DC/DC Converters

FXXXXXS-1WR3















current limiting



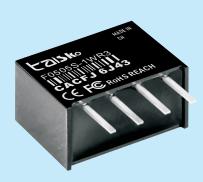












Feature

DC-DC converters Ideal for semiconductor, analytical, medical, and detector applications Accuracy, reliability and stability are critical for high voltage DC-DC applications, manufacturers, with over 20 years of experience providing accurate and reliable compact solutions. applications - allowing us to maximize functionality in a compact environment

Safety agency approval

ENI 55032:2015/A1:2020 EN IEC 62368-1:2020+A11:2020 IEC 62321-1:2013IEC 62321-2:2021IEC 62321-3-1:2013,

Up to 5-year warranty (Refer to Instruction Manual)

CE FCC marking

Low Voltage Directive **RoHS Directive**

ROHS REACH marking

Electrical Equipment Safety Regulations RoHS Regulations

EMI

- · PCA300F, PCA600F
 - Complies with FCC-B, CISPR32-B, EN55011-B, EN55032-B, VCCI-B
- · PCA1000F. PCA1500F Complies with FCC-A, CISPR32-A, EN55011-A, EN55032-A, VCCI-A

EMS Compliance : EN61204-3, EN61000-6-2

IEC60601-1-2 (2014), EN60601-1-2 (2015)

EN61000-4-2

EN61000-4-3

EN61000-4-4

EN61000-4-5

EN61000-4-6

EN61000-4-8

EN61000-4-11

DC/DC Converters

FXXXXXS-1WR3



DC-DC module power supply/3000V isolation Fixed voltage input/Non regulated single output/1W

PRODUCT MODEL	input	input		output		
	nominal voltage	Voltage range (V)	rated voltage (V)	minimum current	Maximum current	conversion efficiency (%)
F0503S-1WR3	,,,,	4.5-5.5	3	31	303	76
F0505S-1WR3			5	20	200	81
F0509S-1WR3	5		9	12	111	82
F0512S-1WR3	5		15	7	67	81
F0515S-1WR3			12	9	83	81
F0524S-1WR3			24	5	42	80
F1203S-1WR3			3	31	303	76
F1205S-1WR3			5	20	200	79
F1209S-1WR3	12	10.8-13.2	9	12	111	80
F1212S-1WR3	12		12	9	83	82
F1215S-1WR3			15	7	67	82
F1224S-1WR3			24	5	42	77
F2403S-1WR3		21.6-26.4	3	31	303	76
F2405S-1WR3			5	20	200	78
F2409S-1WR3	2.4		9	12	111	79
F2412S-1WR3	24		12	9	83	80
F2415S-1WR3			15	7	67	80
F2424S-1WR3			24	5	42	76
F****S-1WR3	** Can be	** Can be customized according to actual needs **				

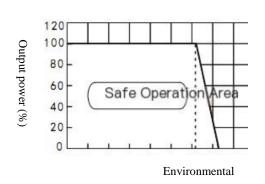
FXXXXXS-1WR3



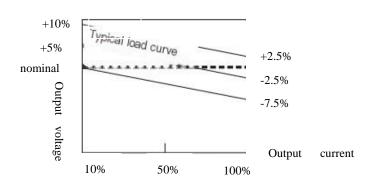
General characteristics				
switching frequency	100KHz		100% load, input nominal voltage	
Output short-circuit duration	1 second		There is also a sustainable short-circuit protection function, with the letter "R" after the mode number	
The shell heats up during product operation	15°C(Typ.)		25°C(Max)	
I	0.03%/°C		100% full load	
Pin soldering temperature 300°C resistance			Welding time ≤ 3 seconds	
Isolation voltage (input and output)	3000VDC		Test time 1 minute, leakage current less than 1mA	
insulation resistance 1000MΩ			Insulation voltage 500V	
operation temperature	-40∼+85°C		Ambient Temperature	
storage temperature -55~+125°C				
Storage Humidity	Storage Humidity <95%		No condensation	
Cooling method Natural air cooli		ing		
weight 2.8g		standard		
Input characteristics				
Voltage range	≤±10%			
filtering	Ceramic capacitor			
No-load power consumption	10% rated power (typi		ical value)	
output characteristic				
project numerical val			Test conditions	
Linear voltage regulation rate ±1.2(Max)			Input voltage changes by 1%	
Load regulation rate $\leq \pm 12\%$ (Typ); $\pm 12\%$		15%(Max)	10% to 100% load	
Accuracy of output voltage Refer to the egraph		error envelope curve		
RIPPLE AND NOISE ≤75mVp-p (Typ); 100mVp-p (Max)	20MHz bandwidth	
Unless otherwise specified, all cload, and 25 °C room temperature		testing conditions are:	nominal input voltage, pure resistive	

