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Chip Common Mode Choke Coil DLM11SN | | HZ2 | Murata Reference Specification [AEC-Q200]

1.Scope

This reference specification applies to Chip Common Mode Choke Coil DLM11S Series for Automotive Electronics based on AEC-Q200 except for Power train and Safety.

2.Part Numbering

(ex.) <u>DL M 11 S N 900 H Z 2 L</u> (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (7) (8) (9) (10) (6)

(1) Chip Common Mode Choke Coil

(2) Structure (M: Monolithic Type)

(3) Dimension (L×W)

(4) Type S: Magnetically shielded one circuit type (9) Number of Line

(5) Category

- (6) Impedance (Typ. at 100MHz)
- (7) Circuit H: Characteristic Impedance 100 Ω system
- (8) Features
- - (10) Packaging Code L: Taping / B: Bulk

3.Rating

Customer Part Number	Murata Part Number	Common Mode Impedance (at 100MHz, Under Standard Testing Condition)	Rated Voltage	Withstanding Voltage	Rated Current	DC Resistance	Insulation Resistance	ESD Rank 2:2kV
	DLM11SN450HZ2L	45Ω±25%				0.7Ω±25%		
	DLM11SN450HZ2B	45 \(\frac{1}{2} \)	5V(DC)	12 EV/DCV	100mA	0.7 \(\frac{1}{22} \frac{1}{20} \)	100MΩ	2
	DLM11SN900HZ2L	90Ω±25%		12.5V(DC)		1.1Ω ±25%	min.	
	DLM11SN900HZ2B	90 ⅓ ±25%				1.132 ±23%		

Operating Temperature: -55 to +125°C

Storage Temperature : -55 to +125°C

4. Standard Testing Conditions

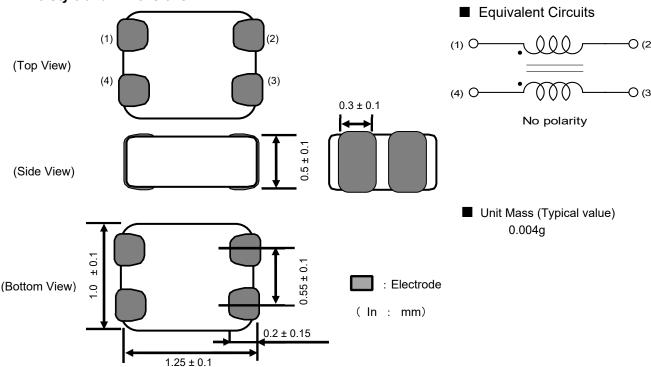
<Unless otherwise specified> Temperature: Ordinary Temperature 15 to 35°C

Humidity: Ordinary Humidity 25 to 85%(RH)

<In case of doubt> Temperature: 20 ± 2°C Humidity: 60 to 70%(RH)

Atmospheric Pressure: 86 to106kPa

5. Style and Dimensions



6.Marking

No Marking.

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7. Electrical Performance

No.	Item	Specification	Test Method
7.1	Common Mode Impedance	Meet item 3.	Measuring Frequency: 100±1MHz (ref.item 9.) Measuring Equipment: KEYSIGHT 4991A or the equivalents (In case of doubt in standard condition, the heat treatment (200°C,about 10 minutes)shall be applied.
7.2	Withstanding Voltage	Products shall not be damaged.	Test Voltage : 2.5 times for Rated Voltage Time : 1 to 5 seconds Charge Current : 1 mA max.(ref.item 9.)
7.3	DC Resistance (Rdc)	Meet item 3.	Measuring current : 10mA max.(ref.item 9.)
7.4	Insulation Resistance (I.R.)		Measuring voltage : Rated Voltage Measuring time : 1 minute max. (ref.item 9.)

