

Features

- Wide Supply Ranges
 - Single Supply: 3 V to 32 V (26 V for LM2902)
 - Dual Supplies: ± 1.5 V to ± 16 V (± 13 V for LM2902)
- Low Supply-Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.8 mA Typical
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Ground, Allowing Direct Sensing Near Ground
- Low Input Bias and Offset Parameters
 - Input Offset Voltage: 3 mV Typical
 - Input Offset Current: 2 nA Typical
 - Input Bias Current: 20 nA Typical
- Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Maximum-Rated Supply Voltage: 32 V (26 V for LM2902)
- Open-Loop Differential Voltage Amplification: 100 V/mV Typical
- Internal Frequency Compensation
- On Products Compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, All Parameters are Tested Unless Otherwise Noted. On All Other Products, Production Processing Does Not Necessarily Include Testing of All Parameters.

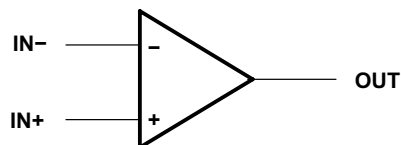
Applications

- Blu-ray Players and Home Theaters
- Chemical and Gas Sensors
- DVD Recorders and Players
- Digital Multimeter: Bench and Systems
- Digital Multimeter: Handhelds
- Field Transmitter: Temperature Sensors
- Motor Control: AC Induction, Brushed DC, Brushless DC, High-Voltage, Low-Voltage, Permanent Magnet, and Stepper Motor
- Oscilloscopes
- TV: LCD and Digital
- Temperature Sensors or Controllers Using Modbus
- Weigh Scales

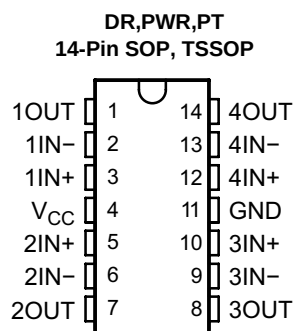
Description

These devices consist of four independent high-gain frequency-compensated operational amplifiers that are designed specifically to operate from a single supply or split supply over a wide range of voltages.

Symbol (Each Amplifier)



Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN			I/O	DESCRIPTION
NAME	LCCC NO.	SOP,TSSOP		
1IN-		2	I	Negative input
1IN+		3	I	Positive input
1OUT		1	O	Output
2IN-		6	I	Negative input
2IN+		5	I	Positive input
2OUT		7	O	Output
3IN-		9	I	Negative input
3IN+		10	I	Positive input
3OUT		8	O	Output
4IN-		13	I	Negative input
4IN+		12	I	Positive input
4OUT		14	O	Output
GND		11	—	Ground
V _{CC}	6	4	—	Power supply

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

	LM2902		LM124, LM224		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, V_{CC} ⁽²⁾	±13	26	±16	32	V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} ⁽³⁾		±26		±32	V
Input voltage, V_I (either input)	-0.3	26	-0.3	to 32	V
Duration of output short circuit (one amplifier) to ground at (or below) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} \leq 15\text{ V}$ ⁽⁴⁾	Unlimited		Unlimited		
Operating virtual junction temperature, T_J		150		150	°C
Storage temperature, T_{stg}	-65	150	-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values (except differential voltages and V_{CC} specified for the measurement of I_{OS}) are with respect to the network GND.
- (3) Differential voltages are at $IN+$, with respect to $IN-$.
- (4) Short circuits from outputs to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

ESD

LM124, LM224, LM2902				
$V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾		±500	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101		±1000	

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		LM2902		LM124, LM224		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V_{CC} Supply voltage		3	26	3	32	V
V_{CM} Common-mode voltage		0	$V_{CC} - 2$	0	$V_{CC} - 2$	V
T_A Operating free air temperature	LM124			-40	105	°C
	LM2902	-40	105			
	LM224			-20	85	

Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	LM124, LM224, LM2902	
	(SOP, TSSOP)	UNIT
	14 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$ ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	86	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$ ⁽⁴⁾ Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	—	

- (1) Short circuits from outputs to VCC can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.
(2) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{J(max)}$, $R_{\theta JA}$, and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(max)} - T_A)/R_{\theta JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.
(3) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_{J(max)}$, $R_{\theta JA}$, and T_C . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable case temperature is $P_D = (T_{J(max)} - T_C)/R_{\theta JC}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.

