

基本描述

MX5050TL10R25 是一款集成了理想二极管控制 器和 100V 180A NMOS 的功率模块,代替传统的 肖特基, 肖特基二极管广泛用于电源系统设 计,可在各种输入电源故障条件下提供保护,并 通过并联电源提供系统冗余。 汽车电源系统设 计使用功率肖特基二极管, 可在电池反向和各种 汽车电气瞬变条件下提供保护。工业系统传统上 采用肖特基二极管提供反极性保护以防止现场电 源接线错误,并提供对雷电和工业浪涌的抗扰能 力。常用的工业系统、电信服务器、存储和基 础设施设备均采用肖特基二极管来提供系统冗 余,或通过对两个或更多 电源采用 ORing 电路 来增加功率容量。然而, 肖特基二极管的正向压 降会在大电流下产生显著的功率损耗,从而 更 需要使用散热器和更大 PCB 空间来进行热管 理。正向传导损耗和相关的热管理会使效率降 低,并使系统成本和空间增加。随着系统功率 水平的提高以及功率密度需求的增加,肖特基二 极管不再是新一代高性能系统设计的优先选择。 该模块能够代替大功率 20~30A,100V 的肖特基, 产品尺寸更小,可靠性更高,压降低功耗小,反 向截至时间快,能够提高电源 ORing 应用的效率 和性能

MX5050TL10R25 高侧 OR-ing 模块是集成了 100V 的理想二极管控制器和 $100V 2.5 m \Omega N$ -MOSFET 构成的 功率模块,采用紧凑的 TOLL 的封装,当与电源串联时,可用作理想的二极管整流器,

当输入电压 IN 比输出 OUT 高 20mV 的时候,理想二极管控制器内部就产生电荷泵电压导通集成的 2.5 毫欧的 NMOSFT,导通压降相比大功率的肖特基 700mv 能够减小到 20mV,非常有效的减少功耗,降低了客户工程师使用大功率肖特基产生的热处理难题

当输入 In 电压小于 Out 电压 20mv 左右时候,这时候内置的高速比较器就把 NMOSET 的 Vgs 连接到一起迅速的关断 NMOS

。该 MX5050TL10R25 可连接到 $5V \sim 90V$ 的电源,并可承受高达 100V 的瞬态电压。

特点

- ◆宽电压输入5V~90V
- ◆100V的瞬态保护电压
- ◆内部集成了100V 180A的NMOSFET
- ◆ 超小VDS能够快速关断反向电流
- ◆低静态功耗700uA
- ◆ 采用了半导体的封装结构, 可靠性高

应用

- ◆多电池并联的移动储能
- ◆电动工具
- ◆增程电动自行车
- ◆其它代替大功率肖特基的场景
- ◆服务器Oring电源



General description

The MX5050TL10R25 high-side OR-ing module integrated an N-MOSFET and acts as an ideal diode rectifier when connected in series with the power supply. This OR-ing module enables internal MOSFET to replace diode rectifiers in power distribution networks, reducing power loss and voltage drop.

The MX5050TL10R25 provides charge pump gate drive for an internal N-channel MOSFET and fast response comparator to turn off the FET when current flows in reverse. The MX5050TL10R25 can be connected to power supplies from 5V to 90V and can withstand transient voltages up to 100V.

Features

- ♦ Wide operating input voltage range V_{IN}: 5V to 90V
- ♦100V transient voltage
- ♦Integrated 100V 180A NMOS
- ♦ Charge pump gate driver for the internal N-channel

MOSFET

- ♦Ultra-small V_{DS} turn-off voltage reduces turn-off time
- ♦ TOLL-8

Applications

Active OR-ing of redundant (N+1) power supplies

General information

Ordering information

Part Number	Description
MX5050TL10R25	TOLL-8
MPQ	2000pcs

Package dissipation rating

Package	RθJA (°C/W)	RθJC (°C/W)
TOLL-8	45	0.44

Absolute maximum ratings

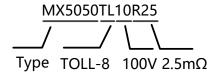
Parameter	Value
IN, OUT Pins to GND	-0.3 to 100V
IOUT	25A
Junction temperature	150°C
Storage temperature, Tstg	-50 to 150°C
Leading temperature (soldering,10secs)	260°C
ESD Susceptibility HBM	±2000V

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

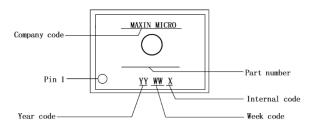
Recommended operating condition

Symbol	Range
IN, OUT Pins	5-90V
Operating temperature	-40~125°C
Moisture sensitive level	MSL3

