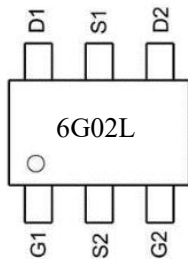


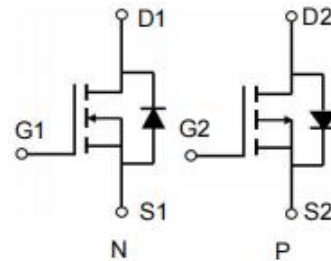
<b>Features</b> ➤ Super Low Gate Charge ➤ Green Device Available ➤ Excellent CdV/dt effect decline ➤ Advanced high cell density Trench technology	<b>Bvdss</b>	<b>Rdson</b>	<b>ID</b>
	<b>20V</b>	<b>17mΩ</b>	<b>6.3A</b>
	<b>-20V</b>	<b>30mΩ</b>	<b>-4.1A</b>
<b>Application</b>			
➤ Power management in half bridge and inverters ➤ Load Switch ➤ DC-DC Converter			

**Package**


Marking and pin assignment



SOT23-6L top view



Schematic diagram

**Package Marking and Ordering Information**

Device Marking	Device	Device Package	Quantity
6G02L	6G02L	SOT23-6L	3000

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		N-Channel	P-Channel	
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	20	-20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	±12	±12	V
Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS}$ @ 10V <sup>1</sup>	$I_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	6.3	-4.1	A
	$I_D@T_C=100^\circ C$	4	-2.6	A
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{DM}$	15	-16	A
Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy <sup>3</sup>	EAS	72	59	mJ
Avalanche Current	$I_{AS}$	21	-19	A
Total Power Dissipation <sup>4</sup>	$P_D@T_C=25^\circ C$	1	1	W
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-55 ~ 150		°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-55 ~ 150		°C



## Thermal Resistance Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	70	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	125	°C/W

## Ordering Information

Ordering Number	Package	Pin Assignment			Packing
Halogen Free	SOT23-6L	G	D	S	Tape Reel
HL6G02L		1,3	4,6	2,5	

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	20	-	-	V
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=16V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	5	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=\pm 12V, V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=250\mu A$	0.4	-	1.2	V
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=3A$	-	17	25	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=2.5V, I_D=2A$	-	21	30	
Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=3A$	-	10.5	-	S
Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$Q_g$	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=3A$	-	4.6	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		-	0.7	-	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	1.5	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=10V, V_{GS}=4.5V,$ $R_G=3.3\Omega, I_D=3A$	-	16	-	ns
Rise Time	$T_r$		-	42	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$		-	14	-	
Fall Time	$T_f$		-	7	-	
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS}=15V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	310	-	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	49	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	35	-	
Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$I_s$	$V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current	-	-	6	A
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_s=1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.2	V

## Notes:

- The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- The data tested by pulsed, pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature.
- The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$ , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=-250\mu A$	-20	-	-	V
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=-20V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=-20V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-5	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=\pm 12V, V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}, I_D=-250\mu A$	-0.4	-0.7	-1	V
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-4.1A$	-	30	38	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-2.5V, I_D=-3A$	-	38	53	
Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	$Q_g$	$V_{DS}=-10V, V_{GS}=-4.5V, I_D=-2A$	-	8.8	-	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$		-	1.4	-	
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	1.9	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=-10V, V_{GS}=-4.5V,$ $R_G=1\Omega, I_D=-3.3A$	-	10	-	ns
Rise Time	$T_r$		-	32	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$		-	50	-	
Fall Time	$T_f$		-	51	-	
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS}=-10V, V_{GS}=0V, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	830	-	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	132	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	85	-	
Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$I_S$	$V_G=V_D=0V$ , Force Current	-	-	-4.1	A
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_S=-4.1A, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1.2	V

## Notes:

- 1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
- 2.The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu s$  , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- 3.The power dissipation is limited by 150 $^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature.
- 4.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$  , in real applications , should be limited by total power dissipation.