Electrical Characteristics for LMx24

at specified free-air temperature, $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS ⁽¹⁾		T _A ⁽²⁾	LM124, LM224			LM2902			UNIT
					MIN	TYP ⁽³⁾	MAX	MIN	TYP ⁽³⁾	MAX	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{CC} = 5 V to MAX, V _{IC} = V _{ICR} min, V _O = 1.4 V		25°C	3		5	3		7	mV
				Full range	7		10				
I _{IO}	Input offset current	V _O = 1.4 V		25°C	2		30	2		50	nA
				Full range	100		300				
I _{IB}	Input bias current	V _O = 1.4 V		25°C	20		150	20		250	nA
				Full range	300		500				
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	V _{CC} = 5 V to MAX		25°C	0 to V _{CC} – 1.5			0 to V _{CC} – 1.5			V
				Full range	0 to V _{CC} – 2			0 to V _{CC} – 2			
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	R _L = 2 kΩ		25°C	V _{CC} – 1.5			V _{CC} – 1.5			V
		R _L = 10 kΩ		25°C							
		V _{CC} = MAX	R _L = 2 kΩ	Full range	26			22			
			R _L ≥ 10 kΩ	Full range	27 28			23 24			
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	R _L ≤ 10 kΩ		Full range	5		20	5		20	mV
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _{CC} = 15 V, V _O = 1 V to 11 V, R _L ≥ 2 kΩ		25°C	50 100			100			V/mV
				Full range	25			15			
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = V _{ICR} min		25°C	70 80			50 80			dB
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{CC} /ΔV _{IO})			25°C	65 100			50 100			dB
V _{O1} /V _{O2}	Crosstalk attenuation	f = 1 kHz to 20 kHz		25°C	120			120			dB
I _O	Output current	V _{CC} = 15 V, V _{ID} = 1 V, V _O = 0	Source	25°C	–20 –30 –60			–20 –30 –60			mA
				Full range	–10			–10			
		V _{CC} = 15 V, V _{ID} = –1 V, V _O = 15 V	Sink	25°C	10 20			10 20			
				Full range	5			5			
		V _{ID} = –1 V, V _O = 200 mV		25°C	12 30			30			μA
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	V _{CC} at 5 V, V _O = 0, GND at –5 V		25°C	±40 ±60			±40 ±60			mA
I _{CC}	Supply current (four amplifiers)	V _O = 2.5 V, no load		Full range	0.7 1.2			0.7 1.2			mA
		V _{CC} = MAX, V _O = 0.5 V _{CC} , no load		Full range	1.4 3			1.4 3			

- (1) All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions, with zero common-mode input voltage, unless otherwise specified. MAX V_{CC} for testing purposes is 26 V for LM2902 and 30 V for the others.
(2) Full range is -55°C to 125°C for LM124, -20°C to 85°C for LM224
(3) All typical values are at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Operating Conditions

$V_{CC} = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$, $V_I = \pm 10\text{ V}$ (see Figure 7)	0.5	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
B_1	Unity-gain bandwidth	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$ (see Figure 7)	1.2	MHz
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$R_S = 100\text{ }\Omega$, $V_I = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ (see Figure 8)	35	$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

