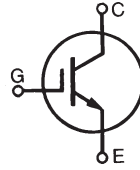


High Voltage IGBT

IXGT6N170A IXGH6N170A

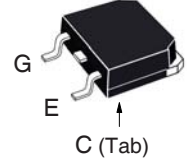


$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 1700V \\ I_{C25} &= 6A \\ V_{CE(sat)} &\leq 7.0V \\ t_{fi(typ)} &= 32ns \end{aligned}$$

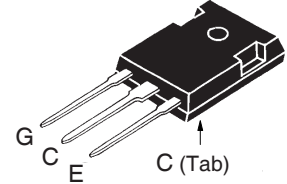
Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C	1700	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C , $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	1700	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	6	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$	3	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 1ms	14	A
SSOA	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$	$I_{CM} = 12$	A
(RBSOA)	Clamped Inductive Load	@ $0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$	
t_{SC}	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 1200V$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, $R_G = 33\Omega$	10	μs
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	75	W
T_J		- 55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		- 55 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{SOLD}	1.6 mm (0.062in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
M_d	Mounting Torque (TO-247)	1.13/10	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	TO-268	4	g
	TO-247	6	g

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
BV_{CES}	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$	1700		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.0 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			10 μA 500 μA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = I_{C110}$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		5.4	7.0 V

TO-268 (IXGT)



TO-247 (IXGH)



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter Tab = Collector

Features

- International Standard Packages
- High Voltage Package

Advantages

- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

Applications

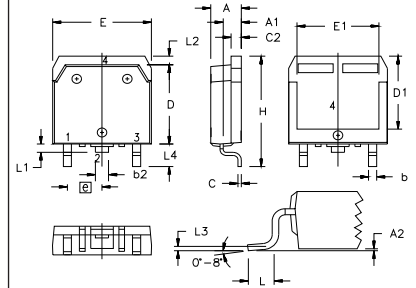
- Power Inverters
- UPS
- Motor Drives
- SMPS
- PFC Circuits
- Welding Machines

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 6\text{A}$, $V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$, Note 1	2.0	3.5	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$		390	pF
C_{oes}			20	pF
C_{res}			7	pF
Q_g	$I_C = 6\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$, $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		18.5	nC
Q_{ge}			2.8	nC
Q_{gc}			8.2	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 6\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$ Note 2		46	ns
t_{ri}			40	ns
E_{on}			0.59	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			220	ns
t_{fi}			32	ns
E_{off}			0.18	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 6\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ $V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$, $R_G = 33\Omega$ Note 2		48	ns
t_{ri}			43	ns
E_{on}			0.62	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			230	ns
t_{fi}			41	ns
E_{off}			0.25	mJ
R_{thJC}	TO-247			1.65 $^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCK}			0.21	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

1. Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
2. Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher $V_{CE}(\text{clamp})$, T_J or R_G .

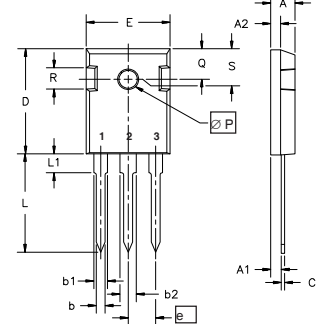
TO-268 Outline



Terminals: 1 - Gate, 2,4 - Collector, 3 - Emitter

SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.106	.114	2.70	2.90
A2	.001	.010	0.02	0.25
b	.045	.057	1.15	1.45
b2	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
C	.016	.026	0.40	0.65
C2	.057	.063	1.45	1.60
D	.543	.551	13.80	14.00
D1	.488	.500	12.40	12.70
E	.624	.632	15.85	16.05
E1	.524	.535	13.30	13.60
e	.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
H	.736	.752	18.70	19.10
L	.094	.106	2.40	2.70
L1	.047	.055	1.20	1.40
L2	.039	.045	1.00	1.15
L3	.010 BSC		0.25 BSC	
L4	.150	.161	3.80	4.10