### N-Channel Typical Characteristics

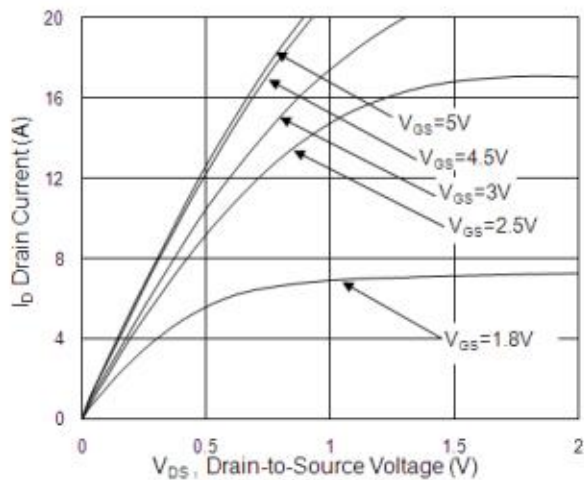


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

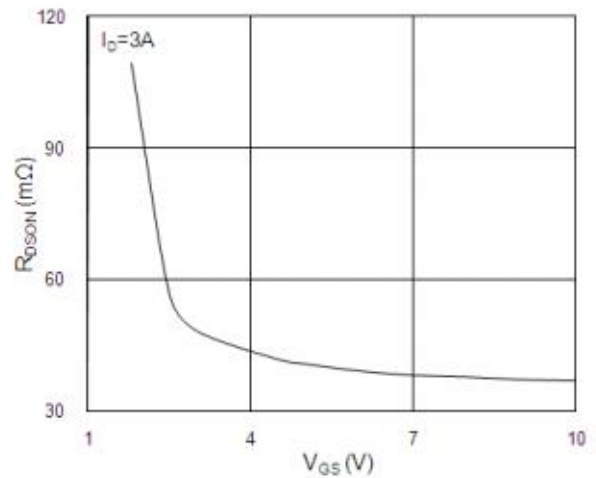


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

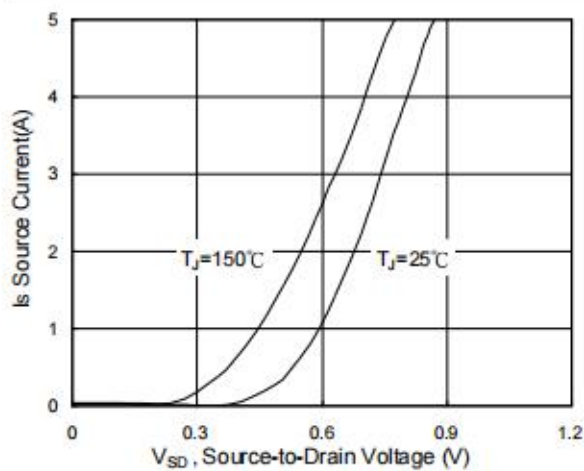


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse

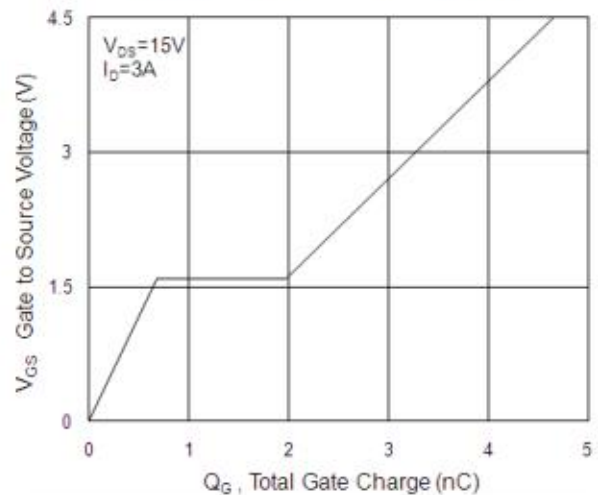