5.7 Typical Characteristics

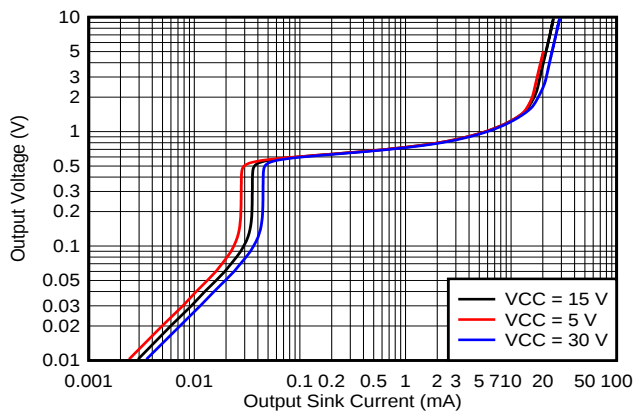


Figure 1. Output Sinking Characteristics

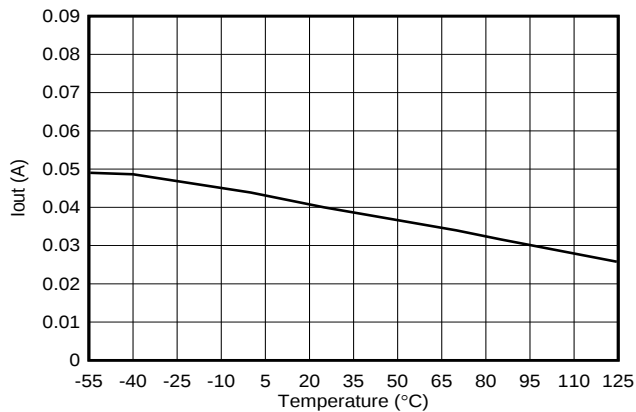


Figure 3. Source Current Limiting

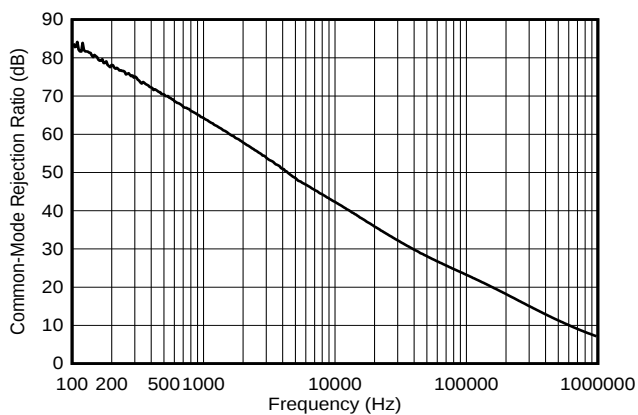


Figure 5. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio

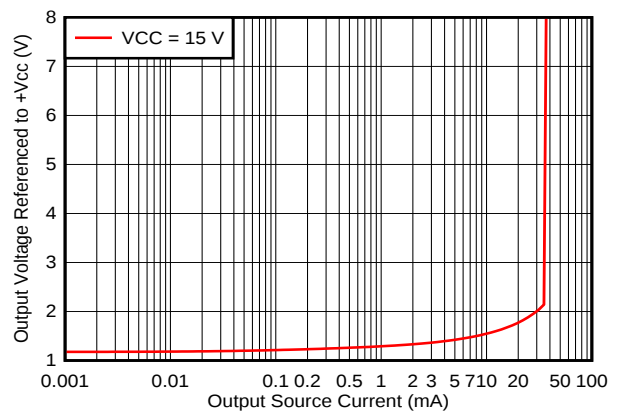


Figure 2. Output Sourcing Characteristics

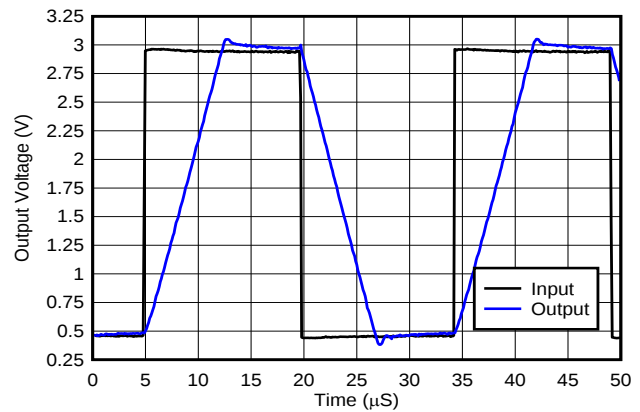


Figure 4. Voltage Follower Large Signal Response (50 pF)

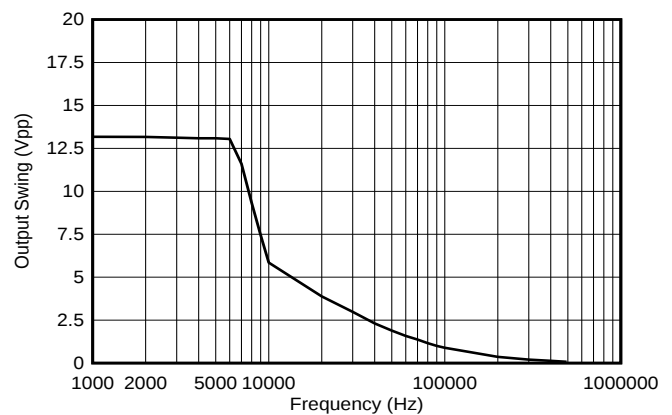


Figure 6. Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency
(VCC = 15 V)

