

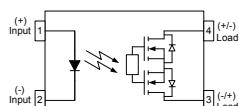
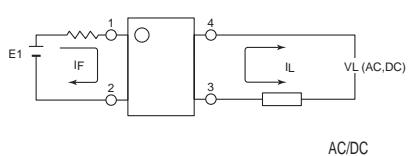


APSEMI

1 Form A APY216E\_EH

DIP-4 SMD-4 Load Voltage:600V Load Current:0.08A

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Load Voltage	$V_L$	600	V
Load Current	$I_L$	0.08	A
On-Resistance	$R_{on}$	35	$\Omega$
I/O Breakdown Voltage	$V_{io}$	5000	Vrms



1. LED Anode
2. LED Cathode
- 3.4. Drain(MOS FET)



E534710



DIP-4

SMD-4

## APSEMI PhotoRelays

APSEMI Photorelays are the most reliable, technically advanced logic-to-power interface devices. Their basic function is to take a low current signal from a microprocessor to control the switching of both AC and DC loads, while providing an isolation barrier between logic and power.

While this function is common to all relays, Photorelays provide distinct advantages over their mechanical counterparts including:

- Long life (No limit on mechanical and electrical lifetime)
- Bounce-free switching
- Higher speed and high frequency switching
- Higher sensitivity (less power consumption)
- Immunity to EMI or RFI
- No have voltaic arc, bounce, and noise
- More resistant to vibration and impact AC or DC load
- switching
- Small package size

## Function

APSEMI Photorelays operate by taking a low level input current (<5mA) that energizes an input Infrared LED, which is optically-coupled to a Photo-diode array chip. This IC in turn generates a photo voltage that powers two MOSFETs typically connected in a source-to-source configuration, allowing for both AC and DC output loads. Photorelay basically move photons to accomplish their switching function, they incur no mechanical wear and tear, providing consistent reliable switching.

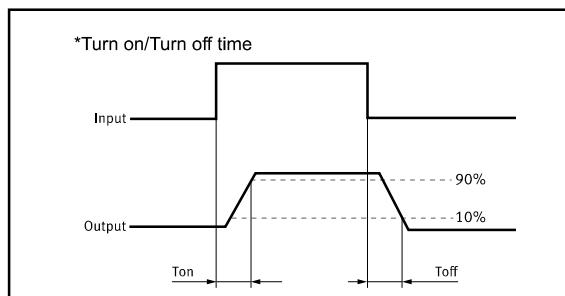
## Applications

These advantages make APSEI Photorelays the ideal choice for:

- Telecom/Datacom switching
- Multiplexers
- Meter reading systems
- Data acquisition
- Medical equipment
- Battery monitoring
- I/O Sub-Systems
- Robotics
- Aerospace
- Home/Safety security systems
- Process Control
- Energy Management
- Reed Relay EMR Replacement
- Programmable Controllers

## TPYES

Category	Output rating		Package	Part No.	Packing quantity
	Load voltage	Load current			
AC/DC	600V	0.08A	DIP-4	APY216E	50pcs/tube
			SMD-4	APY216EH	1000pcs/reel



**Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)**

Item		Symbol	Value	Units	Note
Input	Continuous LED Current	I <sub>F</sub>	50	mA	
	Peak LED Current	I <sub>FP</sub>	1000	mA	f=100Hz, duty=1%
	LED Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V	
	Input Power Dissipation	P <sub>In</sub>	75	mW	
Output	Load Voltage	V <sub>L</sub>	600	V(AC peak or DC)	
	Load Current	I <sub>L</sub>	0.08	A	
	Peak Load Current	I <sub>Peak</sub>	0.20	A	100ms(1 pulse)
	Output Power Dissipation	P <sub>out</sub>	450	mW	
Total Power Dissipation		P <sub>T</sub>	500	mW	
I/O Breakdown Voltage		V <sub>I/O</sub>	5000	Vrms	RH=60%, 1min
Operating Temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +100	°C	
Pin Soldering Temperature		T <sub>sol</sub>	260	°C	10 sec max.

