

MP2013A

40V, 150mA, Low-Quiescent Current Linear Regulator

The Future of Analog IC Technology

DESCRIPTION

The MP2013A is a low-power, linear regulator that supplies power to systems with highvoltage batteries. It includes a wide 2.5V to 40V input range, low-dropout voltage and lowquiescent-supply current. The low-quiescent current and low-dropout voltage allow operation at extremely low-power levels. The MP2013A is ideal for low-power microcontrollers and battery-powered equipment.

The MP2013A provides a wide variety of fixed, output-voltage options: 1.8V, 1.9V, 2.3V, 2.5V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 3.45V, and 5.0V, and it provides an adjustable output option (from 1.215V to 15V).

The regulator output current is internally limited; the device is protected against over-load and over-temperature conditions.

The MP2013A includes thermal shutdown (TSD) and current-limiting fault protection. It is available in QFN6 (2mmx2mm), and QFN8 (3mmx3mm) packages.

FEATURES

- 2.5V to 40V Input Range
- 3.3µA Quiescent-Supply Current
- Stable with Low-Value Output Ceramic Capacitor (> 0.47 μF)
- 150mA Specified Current
- 620mV Dropout at 150mA Load
- Available in Fixed and Adjustable Output (1.215 V to 15 V) Versions
- ±2% Output Accuracy
- Specified Current Limit
- Thermal Shutdown
- -40°C to +125°C Specified Junction-Temperature Range
- Available in QFN6 (2x2mm), and QFN8 (3x3mm) Packages

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial/Automotive Applications
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
- Ultra Low-Power Microcontrollers
- Cellular Handsets
- Medical Imaging

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TYPICAL APPLICATION





Output Fixed Version



Part Number*	Package	Top Marking
MP2013AGQ	QFN8(3mmx3mm)	
MP2013AGQ-18	QFN8(3mmx3mm)	
MP2013AGQ-25	QFN8(3mmx3mm)	See Below
MP2013AGQ-33	QFN8(3mmx3mm)	
MP2013AGQ-5	QFN8(3mmx3mm)	

ORDERING INFORMATION

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP2013AGQ-33–Z)



PACKAGE REFERENCE

TOP MARKING

AJDY

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LLL

AJD: part code of MP2013AGQ; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

AQNY

LLL

AQN: part code of MP2013AGQ-25; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

ALJY

LLL

ALJ: part code of MP2013AGQ-5; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

AZBY

LLL

AZB: part code of MP2013AGQ-18; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

AJZY

LLL

AJZ: part code of MP2013AGQ-33; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

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Part Number*	Package	Top Marking
MP2013AGG	QFN6(2mmx2mm)	
MP2013AGG-33	QFN6(2mmx2mm)	See Below
MP2013AGG-5	QFN6(2mmx2mm)	

ORDERING INFORMATION

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (e.g. MP2013AGG-33–Z)



TOP MARKING

CDY

LLL

CD: part code of MP2013AGG; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;

FRY

LLL

FR: part code of MP2013AGG-5; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;



CP: part code of MP2013AGG-33; Y: year code; LLL: lot number;



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ⁽¹⁾

IN, EN0.3V to +4	42V
OUT0.3V to +*	
FB0.3V to -	+6V
Lead Temperature	0°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +15	
Continuous Power Dissipation $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)$	(2)
QFN8(3mmx3mm)2.0	
QFN6(2mmx2mm)1.2	

ESD SUSCEPTIBILITY⁽³⁾

HBM (Human Body Model)	2kV
MM (Machine Model)	200V

Recommended Operating Conditions (4)

Supply Voltage V _{IN}	2.5V to 40V
Output Voltage VOUT	1.215V to 15V
Operating Junction Temp. (T _J).	40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} θ_{JC} QFN6(2mmx2mm) 80 16 °C/W QFN8(3mmx3mm) 48 11 °C/W

