

Typical unit

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The **MYSGK1R830FRSR** is miniature MonoBK™ called “Mono Block”, non-isolated Point-of-Load (PoL) DC-DC power converter for embedded applications. The small form factor measures only 14.0 x 11.0 x 8.3mm. Applications include powering FPGA/CPU's, datacom/telecom systems, Distributed Bus Architectures (DBA), programmable logic and mixed voltage systems.

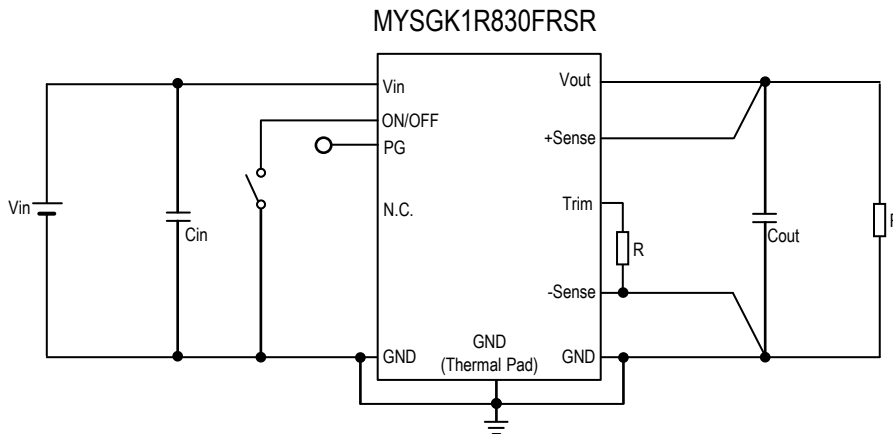
The converter has input voltage range from 4.5 to 15.0V and a maximum output current of 30A. Based on a fixed frequency synchronous buck converter switching topology, this high-power conversion efficient PoL module features settable output voltage 0.7 to 1.8V, On/Off control and Power Good signal output.

The converter also includes under-voltage lock out (UVLO), output short circuit protection and over-current protection.

FEATURES

- Settable output voltage from 0.7 to 1.8V
- Wide input voltage range 4.5 to 15V
- Up to 30A of output current
- Quick response to load change
- Ultra small surface mount package 14.0 x 11.0 x 8.3mm
- Peak efficiency of 95.7% max.
- Outstanding thermal derating performance
- Over current protection
- On/Off control (Positive logic)
- Power Good(PG) signal

SIMPLIFIED APPLICATION



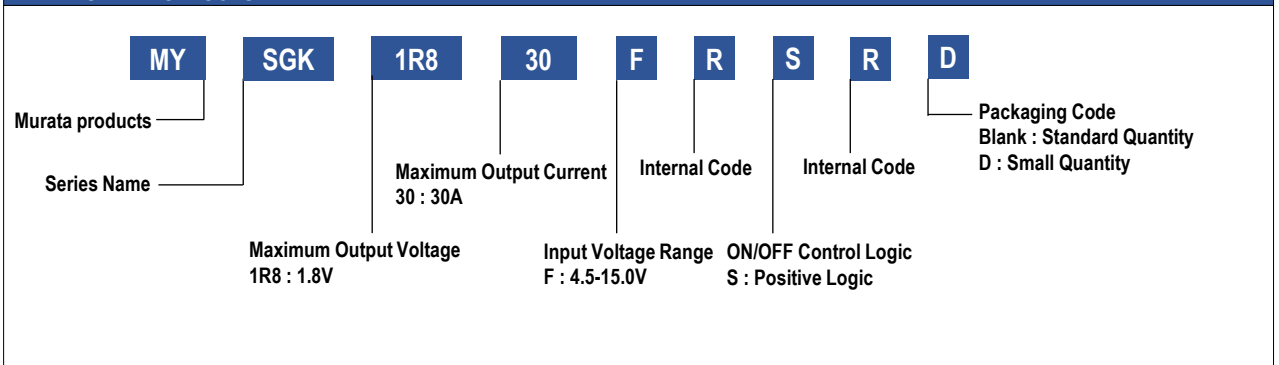
(Typical topology is shown. Murata recommends an external input fuse.)

PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE

PART NUMBER	OUTPUT						INPUT				Efficiency [%]	ON/OFF	Package [mm]
	Vout [V]	Iout [A(max.)]	Power [W]	R/N(typ.) [% of Vout]	Regulation(typ.)		Vin(typ.) [V]	Range [V]	Iin no load [mA]	Iin full load [A]			
					Line[%]	Load[%]							
MYSGK1R830FRSR	0.7-1.8 (typ.:1.8V)	30	54	0.5	±1.0	±1.0	12	4.5 - 15	80	5.02	88.3	Yes (Positive)	14.0 x 11.0 x 8.3
MYSGK1R830FRSRD	0.7-1.8 (typ.:1.8V)	30	54	0.5	±1.0	±1.0	12	4.5 - 15	80	5.02	88.3	Yes (Positive)	14.0 x 11.0 x 8.3

1.All specifications are at typical line voltage, Vout = 1.8V and full load, Ta=25degC unless otherwise noted. Output capacitors are 220uF x 3 ceramics + 100uF x 1 ceramics. Input capacitors are 22uF x 2 ceramic and plenty electrolytic capacitors. See detailed specifications. Input and output capacitors are necessary for our test equipment.
2.Use adequate ground plane and copper thickness adjacent to the converter.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE

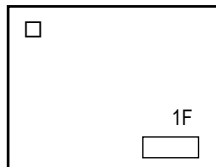


Product Marking

Because of the small size of the product, the product marking contains a character-reduced code to indicate the model number and manufacturing date code. Not all items on the marking are always used. Please note that the marking differs from the product photograph. Here is the layout of the Marking.

Part Number	Product Code
MYSGK1R830FRSR	1F
MYSGK1R830FRSRD	1F

Layout (reference)



Codes (reference)

- Internal Manufacturing code 1
- 1F Product code
(Please see product code table beside)
- Internal Manufacturing code 2

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS OF MYSKG1R830FRSR (Note 1)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Input Voltage			-0.3		16	V
ON/OFF Pin		Power on, referred to -Vin	-0.3		7.5	V
PG/Trim Pins		Power on, referred to -Vin		Source ONLY		
Vout			-0.3		2.0	V
Output Current		Current-limited, no damage, short-circuit protected	0		30	A
Storage Temperature Range		Vin=0V (no power)	-40		125	degC
Soldering / Reflow Temperature		Note 16			250	degC
Maximum Number of Reflows Allowed		Note 16			1	
Absolute maximums are stress ratings. Exposure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied or recommended.						
INPUT		Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Voltage Range			4.5	12	15	V
Start-up Threshold		Rising input voltage		4.25		V
Under-Voltage Shutdown		Note 12		4.05		V
Internal Filter Type				Capacitive		
Input Current						
Full Load Conditions		Vin=12.0V, Vout=1.8V, Iout=30A		5.25		A
Low Line		Vin=4.5V, Vout=1.8V, Iout=30A		13.50		A
No Load Current		Iout=0A, unit=ON		80		mA
GENERAL and SAFETY		Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Efficiency		Vin=12.0V, Vout=1.8V, Iout=30A		88.3		%
		Vin=12.0V, Vout=1.0V, Iout=30A		83.4		
		Vin=5.0V, Vout=1.8V, Iout=30A		89.6		
		Vin=5.0V, Vout=1.0V, Iout=30A		84.2		
Calculated MTBF (Note 3)		Ta=40degC, Vin=12.0V, Vout=1.8V, Iout=50%		8,300,000		hours
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS		Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Fixed Switching Frequency				425		kHz
Startup Time (Vin ON)		Vout=1.8V (Vin On to 90% of Vout)		4.9		ms
Startup Time (Remote ON)		Vout=1.8V (Remote On to 90% of Vout)		3.9		ms
Dynamic Load Response		(50-100% load step, di/dt)		0.5		A/us
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation		same as above, Note 14		±3.0%		% of Vout
FUNCTIONS		Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Remote On/Off Control (Note 4)						
Logic						
ON State Range		Or left open	1.8		5.0	V
OFF Stage Range			-0.1		0.5	V
Control Current		Open collector/drain			-	mA
Power Good Output						
PG TRUE (High)			(95% of target Vout) < Vout < (105% of target Vout)			
PG FALSE (Low)			Out of above range			

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS OF MYSKG1R830FRSR (Note 1)

OUTPUT	Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Total Output Power	See Derating	0		54	W
Voltage					
Output Voltage Range	Note 10	0.7		1.8	V
Accuracy (50% load, untrimmed)	Vin=12.0V, Vout=1.8V, Cout=760uF, Ta=25degC		±1		% of Vout
	Vin=5.0V, Vout=1.8V, Cout=760uF, Ta=25degC		±1		% of Vout
Over Voltage Protection	Note 13		120		% of Vout
Under Voltage Protection			68		% of Vout
Current					
Output Current Range	Note 2	0		30	A
Current Limit Inception	After warm-up		40		A
Short Circuit					
Short Circuit Duration (remove short for recovery)	Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
Short Circuit Protection Method	Note 5		Hiccup		
Pre-bias Start-up		Converter will start up if the external output voltage is less than set Vout.			
Regulation (Note 8)					
Line Regulation	Vin=min. to max.		±1		% of Vout
Load Regulation	Iout=min. to max.		±1		% of Vout
Temperature Variation			±1		% of Vout
Total Output Voltage Variation	Fixed Vin, Iout=min. to max., Note 15			±3	% of Vout
Ripple and Noise (20MHz bandwidth)	Note 6		1		% of Vout
External Output Capacitance Range (Note 11)		760		6000	uF
MECHANICAL(Common)					
Conditions		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mechanical Dimension	L x W x H	14.0(typ.) x 11.0(typ.) x 8.3(max.)			mm
Weight			4.21		grams
ENVIRONMENTAL(Common)					
Conditions		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	With Derating (Notes 2, 7)	-40		105	degC
Storage Temperature Range	Vin=0V (no power)	-40		125	degC
Thermal Protection/Shutdown	Measured in module (Note 9)		165		degC
Moisture Sensitivity Level			3		
ENVIRONMENTAL VALIATION TESTING (For reference)					
High Temperature Humidity Bias	Ta=85degC/85%RH, Vin=15V, Vout=1.8V, No load, 1000hours				
High Temperature Bias	Tj=120degC, Vin=12V, Vout=1.8V, Iout with derating, 1000hours				
Temperature Cycling	Ta=-40degC/30min. ↔ +125degC/30min., 100cycle				

Specification Notes

(1) Specifications are typical at Ta=25degC, Vin=typical(+12.0V), Vout=typical (+1.8V), full load, external capacitors and natural convection unless otherwise indicated. The converter is tested and specified with external 220uF x 3 ceramic + 100uF x 1 ceramic output capacitors, 22uF x 2 ceramic and plenty electrolytic external input capacitors. All capacitors are low ESR types. These capacitors are necessary to accommodate our test equipment and may not be required to achieve specified performance in your applications. However, Murata recommends installation of these capacitors.

