

Features

- **Wide Supply Range: 3.5 V to 36 V, or Dual-Supply ± 1.75 V to ± 18 V**
- **Low Noise Voltage: 1.2 μ Vrms in audio band (TYP)**
- **High Slew Rate: 6 V/ μ s(TYP)**
- **Wide Bandwidth: 12 MHz(TYP)**
- **Ultra-low Distortion: 0.001% at 1 kHz (TYP)**
- **Rail-to-Rail Output**
- **Low Supply Current: 2mA per Amplifier**
- **-40°C to 125°C Operation Range**
- **Drop-In Replacement for NJM4580,RC4580**
- **Pin and Function Compatible With LM833,NE5532, NJM4558/9, and NJM4560/2/5**

Description

The TP4580 is a dual operational amplifier that has been designed optimally for audio applications.

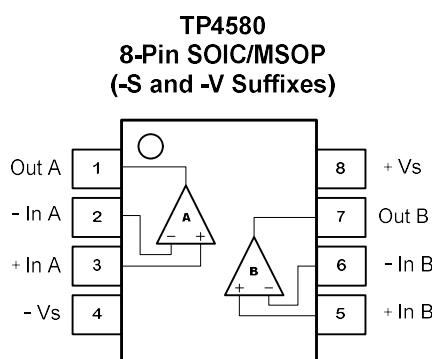
Featuring low noise, high gain bandwidth, low harmonic distortion, and high output current, all of which make the device ideally suited for acoustic audio electronics, such as audio preamplifiers and active filters, as well as industrial measurement equipment. Due to its wide operating supply voltage, the TP4580 also can be used in low-voltage applications.

Applications

- Professional Audio Equipments
- Pre-amplification and Filtering
- Transducer Amplifier

 3PEAK and the 3PEAK logo are registered trademarks of 3PEAK INCORPORATED. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Pin Configuration (Top View)



TP4580

Dual, Ultra-low Distortion, 36V RRO Op-amps

Order Information

Model Name	Order Number	Package	Transport Media, Quantity	Marking Information
TP4580	TP4580-SR	8-Pin SOIC	Tape and Reel, 4,000	4580S
	TP4580-VR	8-Pin MSOP	Tape and Reel, 3,000	4580V

Note (1): 'YW' is date coding scheme. 'Y' stands for calendar year, and 'W' stands for single workweek coding scheme.

Absolute Maximum Ratings Note 1

Supply Voltage: $V^+ - V^-$ 40V
Input Voltage Note 2 $V^- - 0.3V$ to $V^+ + 0.3V$
Input Current: $+IN, -IN$ $\pm 20mA$
Output Short-Circuit Duration Note 3 Indefinite
Current at Supply Pins $\pm 60mA$

Operating Temperature Range $-40^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$
Maximum Junction Temperature $150^\circ C$
Storage Temperature Range $-65^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) $260^\circ C$

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: The inputs are protected by ESD protection diodes to each power supply. If the input extends more than 500mV beyond the power supply, the input current should be limited to less than 10mA.

Note 3: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many amplifiers are shorted. Thermal resistance varies with the amount of PC board metal connected to the package. The specified values are for short traces connected to the leads.

ESD, Electrostatic Discharge Protection

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
HBM	Human Body Model ESD	MIL-STD-883H Method 3015.8	3	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	JEDEC-EIA/JESD22-C101E	2	kV

Thermal Resistance

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
8-Pin SOIC	158	43	$^\circ C/W$
8-Pin MSOP	210	45	$^\circ C/W$