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA}, and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX)-T_A)/θ_{JA}. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 T_J = +25°C, V_{EN} = V_{IN} , I_{OUT} = 1mA, C_{OUT} = 1µF, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		2.5		40	V
Output-Voltage Range	V _{OUT}		1.215		15	V
		$\begin{array}{l} MP2013AGQ, \\ 0{<}I_{OUT}{<}1mA, V_{IN}{=}2.5V \text{ to } 40V, \\ V_{OUT}{=}5V(V_{IN}{\geq}6V) \text{ or } FB(V_{IN}{<}6V) \end{array}$		3.3	9	
		MP2013AGQ, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=2.5V to 15V, V_{OUT}=5V (V_{IN}≥6V) or FB (V_{IN}<6V)</i<sub>		11	22	μA
		MP2013AGQ, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA,V_{IN}=6V,V_{OUT}=5V</i<sub>		32	50	
		MP2013AGQ-18, 0mA <i<sub>OUT<1mA,V_{IN}=3.5V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	10	
		MP2013AGQ-18, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA,V_{IN}=3.5V to 15V</i<sub>		15	25	μA
		MP2013AGQ-18, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=3.5V</i<sub>		35	50	
GND Current		MP2013AGQ-25 0mA <i<sub>OUT<1mA,V_{IN}=3.5V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	10	μA
		MP2013AGQ-25, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA,V_{IN}=3.5V to 15V</i<sub>		15	25	
	I _{GND}	MP2013AGQ-25, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=3.5V</i<sub>		35	50	
	GND	MP2013AGQ-33, 0 <i<sub>OUT<1mA, V_{IN}=4.3V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	10	
		MP2013AGQ-33, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=4.3V to 15V</i<sub>		15	25	μA
		MP2013AGQ-33, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=4.3V</i<sub>		35	50	
		MP2013AGQ-5, 0 <i<sub>OUT<1mA, V_{IN}=6V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	8	
		MP2013AGQ-5, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=6V to 15V</i<sub>		15	20	μA
		MP2013AGQ-5, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=6V</i<sub>		35	48	
		$\begin{array}{l} MP2013AGG, \\ 0{<}I_{OUT}{<}1mA, V_{IN}{=}2.5V \ to \ 40V, \\ V_{OUT}{=}5V(V_{IN}{\geq}6V) \ or \ FB(V_{IN}{<}6V) \end{array}$		3.3	9	
		MP2013AGG, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=2.5V to 15V, V_{OUT}=5V (V_{IN}≥6V) or FB (V_{IN}<6V)</i<sub>		11	22	μA
		MP2013AGG, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA,V_{IN}=6V,V_{OUT}=5V</i<sub>		32	50	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