**Electrical Specifications (Ambient Temperature: 25°C)**

Item		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Units	Conditions
Input	LED Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>		1.2	1.5	V	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA
	Operation LED Current	I <sub>F on</sub>		0.5	5.0	mA	
	Recovery LED Current	I <sub>F off</sub>		0.35	0.5	mA	
	Recovery LED Voltage	V <sub>F off</sub>	0.7			V	
Output	On-Resistance	R <sub>on</sub>		35	70	Ω	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>L</sub> =100mA, Time to flow is within 1 sec.
	Off-State Leakage Current	I <sub>Leak</sub>	0.01	0.03	0.10	uA	V <sub>L</sub> =Rating
	Output Capacitance	C <sub>out</sub>		33		pF	V <sub>L</sub> =0, f=1MHz
Transmission	Turn-On Time	T <sub>on</sub>		0.5	2.0	ms	I <sub>F</sub> =5mA, I <sub>L</sub> =100mA,
	Turn-Off Time	T <sub>off</sub>		0.02	0.2	ms	
Coupled	I/O Isolation Resistance	R <sub>I/O</sub>	10 <sup>10</sup>			Ω	DC500V
	I/O Capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>		0.8	1.5	pF	f=1MHz

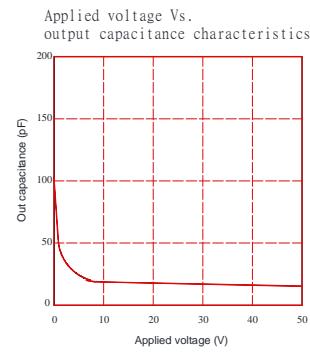
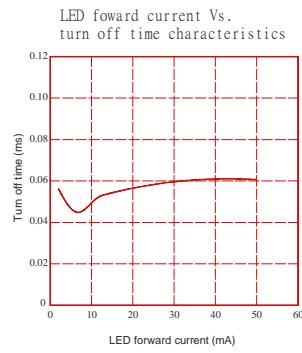
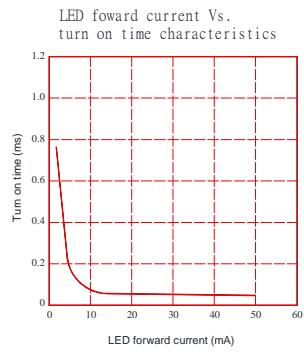
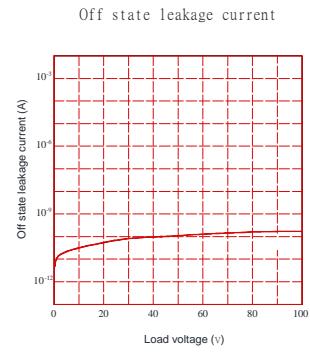
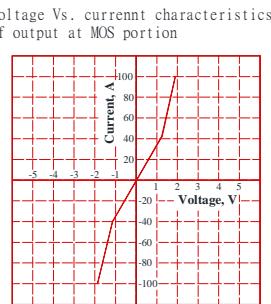
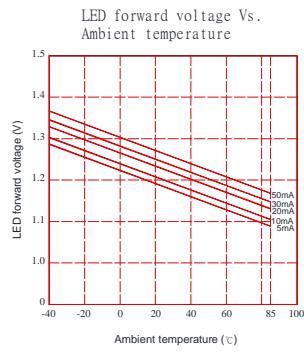
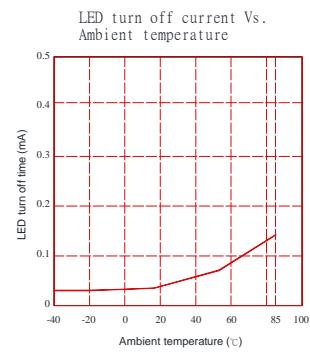
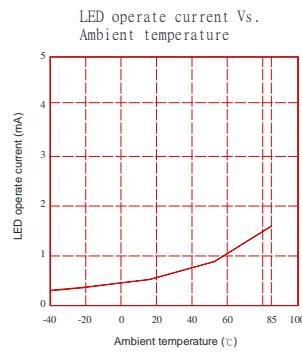
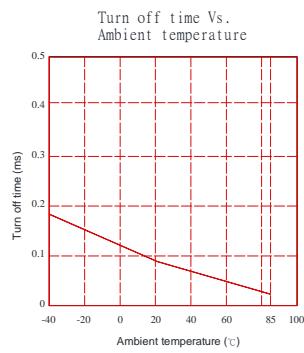
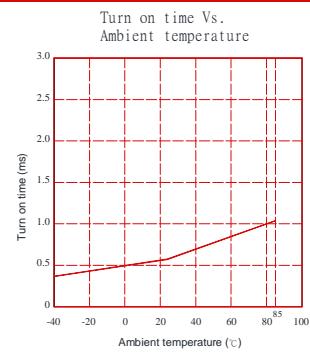
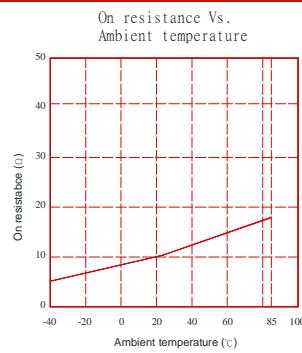
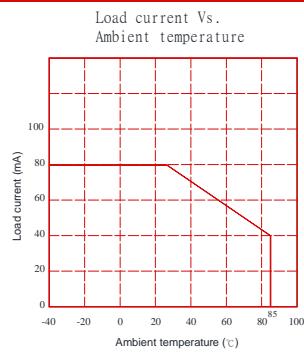
Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting. Input LED current (Recommended value): IF ≥5mA and ≤30mA



