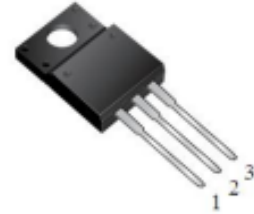## GaN Enhancement-mode Power Transistor

General description

650V GaN-on-Silicon Enhancement-mode Power Transistor in TO220F-3L Package

Features

- Enhancement-mode transistor - normally-OFF power switch
- Ultra-high switching frequency
- No reverse-recovery charge
- Low gate charge, low output charge
- Qualified for industrial applications according to JEDEC standards
- ESD safeguard
- RoHS, Pb-free

Applications

- AC-DC converters
- DC-DC converters
- Totem pole PFC
- Fast battery charging
- High-density power conversion
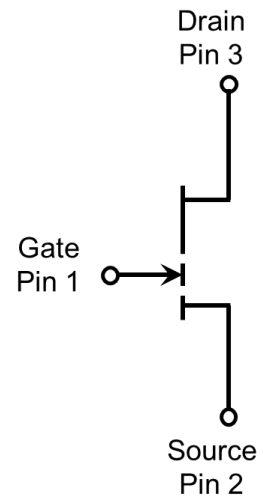- High-efficiency power conversion

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters at T_j = 25 °C

Parameters	Values	Units
$V_{DS, max}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on), max}$	200	mΩ
$Q_{G, typ}$	2.3	nC
$I_{D, Pulse}$	18	A
Q_{OSS} @ 400 V	22	nC
Q_{rr}	0	nC

Gate	1
Source	2
Drain	3

Table 2 Ordering Information

Type/Ordering Code	Package	Marking
CID10N65F	TO220F-3L	10N65F

1 Maximum ratings

at T_j = 25 °C unless otherwise specified. Continuous application of maximum ratings can deteriorate transistor lifetime. For further information, contact Tokmas   sales office.

Table 3 Maximum rating

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DS, max}$	-	-	650	V	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 10 µA
Drain-source voltage transient [1]	$V_{DS, transient}$	-	-	750	V	V_{GS} = 0 V, V_{DS} = 750 V
Continuous current, drain-source	I_D	-	-	10	A	T_c = 25 °C
Pulsed current, drain-source [2]	$I_{D, pulse}$	-	-	18	A	T_c = 25 °C; V_G = 6 V
Pulsed current, drain-source [2]	$I_{D, pulse}$	-	-	10	A	T_c = 125 °C; V_G = 6 V
Gate-source voltage, continuous [3]	V_{GS}	-1.4	-	+7	V	T_j = -55 °C to 150 °C
Gate-source voltage, pulsed	$V_{GS, pulse}$	-	-	+10	V	T_j = -55 °C to 150 °C; t_{Pulse} = 50 ns, f = 100 kHz; open drain
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	75	W	T_c = 25 °C
Operating temperature	T_j	-55	-	+150	°C	
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	+150	°C	

1. $V_{DS, transient}$ is intended for surge rating during non-repetitive events, t_{Pulse} < 1 µs.

2. Pulse width = 10 µs.

3. The minimum V_{GS} is clamped by ESD protection circuit, as shown in Figure 8.

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 4 Thermal characteristics

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction-case	R_{thJC}	-	-	TBD	°C/W	
Reflow soldering temperature	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	MSL3

3 Electrical characteristics

at T_j = 25 °C, unless specified otherwise.

Table 5 Static characteristics

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(TH)}$	1.2	1.6	2.5	V	I_D = 11 mA; V_{DS} = V_{GS}; T_j = 25 °C
		-	1.6	-		I_D = 11 mA; V_{DS} = V_{GS}; T_j = 125 °C
Drain-source leakage current	I_{DSS}	-	0.4	20	µA	V_{DS} = 650 V; V_{GS} = 0 V; T_j = 25 °C
		-	4	-		V_{DS} = 650 V; V_{GS} = 0 V; T_j = 125 °C
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	200	µA	V_{GS} = 6 V; V_{DS} = 0 V
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	160	200	mΩ	V_{GS} = 6 V; I_D = 3 A; T_j = 25 °C
		-	330	-	mΩ	V_{GS} = 6 V; I_D = 3 A; T_j = 125 °C
Gate resistance	R_G	-	3.5	-	Ω	f = 5 MHz; open drain