$T_{J} = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{EN}=V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 1mA$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu$ F, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	A, C _{ουτ} = 1μF, unless otherwise not Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
		MP2013AGG-33, 0 <i<sub>OUT<1mA, V_{IN}=4.3V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	10	
		MP2013AGG-33, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=4.3V to 15V</i<sub>		15	25	μA
GND Current	laur.	MP2013AGG-33, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=4.3V</i<sub>		35	50	
GND Current	I _{GND}	MP2013AGG-5, 0 <i<sub>OUT<1mA, V_{IN}=6V to 40V</i<sub>		4.4	10	
		MP2013AGG-5, 1mA <i<sub>OUT<30mA, V_{IN}=6V to 15V</i<sub>		15	25	μA
		MP2013AGG-5, 30mA <i<sub>OUT<150mA, V_{IN}=6V</i<sub>		35	50	
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SHDN}	V_{EN} =0, V_{IN} =2.5 to 40V		3	9	μA
Load Current Limit	I _{limit}	$\label{eq:mp2013AGQ, MP2013AGQ-5, MP2013AGG, MP2013AGG-5, V_{OUT} = 0V, V_{IN} = 6V to 15V \\ \begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	180	270	400	mA
		MP2013AGQ-18, V _{IN} =2.8V,I _{OUT} =0	1.773	1.8	1.827	
Output-Voltage		MP2013AGQ-25, V _{IN} =3.5V,I _{OUT} =0	2.45	2.5	2.55	V
Accuracy		MP2013AGQ-33, MP2013AGG-33, V _{IN} =4.3V,I _{OUT} =0	3.234	3.3	3.366	
		MP2013AGQ-5, MP2013AGG-5, V _{IN} =6V, I _{OUT} =0	4.9	5	5.1	
FB Voltage	V_{FB}	V _{OUT} =FB, V _{IN} =5V, I _{OUT} =0	1.191	1.215	1.239	V
		MP2013AGQ-18, I _{OUT} =100mA, V _{OUT(NOM)} =1.8V		700	950	
Dropout Voltage V _{IN} =V _{OUT(NOM)} -0.1V		MP2013AGQ-25, I _{OUT} =150mA, V _{OUT(NOM)} =2.5V		700	900	
	V _{DROPOUT}	MP2013AGQ-33, I _{OUT} = 150mA, V _{OUT(NOM)} =3.3V		700	850	mV
		MP2013AGQ-5, MP2013AGQ, MP2013AGG-5, MP2013AGG, I _{OUT} = 150mA, V _{OUT(NOM)} =5V		600	850	
		MP2013AGG-33, I _{OUT} = 150mA, V _{OUT(NOM)} =3.3V		700	1000	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{EN}=V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 1mA$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu$ F, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
FB Input Current	I _{FB}	MP2013A-18, MP2013A-25, MP2013A-33 and MP2013A-5, $V_{FB} = 1.3V, V_{IN}=6V, OUT Floating$	0.9	1.3	1.6	μA
·		MP2013A, $V_{FB} = 1.3V, V_{IN}=6V, OUT Floating$	-50	0	50	nA
Line Regulation ⁽⁶⁾		VIN = 2.5 to 40V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, OUT = FB		0.01	0.05	%/V
		MP2013AGQ-18, I _{OUT} =100µA to 150mA, V _{IN} = 2.8V to 6V				
		$\begin{array}{l} MP2013AGQ\text{-}25,\\ I_{OUT}\text{=}100uA \text{ to }150mA \text{ ,}\\ V_{\text{IN}}\text{=}3.5V \text{ to }6V \end{array}$	-	0.005	0.01	%/mA
Load Regulation ⁽⁷⁾		MP2013AGQ-33, MP2013AGG-33, $I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$ to 150mA, $V_{IN}=4.3V$ to 6V				
		$\begin{array}{l} MP2013AGQ, \ MP2013AGQ-5, \\ MP2013AGG, \ MP2013AGG-5, \\ I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A \ to \ 150 mA, \\ V_{IN} = 6 V \end{array}$				
		100Hz, C_{IN} = 100pF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{IN} =6V		58		dB
Output Voltage PSRR ⁽⁸⁾		1kHz, C_{IN} = 100pF, C_{OUT} = 4.7µF I _{OUT} =10mA, V _{IN} =6V		41		dB
		100kHz, $C_{IN} = 100pF$, $C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu F$ $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $V_{IN}=6V$		55		dB
		MP2013AGQ, MP2013AGG, I _{OUT} = 100mA, C _{OUT} =6.8μF, V _{OUT} = 5V			3	
Startup Response Time		MP2013AGQ-18, I _{OUT} =10mA, C _{OUT} =6.8µF, V _{OUT} =1.8V			1.1	
		MP2013AGQ-25, I _{OUT} =10mA, C _{OUT} =6.8µF, V _{OUT} =2.5V			1.5	ms
		MP2013AGQ-33, MP2013AGG-33, I _{OUT} = 10mA, C _{OUT} =6.8µF, V _{OUT} = 3.3V			1.8	
		$\begin{array}{l} \text{MP2013AGQ-5, MP2013AGG-5,} \\ \text{I}_{\text{OUT}} = 10\text{mA,} \\ \text{C}_{\text{OUT}} = 6.8 \mu\text{F}, \text{V}_{\text{OUT}} = 5\text{V} \end{array}$			3	



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $T_J = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{EN}=V_{IN}$, $I_{OUT} = 1mA$, $C_{OUT} = 1\mu$ F, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
EN Rising Threshold	$EN_{TH_{R}}$	V _{IN} =2.5V to 40V	1.38	1.48	1.58	V
EN Falling Threshold	EN_{TH_F}	V _{IN} =2.5V to 40V	1.18	1.26	1.38	V
EN Input Current	I _{EN}	$V_{EN} = 0V \text{ or } 15V, V_{IN}=2.5V \text{ to } 40V$			0.1	μA
Thermal Shutdown ⁽⁸⁾	T _{SD}		150	165		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis ⁽⁸⁾	ΔT_{SD}			20		°C

Notes:

6) Line Regulation=
$$\frac{|V_{OUT[V_{IN(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[V_{IN(MIN)}]}|}{(V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{IN(MIN)}) \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times (\%/V)$$
7) Load Regulation=
$$\frac{|V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MAX)}]} - V_{OUT[I_{OUT(MIN)}]}|}{(I_{OUT(MAX)} - I_{OUT(MIN)}) \times V_{OUT(NOM)}} \times (\%/MA)$$

8) Derived from bench characterization. Not tested in production.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS





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MP2013A Rev. 1.03 10/16/2017

 $V_{IN}(V)$

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V_{IN}(V)

V_⊪(V)



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PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin # QFN6 (2mmx2mm)	Pin # QFN8 (3mmx3mm)	Name	Description
1	1	IN	Input Voltage. Connect IN to a 2.5V to 40V supply.
2	2	EN	Enable. A logic low on EN shuts down the IC; logic high starts it up. Connect EN to IN for automatic startup.
3, exposed pad	4, exposed pad	GND	Ground. The exposed pad and GND must be connected to the same ground plane.
4	5	FB	Feedback Input. FB is regulated to 1.215V nominally. Connect to an external resistive divider between OUT and GND to set output voltage. For a fixed-output version, FB can float.
6	8	OUT	Regulated Output Voltage. Only a low-value ceramic capacitor ($\geq 0.47 \mu F$) on output is required for stability.
5	3, 6, 7	NC	No Connection. May be left open or tied to ground for improved thermal performance.



OPERATION

The MP2013A is a linear regulator that supplies power to systems with high-voltage batteries. It includes a wide 2.5V to 40V input range, lowdropout voltage and low-quiescent-supply current.

The MP2013A provides a wide variety of fixed, output-voltage options: 1.8V, 1.9V, 2.3V, 2.5V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 3.45V, and 5.0V; and it provides an adjustable output option (from 1.215V to 15V).

The adjustable output option delivers an output that is adjustable from 1.215V to 15V with a simple resistor divider. It uses external feedback, allowing the user to set the output voltage with an external resistor divider. The typical FB voltage is 1.215V.

The IC enters shutdown mode when EN is low. In shutdown mode, the pass transistor, control circuitry, reference, and all biases turn off, reducing the supply current to $<3\mu$ A. Connect EN to IN for automatic startup. The regulator output current is internally limited. The device is protected against over-load and over-temperature conditions.

The peak-output current is limited to around 270mA, which exceeds the 150mA recommended continuous-output current.

When the junction temperature is too high, the thermal sensor sends a signal to the control logic that shuts down the IC. The IC restarts when the temperature has cooled sufficiently.

The maximum power-output current is a function of the package's maximum power dissipation for a given temperature.

The maximum power dissipation is dependent on the thermal resistance of the case and the circuit board, the temperature difference between the die junction and the ambient air, and the rate of air flow. The GND and exposed pad must be connected to the ground plane for proper dissipation.



Figure 1: Functional Block Diagram

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Component Selection

Setting the Output Voltage

Set the output voltage of the MP2013A by using a resistor divider as shown:



Figure 2: FB Resistor Divider to Set Vout

Choose R2=1M Ω to maintain a 1.215 μ A minimum load. Calculate the value for R1 using the following equation:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{1.215V} - 1\right)$$

For fixed output version, V_{OUT} also can be adjusted by adding external resistor divider. Just note to take internal FB resistor divider into consideration when choose external divider.