**APSEMI**

1 Form A APY216E\_EH  
DIP-4 SMD-4 Load Voltage:600V Load Current:0.08A

### Engineering Data



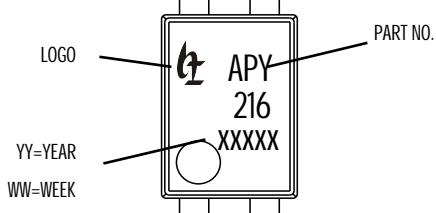


**APSEMI**

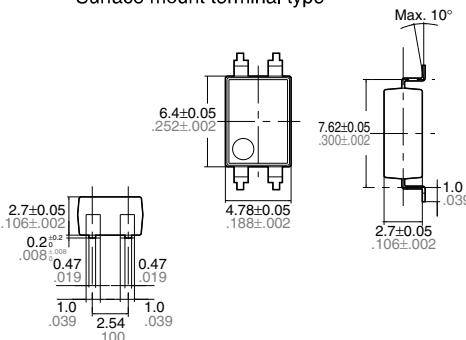
1 Form A APY216E\_EH  
DIP-4 SMD-4 Load Voltage:600V Load Current:0.08A

**Dimensions and SMD-4 Package** Unit: mm

**Marking**



**Surface mount terminal type**



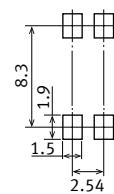
Terminal thickness:  $t = 0.2$   
General tolerance:  $\pm 0.1$

**Label**



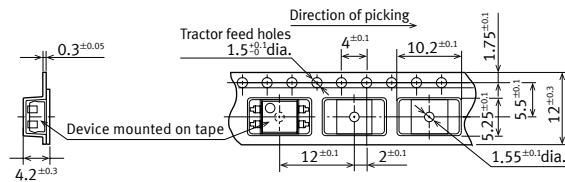
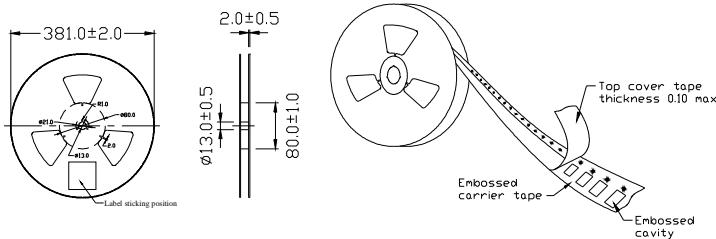
**Recommended mounting pad**

(TOP VIEW)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1$

**Tape dimensions ( tape reel )**



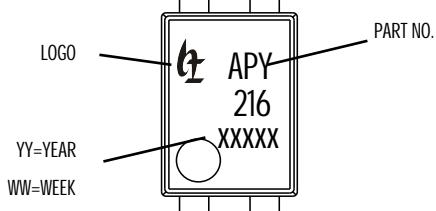


**APSEMI**

1 Form A APY216E\_EH  
DIP-4 SMD-4 Load Voltage:600V Load Current:0.08A

**Dimensions and DIP-4 Package** Unit: mm

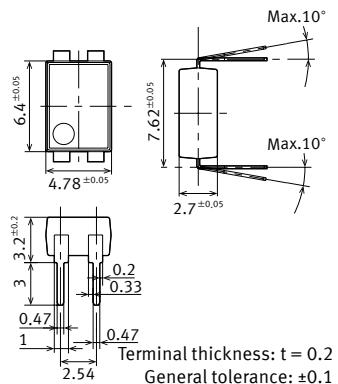
**Marking**



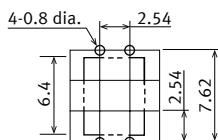
**Label**



**Surface mount terminal type**



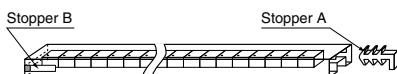
**PC board pattern  
(BOTTOM VIEW)**



**Tape dimensions ( tape reel )**

**DIP type**

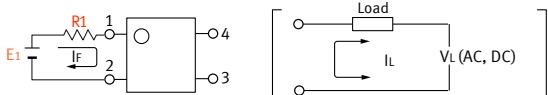
Devices are packaged in a tube so that pin No. 1 is on the stopper B side. Observe correct orientation when mounting them on PC boards.