(2) Note that Maximum Power Derating curves indicate an average current at typical input voltage. At higher temperatures and/or no airflow, the converter will tolerate brief full current outputs if the total RMS current over time does not exceed the Derating curve.

(3) Mean Time Between Failure is calculated using the Telecordia SR-332 method, +40degC, half output load, natural air convection.

(4) The On/Off Control Input should use either a switch or an open collector/open drain transistor referenced to GND. A logic gate may also be used by applying appropriate external voltages which do not exceed +Vin

(5) "Hiccup" overcurrent operation repeatedly attempts to restart the converter with a brief, full-current output. If the overcurrent condition still exists, the restart current will be removed and then tried again. This short current pulse prevents overheating and damaging the converter. Once the fault is removed, the converter immediately recovers normal operation.

(6) Output noise may be further reduced by adding an external filter.

(7) The model can be started at -40degC.

(8) Regulation specifications describe the deviation as the line input voltage or output load current is varied from a midpoint value to its extreme.

(9) Thermal Protection/Shutdown temperature is measured with the sensor in the converter.

(10) Do not exceed maximum power specifications when adjusting the output trim.

(11) The maximum output capacitive loads depend on the Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) of the external output capacitor and, to a lesser extent, the distance and series impedance to the load. Larger caps will reduce output noise but may change the transient response. Newer ceramic caps with very low ESR may require lower capacitor values to avoid instability. Thoroughly test your capacitors in the application.

(12) Do not allow the input voltage to degrade lower than the input under voltage shutdown voltage at all times. Otherwise, you risk having the converter turn off. The under-voltage shutdown is not latching and will attempt to recover when the input is brought back into normal operating range.

(13) The outputs are intended to sink appreciable reverse current.

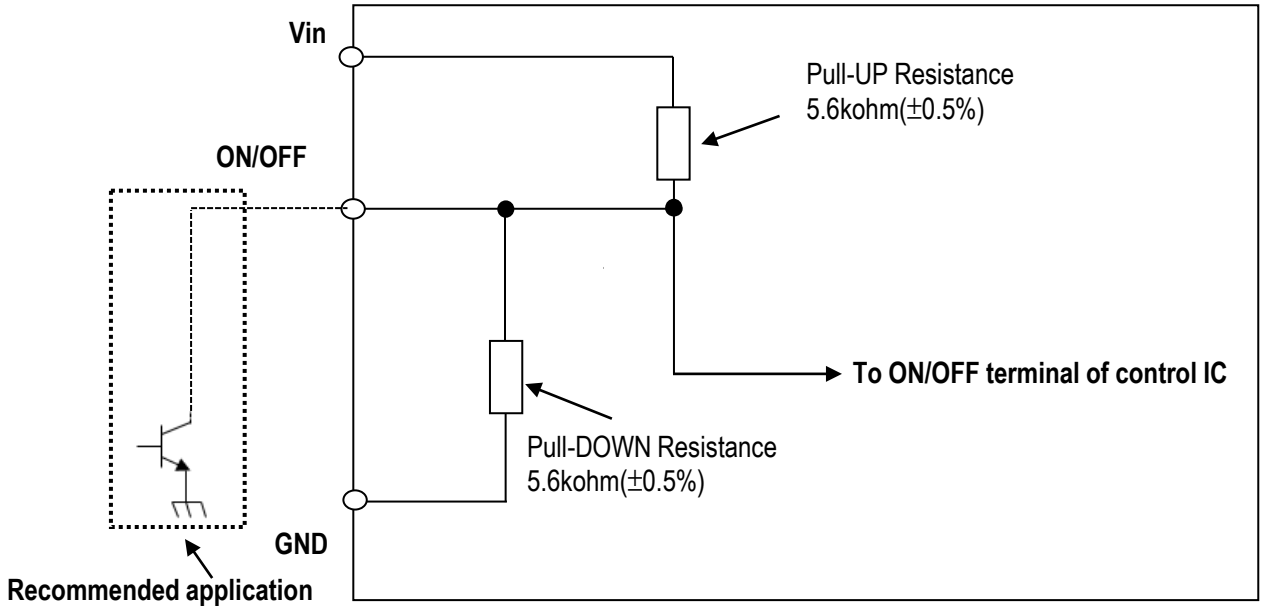
(14) About di/dt condition, please refer to the table described later.

(15) Ensured by design. Not production tested.

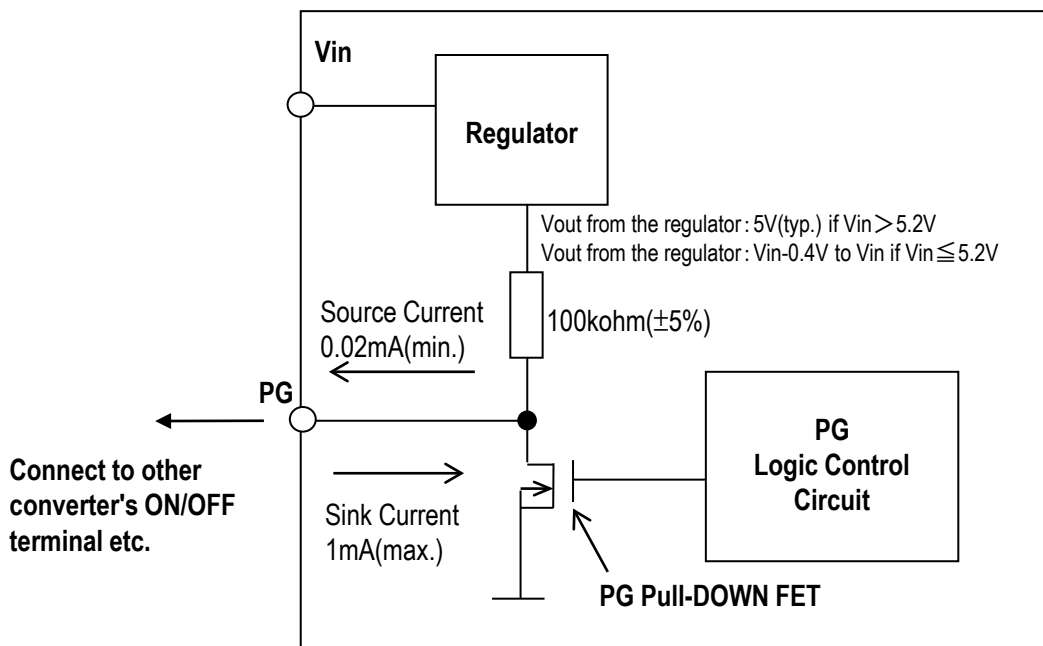
(16) Recommended reflow profile is written in "Soldering Guidelines".

Internal Circuit Diagrams

ON/OFF internal circuit diagram and using guide

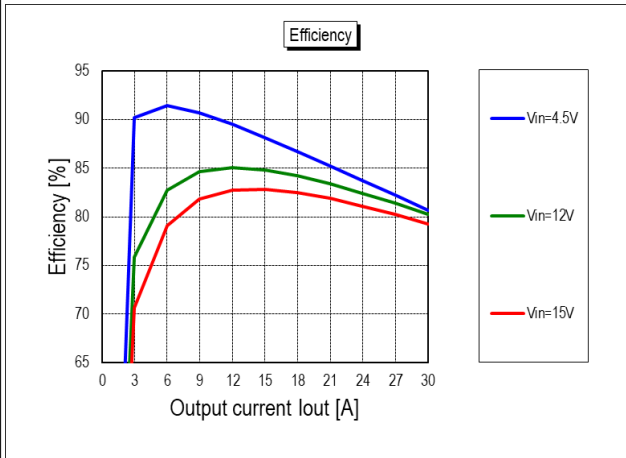


Power Good(PG) internal circuit diagram and using guide

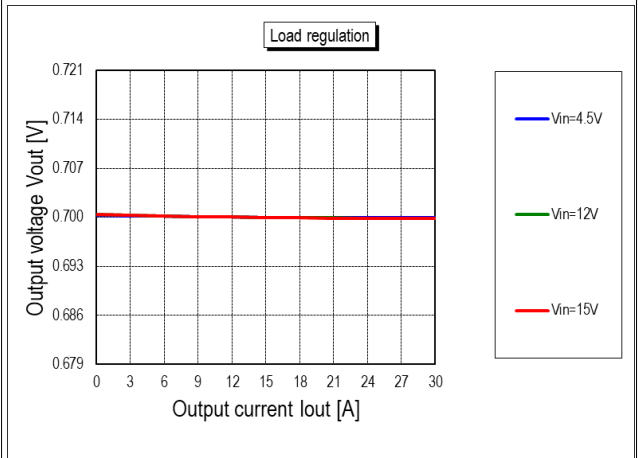


PERFORMANCE DATA AND OSCILLOGRAMS OF MYSGK1R830FRSR

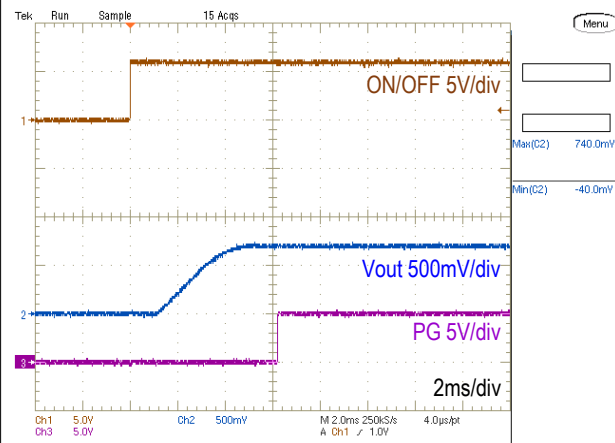
Efficiency vs. Line Voltage and Load Current at 25degC. (Vout=0.7V)