8. Q200 Requirement

8-1. Performance (based on Table 13 for Ferrite EMI SUPPRESSORS/FILTERS)

AEC-Q200 Rev.D issued June 1. 2010

AEC-Q200		C-Q200			
No.	Stress	Test Method	Murata Specification / Deviation		
3	High Temperature Exposure	1000hours at 125 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing. <u>Table A</u>		
			Appearance No damaged Common Mode Impedance within ±20% Change		
			$ \begin{array}{lll} & & \text{Rdc change} & & \text{within } \pm 30\% \\ \hline \text{I.R.} & & 100\text{M}\Omega & \text{min.} \\ \hline \text{Withstanding} & & \text{No damaged} \\ \hline \text{Voltage} & & & \end{array} $		
4	Temperature Cycling	1000cycles -55 deg C to +125 deg C Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured.	Meet Table A after testing.		
5	Destructive Physical Analysis	Per EIA469 No electrical tests	No defects		
7	Biased Humidity	1000hours at 85 deg C, 85%RH Apply max rated current.	Meet Table A after testing. (ref.item 9)		
8	Operational Life	Apply 125 deg C 1000hours Set for 24hours at room temperature, then measured	Meet Table A after testing. Apply rated current. (ref.item 9)		
9	External Visual	Visual inspection	No abnormalities		
10	Physical Dimension	Meet ITEM 4 (Style and Dimensions)	No defects		
12	Resistance to Solvents	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215	Not Applicable		
13	Mechanical Shock	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Condition F: 1500g's(14.7N)/0.5ms/ Half sine	Meet Table A after testing.		

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AEC-Q200			Murata Specification / Deviation	
No.	Stress	Test Method	- Ividiata Specification / Deviation	
14	Vibration	5g's(0.049N) for 20 minutes, 12cycles each of 3 oritentations Test from 10-2000Hz. 12cycles each of 3 orientations	Meet Table A after testing.	
15	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Solder temperature 260C+/-5 deg C Immersion time 10s	Meet Table A after testing.	
17	ESD	Per AEC-Q200-002	ESD Rank: Refer to Item 3. Rating. Meet Table B after testing. Table B Appearance No damaged Rdc change within ±30%	
18	Solderbility	Per J-STD-002	Method b: Not Applicable 95% of the terminations is to be soldered. Flux:Ethanol solution of rosin,25(wt)% includes activator equivalent to 0.06 to 0.10(wt)% chlorine	
19	Electrical	Measured :	No defects	
	Characterization	Common mode Impedance		
	Flammability	Per UL-94	Not Applicable	
21	Board Flex	Epoxy-PCB(1.6mm) Deflection 2mm(min) 60 sec minimum holding time.	Meet Table B after testing.	
22	Terminal Strength	Per AEC-Q200-006 A force of 17.7N for 60sec	5N for 30s No defects	
30	Electrical Transient Conduction	Per ISO-7637-2	Not Applicable	

9. Terminal to be Tested.

When measuring and supplying the voltage, the following terminal is applied.

No.	Item	Terminal to be Tested
9.1	Common Mode Impedance	Terminal — Terminal
9.2	Withstanding Voltage Insulation Resistance	Terminal O
9.3	DC Resistance	Terminal O Terminal Terminal O Terminal
9.4	Biased Humidity (Supply Terminal)	Terminal O O O O
9.5	Operational Life (Supply Terminal)	Terminal

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10. Measuring method for common mode impedance.

Measured common mode impedance may be included measurement error due to stray capacitance, residual inductance of test fixture.

To correct this error, the common mode impedance should be calculate as follows;

- (1) Measure admittance of the fixture(opened), Go Bo.
- (2) Measure impedance of the fixture(shorted), Rs Xs.
- (3) Measure admittance of the specimen, Gm Bm.
- (4) Calculate corrected impedance | Z | using the formula below.

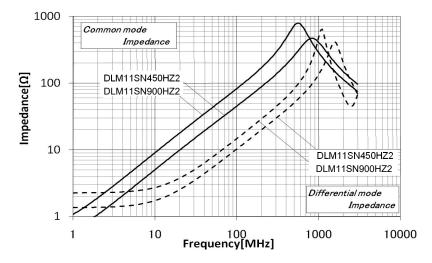
$$|Z| = (Rx^{2} + Xx^{2})^{1/2}$$
Where
$$Rx = \frac{Gm - Go}{(Gm-Go)^{2} + (Bm-Bo)^{2}} - Rs$$

$$Xx = \frac{-(Bm - Bo)}{(Gm-Go)^{2} + (Bm-Bo)^{2}} - Xs$$

11. P.C.B., Flux, Solder and Soldering condition

Test shall be done using P.C.B., Flux, Solder and Soldering condition which are specified in item 16 except the case of being specified special condition.