Figure 3: FB Divider of Fixed Output Version

When R2 is selected, R1 can be calculated by below equation:

$$R1 = \frac{R1_IN}{\frac{1.215xR1_INx(R2+R2_IN)}{(V_{out} - 1.215)xR2xR2_IN} - 1}$$

The internal FB resistor dividers for different fixed output versions please see below table.

Table 1: Internal FB Resistor Divider

Fixed Output Voltage (V)	R1_IN (MΩ)	R2_IN (MΩ)
1.8	0.482	1
2.5	1.058	1
3.3	1.716	1
5	3.117	1

Table 2 is an example of external FB divider to get various output voltages on fixed 3.3V output version.

Table 2 – 3.3V Fixed	Output	Version	External
FB	Divider		

V _{OUT} (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (kΩ)
11	84.5	10
8.5	61.9	10
8	57.6	10
6.5	44.2	10
5	31.6	10

Setting VIN UVLO

To prevent part from operating at an insufficient power supply voltage, a resistor divider as show in figure 3 can be used to adjust the VIN UVLO point.



Figure 4: EN Resistor Divider to Set VIN UVLO

If choose R3 first, then R4 can be calculated by below equation:

$$R4 = R3 \times \frac{EN_{TH_{L}}}{V_{IN_{UVLO}} - EN_{TH_{L}}}$$

Where EN_{TH_L} is the EN falling threshold 1.26V. To limit the divider current, high value resistors are recommended. For example, if V_{IN_UVLO} is set at 4.5V, R3=2M Ω and R4=778k Ω can be used.



Input Capacitor

For proper operation, place a ceramic capacitor (C1) between 1μ F and 10μ F of dielectric type X5R or X7R between the input pin and ground. Larger values in this range will help improve line transient response.

Output Capacitor

For stable operation, use a ceramic capacitor (C3) of type X5R or X7R between 1μ F and 10μ F. Larger values in this range will help improve load transient response and reduce noise. Output capacitors of other dielectric types may be used, but are not recommended as their capacitance can deviate greatly from their rated value over temperature.

To improve load transient response, add a small ceramic (X5R, X7R or Y5V dielectric) 22nF feed forward capacitor in parallel with R1. The feed forward capacitor is not required for stable operation.

Output Noise

The MP2013A will exhibit noise on the output during normal operation. This noise is negligible for most applications. However, in applications that include analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) of more than 12 bits, one needs to consider the ADC's power supply rejection specifications. The feed forward capacitor C2 across R1 will significantly reduce the output noise.

External Reverse Voltage Protection

In some situations, e.g. a backup battery is connected as MP2013A load, the output voltage may be held up while the input is either pulled to ground, pulled to some intermediate voltage or is floating. Thus, the output voltage is higher than input voltage. Since the MP2013A PMOS pass element has a body diode, a current will conduct from the output to input and is not internally limited. It's possible that the IC will be damaged by this unlimited reverse current. To avoid this, it's recommended to place an external diode at input like below.



PCB Layout Guide

PCB layout is very important to achieve good regulation, ripple rejection, transient response and thermal performance. It is highly recommended to duplicate EVB layout for optimum performance.

If change is necessary, please follow these guidelines and take figure 5 for reference.

- Input and output bypass ceramic capacitors are suggested to be put close to the IN Pin and OUT Pin respectively.
- Ensure all feedback connections are short and direct. Place the feedback resistors and compensation components as close to the chip as possible.
- Connect IN, OUT and especially GND respectively to a large copper area to cool the chip to improve thermal performance and long-term reliability.







Figure 5: PCB Layout (Top Layer)

Design Example

Below is a design example following the application guidelines for V_{OUT} =3.3V with feedforward cap.



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



Figure 7: 3.3V Output Typical Application Circuit



Figure 8: 3.3V Output with Feedforward Capacitor





PACKAGE INFORMATION



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTE:

1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BED.10 MILLIMETER MAX 4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-229, VARIATION VEEC-2.

5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE



QFN6 (2mmx2mm)



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW







RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

NOTE:

1) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS 2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH 3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE0.10 MILLIMETER MAX 4) JEDEC REFERENCE IS MO-229, VARIATION VCCC. 5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE

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