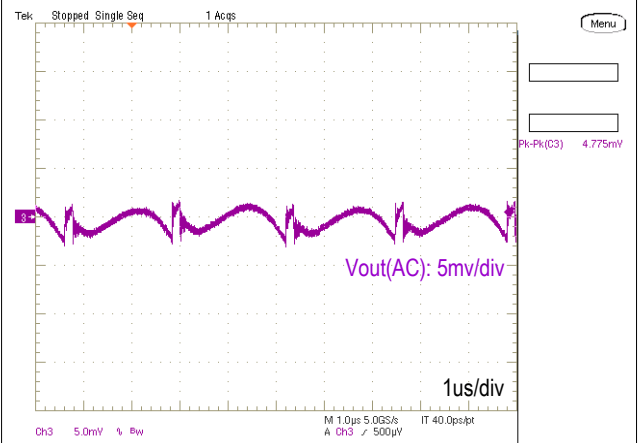
Vout vs. Line Voltage and Load Current at 25degC. (Vout=0.7V)



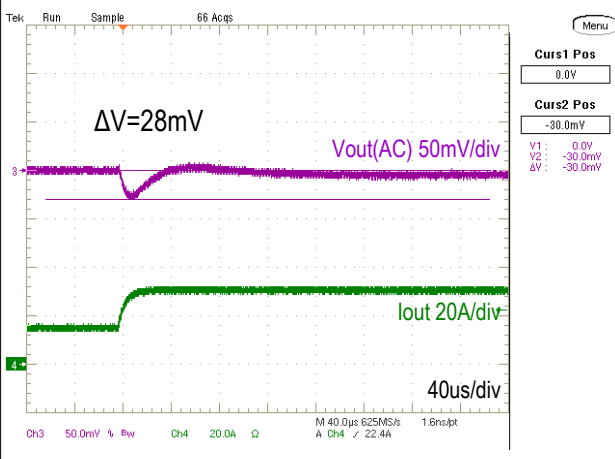
On/Off Enable Delay (Vin=12.0V, Vout=0.7V, Iout=30A, Cout=760uF)
Trace1=ON/OFF, Trace2=Vout, Trace3=PG



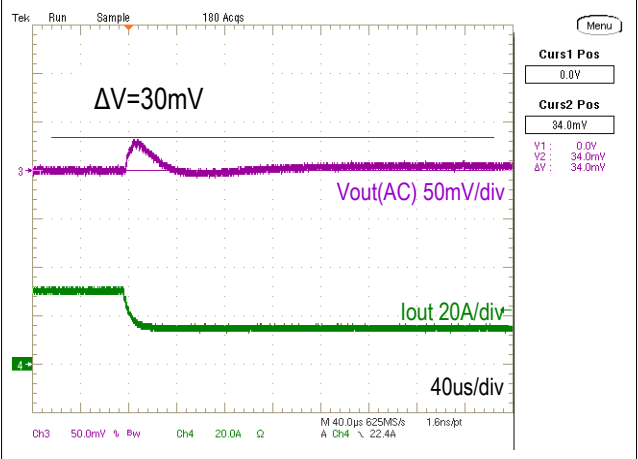
Output Ripple and Noise (Vin=12.0V, Vout=0.7V, Iout=30A, Cout=760uF, Scope BW=20MHz)



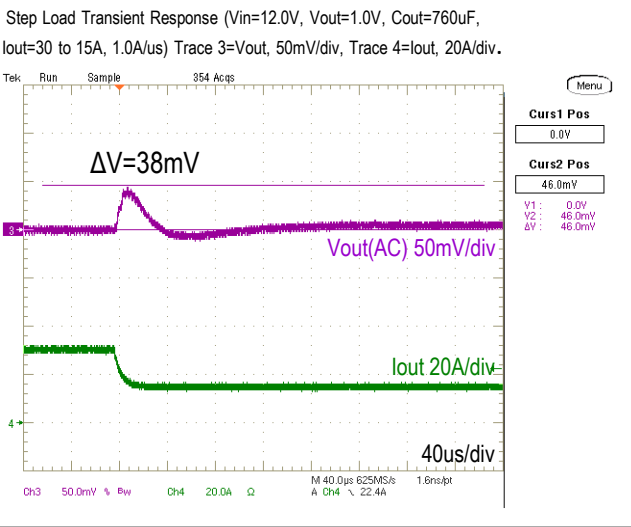
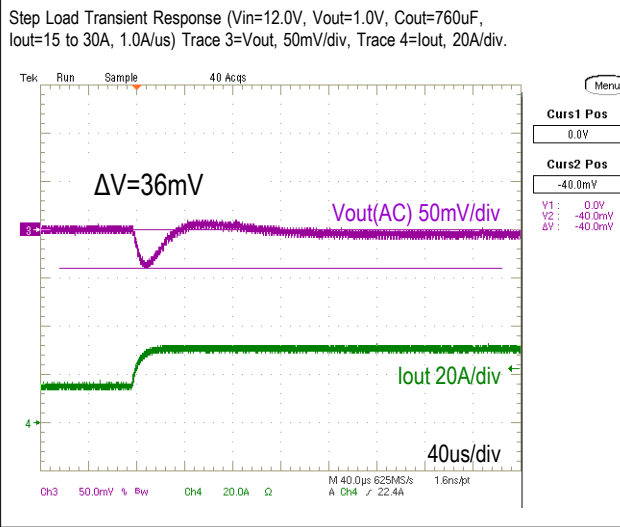
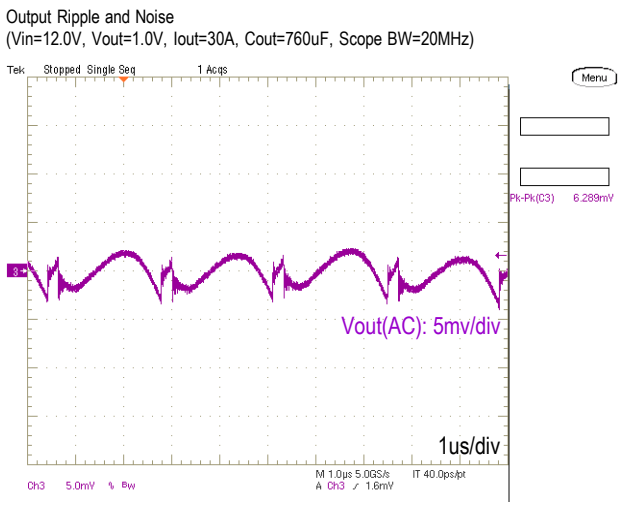
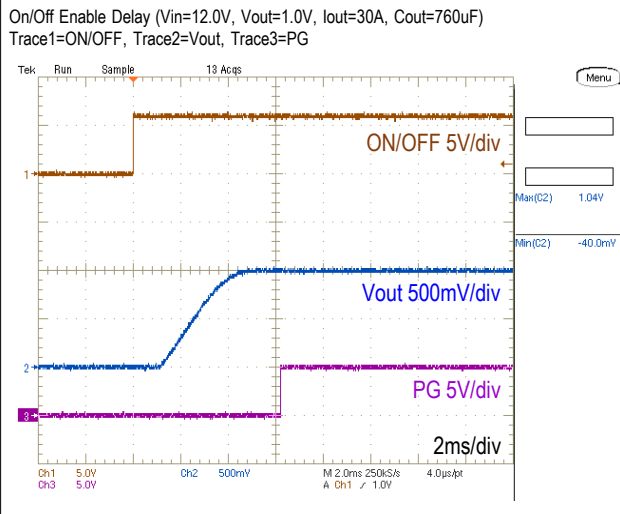
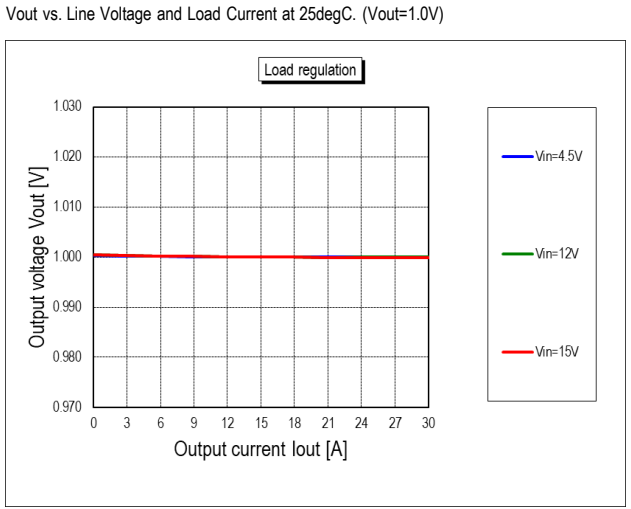
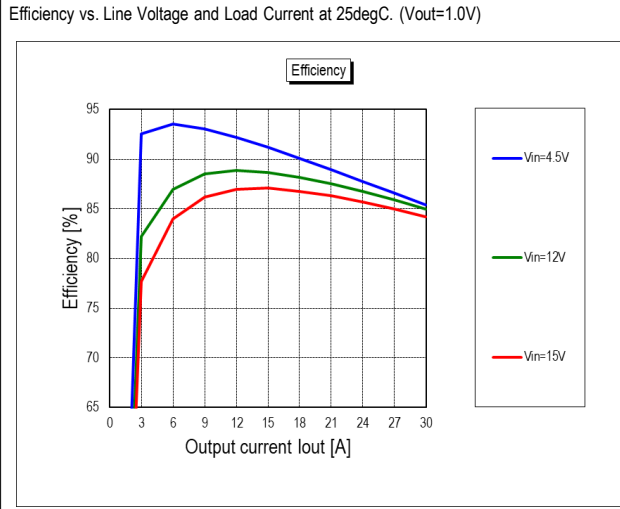
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12.0V, Vout=0.7V, Cout=760uF, Iout=15 to 30A, 1.0A/us) Trace 3=Vout, 50mV/div, Trace 4=Iout, 20A/div.