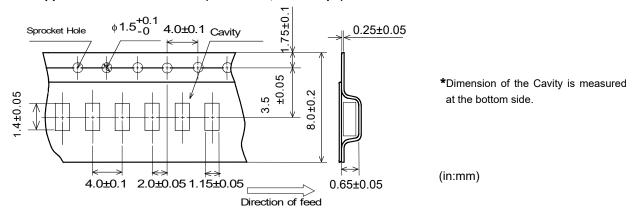
12.Impedance Frequency Characteristics(Typical)



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13. Specification of Packaging

13.1 Appearance and Dimensions (8mm-wide, Plastic tape)



13.2 Specification of Taping

- (1)Packing quantity(Standard quantity) 4000 pcs. / reel Direction of feed
- (2)Packing Method

Products shall be packaged in each embossed cavity of plastic tape and sealed with cover tape.

(3)Sprocket Hole

The sprocket holes are to the right as the tape is pulled toward the user.

(4)Spliced point

The cover tape have no spliced point.

(5)Missing components number

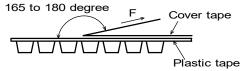
Missing components number within 0.025% of the number per reel or 1 pc., whichever is greater, and are not continuous. The specified quantity per reel is kept.

13.3 Pull Strength of Plastic Tape

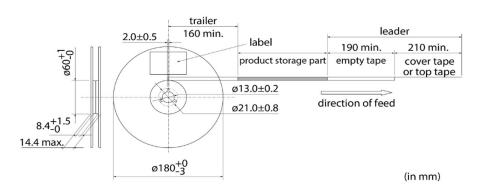
Plastic Tape	5N min.	
Cover Tape	10N min.	

13.4 Peeling off force of Cover Tape

0.2 to 0.7N(Minimum value is Typical) Speed of Peeling off : 300 mm/min.



13.5 Dimensions of Leader-tape, Trailer and Reel



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13.6 Marking for reel

Customer part number, MURATA part number, Inspection number(*1), RoHS Marking(*2), Quantity, etc

*1) « Expression of Inspection No. »

 $\frac{\square\square}{(1)} \quad \frac{OOOO}{(2)} \quad \frac{\times \times \times}{(3)}$

(1) Factory Code (2) Date

First digit : Year / Last digit of year

: Month / Jan. to Sep. \rightarrow 1 to 9, Oct. to Dec. \rightarrow O,N,D

Second digit : Mon Third, Fourth digit : Day

(3) Serial No.

*2) « Expression of RoHS Marking »

ROHS $-\frac{Y}{(1)}(\underline{\Delta})$

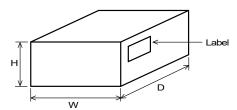
(1) RoHS regulation conformity parts.

(2) MURATĂ classification number

13.7 Marking for Outside package

Customer name Purchasing Order Number, Customer Part Number, MURATA part number, RoHS Marking (*2), Quantity, etc

13.8 Specification of Outer Case



Outer Case Dimensions (mm)			Standard Reel Quantity in Outer Case	
W	D	Н	(Reel)	
186	186	93	5	

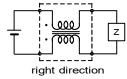
* Above Outer Case size is typical. It depends on a quantity of an order.

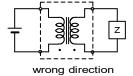
14. \triangle Caution

14.1 Mounting Direction

Mount products in right direction.

Wrong direction which is 90° rotated from right direction causes not only open or short circuit but also flames or other serious trouble.





14.2 Limitation of Applications

Please contact us before using our products for the applications listed below which require especially high reliability for the prevention of defects which might directly cause damage to the third party's life, body or property.

- (1) Aircraft equipment
- (2) Aerospace equipment
- (3) Undersea equipment
- (4) Power plant control equipment
- (5) Medical equipment
- (6) Transportation equipment (trains, ships, etc.)
- (7) Traffic signal equipment
- (8) Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- (9) Data-processing equipment
- (10) Applications of similar complexity and / or reliability requirements to the applications listed in the above.

14.3 Fail-safe

Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function on your product to prevent a second damage that may be caused by the abnormal function or the failure of our product.

14.4 Corrosive gas

Please refrain from use since contact with environments with corrosive gases (sulfur gas [hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, etc.], chlorine, ammonia, etc.) or oils (cutting oil, silicone oil, etc.) that have come into contact with the previously stated corrosive gas environment will result in deterioration of product quality or an open from deterioration due to corrosion of product electrode, etc. We will not bear any responsibility for use under these environments.