Part number information

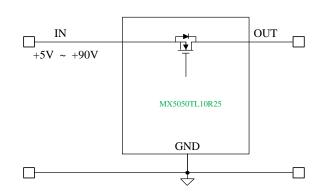


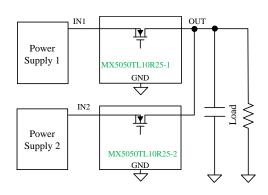
Marking information



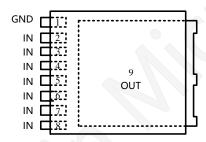


Typical application





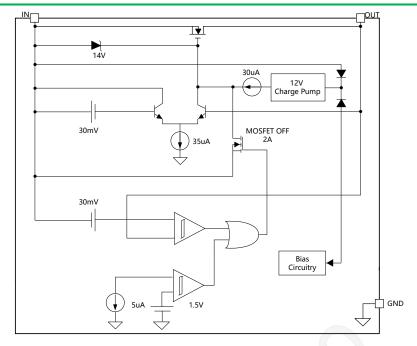
Terminal assignments



PIN NO.	PIN name	Description	
DFN			
1	GND	Ground return for the circuit.	
2~8	IN	Voltage sense connection to the internal MOSFET Source pin and circuit supply.	
9	OUT	Voltage sense connection to the internal MOSFET Drain pin and circuit output.	

Block diagram





Electrical characteristics

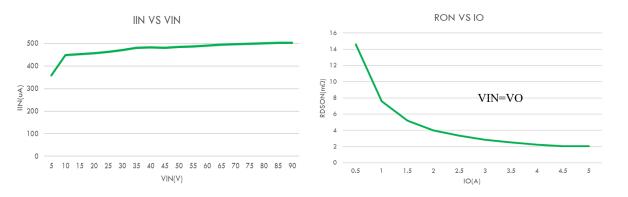
 $(V_{IN} = 5-90V, V_{OUT} = V_{IN}, T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
IN PIN						
V _{IN}	Operating Input Voltage Range		5		90	V
I _{IN}	IN Pin current	$V_{\rm IN}$ =12V to 90V			700	uA
OUT PIN						
V _{OUT}	Operating Output Voltage Range		5		90	V
Iout	OUT Pin Current	$V_{IN} = 5V$ to 90V, $V_{OUT} = V_{IN}$			8	uA
INTERNA	L REGULATOR					
I _{GATE(OFF)}	Internal Sink Current	$V_{GATE} = V_{IN} + 3V, V_{OUT} > V_{IN} + 100 mV,$ $t \le 10 ms$		2		A
V _{SD(REV)}	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Reverse V_{SD} Threshold V_{IN}} < \\ V_{OUT} \end{array} $	V _{IN} - V _{OUT}	-40	-15	-10	mV
V _{SD(REG)}	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Regulated Forward V}_{\text{SD}} \\ \text{Threshold V}_{\text{IN}} \! > \! V_{\text{OUT}} \end{array} $	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	5	15 25	30 60	mV
INTERNAL MOSFET						
V_{DS}	Drain to source voltage	$I_{DS} = 250uA$	100			V
RDS _{ON}	On resistance	$I_D = 10A$, VGS= $10V$		2.5	3	mΩ



Characteristic plots

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT}, C_{IN} = C_O = 1 uF, TA = 25 ^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted)





Forward waveform

Reverse waveform

Integrated 100V 180A NMOS OR-ing Module

Operation description

IN and OUT Pins

When power is initially applied, the load current will flow from source to drain through the body diode of the internal MOSFET. Once the voltage across the body diode exceeds $V_{\text{SD(REG)}}$ then the MX5050TL10R25 begins charging the MOSFET gate through a $30\mu\text{A}$ (typical) charge pump current source.

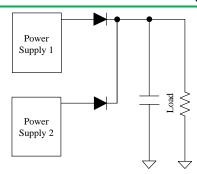
The MX5050TL10R25 is designed to regulate the MOSFET gate-to-source voltage. If the MOSFET current decreases to the point that the voltage across the MOSFET falls below the $V_{\text{SD(REG)}}$ voltage regulation point of 30mV (typical), the gate voltage will be decreased until the voltage across the MOSFET is regulated at 20mV.

If the internal MOSFET current reverses, possibly due to failure of the input supply, such that the voltage across the MX5050TL10R25 IN and OUT pins is more negative than the $V_{SD(REV)}$ voltage of -15mV (typical), the MX5050TL10R25 will quickly discharge the MOSFET gate. If the input supply fails abruptly, as would occur if the supply was shorted directly to ground, a reverse current will temporarily flow through the MOSFET until the gate can be fully discharged. This reverse current is sourced from the load capacitance and from the parallel connected supplies.