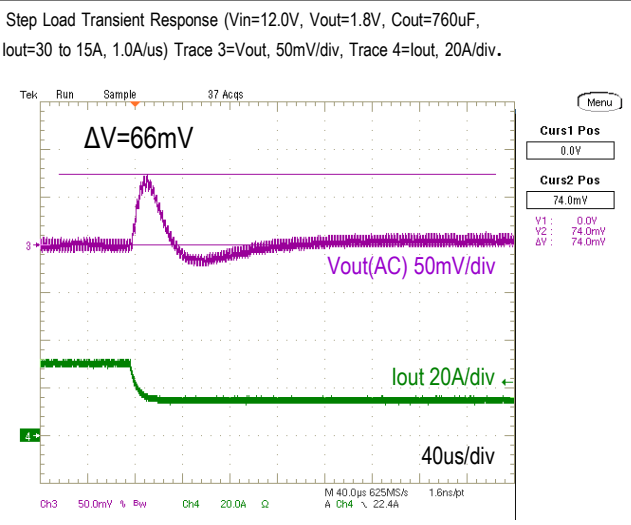
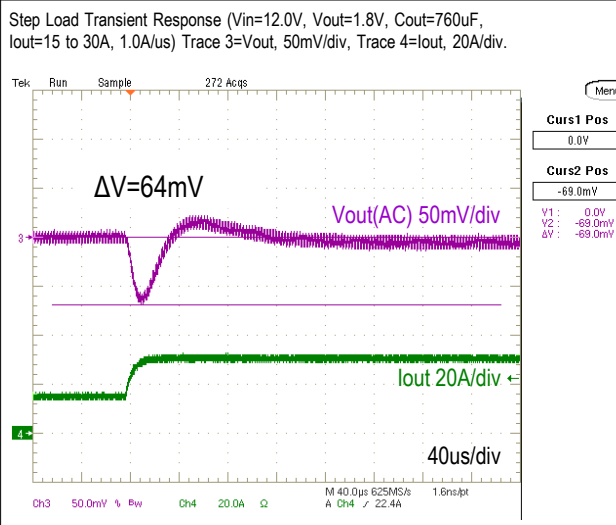
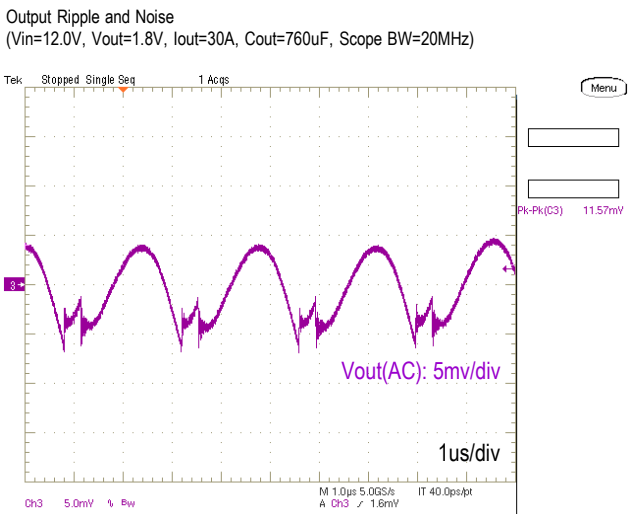
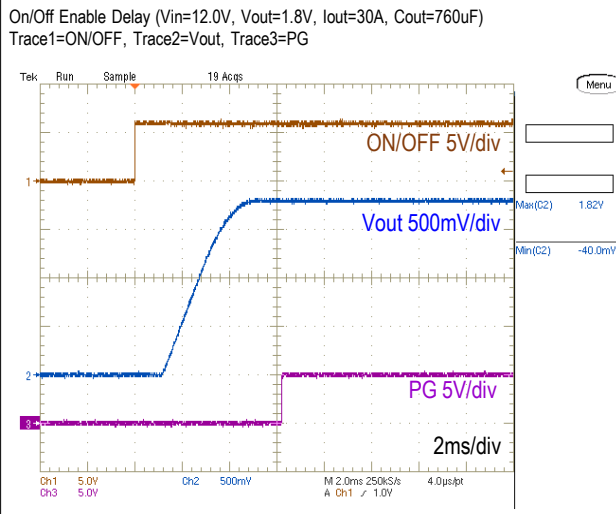
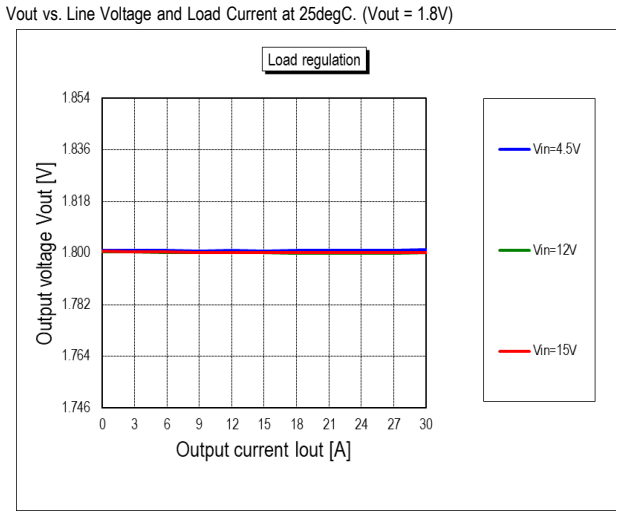
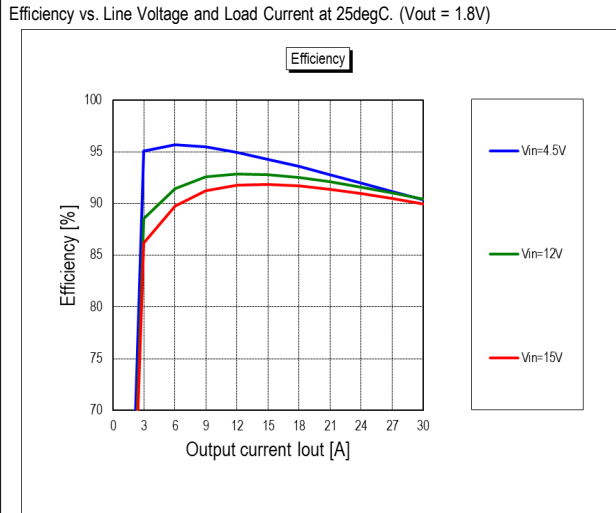
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12.0V, Vout=0.7V, Cout=760uF, Iout=30 to 15A, 1.0A/us) Trace 3=Vout, 50mV/div, Trace 4=Iout, 20A/div.



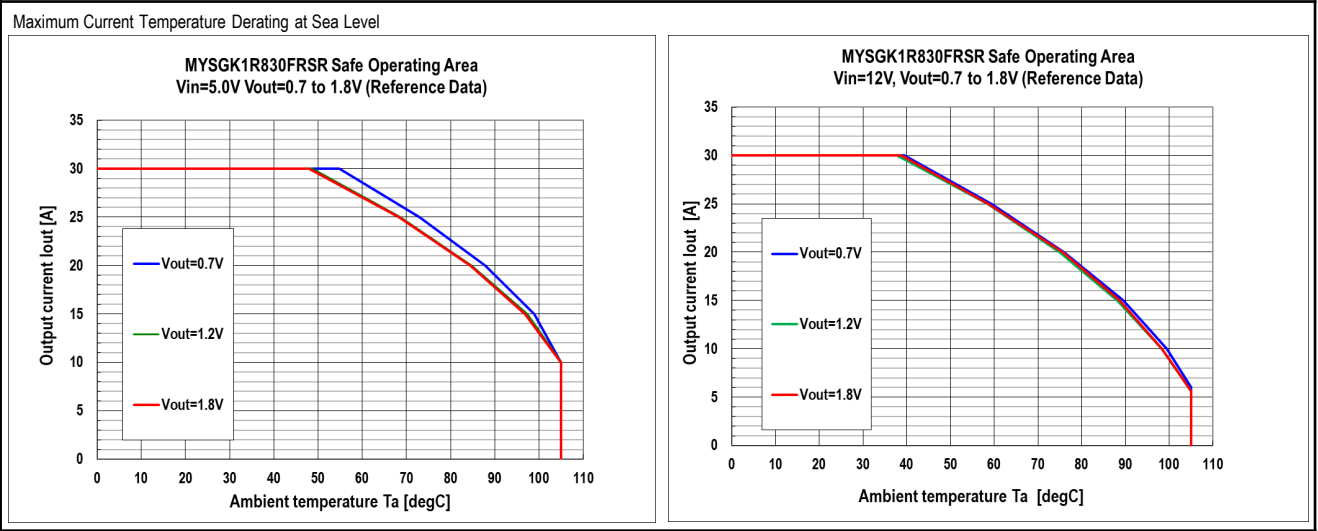
PERFORMANCE DATA AND OSCILLOGRAMS OF MYSGK1R830FRSR



PERFORMANCE DATA AND OSCILLOGRAMS OF MYSGK1R830FRSR



THERMAL DERATINGS OF MYSGK1R830FRSR



Thermal deratings are evaluated in following condition.