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

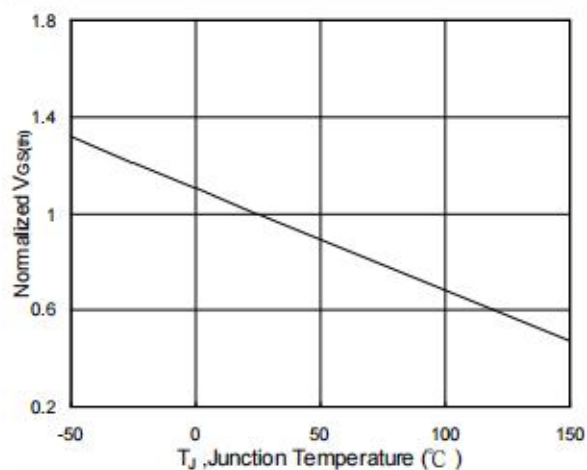


Fig.5 Normalized V<sub>GS(th)</sub> vs. T<sub>J</sub>

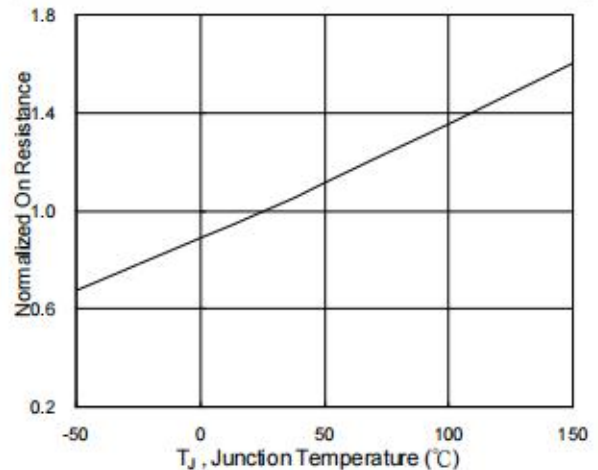
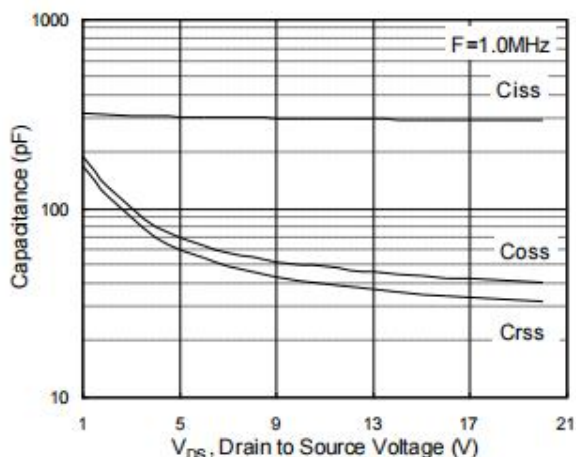
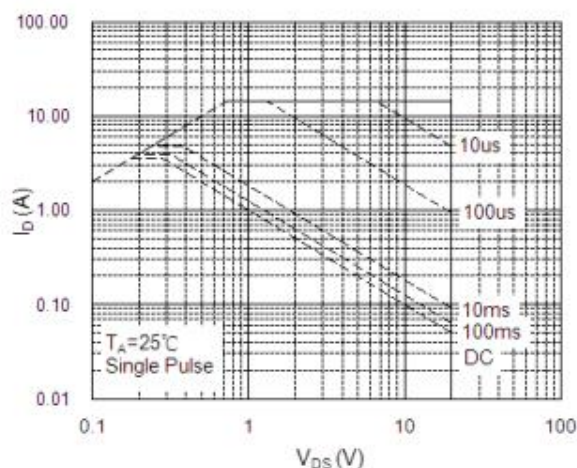


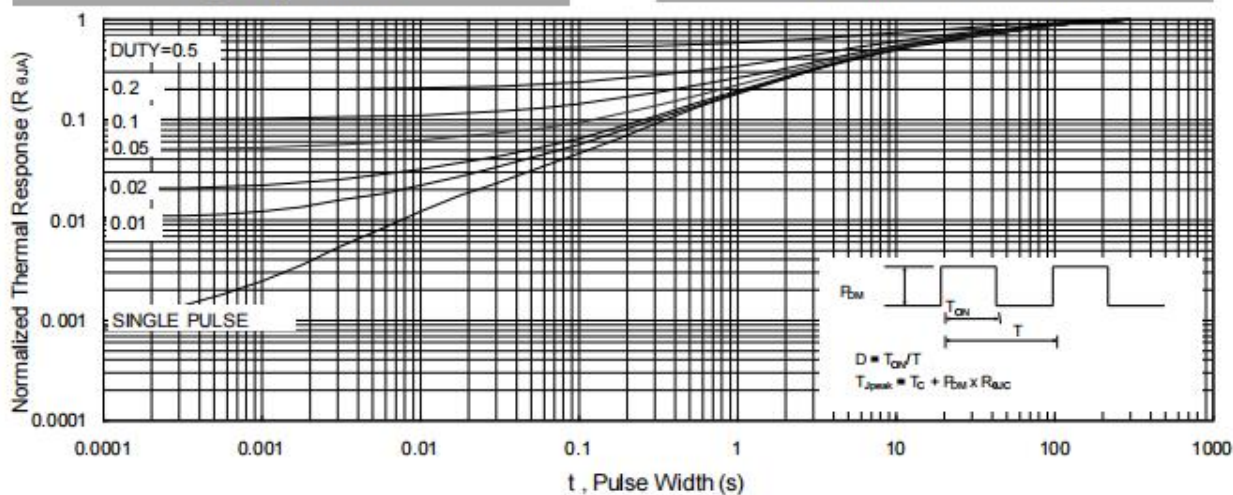
Fig.6 Normalized R<sub>DS(on)</sub> vs. T<sub>J</sub>



