

6MHz Rail-to-Rail I/O CMOS Operational Amplifier

Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 6MHz (Typ)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max)
- Quiescent Current: 470µA per Amplifier (Typ)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Small Package:

OPA374 Available in SOT23-5,SC70-5and SOP-8 Packages

OPA2374 Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages

OPA4374 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages



Ordering Information

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing Qty
OPA374M5/TR	SOT-23-5	A374	REEL	3000pcs/reel
OPA374M7/TR	SC70-5	A374	REEL	3000pcs/reel
OPA374M/TR	SOP-8	OPA374	REEL	2500pcs/reel
OPA2374M/TR	SOP-8	OPA2374	REEL	2500pcs/reel
OPA2374MM/TR	MSOP-8	A2374	REEL	3000pcs/reel
OPA4374M/TR	SOP-14	OPA4374	REEL	2500pcs/reel
OPA4374MT/TR	TSSOP-14	OPA4374	REEL	2500pcs/reel



General Description

The OPA374/2374/4374 have a high gain-bandwidth product of 6MHz, a slew rate of 4.2V/µs, and a quiescent current of 470µA per amplifier at 5V. The OPA374/2374/4374 are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for OPA374/2374/4374. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The OPA374 single is available in Green SC70-5, SOT23-5 and SOP-8 packages. The OPA2374 dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages. The OPA4374 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages

Applications

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Laptops and PDAs
- Audio
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

Pin Configuration







SOP-8/MSOP-8







SOP-14/TSSOP-14



Absolute Maximum Ratings

CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX			
Power Supply Voltage (VDD to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V			
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	VDD+0.5V			
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V +7\				
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C			
Junction Temperature	+16	60°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+24	5°C			
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25℃)					
SOP-8, θ _{JA}	125°	°C/W			
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}	216	°C/W			
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}	190°	°C/W			
SC70-5, θ _{JA}	333°	°C/W			
ESD Susceptibility	·				
НВМ	81	<v< td=""></v<>			
MM	40	0V			

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability



Electrical Characteristics

					OPA37	4/2/4		
DADAMETED	CONDITIONS	ТҮР		MIN/I		ER TEMPE	ERATURE	
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to 70℃	-40℃ to 85℃	-40 ℃ to 125℃	UNITS	MIN /MAX
NPUT CHARACTERISTICS		-			•			
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)		0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I _B)		1					pА	TYP
Input Offset Current (Ios)		1					pА	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (V _{CM})	Vs = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6					V	TYP
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_{\rm S}$ = 5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = -0.1V to 4V	90	73	70	70	65	dB	MIN
	V _S = 5.5V, VCM = -0.1V to 5.6V	83					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A _{OL})	$R_L = 600\Omega, VO = 0.15V \text{ to} 4.85V$	97	90	87	86	79	dB	MIN
	R_L = 10k Ω ,VO = 0.05V to 4.95V	108					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)		2.4					µV/℃	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS	1		i		1	1		
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	$R_L = 600\Omega$	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I _{OUT})		53	49	45	40	35	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 200kHz, G = 1	3					Ω	TYP
POWER-DOWN DISABLE		-						
Turn-On Time		4					μs	TYP
Turn-Off Time		1.2					μs	TYP
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Voltage Range			2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	V V	MIN MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V _S = +2.5V to +5.5V V _{CM} = (-VS) + 0.5V	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (I _Q)	$I_{OUT} = 0$	470	650	750	750	815	μA	MAX



Electrical Characteristics

		OPA374/2/4								
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN	MAX (IPERATU	RE			
PARAMETER		+25℃	+25℃	0℃to 70℃	-40℃to 85℃	-40℃to 125℃	UNITS	MIN / MAX		
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE										
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_{L} = 10k\Omega, C_{L} = 100pF$	6					MHz	TYP		
Phase Margin (ϕ_0)	R_L = 10k Ω , C_L = 100pF	53					Degrees	TYP		
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	${<}1\%$ distortion, R_L = 600Ω	250					kHz	TYP		
Slew Rate (SR)	G = +1, 2V Step, R_L = 10k Ω	4.2					V/µs	TYP		
Settling Time to 0.1% (t _s)	$G = +1, 2V$ Step, $R_L = 600\Omega$	0.4					μs	TYP		
Overload Recovery Time	V _{IN} ·Gain = VS, R _L = 600Ω	2.5					μs	TYP		
NOISE PERFORMANCE										
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz	13					nV /√Hz	TYP		
	f = 10kHz	9.5					nV /√Hz	TYP		



Typical Performance characteristics



Time (2µs/div)

Time (2µs/div)



Typical Performance characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25°C, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)



Supply Current vs. Temperature



Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs. Frequency









Open Loop Gain, Phase shift Frequency



Frequency (Hz)



Frequency (kHz)

http://www.hgsemi.com.cn

PSRR (dB)



Application Note

Size

OPA374/2374/4374 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the OPA374/2374/4374 series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

OPA374/2374/4374 series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.05V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For best performance, a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the VDD pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both VDD and VSS supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1µF ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 470µA per channel) of OPA374/2374/4374 series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

OPA374/2374/4374 series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40°C to +125°C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of OPA374/2374/4374 series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of OPA374/2374/4374 series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The OPA374/2374/4374 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.





Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L. C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F. This in turn will slow down the pulse response.



Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy



Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using OPA374/2374/4374.



Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{OUT} - (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4})\frac{R_4}{R_1}V_{IN} - \frac{R_2}{R_1}V_{IP} - (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4})\frac{R_3}{R_1}V_{REF}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1 = R_3$ and $R_{2=}R_4$), then

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{R^2}{R^1} (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) + V_{REF}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by -R2/R1. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $fC=1/(2\pi R3C1)$



Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter



Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple OPA374/2374/4374 can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.



Figure6.Instrument Amplifier



Physical Dimensions

SOT-23-5





Dimensions In Millimeters(SOT-23-5)											
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b	е	
Min:	1.05	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.95 BSC	1.90 BSC	
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.40	0.95 850		

SC70-5





Dimensions In Millimeters(SC70-5)											
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b	е	
Min:	0.90	0.00	2.00	2.15	1.15	0.26	0°	0.15	0.65	4 20 000	
Max:	1.00	0.15	2.20	2.45	1.35	0.46	8°	0.35	BSC	1.30 BSC	



Physical Dimensions

SOP-8 (150mil)





Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-8)											
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b		
Min:	1.35	0.05	4.90	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1 07 000		
Max:	1.55	0.20	5.10	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	- 1.27 BSC		

MSOP-8



Dimensions In Millimeters(MSOP-8)											
Symbol:	А	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b		
Min:	0.80	0.05	2.90	4.75	2.90	0.35	0°	0.25	0.65 BSC		
Max:	0.90	0.20	3.10	5.05	3.10	0.75	8°	0.35	0.03 830		



Q

0.25

Physical Dimensions

SOP-14



Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-14)											
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b		
Min:	1.35	0.05	8.55	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1 27 PSC		
Max:	1.55	0.20	8.75	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	1.27 BSC		

TSSOP-14



Dimensions In Millimeters(TSSOP-14)											
Symbol:	A	A1	В	С	C1	D	Q	а	b		
Min:	0.85	0.05	4.90	6.20	4.30	0.40	0°	0.20	0.65 BSC		
Max:	0.95	0.20	5.10	6.60	4.50	0.80	8°	0.25	- 0.65 BSC		



Revision History

DATE	REVISION	PAGE
2018-6-5	New	1-16
2024-1-4	Document Reformatting	1-16





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