Application and Implementation

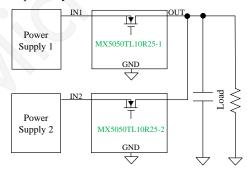
Application Information

Systems that require high availability often use multiple, parallel-connected redundant power supplies to improve reliability. Schottky OR-ing diodes are typically used to connect these redundant power supplies to a common point at the load. The disadvantage of using OR-ing diodes is the forward voltage drop, which reduces the available voltage and the associated power losses as load currents increase. Using MX5050TL10R25 to replace the OR-ing diode requires a small increase in the level of complexity, but reduces, or eliminates, the need for diode heat sinks or large thermal copper area in circuit board layouts for high power applications.



OR-ing with Diodes

The MX5050TL10R25 is a positive voltage (that is, high-side) OR-ing module that integrated with an internal N-channel MOSFET to replace an OR-ing diode. The voltage across the MX5050TL10R25 IN and OUT pins is monitored, while the gate drives the MOSFET to control its operation based on the monitored IN-OUT voltage. The resulting behavior is that of an ideal rectifier with IN and OUT pins of the MX5050TL10R25 acting as the anode and cathode pins of a diode respectively.



OR-ing With MOSFETs

Short Circuit Failure of an Input Supply

An abrupt 0Ω short circuit across the input supply will cause the highest possible reverse current to flow while the MX5050TL10R25 control circuitry discharges the gate of the MOSFET internal. During this time, the reverse current is limited only by the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the MOSFET, along with parasitic wiring resistances and inductances. Worst case instantaneous reverse current would be limited to:

$$I_{D(REV)} = (V_{OUT} - V_{IN}) / 2.5 m\Omega$$
 (1)

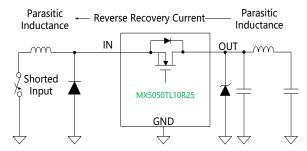
The internal Reverse Comparator will react, and will start the process of discharging the gate, when the reverse current reaches:

$$I_{D(REV)} = V_{SD(REV)} / 2.5 m\Omega$$
 (2)

When the internal MOSFET is finally switched off, the energy stored in the parasitic wiring inductances will be transferred to the rest of the circuit. As a result, the MX5050TL10R25 IN pin



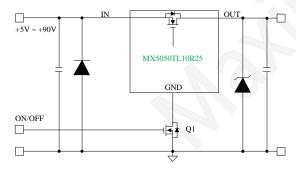
will see a negative voltage spike while the OUT pin will see a positive voltage spike. The IN pin can be protected by diode clamping the pin to GND in the negative direction. The OUT pin can be protected with a TVS protection diode, a local bypass capacitor, or both. In low voltage applications, the MOSFET drain to source breakdown voltage rating may be adequate to protect the OUT pin (that is, $V_{IN} + V_{(BR)DSS(MAX)} < 40V$).



Reverse Recovery Current Generates Spikes at $V_{\rm IN}$ and $V_{\rm OUT}$

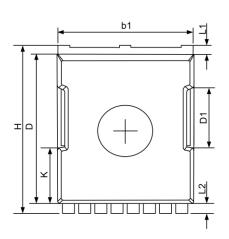
Reverse Input Voltage Protection with IQ Reduction

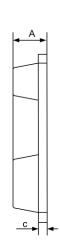
In battery powered applications, whenever MX5050TL10R25 functionality is not needed, the supply to the MX5050TL10R25 can be disconnected by turning OFF Q1, as shown in the following figure. This disconnects to the ground path of the MX5050TL10R25 eliminates the current leakage from the battery.

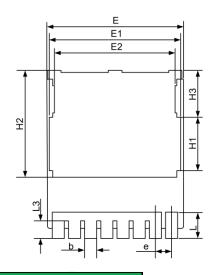


Reverse input voltage protection with IQ reduction schematic

Package information







SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	2.20	2.30	2.40	
В	0.70	0.80	0.90	
b1	9.70	9.80	9.90	
С	0.40	0.50	0.60	
D	10.28	10.38	10.48	
D1	3.15	3.30	3.45	
Е	9.70	9.90	10.10	
E1	9.30	9.50	9.70	
E2	8.35	8.50	8.65	
e	1.20BSC			
H	11.48	11.73	11.88	
H1	3.16	3.26	3.36	
H2	7.20	7.35	7.50	
K	4.03	4.18	4.33	
L	1.60	1.85	2.10	
L1	0.55	0.70	0.85	
L2	0.45	0.60	0.75	
L3	1.05	1.20	1.30	

TOLL-8 for MX5050TL10R25



Restrictions on Product Use

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- ♦ In developing your designs, please ensure that MAXIN products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent MAXIN products specifications.
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Version update record:

V10 The original version.