TO-247 Outline



Terminals: 1 - Gate, 2 - Collector, 3 - Emitter

Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
A	4.7	5.3	.185	.209
A ₁	2.2	2.54	.087	.102
A ₂	2.2	2.6	.059	.098
b	1.0	1.4	.040	.055
b ₁	1.65	2.13	.065	.084
b ₂	2.87	3.12	.113	.123
C	.4	.8	.016	.031
D	20.80	21.46	.819	.845
E	15.75	16.26	.610	.640
e	5.20	5.72	0.205	0.225
L	19.81	20.32	.780	.800
L1		4.50		.177
ØP	3.55	3.65	.140	.144
Q	5.89	6.40	0.232	0.252
R	4.32	5.49	.170	.216
S	6.15	BSC	242	BSC

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test Conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

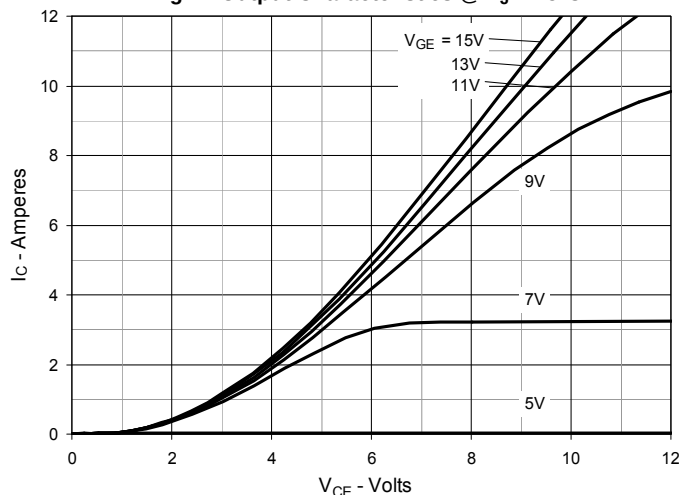


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

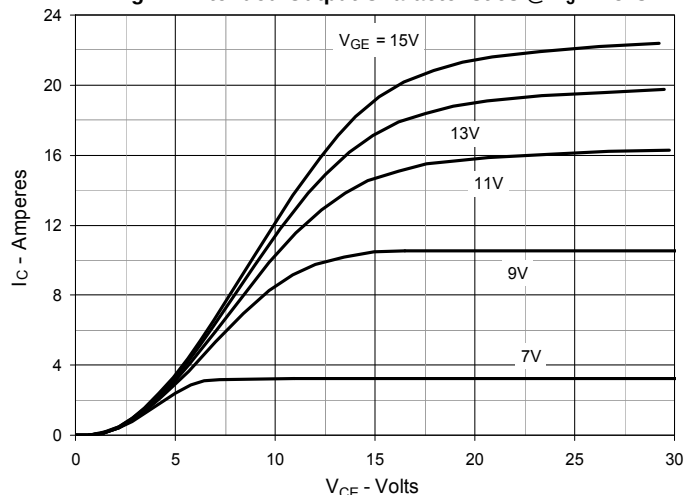


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics @ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