Table 6 Dynamic characteristics

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	83	-	pF	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 400 V; f = 100 kHz
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	27	-	pF	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 400 V; f = 100 kHz
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}	-	0.4	-	pF	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 400 V; f = 100 kHz
Effective output capacitance, energy related [1]	$C_{o(er)}$	-	35	-	pF	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 0 to 400 V
Effective output capacitance, time related [2]	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	54	-	pF	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 0 to 400 V
Output charge	Q_{OSS}	-	22	-	nC	V_{GS} = 0 V; V_{DS} = 0 to 400 V
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	2	-	ns	V_{DS} = 400 V; I_D = 6 A; L = 318 µH; V_{GS} = 6 V; R_{on} = 10 Ω; R_{off} = 2 Ω
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	4	-	ns	
Rise time	t_r	-	5	-	ns	
Fall time	t_f	-	6	-	ns	

1. $C_{o(er)}$ is the fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400 V.

2. $C_{o(tr)}$ is the fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400 V.

Table 7 Gate charge characteristics

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate charge	Q_G	-	2.3	-	nC	V_{GS} = 0 to 6 V; V_{DS} = 400 V; I_D = 3 A
Gate-source charge	Q_{GS}	-	0.2	-	nC	
Gate-drain charge	Q_{GD}	-	0.9	-	nC	
Gate plateau voltage	V_{plat}	-	2.4	-	V	V_{DS} = 400 V; I_D = 3 A

Table 8 Reverse conduction characteristics

Parameters	Symbols	Values			Units	Notes/Test Conditions
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Source-drain reverse voltage	V_{SD}	-	2.5	-	V	V_{GS} = 0 V; I_{SD} = 3 A
Pulsed current, reverse	$I_{S, pulse}$	-	20	-	A	V_{GS} = 6 V
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	0	-	nC	I_{SD} = 3 A; V_{DS} = 400 V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	0	-	ns	
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	0	-	A	