- The product is mounted on 50.8mm x 60.0mm x 1.6mm (8 Layer, 2oz copper each) FR-4 board respectively.
- No forced air flow.

Surface(Top of the coil) temperature of the product : 115degC(max.)

TRANSIENT RESPONSE DATAS OF MYSGK1R830FRSR

Transient response data at various conditions are showed in following table.

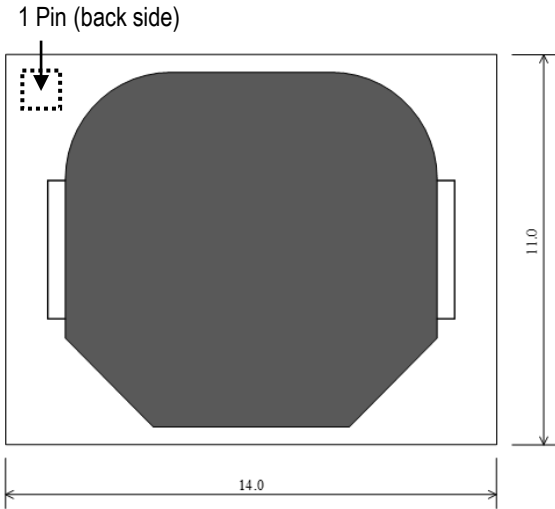
Minimum output capacitance can serve less than 3% of Vout of deviation for 15A load change(0.5A/us).

Part Number	Vin [V]	Vout [V]	Cout [uF]	Voltage Deviation [mV]
				15 to 30A Load Step (0.5A/us)
MYSGK1R830FRSR	5	0.7	760	20
		1		27
		1.2		32
		1.8		45
	12	0.7	760	20
		1		27
		1.2		32
		1.8		46

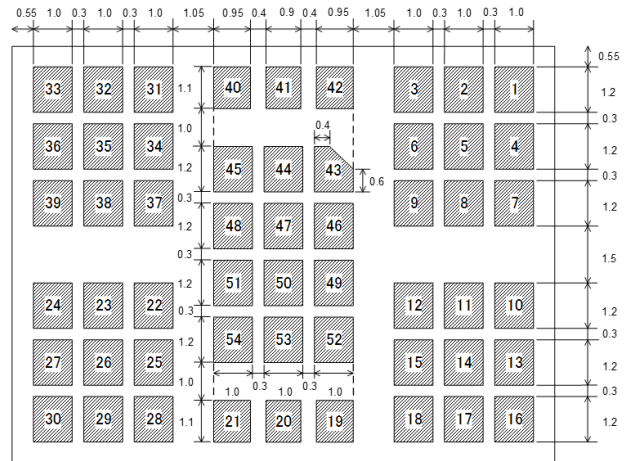
MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimension and Pin Assignment

< Top View >



< Bottom View >



Unit: mm
Tolerances
± 0.25mm

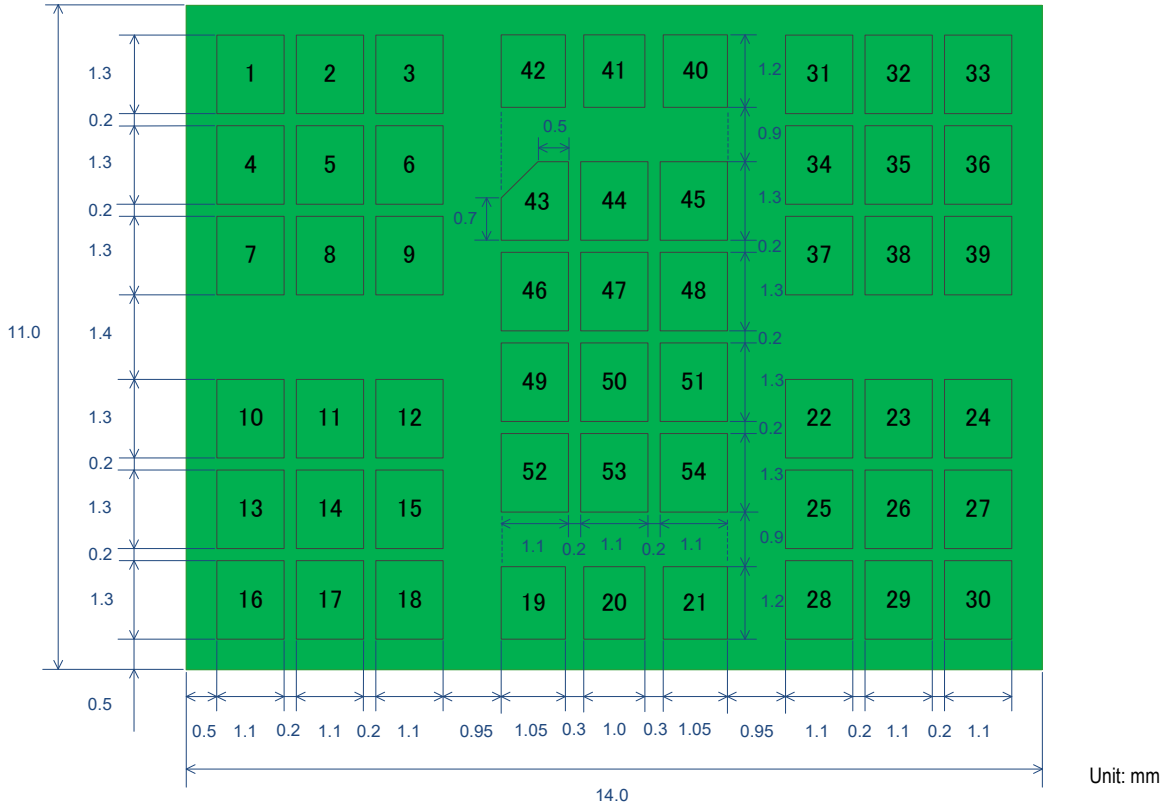


< Side View >

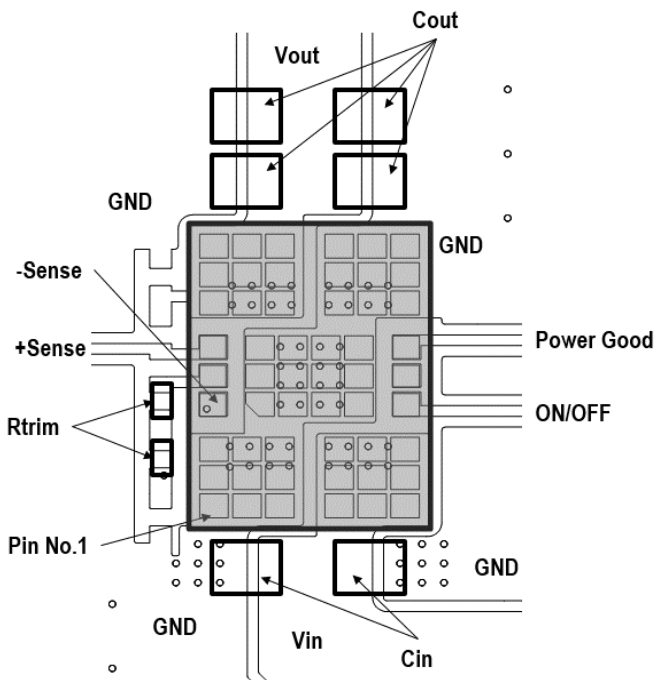
INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS	
Pin No.	Function
1-9	GND
10-18	Vout
19	+Sense
20	Trim
21	-Sense
22-30	GND
31-39	Vin
40	ON/OFF
41	N.C.
42	Power Good
43-54	GND(Thermal Pad)

※"N.C." is recommended to be open.