Reference Only

Spec No. JEFL243C-9116F-01

15. Notice

This product is designed for solder mounting. (reflow soldering only)

Please consult us in advance for applying other mounting method such as conductive adhesive.

15.1 Flux and Solder

Flux	Use rosin-based flux, but not highly acidic flux (with chlorine content exceeding 0.2(wt)%.) Do not use water-soluble flux.
Solder	Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder
	Use of Sn-Zn based solder will deteriorate performance of products. In case of using Sn-Zn based solder, please contact Murata in advance.

15.2 Assembling

<Thermal Shock>

Pre-heating should be in such a way that the temperature difference between solder and ceramic surface is limited to 100°C MAX. Also cooling into solvent after soldering should be in such a way that the temperature difference is limited to 100°C max.

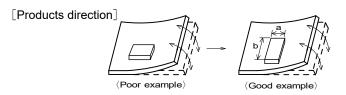
15.3 Resin coating

The impedance value may change and/or it may affect on the product's performance due to high cure-stress of resin to be used for coating / molding products. So please pay your careful attention when you select resin. In prior to use, please make the reliability evaluation with the product mounted in your application set.

15.4 Attention regarding P.C.B. bending

The following shall be considered when designing and laying out P.C.B.'s.

(1) P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are not subject to the mechanical stress due to warping the board.

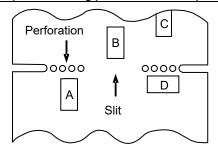


Products shall be location the sideways
Direction (Length : a<b) to the machanical
Stress

(2) Components location on P.C.B. separation

It is effective to implement the following measures, to reduce stress in separating the board. It is best to implement all of the following three measures; however, implement as many measures as possible to reduce stress.

Contents of Measures	Stress Level
(1) Turn the mounting direction of the component parallel to the board separation surface.	A > D*1
(2) Add slits in the board separation part.	A > B
(3) Keep the mounting position of the component away from the board separation surface.	A > C



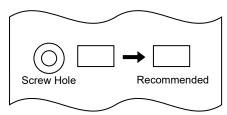
^{*1} A > D is valid when stress is added vertically to the perforation as with Hand Separation. If a Cutting Disc is used, stress will be diagonal to the PCB, therefore A > D is invalid.

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(3) Mounting Components Near Screw Holes

When a component is mounted near a screw hole, it may be affected by the board deflection that occurs during the tightening of the screw. Mount the component in a position as far away from the screw holes as possible.



15.5 Attention Regarding P.C.B. Design

< The Arrangement of Products >

P.C.B. shall be designed so that products are far from the portion of perforation.

The portion of perforation shall be designed as narrow as possible, and shall be designed so as not to be applied the stress in the case of P.C.B. separation.

Products shall not be arranged on the line of a series of holes when there are big holes in P.C.B.

(Because the stress concentrate on the line of holes.)

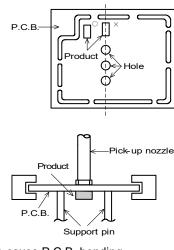
< Products Placing >

Support pins shall be set under P.C.B. to prevent causing a warp to P.C.B. during placing the products on the other side of P.C.B.

< P.C.B. Separation >

P.C.B. shall not be separated with hand.

P.C.B. shall be separated with the fixture so as not to cause P.C.B. bending.



P.C.B

Portion of

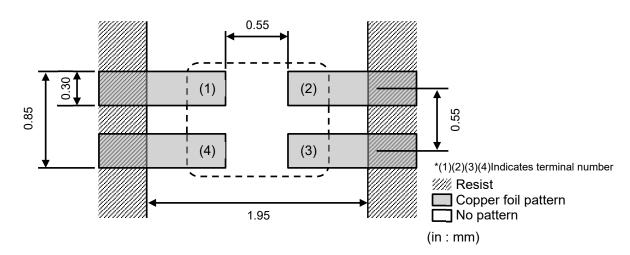
Portion of Perforation

Product

15.6 Attention Regarding P.C.B. Mounting

In case of mounting by use of mounting machine, please choose nozzle which can pick up components of 1005 size or the equivalents.

