Switching Regulator Controller

# HITACHI

#### Features

- Pulse width modulation (PWM)
- Wide oscillation frequency range: 450 kHz(typ)
- Low quiescent current: 5 mA typ
- Good line regulation (0.2% typ) and load regulation (0.4% typ)
- Independent output stages for 2 channels
- Wide external circuit applications including single-end and push-pull method
- Reference power source output stage and switching output stage include current limiting protection circuit.

#### **Ordering Information**

Туре No.	Package
HA17524P	16 pin dual in line plastic(DP-16)
HA17524FP	16 pin flat plastic (FP-16DA)

#### **Pin Arrangement**





#### **Functional Description**

#### Principals of HA17524 Operation

The HA17524 switching regulator circuit, using pulse width modulation (PWM), is constructed as shown in figure 1.

Timing resistances  $R_T$  and timing capacitance  $C_T$  control the oscillation frequency.  $C_T$  is charged by a constant current generated by  $R_T$ . Ramp signals (saw-tooth waves) at the  $C_T$  terminal generated by this oscillator is available for reference input signal to comparator which control the pulse width.



Figure 1 HA17524 Block Diagram

The reference voltage connects to the non-inverted or inverted input terminal of the error amplifier via resistance divider (figure 2).

The output voltage from the error amplifier is compared with the ramp signal capacitance  $C_T$  (figure 1). The comparator can provide a signal with modulated pulse width.

This signal, then, controls output transistors Q<sub>1</sub> and Q<sub>2</sub>, making an open loop to stabilize output voltage.

Outputs form the error amplifier the current limiter, and the shut-down circuit are connected together at the comparator, so that an input signal from any one of these circuits can break the output stage.



Figure 2 Error Amplifier Biasing

#### **Blocks Description**

Oscillator: The oscillation frequency f is calculated from the following equations. Figure 3 shows one example.

f  $1.15/(R_T \bullet C_T)$ 

 $R_{\rm T}$  = 1.8k to 100 k  $\Omega$ 

 $C_{\rm T} = 0.001 \mu$  to 0.1  $\mu F$ 

f = 140 Hz to 500 kHz



Figure 3 Oscillating Frequency vs Timing Resistance

Then the ramp wave shown in figure 4 is available at pin 7,  $C_T$  terminal, since  $C_T$  is charged by the constant current I generated by  $R_T$ .



Figure 4 Oscillating Circuit and C<sub>T</sub> Terminal Waveform

The oscillator output pulse signal is used as the flip flop clock pulse and as switching pulses for the output transistors, synchronous to the clock pulse.

The pulse-widths which can be controlled by the timing capacitor  $C_T$  as shown in figure 5, increases output dead time.



Figure 5 Dead Time vs Timing Capacitance

Reference Voltage: The built-in regulator (reference voltage:  $V_{REF} = 5 \pm 0.4 \text{ V}$ ) can be used as a reference power supply for the error amplifier, which determines output voltage ( $V_{OUT}$ ). It is also connected as a bias source for another circuits in IC.

Error Amplifier: Figure 2 shows error amplifier biasing, applied input voltage must be set within the range of common-mode input voltage (1.8 V to 3.4 V). Inserting a resistor and capacitor between phase compensation terminal (pin 9) and GND in series provides phase compensation.

Current Limiter: The sense amplifier threshold voltage (V<sub>s</sub>) for the current limiter is:

$$V_{S} = V_{BE} (Q) + I_{1}R_{2} - V_{BE} (Q_{2})$$
  
=  $I_{1}R_{2}$   
= 200 mV typ

At the current limiter sense amp shown in figure 6, when  $V^+ - V^- 200 \text{ mV}$ ,  $Q_1$  turns on, phase compensation terminal becomes low and the output switching element is cut off.



Figure 6 Current Limiter Sense Amplifier

Figure 7 shows an example of detecting current limit. The input voltage range is -0.7 V to +1.0 V; The current limit detection output is provided from GND line.



Figure 7 Current Limit Detector Example Operating Waveforms

#### **Operating Waveforms**

Figure 9 shows operating waveforms at every part, when stepdown voltage type chopper switching regulator (figure 8) is used. Operating condition are as follows: f = 20 kHz,  $V_{OUT} = 5 \text{ V}$ . At the output section, two channels are connected in parallel. Operating waveforms inside the IC are also shown.



