MSKSEMI 美森科







TVC



TCC



MOV



GDT



PIFD

AH477AZ4-MS

Product specification





产品概述

AH477AZ4-MS 系列是一款带有 H 桥输出驱动器的集成式霍尔传感器,专为单相直流无刷电机应用而设计。该产品采用 BCD 工艺,包括用于磁感应的片上霍尔传感器、用于放大霍尔电压的放大器、用于提供开关迟滞以抑制噪声的比较器、用于下沉和驱动大电流负载的双向驱动器。

该产品功耗低,静态工作电流 1.5mA, 远低于市场同类产品, 有助于提高风扇的效率和可靠性。

用途

- PC/服务器电源散热风扇
- 充电器/变频器/电磁炉散热风扇
- 鼓风机
- 水泵
- 直流无刷电机

推荐工作条件

工作温度范围

T_{MIN} ≤ T_A ≤T_{MAX} -20°C ≤ T_A≤120°C 工作电压范围 3.5V ≤ V_{DD}≤ 24V

产品特点

- 内置霍尔元件及输出单线圈驱动,降低风扇制造成本
- 低功耗,静态工作电流低至 1.5mA
- 电流驱动能力强,可达 350mA
- 内置电源反接保护电路,节省外挂防反接二极管
- 内置温度补偿电路,优异的温度稳定性
- 抗机械应力强,有效减少磁灵敏度漂移

封装(符合 RoHS)

SIP-4L

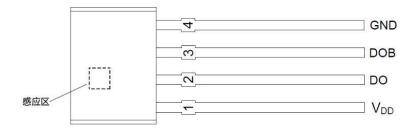
包装和订单信息

产品编号	封	装	管体标记	最小包装(PCS)
AH477AZ4-MS	SIP-4L		477h XXXX	1000

工作电流 最小值 (mA)	制出好突电流 最小值 (mA) 最大值 最小值		最小值	磁滞窗口 Bhyst 最大值 (GS)	输出形式	
1.5	350	35	-35	70	双向H 桥	

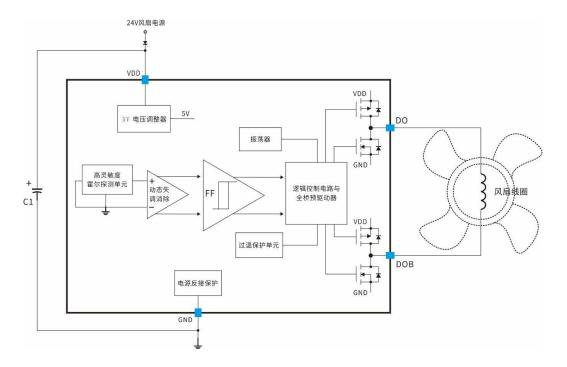


引脚定义



引脚号	引脚名	功能
1	VDD	电源电压
2	DO	H 桥输出 1 脚
3	DOB	H 桥输出2 脚
4	GND	接地端

功能框图





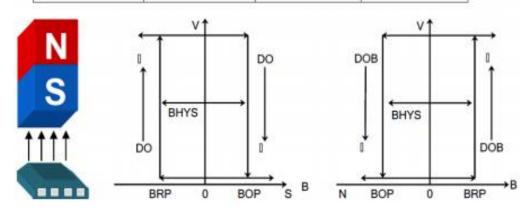
磁性参数的定义

符号	术语	定义
Вор	Operating Point	磁通密度作用于器件的品牌标签侧时驱动打开器件输出。 (Vout = VDSon) (Vout = VDSon)
BRP	Release Point	磁通密度作用于器件的品牌标签侧时驱动关闭器件输 出。(Vout = HIGH)(Vout = HIGH)
Внуѕт	Hysteresis Window	磁滞窗口 Bop- Brp

输出状态和磁场极性

当南极磁场接近 IC 标记面,直到磁场的磁通密度高于工作点(BOP),DO 引脚输出变为低,DOB 引脚输出变为高;当南极磁 场远离 IC 标记面和北极磁场接近 IC 标记面,直到磁场的磁通密度小于释放点(BRP),DO 引脚输出变为高,DOB 引脚输出变低。