Electrical Characteristics

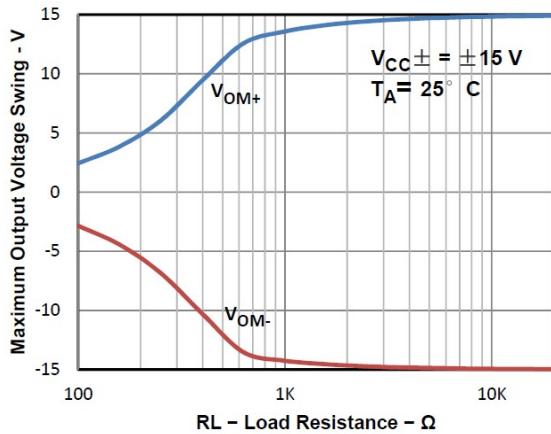
The specifications are at $T_A = 27^\circ\text{C}$, $V_s = \pm 15\text{V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{pF}$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = V_{DD}/2$	-6.0	± 0.5	+6.0	mV
I_b	Input Bias Current			1		pA
I_{OS}	Input Offset Current			1		pA
V_N	Input Noise Voltage	$f = 20\text{Hz to } 20\text{KHz}$		1.2		μV_{RMS}
e_N	Input Noise Voltage Density	$f = 1\text{KHz}$		12		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio		80	110		dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -14.5\text{V to } 13\text{V}$	80	110		dB
V_{CM}	Common-mode Input Voltage Range		± 12	± 13.5		V
V_{OM}	Output Swing from Supply Rail	$R_{LOAD} = 100\text{k}\Omega$	± 14.5	± 14.9		V
I_{SC}	Output Short-Circuit Current	Sink or Source current		25		mA
V_s	Supply Voltage		3.5		36	V
I_Q	Quiescent Current per Amplifier			2		mA
GBWP	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$f = 1\text{kHz}$		12		MHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_v = 1, V_{OUT} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}, C_{LOAD} = 100\text{pF}, R_{LOAD} = 100\text{k}\Omega$		6		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
t_s	Settling Time, 0.1% Settling Time, 0.01%	$A_v = -1, 10\text{V Step}$		1.5 1.6		μs
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion and Noise	$f = 1\text{kHz}, A_v = 10, R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega, V_{OUT} = 3.5\text{V}_{\text{RMS}}$		0.001		%
X_{talk}	Channel Separation	$f = 1\text{kHz}, R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$		100		dB

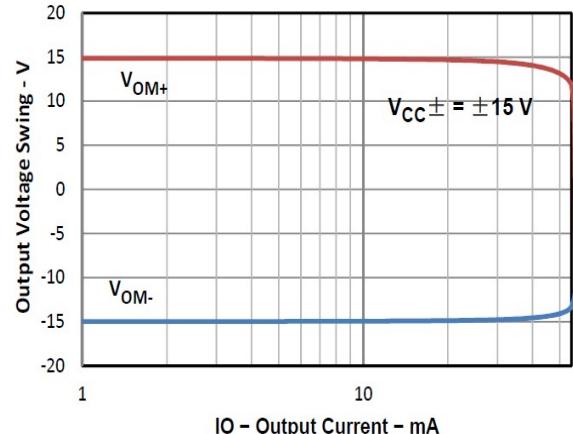
Typical Performance Characteristics

(The specifications are at $T_A = 27^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 15\text{V}$, $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0\text{V}$, $R_L = 100\text{k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{pF}$)

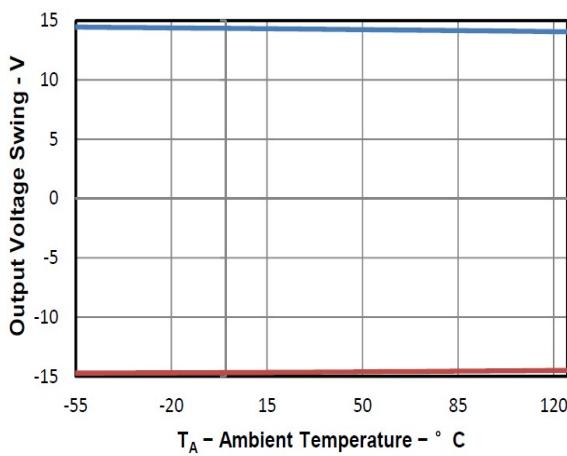
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance



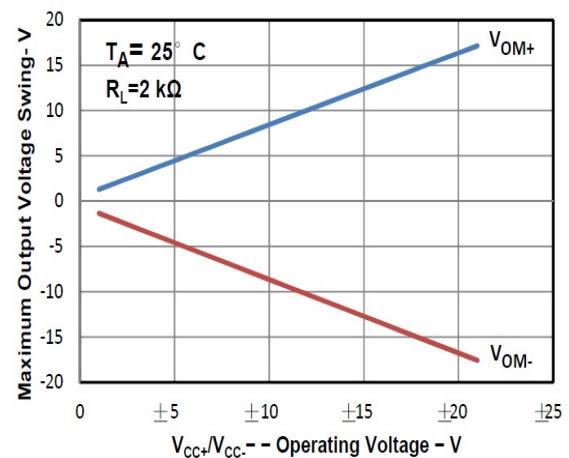
Output Voltage Swing vs. Output Current



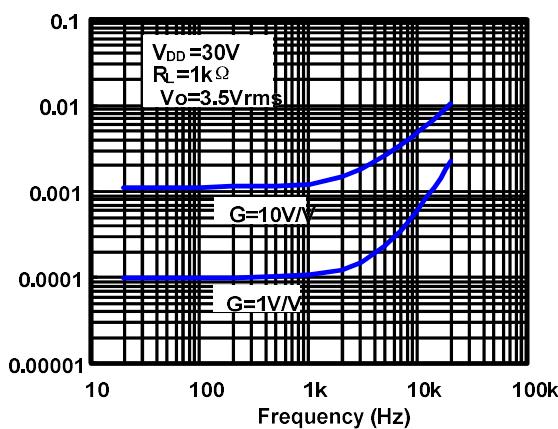
Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature



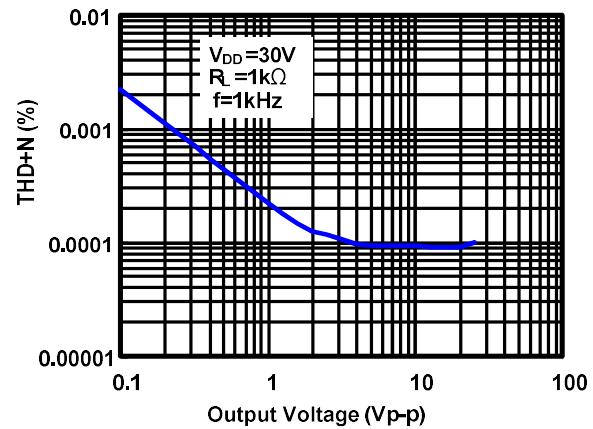
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage



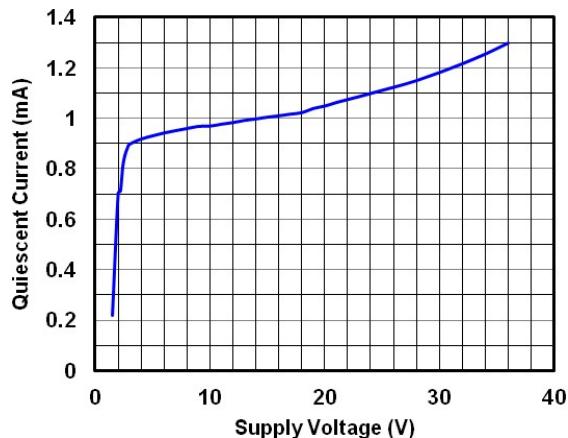
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise vs. Frequency



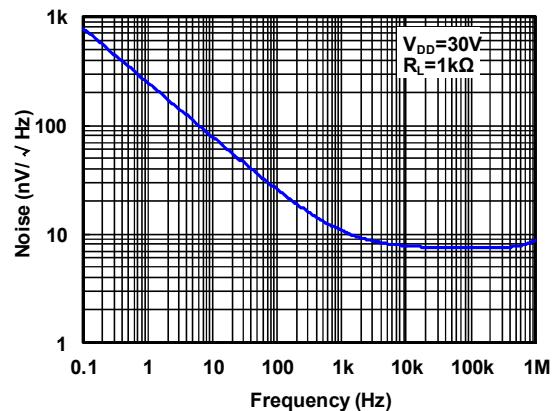
Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise vs. Output Voltage