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams
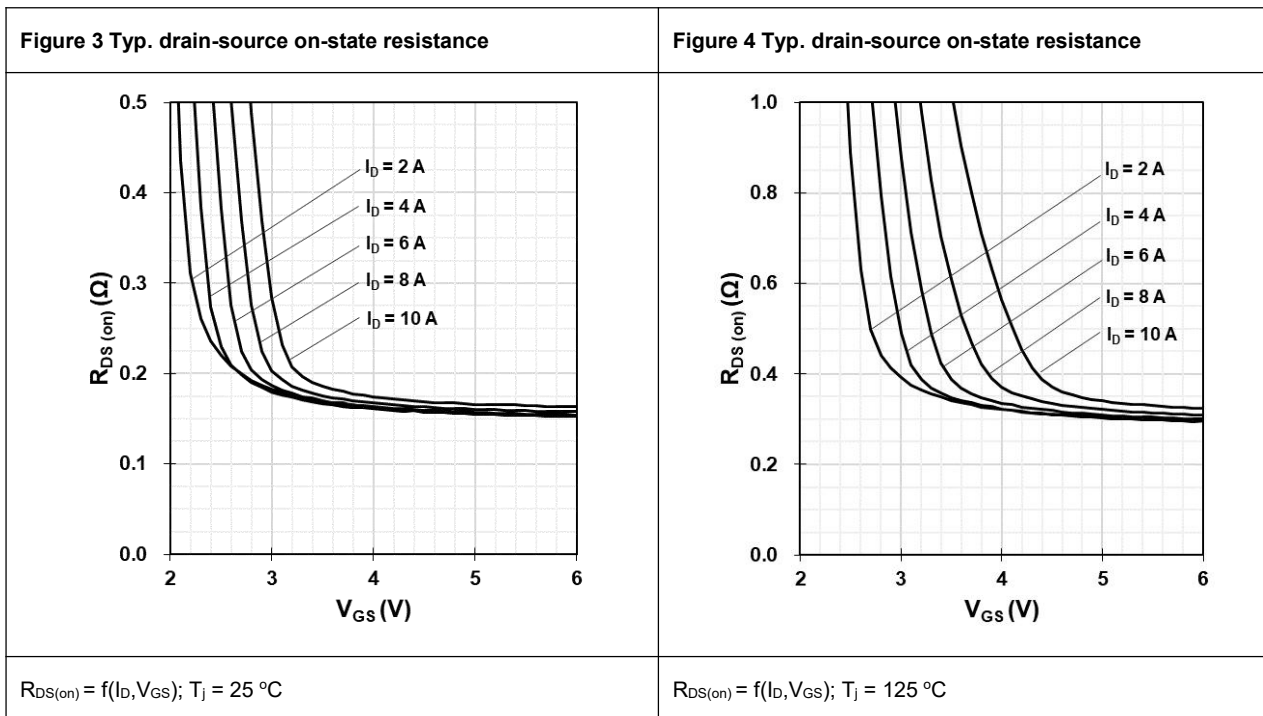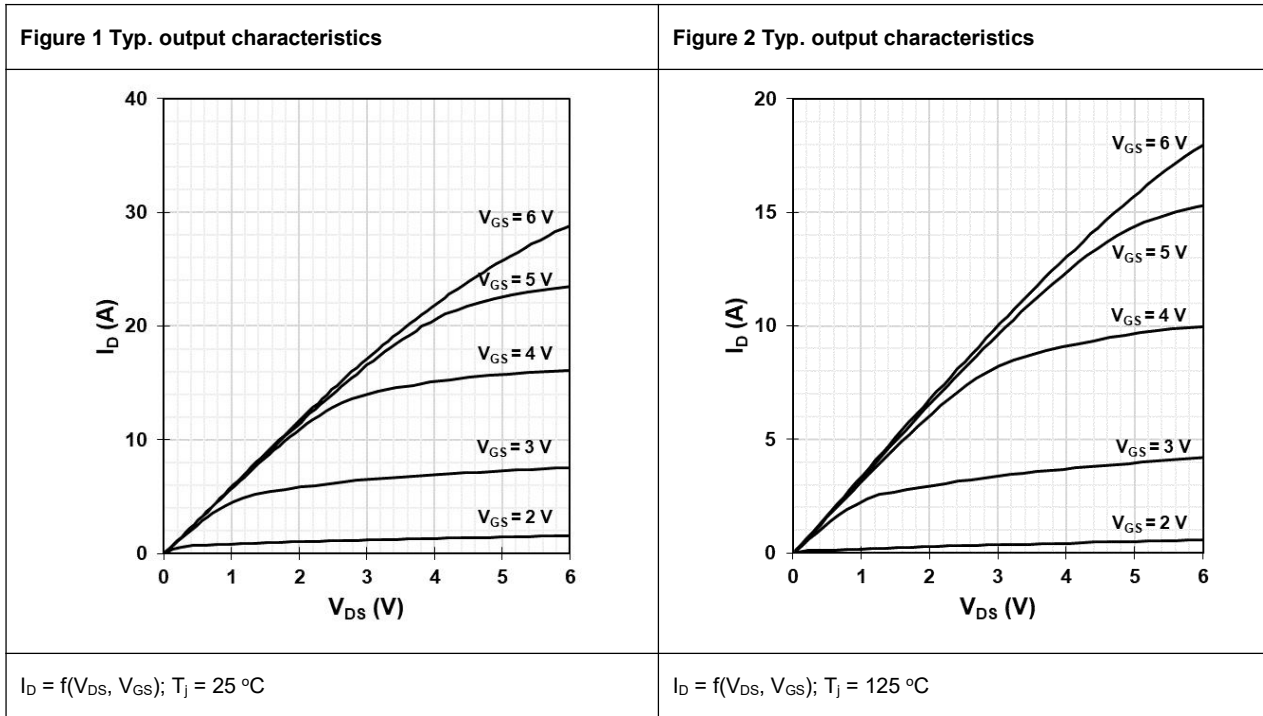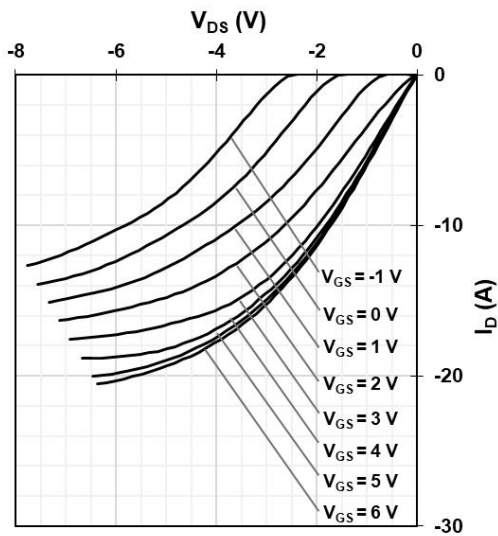
at T_j = 25 °C, unless specified otherwise.