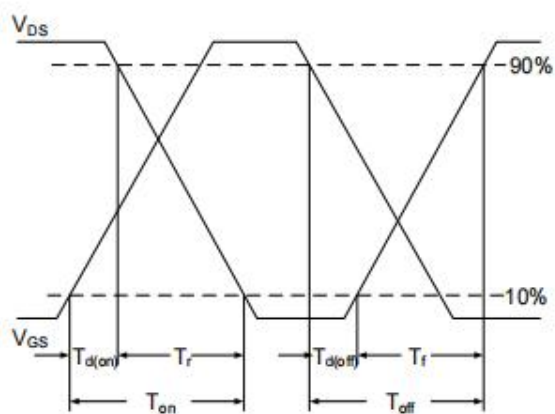
**Fig.7 Capacitance**



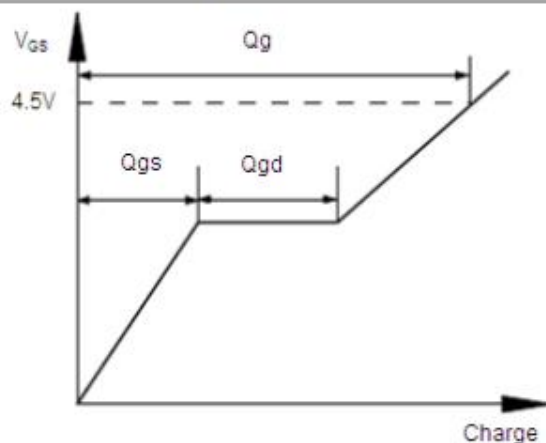
**Fig.8 Safe Operating Area**



**Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform**



**Fig.11 Gate Charge Waveform**





P-Channel Typical Characteristics

Q-

Figure 1: Output Characteristics

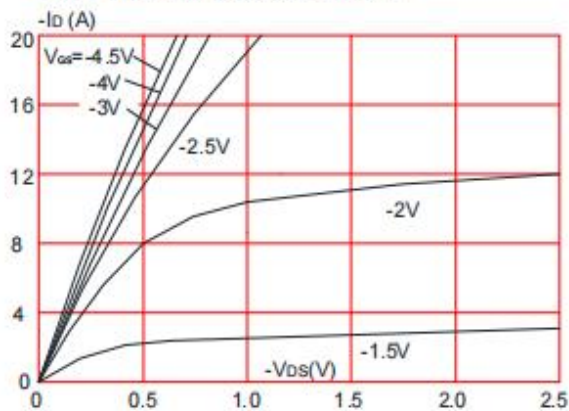


Figure 2: Typical Transfer Characteristics