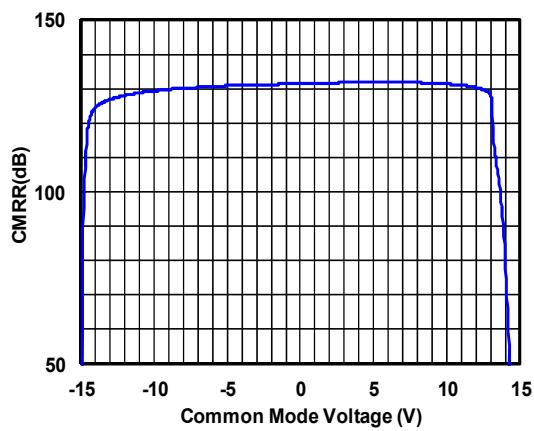
Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage



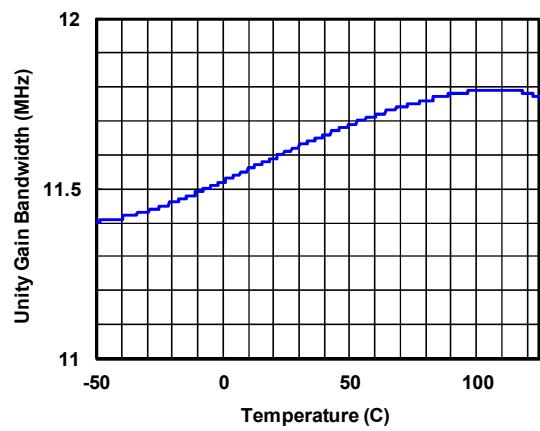
Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density



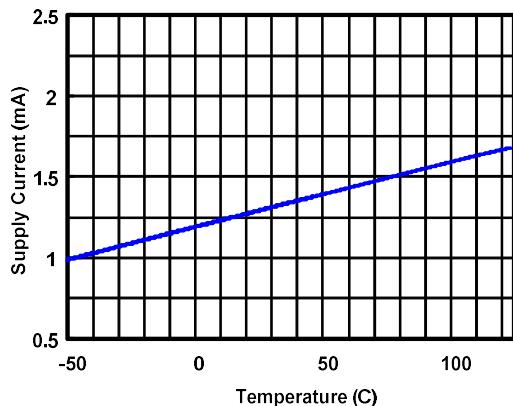
Common Mode Rejection Ratio



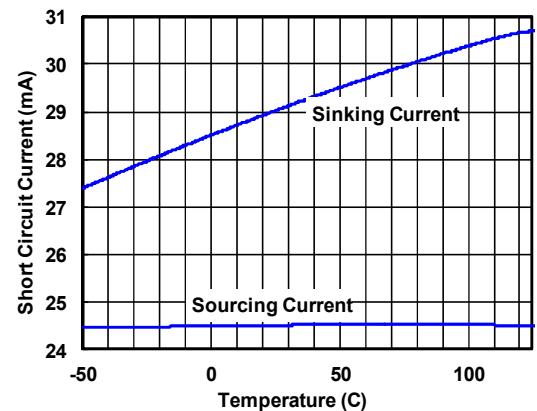
Unity Gain Bandwidth vs. Temperature



Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



Short Circuit Current vs. Temperature



TP4580

Dual, Ultra-low Distortion, 36V RRO Op-amps

Pin Functions

-IN: Inverting Input of the Amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from V^- to $(V^+ - 2.0V)$.

+IN: Non-Inverting Input of Amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as **-IN**.