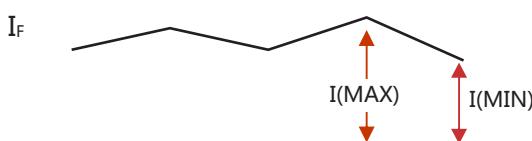
## Using Methods

Examples of resistance value to control LED forward current ( $I_F=5\text{mA}$ )



E1	R1 (Approx)
3.3V	300 $\Omega$
5.0V	600 $\Omega$
12V	1.9K $\Omega$
24V	4.1K $\Omega$

LED forward current must be more than 5mA , at  $I(\text{MIN})$  ,and less than 30mA , at  $I(\text{MAX})$ .



## Recommended Operating Conditions

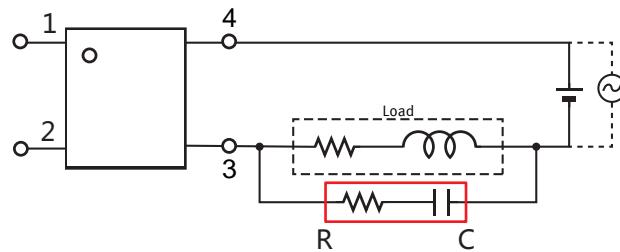
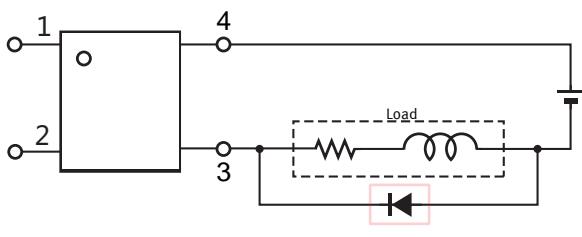
Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting. Input LED current (Recommended value):

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward current	$I_F$	5.0	7.0	30	mA

## Protection Circuit

Clamp diode is connected in parallel with the load.  
Absorb capacity with external diode.

CR Snubber is connected in parallel with the load.  
Absorb capacity with buffer capacity.



When adding diodes, buffer circuits (C-R), and other protections, they need to be installed near the MOS RELAY to be effective.  
Adding protection elements may result in a slow reset time, so adjust them according to the actual situation before use.

Note: When developing designs using this product, perform the expected performance of the equipment under the operating conditions recommended by the guidelines in this document. Continuous use under heavy loads (including, but not limited to, the application of high temperatures/current/voltage and significant changes in temperature, etc.) may result in deterioration of the reliability of this product.

**RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

---

APSEMI Co. and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "APSEMI") reserve the right to make changes to all information contained in this document relating to hardware, software, and systems (collectively "Products").

No information in this document may be reproduced without the prior written permission of APSEMI. Even with APSEMI's written permission, this document may only be reproduced if it is guaranteed to be unaltered or missing.

APSEMI assumes no responsibility for unintended uses of the product:

Unintended uses include, but are not limited to, equipment used in nuclear facilities, equipment used in the aerospace industry, medical equipment, automobiles, trains, ships, and other transportation equipment, traffic signaling equipment, equipment used for the control of combustion or explosions, safety devices, elevators and escalators, equipment used in electrical power-related applications, and equipment used in financial-related applications.

APSEMI assumes no responsibility for the product if you use it for any purpose other than the specific purpose described in this document.

- The information contained herein is provided only as a guide for the use of the product. APSEMI assumes no responsibility for infringement of third party patents or any other intellectual property rights that may result from the use of the product. This document does not grant any license, express or implied, estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property.

- GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) is used in products and is harmful to humans. Inadvertent ingestion or absorption of GaAs can harm the human body, so handle the product with care and do not break, cut, crush, grind, chemically dissolve, or otherwise expose GaAs in the product.

- Please be aware of environmental issues and use products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations governing the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including but not limited to the EU RoHS Directive. APSEMI assumes no responsibility for damages or losses resulting from non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations.