = 0V$	C, E, M	-5		5	nA
(Notes 4, 5)	CON(OFF)	$V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	0.1	0.002	0.1	10.0
		$V_{NO} = 3V$	С, Е, М	-5		5	
		$V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 3V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	
COM On Leakage Current	ICOM(ON)	$V_{NO} = 0V$	C, E, M	-10		10	nA
(Notes 4, 5)	ICOM(ON)	$V + = 3.6V, V_{COM} = 0V,$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-0.1	0.002	0.1	10.4
		$V_{NO} = 3V$	С, Е, М	-10		10	
DIGITAL I/O							
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold High	VIH		C, E	2.4			V
DIN, SCLK, CS, RESET Input Voltage Logic Threshold Low	VIL		C, E			0.8	V
DIN, SCLK, CS, Input Current Logic High or Low	lih, lil	$V_{DIN}, V_{SCLK}, V_{\overline{CS}} = 0.8V \text{ or } 2.4V$	C, E	-1	0.03	1	μA
DOUT Output Voltage Logic High	Vdout	IDOUT = 0.1mA	C, E, M	2.8		V+	V
DOUT Output Voltage Logic Low	Vdout	I <sub>DOUT</sub> = -1.6mA	C, E, M	0		0.4	V
SCLK Input Hysteresis	SCLKHYST		C, E, M		100		mV
SWITCH DYNAMIC CHARACTER	ISTICS		L1				
Turne Ore Time -			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		260	600	
Turn-On Time	ton	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			800	ns
Turne Off Time -	t	Factor sisters adapt of CC	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		90	300	
Turn-Off Time	toff	From rising edge of CS	C, E, M			400	ns
Break-Before-Make Delay	t <sub>BBM</sub>	From rising edge of CS	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		15		ns
Charge Injection (Note 4)	VCTE	$C_L = 1nF$ , $V_{NO} = 0V$ , $R_S = 0\Omega$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		2	10	рС
Off Isolation (Note 6)	Viso	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 50\Omega, \ C_L = 15 p F, \\ V_{NO} = 1 V_{RMS}, \ f = 100 k Hz \end{array}$	TA = +25°C		-90		dB
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk (Note 7)	V <sub>CT</sub>	$\label{eq:RL} \begin{array}{l} R_L = 50\Omega, \ C_L = 15 pF, \\ V_{NO} = 1V_{RMS}, \ f = 100 kHz \end{array}$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		<-90		dB
POWER SUPPLY		1					1
		$DIN = \overline{CS} = SCLK = 0V \text{ or } V_{+},$	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		6	20	
V+ Supply Current	1+	RESET = 0V or 5V	C, E, M			30	μA

**MAX395** 



#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply (Figure 1)

 $(V + = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, V - = 0V, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C.$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP (Note 2)	MAX	UNITS
SERIAL DIGITAL INTERFACE		1					
SCLK Frequency	fsclk		C, E, M	0		2.1	MHz
Cycle Time (Note 4)	tch + tcl		C, E, M	480			ns
CS Lead Time (Note 4)	tcss		C, E, M	240			ns
CS Lag Time (Note 4)	tCSH2		C, E, M	240			ns
SCLK High Time (Note 4)	tсн		C, E, M	190			ns
SCLK Low Time (Note 4)	tcL		C, E, M	190			ns
Data Setup Time (Note 4)	tDS		C, E, M	200	38		ns
Data Hold Time (Note 4)	t <sub>DH</sub>		C, E, M	0	-38		ns
DIN Data Valid after Falling SCLK	tDO	50% of SCLK to 10% of	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		150		ns
(Note 4)	ίDΟ	DOUT, $C_L = 10pF$	C, E, M			400	113
Rise Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDR	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	С, Е, М			300	ns
Allowable Rise Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tSCR	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	С, Е, М			2	μs
Fall Time of DOUT (Note 4)	tDF	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, $C_L = 10 pF$	С, Е, М			300	ns
Allowable Fall Time at DIN, SCLK (Note 4)	tSCF	20% of V+ to 70% of V+, C <sub>L</sub> = 10pF	С, Е, М			2	μs
RESET Minimum Pulse Width	t <sub>RW</sub>		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		105		ns

Note 1: The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

**Note 2:**  $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(max)} - R_{ON(min)}$ . On-resistance match between channels and on-resistance flatness are guaranteed only with specified voltages. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal range.

Note 3: Leakage parameters are 100% tested at maximum rated hot temperature and guaranteed by correlation at room temp.

Note 4: Guaranteed by design.

**Note 5:** Leakage testing at single supply is guaranteed by testing with dual supplies. **Note 6:** See Figure 6. Off isolation =  $20\log_{10} V_{COM}/V_{NO}$ ,  $V_{COM}$  = output. NO = input to off switch.

Note 7: Between any two switches. See Figure 3.

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M/IXI/N

FREQUENCY (Hz)

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#### \_Pin Description

FREQUENCY (Hz)

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	SCLK	Serial Clock Digital Input
2	V+	Positive Analog Supply Voltage Input
3	DIN	Serial Data Digital Input
4	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)
5, 7, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18, 20	16, 18, 20 NO0–NO7 Normally Open Analog Switches 0–7	
6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 19	COM0-COM7	Common Analog Switches 0–7
21	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation
22	DOUT	Serial Data Digital Output. (High is sourced from V+.)
23	RESET	Reset Input. Connect to digital (logic) supply (or V+). Drive low to set all switches off and set internal shift registers to 0.
24	CS	Chip-Select Digital Input (Figure 1)

Note: NO\_ and COM\_ pins are identical and interchangeable. Either may be considered as an input or an output; signals pass equally well in either direction.

#### Detailed Description

#### **Basic Operation**

The MAX395's interface can be thought of as an 8-bit shift register controlled by  $\overline{CS}$  (Figure 2). While  $\overline{CS}$  is low, input data appearing at DIN is clocked into the shift register synchronously with SCLK's rising edge. The data is an 8-bit word, each bit controlling one of eight switches in the MAX395 (Table 1). DOUT is the shift register's output, with data appearing synchronously with SCLK's falling edge. Data at DOUT is simply the input data delayed by eight clock cycles.

When shifting the input data, D7 is the first bit in and out of the shift register. While shifting data, the switches remain in their previous configuration. When the eight bits of data have been shifted in,  $\overline{CS}$  is driven high. This updates the new switch configuration and inhibits further data from entering the shift register. Transitions at DIN and SCLK have no effect when  $\overline{CS}$  is high, and DOUT holds the first input bit (D7) at its output.

More or less than eight clock cycles can be entered during the  $\overline{CS}$  low period. When this happens, the shift

register will contain only the last eight serial data bits, regardless of when they were entered. On the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , all the switches will be set to the corresponding states.

The MAX395's three-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI<sup>™</sup>, QSPI<sup>™</sup>, and Microwire<sup>™</sup> standards. If interfacing with a Motorola processor serial interface, set CPOL = 0. The MAX395 is considered a slave device (Figures 2 and 3). Upon power-up, the shift register contains all zeros, and all switches are off.

The latch that drives the analog switch is updated on the rising edge of  $\overline{CS}$ , regardless of SCLK's state. This meets all the SPI and QSPI requirements.

#### **Daisy Chaining**

For a simple interface using several MAX395s, "daisy chain" the shift registers as shown in Figure 5. The  $\overline{CS}$  pins of all devices are connected together, and a stream of data is shifted through the MAX395s in series. When  $\overline{CS}$  is brought high, all switches are updated simultaneously. Additional shift registers may be included anywhere in series with the MAX395 data chain.



Figure 1. Timing Diagram



Figure 2. Three-Wire Interface Timing

#### Addressable Serial Interface

When several serial devices are configured as slaves, addressable by the processor, DIN pins of each decode logic individually control  $\overline{CS}$  of each slave device. When a slave is selected, its  $\overline{CS}$  pin is driven low, data is shifted in, and  $\overline{CS}$  is driven high to latch the data. Typically, only one slave is addressed at a time. DOUT is not used.

#### Applications Information

#### **Multiplexers**

The MAX395 can be used as a multiplexer, but to obtain the same electrical performance with slightly improved programming speed, use the MAX349 8-channel mux or the MAX350 dual 4-channel mux, both in 18-pin packages.

RESET			FUNCTION						
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	All switches open, D7–D0 = 0
1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 open (off)
1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 closed (on)
1	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 open (off)
1	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 open (off)
1	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Switch 3 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Switch 3 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Switch 2 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Switch 2 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Switch 1 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Switch 1 closed (on)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Switch 0 open (off)
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Switch 0 closed (on)

#### Table 1. Serial-Interface Switch Programming

#### **8x1 Multiplexer**

To use the MAX395 as an 8x1 multiplexer, connect all common pins together (COM0–COM7) to form the mux output; the mux inputs are NO0–NO7.

The mux can be programmed normally, with only one channel selected for every eight clock pulses, or it can be programmed in a fast mode, where channel changing occurs on each clock pulse. In this mode, the channels are selected by sending a single high pulse (corresponding to the selected channel) at DIN, and a corresponding  $\overline{CS}$  low pulse for every eight clock pulses. As this is clocked through the register by SCLK, each switch sequences one channel at a time, starting with Channel 7.





#### Dual, Differential 4-Channel Multiplexer

To use the MAX395 as a dual (4x2) mux, connect COM0–COM3 together and connect COM4–COM7 together, forming the two outputs. The mux input pairs become NO0/NO4, NO1/NO5, NO2/NO6, and NO3/NO7.

The mux can be programmed normally, with only one differential channel selected for every eight clock pulses, or it can be programmed in a fast mode, where channel changing occurs on each clock pulse.

In fast mode, the channels are selected by sending two high pulses spaced four clock pulses apart (corresponding to the two selected channels) at DIN, and a corresponding  $\overline{CS}$  low pulse for each of the first eight clock pulses. As this is clocked through the register by





Figure 5. Daisy-Chained Connection

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**MAX395** 



Figure 6. Addressable Serial Interface



Figure 7. Differential Multiplexer Input Control

SCLK, each switch sequences one differential channel at a time, starting with channel 7/0. After the first eight bits have been sent, subsequent channel sequencing can occur by repeating this sequence or, even faster, by sending only one DIN high pulse and one  $\overline{CS}$  low pulse for each four clock pulses.

#### SPDT Switches

To use the MAX395 as a quad, single-pole/doublethrow (SPDT) switch, connect COM0 to NO1, COM2 to NO3, COM4 to NO5, and COM6 to NO7, forming the four "common" pins. Program these four switches with pairs of instructions, as shown in Table 2.

#### **Reset Function**

RESET is the internal reset pin. It is usually connected to a logic signal or V+. Drive RESET low to open all switches and set the contents of the internal shift register to zero simultaneously. When RESET is high, the part functions normally and DOUT is sourced from V+. RESET must not be driven beyond V+ or GND.

#### **Power-Supply Considerations**

#### Overview

The MAX395 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches. It has three supply pins: V+, V-, and GND. V+ and V- are used to drive the internal CMOS switches and to set the limits of the analog voltage on any switch. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analog signal pin and both V+ and V-. If any analog signal exceeds V+ or V-, one of these diodes will conduct. During normal operation, these (and other) reverse-biased ESD diodes leak, forming the only current drawn from V+ or V-.

Virtually all the analog leakage current is through the ESD diodes. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical, and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or V- and the analog signal. This means their leakages vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the V+ and V- pins constitutes the analog signal-path leakage current. All analog leak-

RESET									
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	FUNCTION
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	All switches open, D7–D0 = 0
1	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 7 off and 6 on
1	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 6 off and 7 on
1	Х	Х	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 5 off and 4 on
1	Х	Х	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Switch 4 off and 5 on
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	Х	Х	Switch 3 off and 2 on
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	Х	Х	Switch 2 off and 3 on
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	Switch 1 off and 0 on
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	Switch 0 off and 1 on

#### Table 2. SPDT Switch Programming

age current flows to the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of either the same or opposite polarity.

There is no connection between the analog signal paths and GND.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators, and set both the input and output logic limits. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels to switched V+ and V- signals to drive the analog signal gates. This drive signal is the only connection between the logic supplies (and signals) and the analog supplies. V+, and V- have ESD-protection diodes to GND. The logic-level inputs and output have ESD protection to V+ and to GND.

The logic-level thresholds are CMOS and TTL compatible when V+ is +5V. As V+ is raised, the threshold increases slightly. So when V+ reaches +12V, the threshold is about 3.1V; slightly above the TTL guaranteed high-level minimum of 2.8V, but still compatible with CMOS outputs.

#### **Bipolar Supplies**

The MAX395 operates with bipolar supplies between  $\pm 3.0V$  and  $\pm 8V$ . The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their sum cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating of 17V. Do not connect the MAX395 V+ to +3V and connect the logic-level pins to TTL logic-level signals. This exceeds the absolute maximum ratings and can damage the part and/or external circuits.

#### Single Supply

**MAX395** 

The MAX395 operates from a single supply between +3V and +16V when V- is connected to GND. All of the bipolar precautions must be observed.

#### High-Frequency Performance

In 50 $\Omega$  systems, signal response is reasonably flat up to 50MHz (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*). Above 20MHz, the on-response has several minor peaks that are highly layout dependent. The problem is not turning the switch on, but turning it off. The off-state switch acts like a capacitor and passes higher frequencies with less attenuation. At 10MHz, off isolation is about -45dB in 50 $\Omega$  systems, becoming worse (approximately 20dB per decade) as frequency increases. Higher circuit impedances also make off isolation worse. Adjacent channel attenuation is about 3dB above that of a bare IC socket, and is due entirely to capacitive coupling.



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 500 SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO V+.

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# **Proprietary Numbering System**

### **Three-Letter Suffixes**

Example: MAX358CPD C = Operating Temperature Range P = Package Type

D = Number of Pins

### **Four-Letter Suffixes**

When a part has a four-letter suffix, the first letter of the suffix denotes product grade. For example, the first "A" in MAX631ACPA indicates 5% output accuracy; the remaining three letters denote temperature range, package type, and number of pins. Therefore, the MAX631ACPA has 5% accuracy, operates over the 0°C to 70°C range, comes in a plastic DIP package, and has eight pins.

Additional Suffix Characters

- -T Part number is furnished on tape-and-reel
- + Indicates a lead-free (RoHS) qualified version. See our <u>lead-free</u>
- <u>information page</u>.

### Ask the QA

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Engineer ALSO SEE: Environmental Management and Materials Information (EMMI)	<ul> <li>+T Indicates a lead-free (RoHS) part on tape and reel. Indicates that the device has a Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)</li> <li>-D or -TD of &gt;1 and will therefore be drypacked before shipment. See our Moisture Sensitivity Levels page.</li> <li># Indicates an RoHS-compliant part which has an exemption for lead.</li> </ul>
Lookup Lead-Free Products and Content Data	Temperature Ranges         C $0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ I $-20^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ E $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ A $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ M $-55^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$
	<ul> <li>Package Type</li> <li>A SSOP (Shrink Small-Outline Package)</li> <li>B UCSP (Chip Scale Package), CERQUAD</li> <li>C TO-220, TQFP (Thin Quad Flat Pack)</li> <li>D Ceramic Sidebraze</li> <li>E QSOP (Quarter Small-Outline Package)</li> <li>F Ceramic Flat Pack</li> <li>H Module, SBGA (Super Ball Grid Array, 5x5 TQFP)</li> <li>J CERDIP Dual-In-Line</li> <li>K SOT (8 Leads)</li> <li>L LCC (Leadless Ceramic Chip Carrier)</li> <li>M MQFP (Metric Quad Flat Pack)</li> <li>N Narrow Plastic Dual-In-Line</li> <li>P Plastic Dual-In-Line</li> </ul>

Q PLCC (Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier)

- R Narrow CERDIP (300 mil)
- S Small Outline (150 mil), TO-52 (2 or 3 leads)
- T TO-5 Type (also TO-99, TO-100, Thin QFN)
- U TSSOP, μMAX, SOT
- V TO-39
- W Wide SOIC (300 mil)
- X SC-70 (3, 5, 6 leads)
- Y Narrow Sidebraze (300 mil)
- Z TO-92, MQUAD, Thin SOT
- /D Dice
- /PR Rugged Plastic
- /W Wafer

### Number of Pins

- A 8
- B 10, 64
- C 12, 192
- D 14
- E 16
- F 22, 256
- G 24
- H 44
- I 28
- J 32
- K 5,68
- L 40
- M 7,48
- N 18
- O 42

- P 20
- Q 2, 100
- R 3,84
- S 4, 80
- T 6,160
- U 60
- V 8 (0.200" pin circle, isolated case)
- W 10 (0.230" pin circle, isolated case)
- X 36
- Y 8 (0.200" pin circle, case to pin 4)
- Z 10 (0.230" pin circle, case to pin 5)

Second-Source Numbering System

In most cases, Maxim's part number for a second-source productfollows the industry's most widely accepted numbering systemfor that particular part, rather than our own convention. This includes the original designators for product grade, temperaturerange, package type, and number of pins.

Maxim frequently supplies second-sourceproducts in packages or temperature ranges that are not supplied by other manufacturers. Whenever possible, these devices are givenpart numbers that follow the original numbering convention.

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