Figure 1 Typ. output characteristics	Figure 2 Typ. output characteristics
I_D = f(V_{DS}, V_{GS}); T_j = 25 °C	I_D = f(V_{DS}, V_{GS}); T_j = 125 °C

Figure 3 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance	Figure 4 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance
$R_{DS(on)}$ = f(I_D, V_{GS}); T_j = 25 °C	$R_{DS(on)}$ = f(I_D, V_{GS}); T_j = 125 °C

Figure 5 Typ. channel reverse characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS}, V_{GS})$; $T_j = 25\ ^{\circ}C$
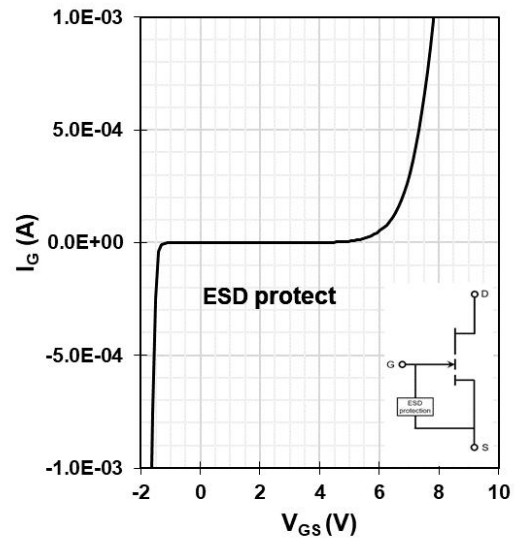
Figure 6 Typ. channel reverse characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS}, V_{GS})$; $T_j = 125\ ^{\circ}C$

Figure 7 Typ. transfer characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 5\ V$