Parameter Measurement Information

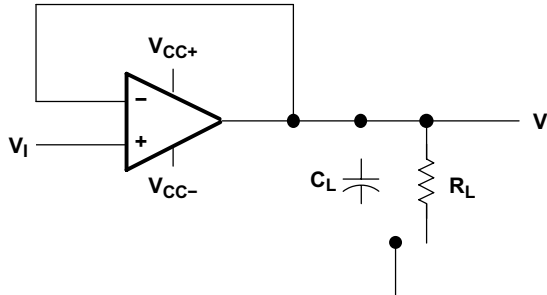


Figure 7. Unity-Gain Amplifier

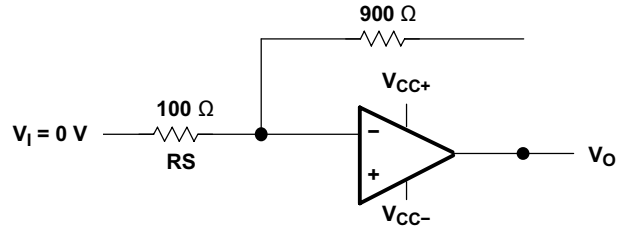


Figure 8. Noise-Test Circuit

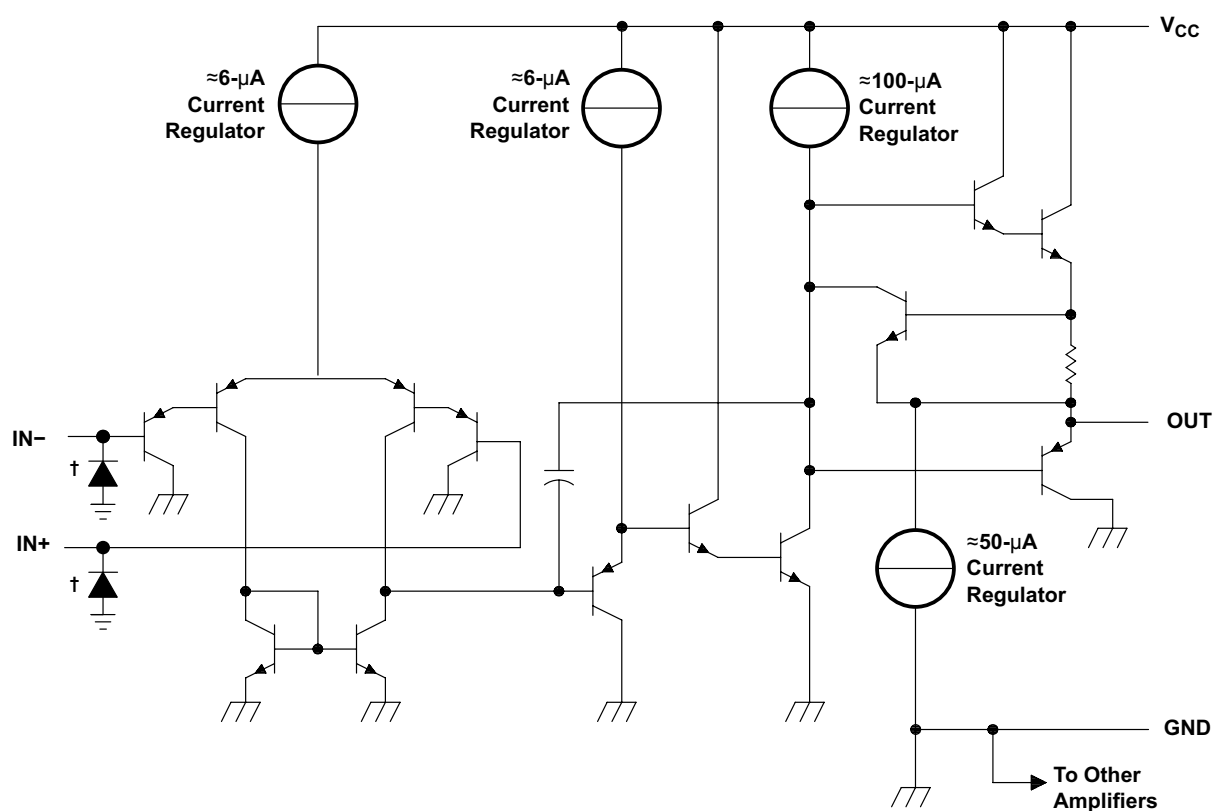
Detailed Description

Overview

These devices consist of four independent high-gain frequency-compensated operational amplifiers that are designed specifically to operate from a single supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split supplies also is possible if the difference between the two supplies is 3 V to 32 V (3 V to 26 V for the LM2902 device), and V_{CC} is at least 1.5 V more positive than the input common-mode voltage. The low supply-current drain is independent of the magnitude of the supply voltage.