Figure 8 Stepdown Voltage Type Chopper Switching Regulator



Figure 9 Operating Waveforms

#### **Circuit Applications**

Simplified inverting Regulator: Figure 10 shows the circuit configuration of HA17524 inverting regulator for light load ( $V_{OUT} = -5 \text{ V}$ )



Figure 10 Simple Polarity Conversion

Tracking Switching Regulator: Figure 11 shows the circuit configuration of a tracking regulator that uses a transformer. ( $V_{OUT} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ )



Figure 11 Tracking Switching Regulator

Push Pull Switching Regulator: Figure 12 shows the circuit configuration of push-pull switching regulator that uses transformer. This system is suited for high power. Output transistors inside HA17524 can drive external switching transistors.



Figure 12 Push-Pull Switching Regulator

#### Note

Compared with conventional series regulators, switching regulators generate high frequency noise by switching current quickly. To reduce noise

- 1. As a general rule, insert line filter to reduce noise at the input.
- 2. To reduce noise at the output:
  - a. Twist output wiring together.
  - b. Do not bundle power source and output wiring.
  - c. Insert capacitor should be inserted at the load side.
  - d. Ground the power frame.
- 3. When choosing external parts (external switching transistor, diode, coil, etc) consider their capacitance and characteristics.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Unless otherwise specified,  $Ta = +25^{\circ}C$ )

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Note
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	40	V	1, 2
Collector output current	I <sub>c</sub>	100	mA	
Reference output current	I <sub>REF</sub>	50	mA	
Current through $C_{T}$ terminal	I <sub>CT</sub>	5	mA	
Continuous total power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	600	mW	3
Operating free-air temperature range	Topr	-20 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	

Notes: 1. With respect to network ground terminal

2. The reference voltage can be given by connecting the V<sub>cc</sub> and 5 V reference output pins both to the supply voltage. In this configuration, V<sub>cc</sub> = 6 V max.

3. HA17524P: Value at Ta  $\leq$  52.7°C, If Ta > 52.7°C, derate by 8.3 mV/°C

## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{CC} = 20$ V, f = 20 kHz, Ta = 25°C)

ltem		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Regulator	Output voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	4.6	5.0	5.4	V	
	Input regulation	$\delta V_{\text{OLine}}$	_	10	30	mV	$V_{\rm CC}$ = 8 to 40 V
	Ripple rejection	R <sub>REJ</sub>	_	66	_	dB	f = 120 Hz
	Output regulation	$\delta V_{\text{OLoad}}$		20	50	mV	lout = 0 to 20 mA
	Output voltage change with output temperature	$\delta V_o/\delta Ta$		0.3	1.0	%	Ta = 0 to +70°C
			—	0.4	1.36	%	Ta = −20 to +75°C
	Short-circuit output current (Note)	l <sub>os</sub>	—	100	—	mA	$V_{REF} = 0$
Error	Input offset voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	_	2	10	mV	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V
amplifier	Input bias current	I <sub>1</sub>	_	2	10	μA	V <sub>IC</sub> = 2.5 V
	Open-loop voltage gain	A <sub>VD</sub>		60	—	dB	
	Common-mode input voltage range	$V_{\rm CM}$	1.8 to 3.4	—	—	V	Ta = 25°C
	Common-mode Rejection ratio	CMR		70	—	dB	
	Unity-gain bandwidth	BW	_	3	_	MHz	
	Output swing	V <sub>OPP</sub>	0.5		3.8	V	
Oscillator	OSC frequency	f		450	—	kHz	$\begin{array}{l} C_{\scriptscriptstyle T} = 0.001 \; \muF, \\ R_{\scriptscriptstyle T} = 2 \; k\Omega \end{array}$
	Standard deviation of frequency	Δf	_	5	—	%	$V_{cc} = 8 \text{ to } 40 \text{ V},$ $R_{T} = 1.8 \text{ to } 100 \text{ k}\Omega,$ C = Const
	Frequency stability	$\delta f_{\text{Line}}$	_	_	1.0	%	$V_{cc}$ = 8 to 40 V
		δf/δTa	_	5.0	10	%	Ta = 0 to +70°C
			_	5.0	13.6	%	Ta = -20 to +75°C
	Output amplitude	$V_{3(\text{peak})}$		3.5	_	V	Pin 3
	Output pulse width	T <sub>P</sub>	_	0.5		μs	$C_{T} = 0.01 \ \mu\text{F}, \text{Pin } 3$
Comparator	Maximum duty cycle	Dmax	45	_	_	%	
	Threshold voltage	Vth 0	_	1.0	—	V	Duty cycle = 0
		Vth max	_	3.5	_	V	Duty cycle = max
	Input bias current	I <sub>1</sub>		-1	_	μA	

Note: Duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.