Figure 8 Typ. gate-to-source leakage

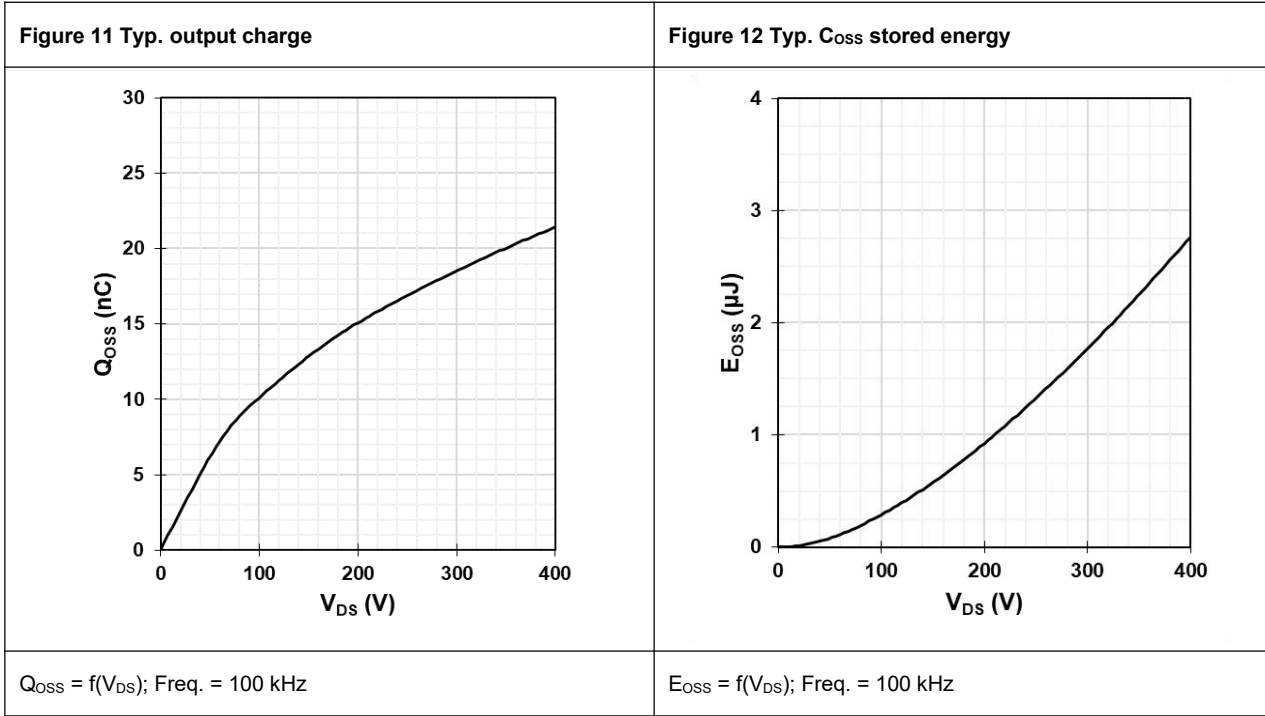$I_G = f(V_{GS})$; I_G reverse turn on by ESD unit; V_D = open