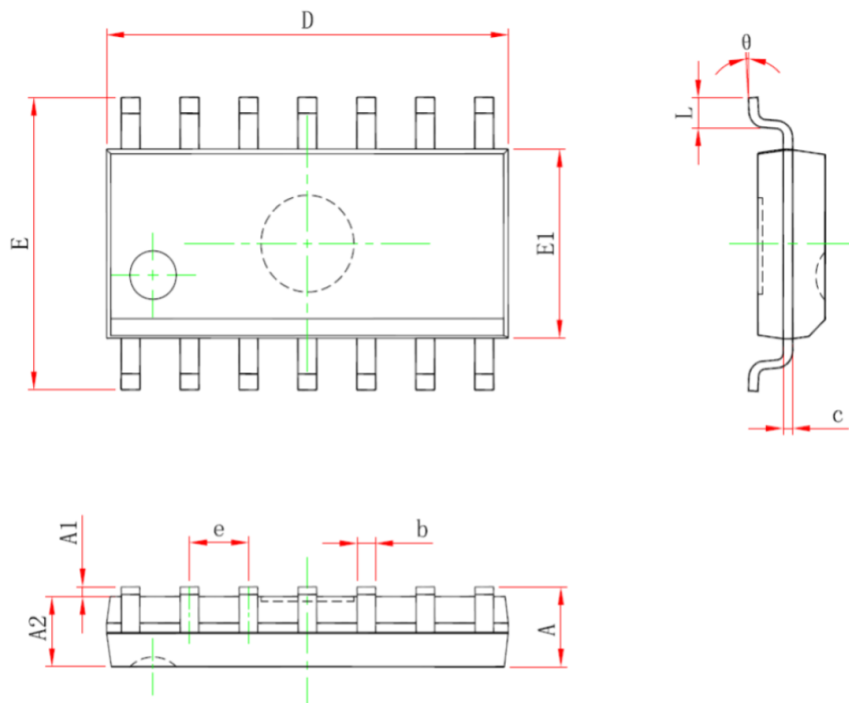
Applications include transducer amplifiers, DC amplification blocks, and all the conventional operational-amplifier circuits that now can be more easily implemented in single-supply-voltage systems. For example, the LM124 device can be operated directly from the standard 5-V supply that is used in digital systems and provides the required interface electronics, without requiring additional ± 15 -V supplies.

Functional Block Diagram



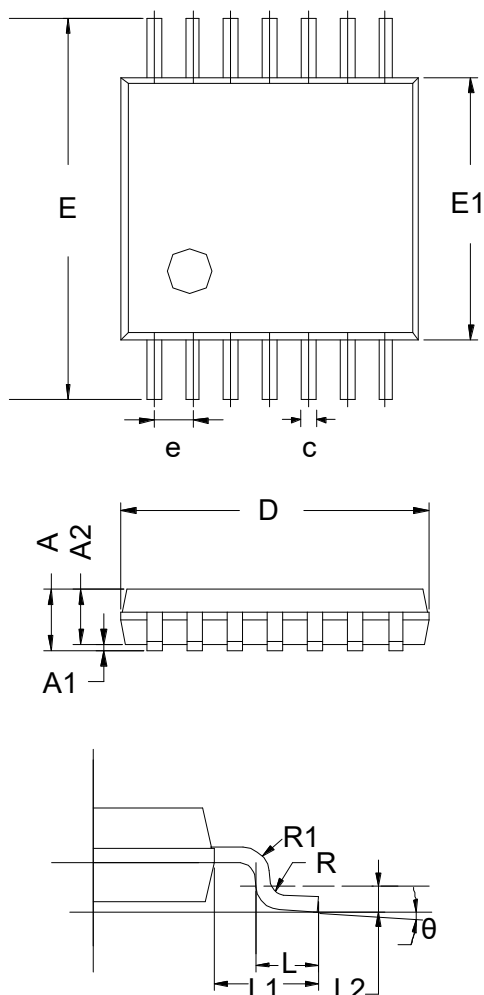
COMPONENT COUNT (total device)	
Epi-FET	1
Transistors	95
Diodes	4
Resistors	11
Capacitors	4

SOP-14



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	—	1.750	—	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.250	—	0.049	—
b	0.310	0.510	0.012	0.020
c	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
D	8.450	8.850	0.333	0.348
E	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
E1	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
e	1.270(BSC)		0.050(BSC)	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

TSSOP-14



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	MIN	TYP	MAX
A	-	-	1.20
A1	0.05	-	0.15
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05
b	0.20	-	0.28
c	0.10	-	0.19
D	4.86	4.96	5.06
E	6.20	6.40	6.60
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
e	0.65 BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
R	0.09	-	-
θ	0°	-	8°

ORDERING INFORMATION

Order Code	Package	Baseqty	Deliverymode
UMW LM124DR	SOP-14	2500	Tape and reel
UMW LM224DR	SOP-14	2500	Tape and reel
UMW LM2902DR	SOP-14	2500	Tape and reel
UMW LM224PT	TSSOP-14	4000	Tape and reel
UMW LM2902PWR	TSSOP-14	4000	Tape and reel