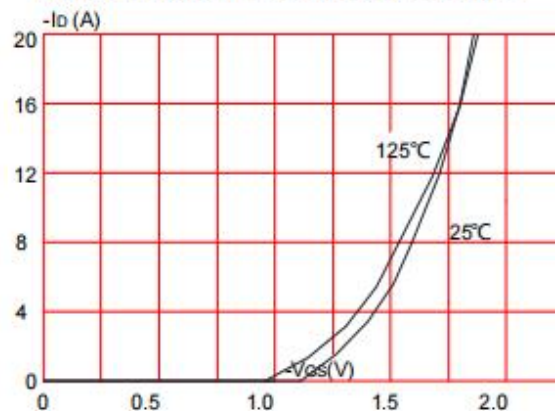


Figure 3: On-resistance vs. Drain Current

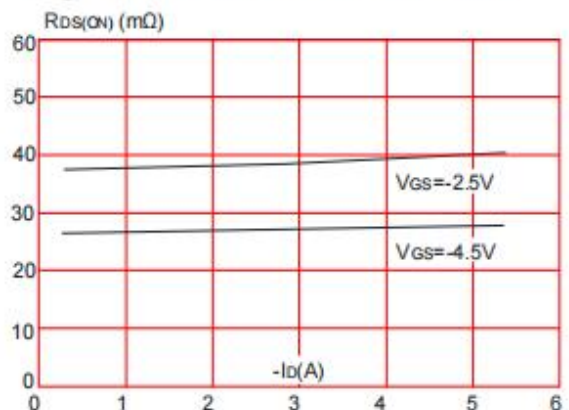


Figure 4: Body Diode Characteristics

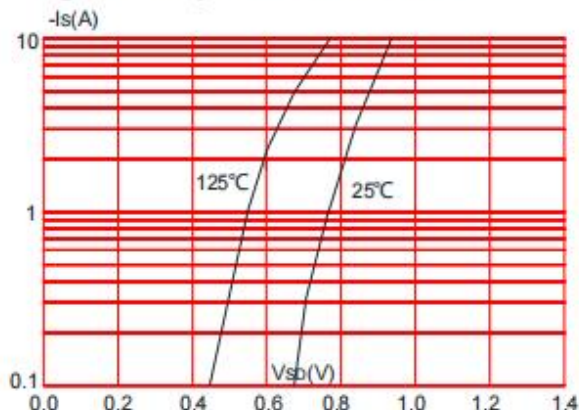


Figure 5: Gate Charge Characteristics

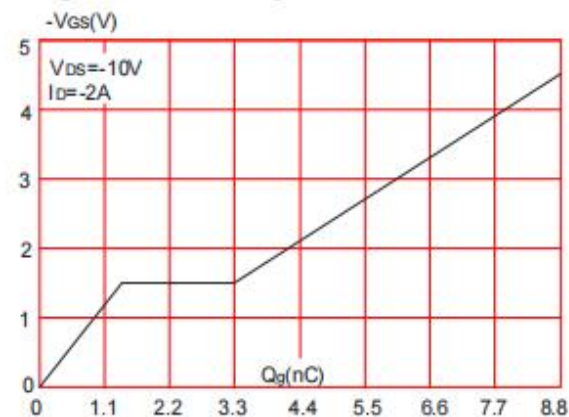
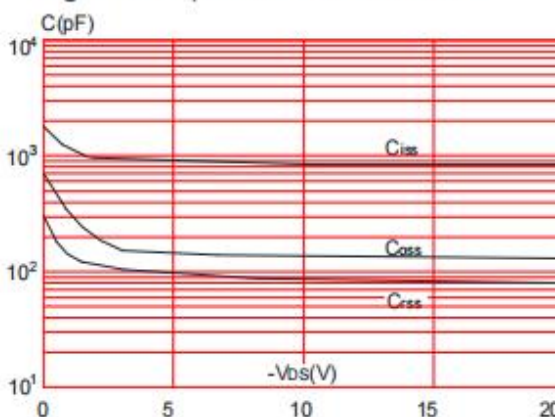
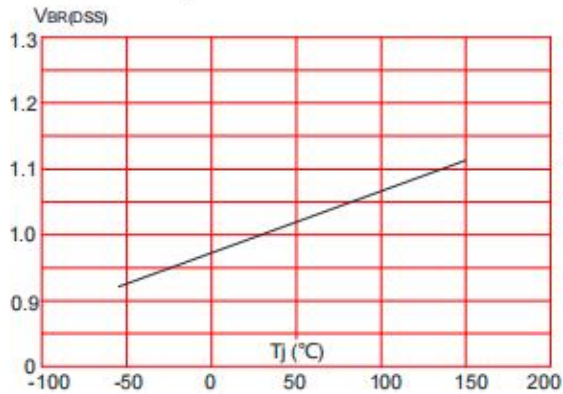