Figure 9 Typ. capacitances

$C_{XSS} = f(V_{DS})$; Freq. = 100 kHz

Figure 10 Typ. gate charge

$V_{GS} = f(Q_G)$; $V_{DS} = 400$ V; $I_D = 3$ A

Figure 11 Typ. output charge

$Q_{OSS} = f(V_{DS})$; Freq. = 100 kHz

Figure 12 Typ. C$_{OSS}$ stored energy
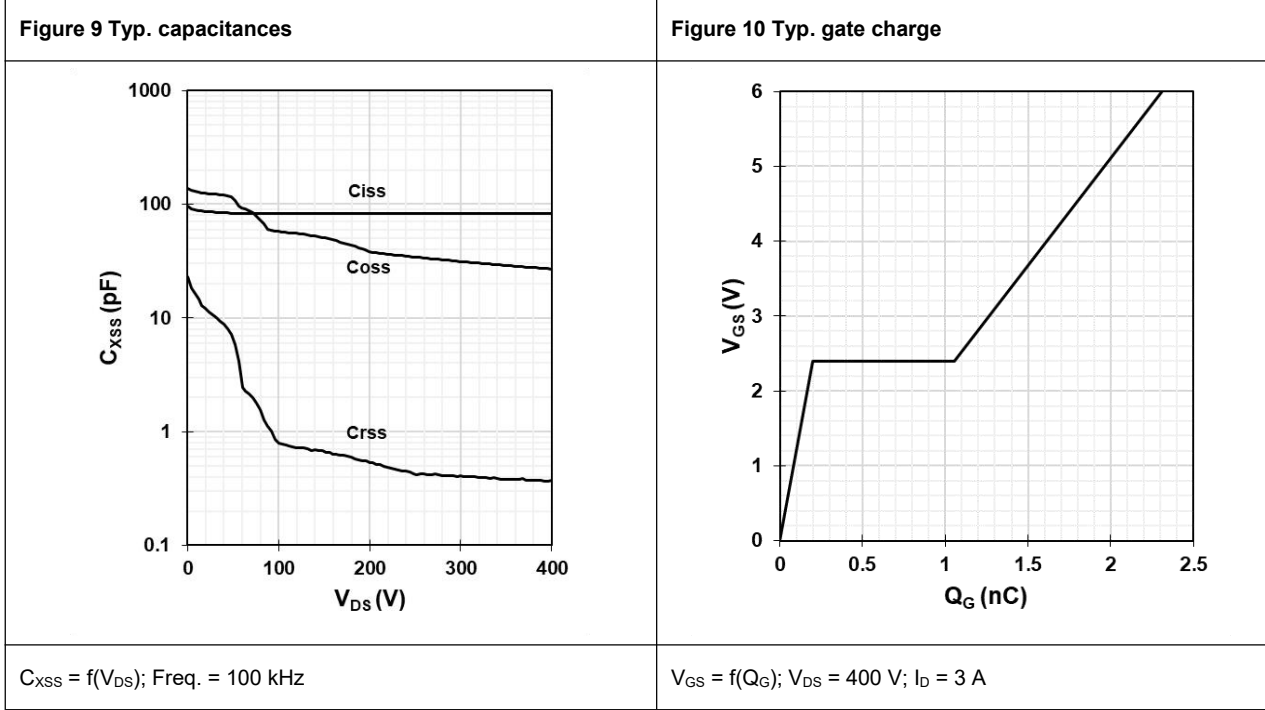

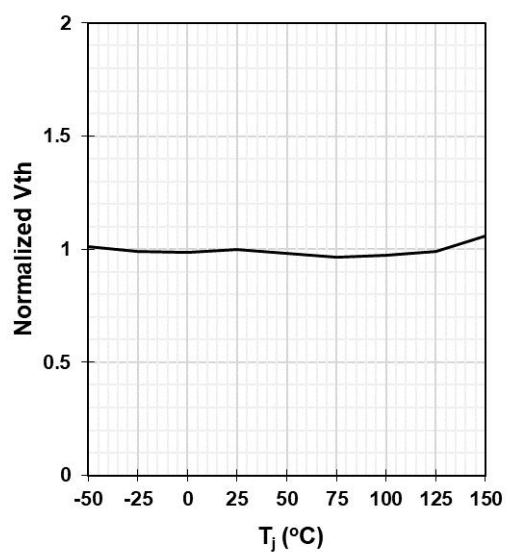
$E_{OSS} = f(V_{DS})$; Freq. = 100 kHz

Figure 13 Gate threshold voltage

$V_{GS(TH)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{GS} = V_{DS}$; $I_D = 11$ mA
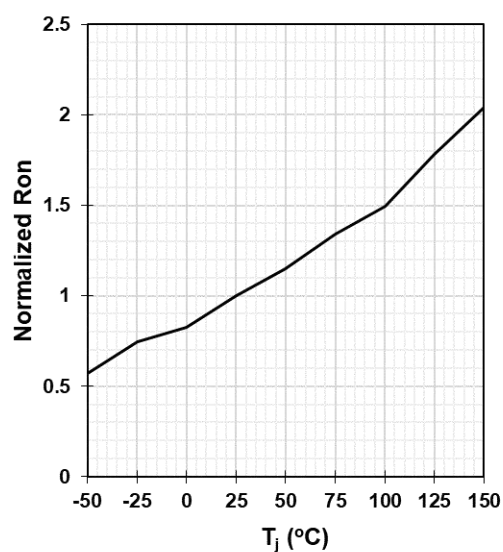
Figure 14 Drain-source on-state resistance