Typical characteristic curve

temperature profile



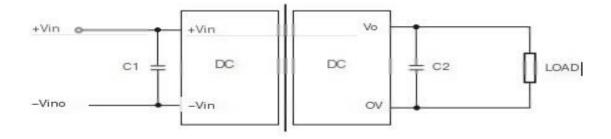
Errorenvelope curve graph



FXXXXXS-1WR3



Recommended Basic Application Circuits:



precautions

1. Output load requirements: Try to avoid using the module without load as much as possible. When the actual power consumption of the load is less than 10% of the module's rated output power or there is a no-load phenomenon, it is recommended to use it at the output end

External false load or selection of modules with lower rated power, the false load (resistance) can be calculated at 5-10% of the module's rated power,

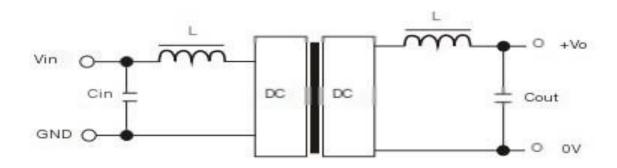
Resistance value= $U2/(10\% \times 1W)$;

- 2 Overload protection: Under normal working conditions, the output circuit of this product has no protection function against overload situations. The simplest method is to connect a self recovery fuse in series at the input end, or add a circuit breaker outside the circuit;
- 3 The capacitance value of the external capacitor connected to the output terminal should not be too large, otherwise it may cause overcurrent or poor startup during module startup. The specific selection should be based on the capacitive load value table.
- 4 For situations with high requirements for ripple noise, an external LC filter should be connected, as shown in Figure 1.It is recommended that Cout use ceramic capacitors or high-frequency low impedance electrolytic capacitors, as using tantalum capacitors may cause module damage.
- 5 The simplest device for output voltage stabilization, overvoltage, and overcurrent protection is to connect a linear regulator with overheat protection in series at its input or output terminals, as shown in Figure 2:

Capacityload

Input voltage (VDC)	External capacitor (uF)	Output voltage (VDC)	External capacitor (uF)
3.3 or 5	4.7	3.3 or 5	10
12 or 15	2.2	9	4.7
24 or 48	1	12	2.2
		15 or 24	1

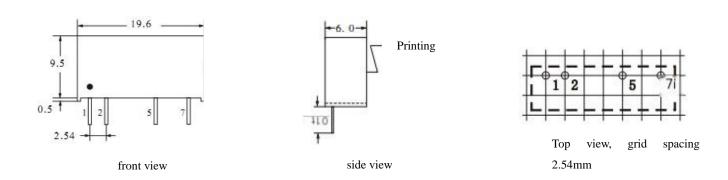


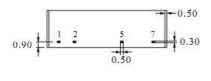


(Figure 1)

VinO REG DC DC O OV

(Figure 2)





bottom view

(Unit: mm Tolerance: ± 0.25)

F****S-1WR3					
Pin	1	2	5	7	
definit ion	+Vin	-Vin	0V	+Vo	
descri be	Enter positive	Input negativ e	Output location	output	