参数	测试条件	DO 输出状态	DOB 输出状态
南极	B >工作点 BOP	低	高
北极	B <释放点 BRP	高	低



最大额定值

最大额定值是偶尔应用的极限值,超过该限值,电路可能造成不可逆损坏。长时间暴露在最大额定值条件下虽然功能不一定 失效,但可能会影响设备的可靠性。

项目	符号值		単位
工作电压	V_{DD}	30	V
反向VDD 极性电压	Vrdd	-30	V
磁通密度	В	Unlimited	Gauss
	I _{O(CONT)}	350	mA
输出电流	I _{O(HOLD)}	700	mA
	I _{O(PEAK)}	1000	mA
封装功耗	Pd	500mW	mA
结晶温度	Tj	270°C	Us
++ 17F1	Die to atmosphere	ΑΙθ	°C/W
热阻	Die to package case	θЈС	°C/W
工作温度	TA	T _A -20 ~ +85	
贮存温度	Ts	-50 ~ +150	°C



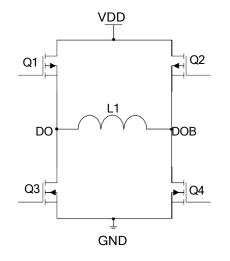
电气和磁特性

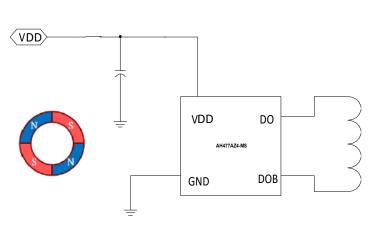
除非另有说明,以下参数基于 TA=25℃

符号	参数	测试条件	最小	典型	最大	单位	备注
.,	输出饱和电压(Sink)	V _{DD} =14V ,Io=300mA	_	0.30	0.45	V	
Vsat	输出饱和电压(Drive)		V _{DD} - 1.3	V _{DD} - 1.0	V _{DD}	V	
loo	工作电流	V _{DD} =20V ,输出打开	1.5	2.5	5	mA	
tr	输出上升时间	V _{DD} =14V , R _L =820	_	15	20	uS	
tf	输出下降时间	CL=20pF		15	20	uS	
Вор	磁性工作点		5		35	GS	
BRP	磁性释放点		-35		-5	GS	
Внуѕт	磁滞窗口		30		70	GS	

H 桥输出简介及典型应用图

通过开关管控制流过单线圈 L1 上的电流方向来实现单相马达转换。当磁场为 N 极时,Q2 、Q3 关断,Q1 、Q4 开启,线圈 L1 上电流从 D0 流向 D0B。当磁场为 S 极时,Q1 、Q4 关断,Q2 、Q3 开启,线圈 L1 上电流从 D0B 流向 D0。



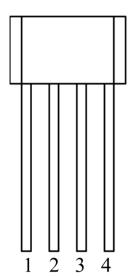


注意: 电源端口必须接旁路电容到地,降低电源电压的波动,提高风扇的稳定性。



封装信息

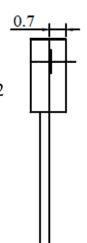
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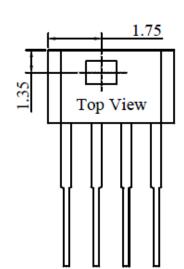


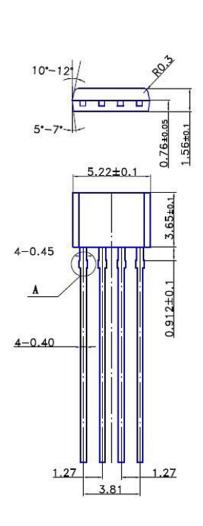
Y:Year 0~9

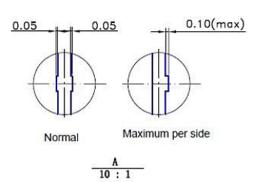
WW:Weeks 01~52

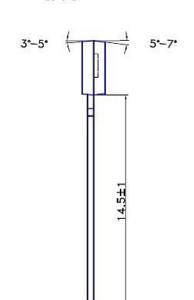
X:Internal Code











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