Recommended Board Land Pattern (Top View)

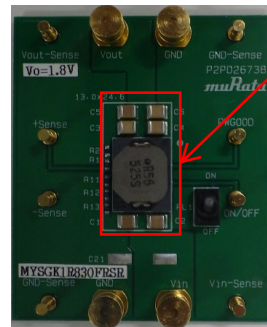


Example of Pattern Layout (Top View)

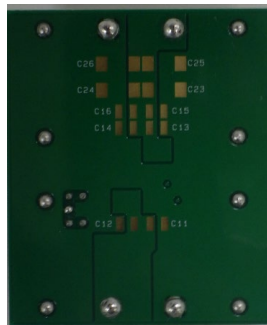


Picture

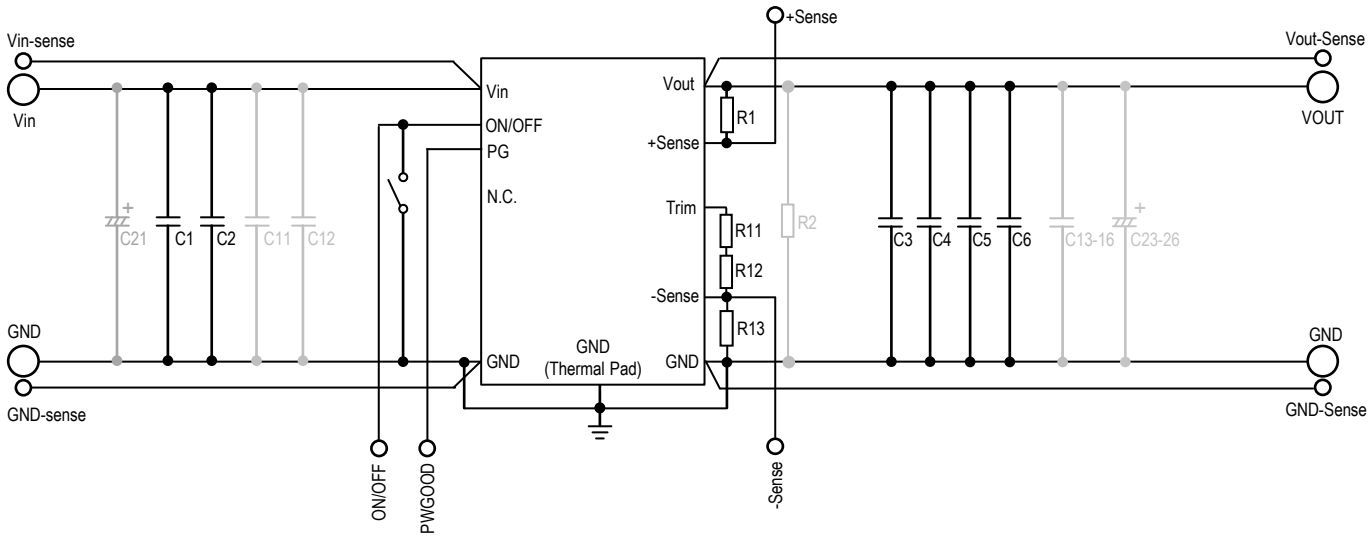
TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



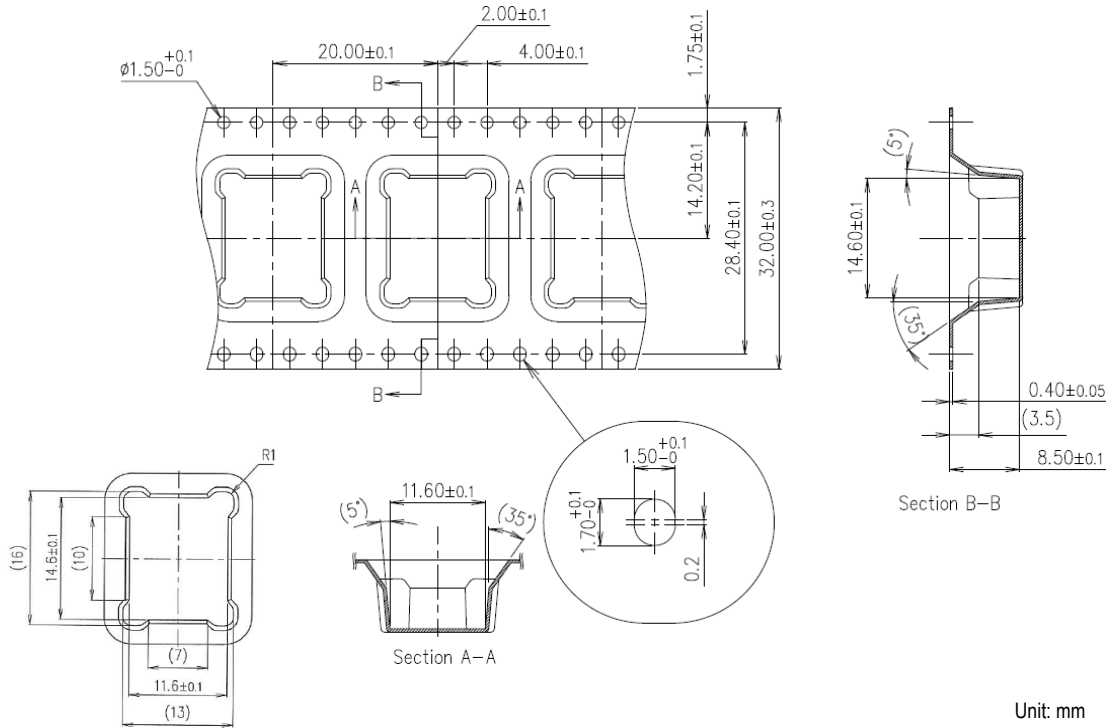
Application Circuit and BOM list (Evaluation board)



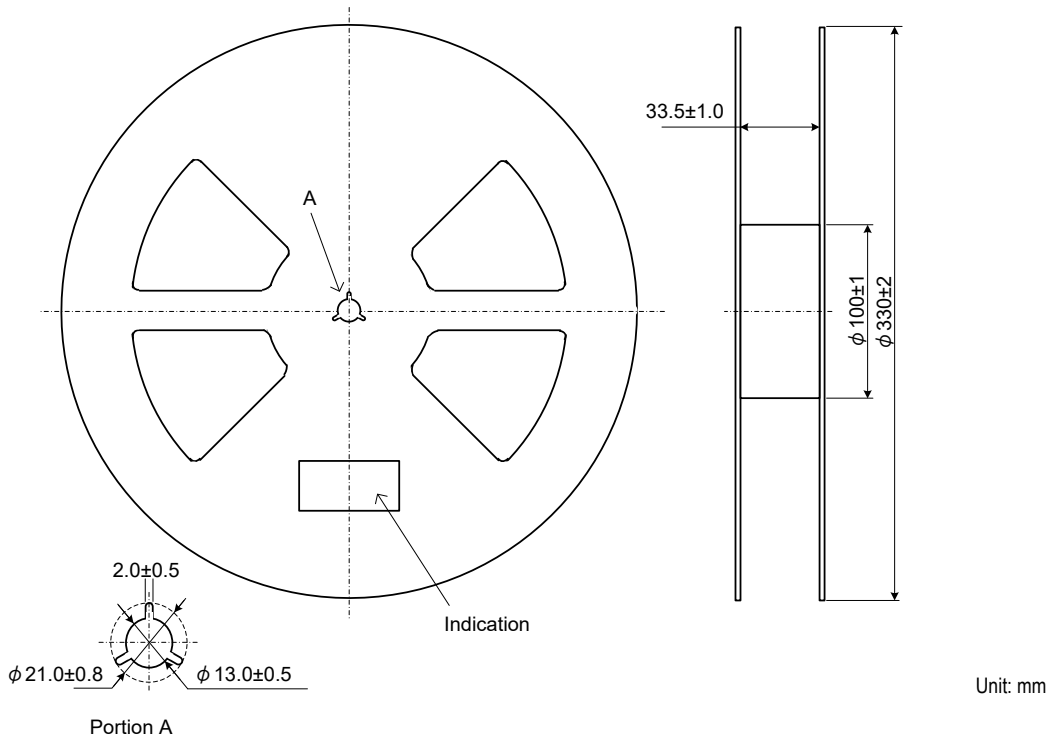
MYSKG1R830FRSR	
C1, C2	22uF/25V GRM32ER71E226KE15 (Murata)
C3	100uF/6.3V GRM32EE70J107ME15 (Murata)
C4-6	220uF/6.3V GRM32EC80G227ME05 (Murata)
R1, R13	1608M, Chip resistor, 0ohm
R11, R12	1608M, Chip resistor for trimming
C11, C12, C13-16, C21, C23-26, R2	No mount

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

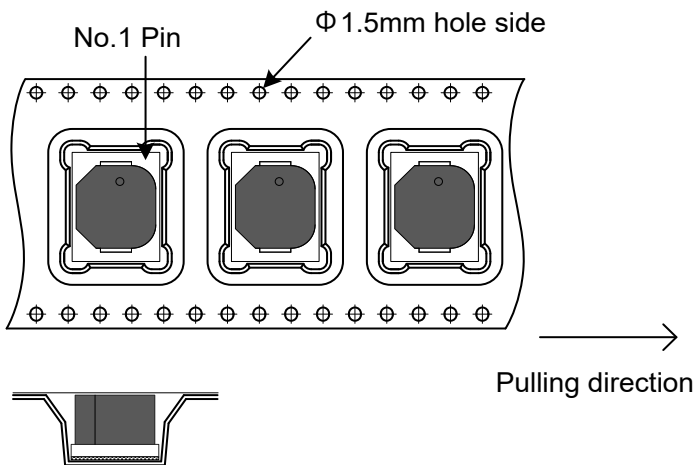
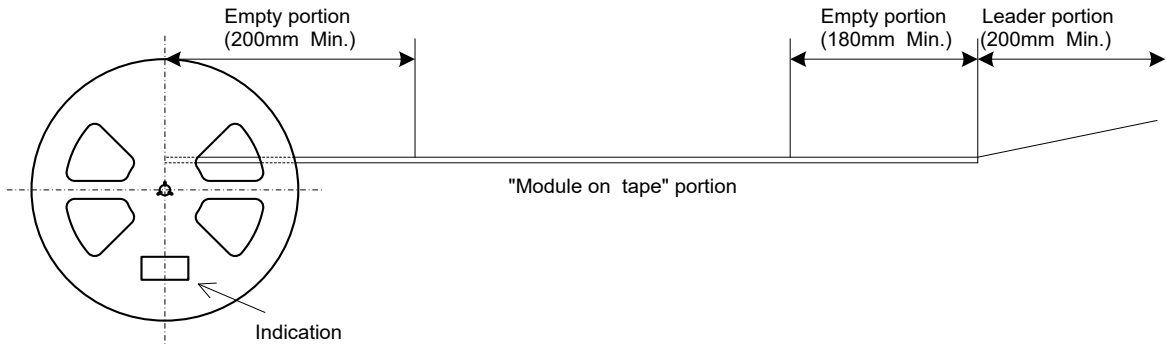
Tape Dimension



Reel Dimension



TAPE SPECIFICATIONS



Note

1. The adhesive strength of the protective tape must be within 0.3-1.0N.
2. Each reel contains the quantities such as the table below.
3. Each reel set in moisture-proof packaging because of MSL 3.
4. No vacant pocket in "Module on tape" section.
5. The reel is labeled with Murata part number and quantity.
6. The color of reel is not specified.