$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 3$ A; $V_{GS} = 6$ V

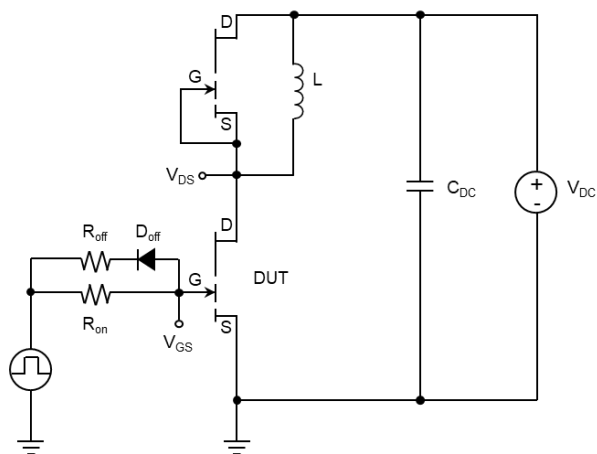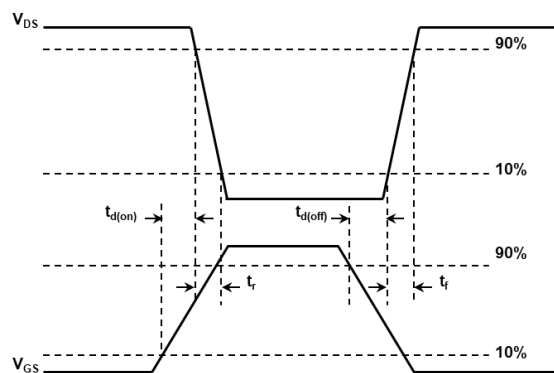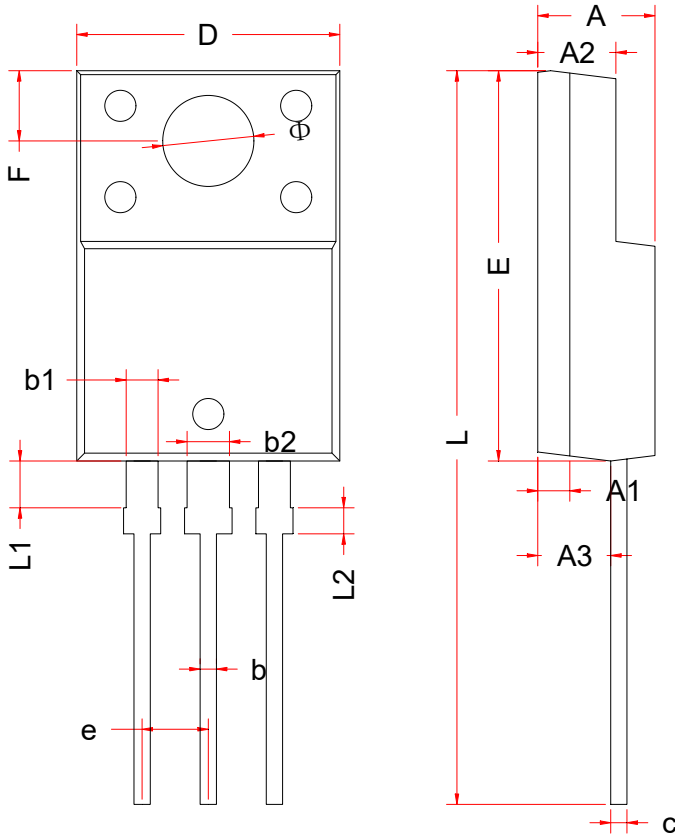**Figure 15 Switching times test circuit**

$V_{DS} = 400$ V, $I_D = 6$ A, L = 318 µH, $V_{GS} = 6$ V,

$R_{on} = 10$ Ω, $R_{off} = 2$ Ω

Figure 16 Typ. switching times waveform

5 Package outlines

	MIN	MID	MAX
A	4.300	4.500	4.700
A1	1.300REF		
A2	2.800	3.000	3.200
A3	2.500	2.700	2.900
b	0.500	0.625	0.750
b1	1.100	1.225	1.350
b2	1.500	1.625	1.750
c	0.500	0.625	0.750
D	9.960	10.160	10.360
E	14.800	15.000	15.200
e	2.540TYP		
F	2.700REF		
Φ	3.500REF		
L	28.000	28.200	28.400
L1	1.700	1.800	1.900
L2	0.900	1.000	1.100