15.7 Standard Land Dimensions

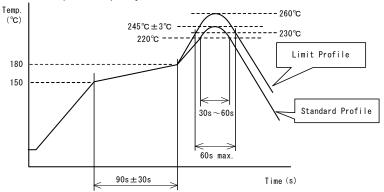


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15.8 Soldering(Reflow soldering)

Standard soldering profile and the limit soldering profile is as follows.

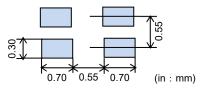
The excessive limit soldering conditions may cause leaching of the electrode and / or resulting in the deterioration of product quality.



	Standard Profile	Limit Profile
Pre-heating	150~180°C 、90s±30s	
Heating	above 220°C、30s∼60s	above 230°C、60s max.
Peak temperature	245±3°C	260°C、10s
Cycle of reflow	2 times	2 times

(1) Standard printing pattern of solder paste

- Standard thickness of the solder paste should be 100 to 150µm.
- Use the solder paste printing pattern of the right pattern.
- For the resist and copper foil pattern, use standard land dimensions.
- Use Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder.

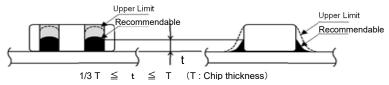


(2) Reworking with Soldering iron

- The following conditions shall be strictly followed when using a soldering iron after being mounted by reflow soldering.
 - · Pre-heating: 150°C, 1 min · Soldering iron output: 30W max.
 - · Tip temperature: 380°C max. · Tip diameter:φ3mm max.
 - · Soldering time : 3(+1,-0) seconds. · Times : 2times max.
- Do not touch the products directly with the tip of the soldering iron.

(3) Solder Volume

Solder shall be used not to be exceed the upper limits as shown below.



Accordingly increasing the solder volume, the mechanical stress to product is also increased. Excessive solder volume may cause the failure of mechanical or electrical performance.

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15.9 Cleaning Conditions

Products shall be cleaned on the following conditions.

- (1) Cleaning temperature shall be limited to 60°C max. (40°C max. for Isopropyl alcohol.)
- (2) Ultrasonic cleaning shall comply with the following conditions, avoiding the resonance phenomenon at the mounted products and P.C.B..
 - Power: 20W/ I max.
 Frequency: 28kHz to 40kHz
 Time: 5 minutes max.
- (3) Cleaner
 - 1. Alternative cleaner Isopropyl alcohol (IPA)
 - 2. Aqueous agent • PINE ALPHA ST-100S
- (4) There shall be no residual flux and residual cleaner after cleaning.

In the case of using aqueous agent, products shall be dried completely after rinse with de-ionized water in order to remove the cleaner.

(5) Other cleaning

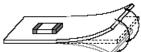
Please contact us.

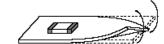
15.10 Handling of a substrate

After mounting products on a substrate, do not apply any stress to the product caused by bending or twisting to the substrate when cropping the substrate, inserting and removing a connector from the substrate or tightening screw to the substrate.

Excessive mechanical stress may cause cracking in the product.

Bending





15.11 Operating Environment

Do not use this product under the following environmental conditions, on deterioration of the performance, such as insulation resistance may result from the use.

Twisting

- (1) in the corrodible atmosphere such as acidic gases, alkaline gases, chlorine, sulfur gases, organic gases and etc (the sea breeze, Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, NO₂,etc)
- (2) in the atmosphere where liquid such as organic solvent, may splash on the products.

15.12 Storage Conditions

(1) Storage period

Use the products within 12 months after delivered.

Solderability should be checked if this period is exceeded.

- (2) Storage environment condition
 - Products should be stored in the warehouse on the following conditions.

Temperature: -10 to +40°C

: 15 to 85% relative humidity

No rapid change on temperature and humidity

• Products should not be stored in corrosive gases, such as sulfureous, acid gases,alkaline gases,to prevent the following deterioration.

Poor solderability due to the oxidized electrode.

- Products should be stored on the palette for the prevention of the influence from humidity, dust and so on.
- Products should be stored in the warehouse without heat shock, vibration, direct sunlight and so on.
- Avoid storing the product by itself bare (i.e.exposed directly to air).
- (3) Delivery

Care should be taken when transporting or handling product to avoid excessive vibration or mechanical shock.

16. **A**Note

- (1)Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- (2)You are requested not to use our product deviating from the reference specifications.
- (3)The contents of this reference specification are subject to change without advance notice. Please approve our product specifications or transact the approval sheet for product specifications before ordering.