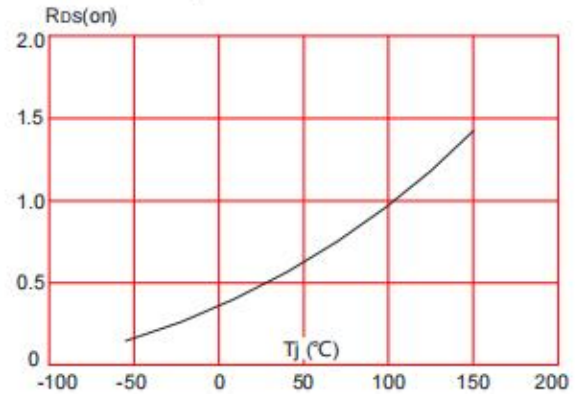
Figure 6: Capacitance Characteristics



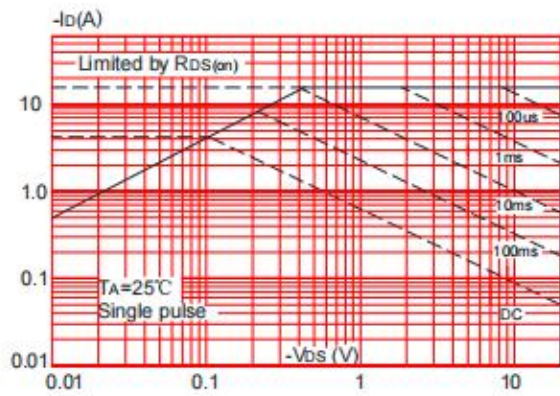
**Figure 7:** Normalized Breakdown Voltage vs. Junction Temperature



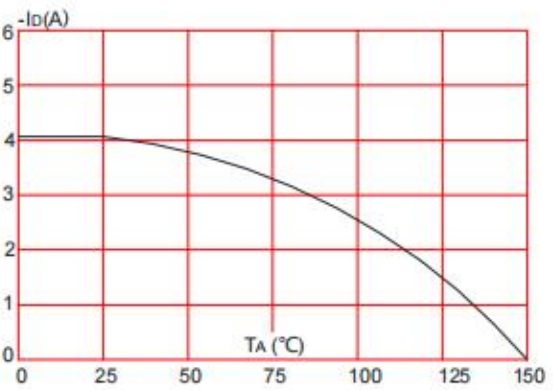
**Figure 8:** Normalized on Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



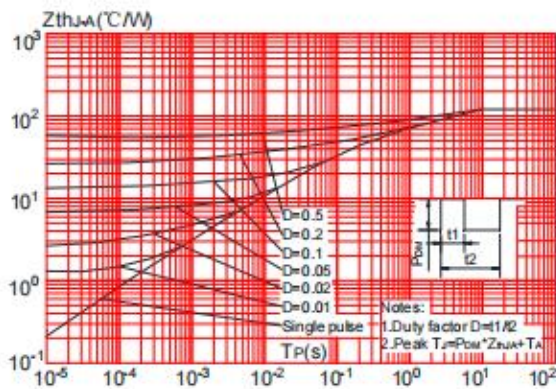
**Figure 9:** Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Figure 10:** Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs. Ambient Temperature

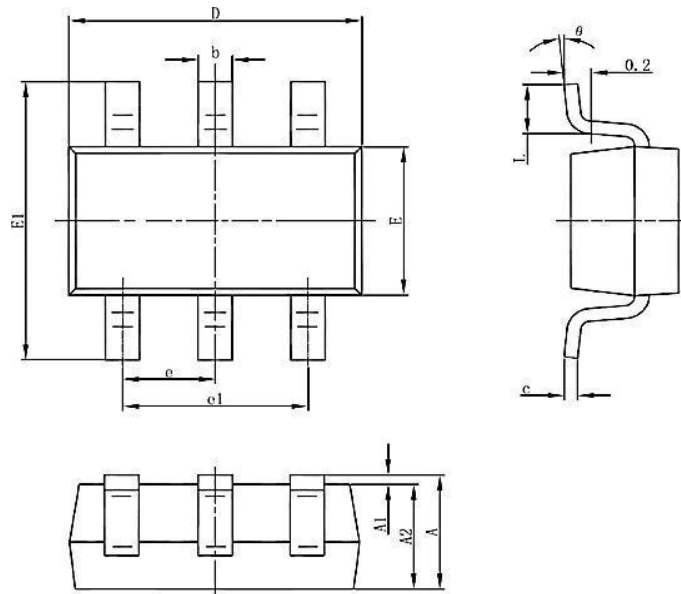


**Figure.11:** Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient





## Package Dimensions SOT23-6L



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
C	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950 (BSC)		0.037(BSC)	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0	8	0	8





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