Part Number	Quantity
MYSGK1R830FRSR	150
MYSGK1R830FRSRD	50

TECHNICAL NOTES

Input Fuse

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal which is not current limited. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line. The installer must observe all relevant safety standards and regulations. For safety agency approvals, install the converter in compliance with the end-user safety standard.

Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, converters will not begin to regulate properly until the ramping-up input voltage exceeds and remains at the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (see Specifications). Once operating, converters will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown Limit. Subsequent restart will not occur until the input voltage rises again above the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off operation at a single input voltage. Users should be aware however of input sources near the Under-Voltage Shutdown whose voltage decays as input current is consumed (such as capacitor inputs), the converter shuts off and then restarts as the external capacitor recharges. Such situations could oscillate. To prevent this, make sure the operating input voltage is well above the UV Shutdown voltage at all times.

Start-Up Time

Assuming that the output current is set at the rated maximum, the Vin to Vout Start-Up Time (see Specifications) is the time interval between the point when the ramping input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold and the fully loaded regulated output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, input voltage slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears at the converter. These converters include a soft start circuit to moderate the duty cycle of its PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the input inrush current. The On/Off Remote Control interval from On command to Vout regulated assumes that the converter already has its input voltage stabilized above the Start-Up Threshold before the On command. The interval is measured from the On command until the output enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. The specification assumes that the output is fully loaded at maximum rated current. Similar conditions apply to the On to Vout regulated specification such as external load capacitance and soft start circuitry.

Recommended Input Filtering

The user must assure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content, including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. For best performance, we recommend installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series and an electrolytic type such as Panasonic OS-CON series.

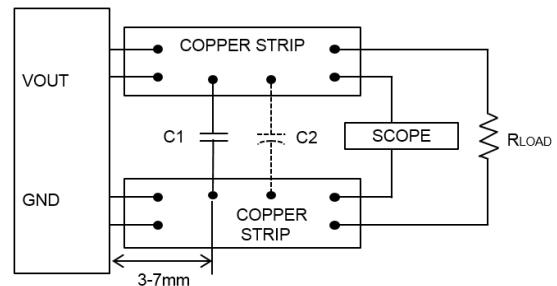
Initial suggested capacitor values are 22uF x 2 ceramic type and 1000uF x 1 electrolytic type, rated at twice the expected maximum input voltage. Make sure that the input terminals do not go below the under voltage shutdown voltage at all times. More input bulk capacitance may be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

Recommended Output Filtering

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with additional external capacitor. The user may install more external output capacitance reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. Again, use low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series). Initial values of 220uF x 3 ceramic type + 100uF x 1 ceramic type may be tried, either single or multiple capacitors in parallel. Mount these close to the converter. Measure the output ripple under your load conditions. Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

Output Noise

This converter is tested and specified for output noise using designated external input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the figures below. In the figure below, the two copper strips simulate real-world printed circuit impedances between the power supply and its load. In order to minimize circuit errors and standardize tests between units, scope measurements should be made using BNC connectors or the probe ground should not exceed one half inch and soldered directly to the test circuit.



C1=220uF x 3 CERAMIC + 100uF x 1 CERAMIC
C2=OPEN

Figure : Measuring Output Ripple and Noise

Minimum Output Loading Requirements

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions. Operation under no load might however slightly increase output ripple and noise.

Thermal Shutdown

To prevent many over temperature problems and damage, these converters include thermal shutdown circuitry. If environmental conditions cause the temperature rise of the converter above the Operating Temperature Range up to the shutdown temperature, an on-board electronic temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the temperature decreases below the turn-on threshold, the converter will automatically restart.

CAUTION: If you operate too close to the thermal limits, the converter may shut down suddenly without warning. Be sure to thoroughly you're your application to avoid unplanned thermal shutdown.

Temperature Derating Curves

The graphs in this data sheet illustrate typical operation under a variety of conditions. The derating curves show the maximum continuous ambient air temperature. Note that these are AVERAGE measurements.

Note that the temperatures are of the ambient airflow, not the converter itself which is obviously running at higher temperature than the outside air. Also note that very low flow rates (below about 25 LFM) are similar to "natural convection," that is, not using fan-forced airflow. Murata makes characterization measurements in a closed cycle wind tunnel with calibrated airflow. We use both thermocouples and an infrared camera system to observe thermal performance.

CAUTION: These graphs are all collected at slightly above Sea Level altitude. Be sure to reduce the derating for higher density altitude.

Output Current Limiting

Current limiting inception is defined as the point at which full power falls below the rated tolerance. See the Performance/Functional Specifications. Note particularly that the output current may briefly rise above its rated value in normal operation as long as the average output power is not exceeded. This enhances reliability and continued operation of your application. If the output current is too high, the converter will enter the short circuit condition.

Output Short Circuit Condition

When a converter is in current-limit mode, the output voltage will drop as the output current demand increases. Following a time-out period, the converter will restart, causing the output voltage to begin ramping up to its appropriate value. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will initiate. This rapid on/off cycling is called "hiccup mode". The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing excessive internal temperatures and/or component damage. A short circuit can be tolerated indefinitely.

The "hiccup" system differs from older latching short circuit systems because you do not have to power down the converter to make it restart. The system will automatically restore operation as soon as the short circuit condition is removed.

UVP/OVP Function

This product monitors a feedback voltage to detect over and under voltage. When the feedback voltage becomes lower than 68% of the target voltage, after 1ms, the product latches OFF. This function is enabled after soft-start is complete.

When the feedback voltage becomes higher than 120% of the target voltage, the circuit operates sink-mode to decrease output voltage until reaching a negative current limit (-38A typ.). Upon reaching the negative current limit, sink-mode is turned off and the device restarts for a short time. The device operates in this cycle until the output voltage is pulled down under the UVP threshold voltage for 1ms. After the 1ms, the circuit latches into sink-mode. The fault is cleared with a reset of Vin or by retoggling the ON/OFF pin.

Remote On/Off Control

Please refer to the Connection Diagram on page 1 for On/Off connections.

Positive logic models are enabled when the On/Off pin is left open or is pulled high to Vin with respect to GND. An internal bias current causes the open pin to rise to Vin. Positive-polarity devices are disabled when the On/Off is grounded or brought to within a low voltage (see Specifications) with respect to GND.

Dynamic control of the On/Off function should be able to sink appropriate signal current when brought low and withstand appropriate voltage when brought high. Be aware too that there is a finite time in milliseconds (see Specifications) between the time of On/Off Control activation and stable, regulated output. This time will vary slightly with output load type and current and input conditions.

Output Capacitive Load

Users should only consider adding capacitance to reduce switching noise and/or to handle spike current load steps. Install only enough capacitance to achieve noise objectives. Excess external capacitance may cause regulation problems, degraded transient response and possible oscillation or instability.

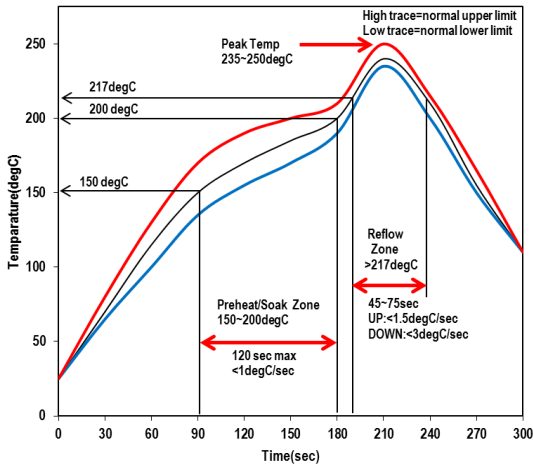
Soldering Guidelines

Murata recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type.

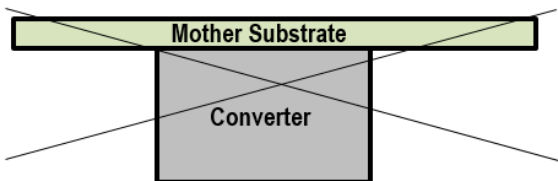
Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers. This product can be reflowed once.

Reflow Solder Operations for surface-mount products	
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:	
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1degC per second
Time over Liquidus	45 to 75 seconds
Maximum Peak Temperature	250degC
Cooling Rate	Less than 3degC per second
For Sn/Pb based solders:	
Preheat Temperature	Less than 1degC per second
Time over Liquidus	60 to 75 seconds
Maximum Peak Temperature	235degC
Cooling Rate	Less than 3degC per second

Recommended Lead-free Solder Reflow Profile



CAUTION: Do not reflow the converter as follows, because the converter may fall from the substrate during reflowing.



Pb-free solder processes

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020D. During reflow PRODUCT must not exceed 250degC at any time.

Dry Pack Information

Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033. (Handling, packing, shipping and use of moisture/reflow sensitivity surface mount devices.) Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the modules must be baked according to J-STD-033.