ltem		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
Current	Input voltage range	V <sub>IS</sub>	-0.7 to +1.0	_	_	V	
limiter	Sense voltage	Vs	180	200	220	mV	V(Pin 9) = 2 V, Ta = 25°C V(Pin 2) - V(Pin 1) ≥ 50 mV
	Sensevoltage change with temperature	δV <sub>s</sub> /δTa	_	0.2	—	mV/°C	Ta = −20 to +75°C
Output	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{ce}$	40	—		V	
	Collector off-state current	I <sub>Leak</sub>	_	0.01	50	μA	V <sub>CE</sub> = 40 V
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{\text{CE(sat)}}$	—	1	2	V	l <sub>c</sub> = 50 mA
	Emitter output voltage	V <sub>E</sub>	17	18	_	V	$V_{cc} = 20 V,$ $I_{E} = -250 \mu A$
	Rise time	tr	_	0.2	—	μs	$R_c = 2 k\Omega$
	Fall time	tf	_	0.1	_	μs	_
Total device	Standby current	I <sub>st</sub>	_	5.0	10	mA	$V_{cc} = 40 V, V_2 = 2 V,$ Pins 1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14grounded, All other pins open

## **Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{cc} = 20 \text{ V}$ , f = 20 kHz, Ta = 25°C) (cont)

#### **Characteristic Curves**







#### **Package Dimensions**





#### Cautions

- Hitachi neither warrants nor grants licenses of any rights of Hitachi's or any third party's patent, copyright, trademark, or other intellectual property rights for information contained in this document. Hitachi bears no responsibility for problems that may arise with third party's rights, including intellectual property rights, in connection with use of the information contained in this document.
- 2. Products and product specifications may be subject to change without notice. Confirm that you have received the latest product standards or specifications before final design, purchase or use.
- 3. Hitachi makes every attempt to ensure that its products are of high quality and reliability. However, contact Hitachi's sales office before using the product in an application that demands especially high quality and reliability or where its failure or malfunction may directly threaten human life or cause risk of bodily injury, such as aerospace, aeronautics, nuclear power, combustion control, transportation, traffic, safety equipment or medical equipment for life support.
- 4. Design your application so that the product is used within the ranges guaranteed by Hitachi particularly for maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation conditions and other characteristics. Hitachi bears no responsibility for failure or damage when used beyond the guaranteed ranges. Even within the guaranteed ranges, consider normally foreseeable failure rates or failure modes in semiconductor devices and employ systemic measures such as fail-safes, so that the equipment incorporating Hitachi product does not cause bodily injury, fire or other consequential damage due to operation of the Hitachi product.
- 5. This product is not designed to be radiation resistant.
- 6. No one is permitted to reproduce or duplicate, in any form, the whole or part of this document without written approval from Hitachi.
- 7. Contact Hitachi's sales office for any questions regarding this document or Hitachi semiconductor products.

# HITACHI

Semiconductor & Integrate Nippon Bldg., 2-6-2, Ohte- Tel: Tokyo (03) 3270-2111 URL NorthAmerica Europe Asia (Singapo	machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0004, Fax: (03) 3270-5109 a : http:semiconductor.hita : http://www.hitachi-eu.co	achi.com/	
Asia (Taiwan Asia (HongKo Japan	) : http://www.hitachi.com.	.tw/E/Product/SICD_Frame.htr .hk/eng/bo/grp3/index.htm	n
For further informatio Hitachi Semiconductor (America) Inc. 179 East Tasman Drive, San Jose,CA 95134 Tel: <1> (408) 433-1990 Fax: <1>(408) 433-0223	n write to: Hitachi Europe GmbH Electronic components Group Dornacher Straße 3 D-85622 Feldkirchen, Munich Germany Tel: <49> (89) 9 9180-0 Fax: <49> (89) 9 29 30 00 Hitachi Europe Ltd. Electronic Components Group. Whitebrook Park Lower Cookham Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 8YA, United Kingdom Tel: <44> (1628) 585000 Fax: <44> (1628) 778322	Hitachi Asia Pte. Ltd. 16 Collyer Quay #20-00 Hitachi Tower Singapore 049318 Tel: 535-2100 Fax: 535-1533 Hitachi Asia Ltd. Taipei Branch Office 3F, Hung Kuo Building. No.167, Tun-Hwa North Road, Taipei (105) Tel: ~886> (2) 2718-3666 Fax: ~886> (2) 2718-8180 Copyright ' Hitachi, Ltd., 199	Hitachi Asia (Hong Kong) Ltd. Group III (Electronic Components) 7/F., North Tower, World Finance Centre, Harbour City, Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: <852> (2) 735 9218 Fax: <852> (2) 730 0281 Telex: 40815 HITEC HX