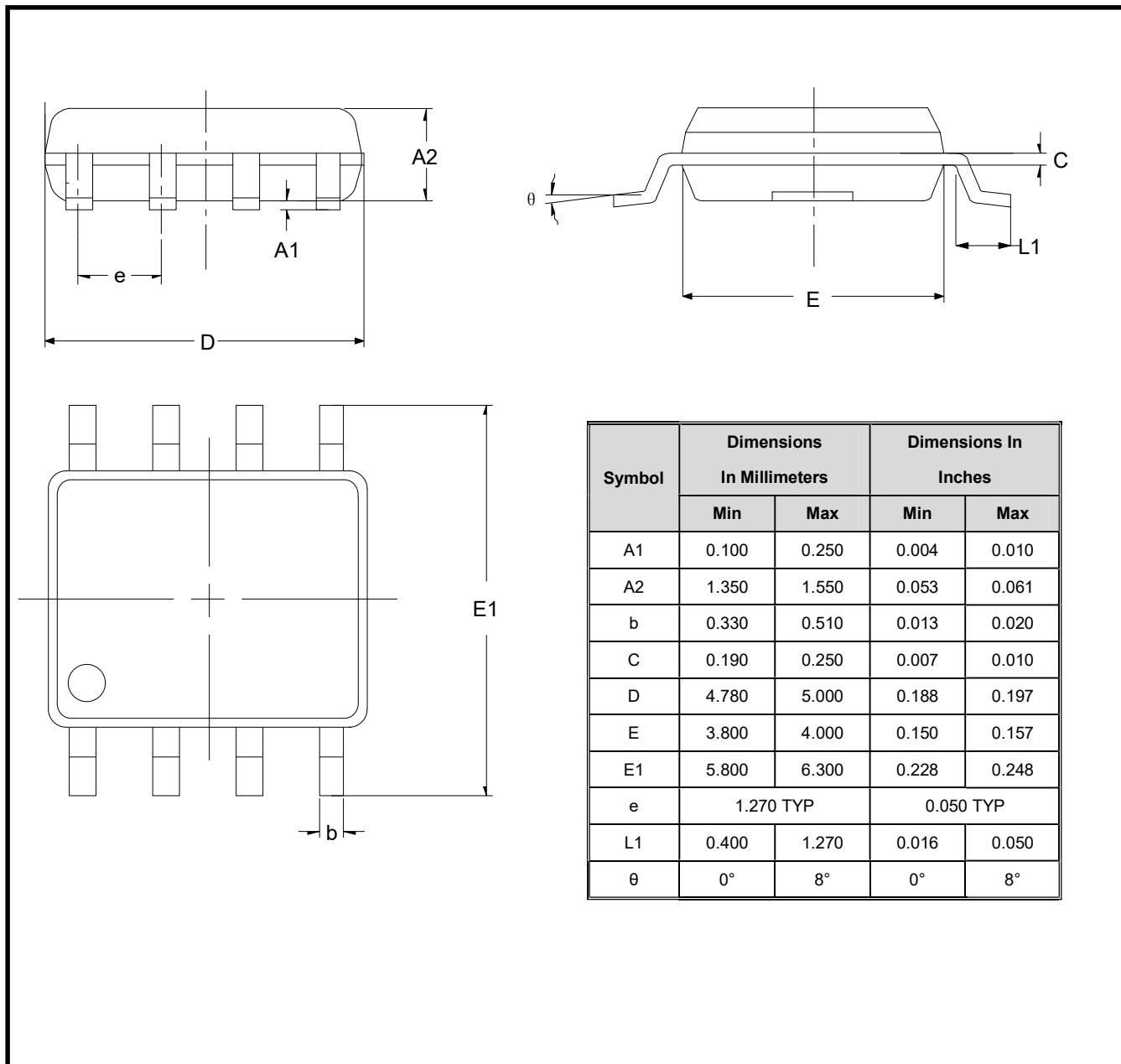
OUT: Amplifier Output. The voltage range extends to within milli-volts of each supply rail.

V^+ or $+V_s$: Positive Power Supply. Typically the voltage is from 3.5V to 36V. Split supplies are possible as long as the voltage between V^+ and V^- is between 3.5V and 36V. A bypass capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ as close to the part as possible should be used between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.

V^- or $-V_s$: Negative Power Supply. It is normally tied to ground. It can also be tied to a voltage other than ground as long as the voltage between V^+ and V^- is from 3.5V to 36V. If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ as close to the part as possible.

Package Outline Dimensions

SO-8 (SOIC-8)



Package Outline Dimensions

MSOP-8