Output Voltage Adjustment

The output voltage may be adjusted over a limited range by connecting an external trim resistor (Rtrim) between the Trim pin and GND pin. The Rtrim resistor must be a 1/10W precision metal film type, ±0.5% accuracy or better with low temperature coefficient, ±100ppm/degC or better. Mount the resistor close to the converter with very short leads or use a surface mount trim resistor.

In the table below, the estimated resistance is given at limited condition ; Vin : typ., Ta : 25degC, Iout : max., Cout : 760uF. (Please look at Test Circuit which is shown below). Do not exceed the specified limits of the output voltage or the converter's maximum power rating when applying these resistors. Also, avoid high noise at the Trim input. However, to prevent instability, you should never connect any capacitors between Trim pin and GND pin.

Output Voltage	Estimated Rtrim [kohm]
	MYSKG1R830FRSR
0.7V	56 + 3.6
1.0V	15
1.2V	10
1.5V	6.2 + 0.47
1.8V	3.0 + 2.0

Resistor Trim Equation

MYSKG1R830FRSR

$$R_{trim} \text{ (kohm)} = \frac{5.996}{(V_{out} - 0.5996)}$$

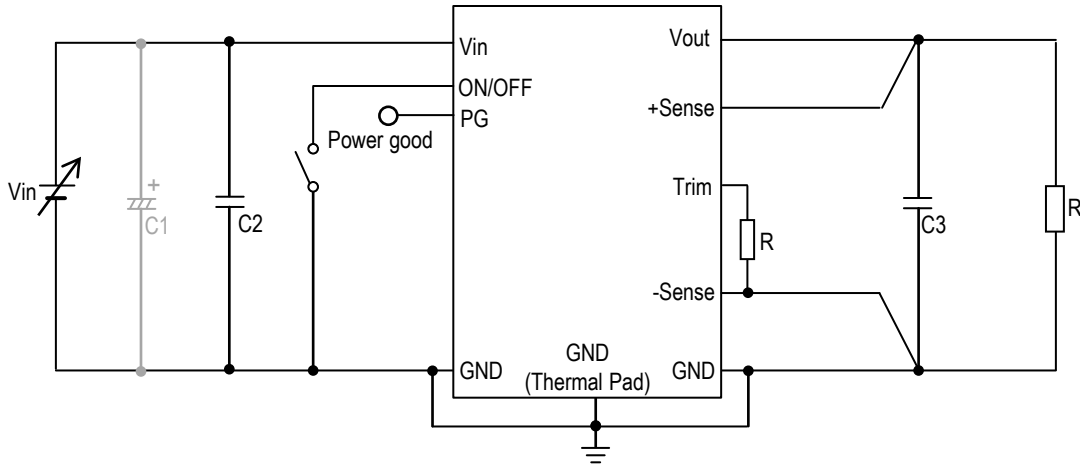
Output voltage depends on the value of capacitance of Cout in this product, the smaller Cout may cause the higher output voltage. The equations above are only reference, so please check output voltage and adjust Rtrim in user circumstances. To increase(decrease) output voltage is obtained by decreasing(increasing) value of Rtrim.

Output Voltage Remote Sense

This function is capable to compensate up the voltage drop between the output and input of load. The voltage between Vout pin and GND pin must NOT be over their allowed maximum voltage if using the remote sense. The both sense pins should be connected to Vout line and GND line respectively as shortly as possible. The sense traces should be also shielded by GND line or something else to reduce noise pickup. The sense line length is recommended within 10cm for output voltage stability. If the sense function is not needed, the +Sense pin should be connected to the Vout pin directly, the -Sense pin should be also connected to GND pin directly.

APPENDIX

Test Circuit



Vin : DC Power Supply
RL : Electronic Load Device

For MYSKG1R830FRSR

- C1 : 1000uF/25V x 1pc Electrolysis Capacitor
- C2 : 22uF/25V x 2pcs (GRM32ER71E226KE15 : Murata)
- C3 : 220uF/4V x 3pcs (GRM32EC80G227ME05 : Murata)
+ 100uF/6.3V x 1pc (GRM32EE70J107ME15 : Murata)

Do not connect any additional components between the Trim pin and Vout or between the Trim and Sense pins. Use only the specified connections.

If there is a long inductive cable length between the input power source and converter, then some additional bulk decoupling capacitance (e.g. up to 1000uF) may be necessary to ensure a low AC impedance power source.

This would typically be aluminum electrolytic type and does not need to be close to the input terminals of converter.

Scope

This datasheet is applied to MYSGK1R830FRSR and MYSGK1R830FRSRD.
- Specific applications: Consumer Electronics, Industrial Equipment

Limitation of Applications

The products listed in the datasheet (hereinafter the product(s) is called the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification or the datasheet. (hereinafter called the "Specific Application"). We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety. Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

We disclaim any loss and damages arising from or in connection with the products including but not limited to the case such loss and damages caused by the unexpected accident, in event that (i) the product is applied for the purpose which is not specified as the specific application for the product, and/or (ii) the product is applied for any following application purposes from (1) to (11) (except that such application purpose is unambiguously specified as specific application for the product in our catalog specification forms, datasheets, or other documents officially issued by us*).

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (such as vehicles, trains, ships)
- (7) Traffic control equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (9) Industrial data-processing equipment
- (10) Combustion/explosion control equipment
- (11) Application of similar complexity and/or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above

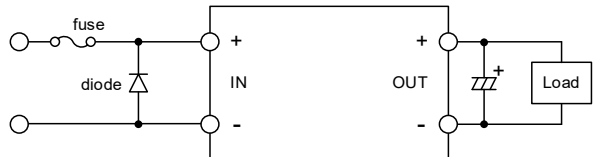
For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the datasheet, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.
Contact form: <https://www.murata.com/contactform>

*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in specification or datasheet without any exception. Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

Fail-safe function

Be sure to add an appropriate fail-safe function to your finished product to prevent secondary damage in the unlikely event of an abnormality function or malfunction in our product.

Please connect the input terminal by right polarity. If you mistake the connection, it may break the DC-DC converter. In the case of destruction of the DC-DC converter inside, over input current may flow. Please add a diode and fuse as following to protect them.



Please select diode and fuse after confirming the operation.



Note

1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
3. If you have any concerns about materials other than those listed in the RoHS directive, please contact us.
4. Please don't wash this product under any conditions.

Storage

Please store this product in an environment where the temperature/humidity is stable in the range 0 to 40degC/10 to 75%RH and no direct sunlight. Use the product within 6 months after delivery.
Please avoid storage conditions where humidity and temperature change rapidly, as that may cause condensation on the product, which might degrade the quality of the product.
Please do not store the product environments that are dusty, in direct exposure to sea breeze, or in an atmosphere containing corrosive gas (Cl2, NH3, SO2, NOX, and so on).

Operational environment and operational conditions

This product is not chemical-proof or rust-proof.

In order to prevent this product from leakage of electricity and/or abnormal temperature increase, do not use the product under the following circumstances:

- (1) in an atmosphere containing corrosive gas (Cl₂, NH₃, SO₂, NO_x and so on).
- (2) in a dusty place.
- (3) in a place exposed to direct sunlight.
- (4) in such a place where water splashes or in such a humid place where water condenses.
- (5) in a place exposed to sea breeze.
- (6) in any other places similar to the above (1)through (5).

Operational Conditions

Please use the product within specified values (power supply, temperature, input, output and load condition etc.). Input voltage drops for line impedance, so please make sure that input voltage is within in specified values.

If the product is used over the specified values, it may damage the product, reduce the quality, and even if the products can endure the condition for short time, it may cause degradation of the reliability.

Note Prior to use

If you apply high static electricity, voltage higher than rated voltage or reverse voltage to the product, it may cause defects in the products or degrade the reliability.

Please avoid the following items:

1. Over rating power supply, reverse power supply or not-enough connection of input voltage and 0V(DC)line
2. Electrostatic discharge by production line and/or operator
3. Electrified product by electrostatic induction

Do not subject product to excessive mechanical shock. If you drop the product on the floor it might cause a crack to the core of inductors and monolithic ceramic capacitors.

Also please pay attention to handling; the mounted parts can be dislodged if subjected to excessive force.

Transportation

If you transport the product, please pack it so that the package will not be damaged by mechanical vibration or mechanical shock, and please educate and guide the carrier to prevent rough handling.

Product Specification

Product Specification in this datasheet are as of October 2023. Specifications and features may change in any manner without notice. Please check with our sales representatives or product engineers.

Disclaimers

The information described in this data sheet was carefully crafted for accuracy. However this product is based on the assumption that it will be used after thoroughly verifying and confirming the characteristics and system compatibility. Therefore, Murata is not responsible for any damages caused by errors in the description of the datasheet.

Murata constantly strives improve the quality and reliability of our products, but it is inevitable that semiconductor products will fail with a certain probability. Therefore regardless of whether the use conditions are within the range of this data sheet, Murata is not responsible for any damage caused by the failure of this product, (for example, secondary damage, compensation for accidents, punitive damage, loss of opportunity, and etc.) Also, regardless of whether Murata can foresee the events caused by the failure of our product, Murata has no obligations or responsibilities.

The buyer of this product and developer of systems incorporating this product must analyze, evaluate, and make judgements at their own risk in designing applications using this product. The buyer and the developer are responsible for verifying the safety of this product and the applications, and complying with all applicable laws, regulations, and other requirements.

Furthermore, the buyer and developer are responsible for predicting hazards and taking adequate safeguards against potential events at your own risk in order to prevent personal accidents, fire accidents, or other social damage. When using this product, perform thorough evaluation and verification of the safety design designed at your own risk for this product and the application.

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