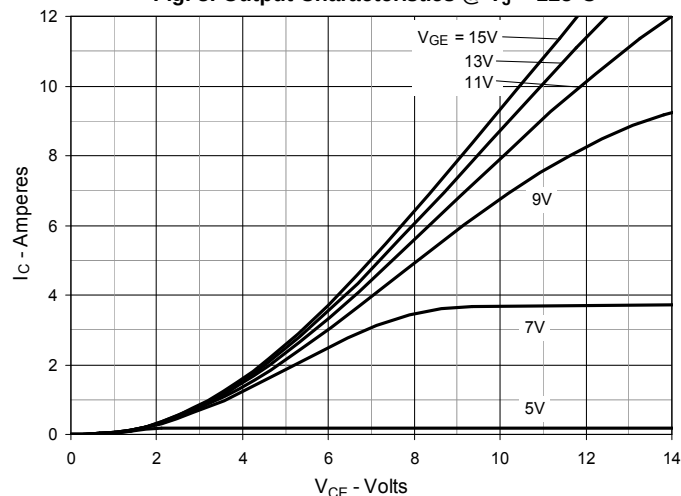


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Junction Temperature

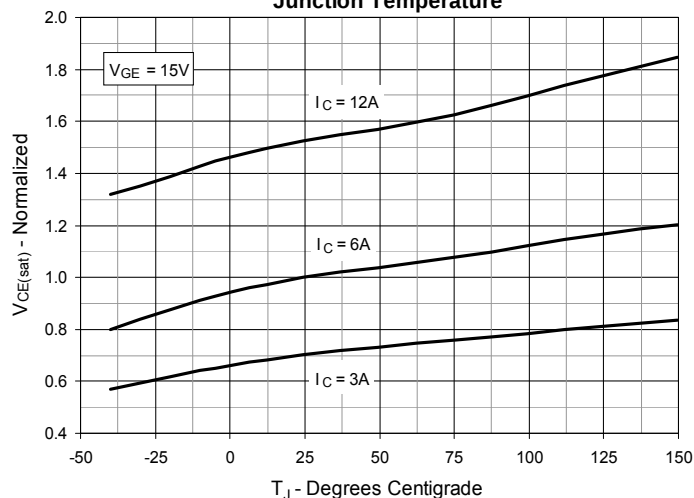


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

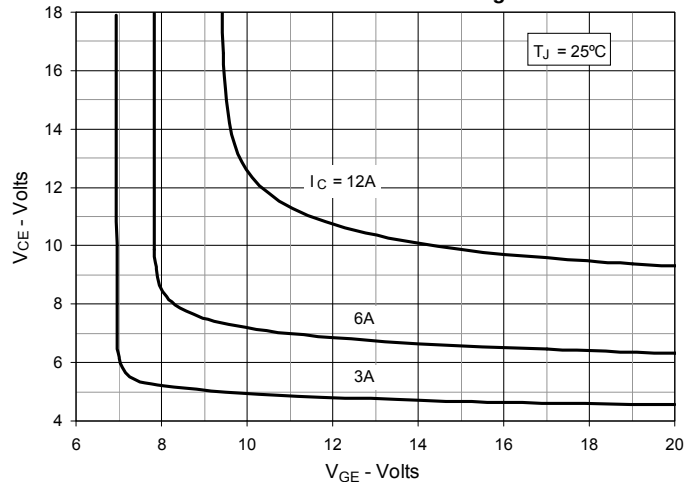


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

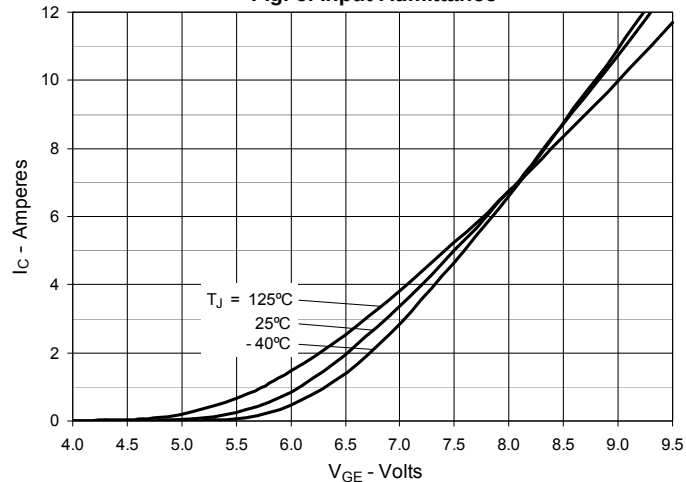


Fig. 7. Transconductance

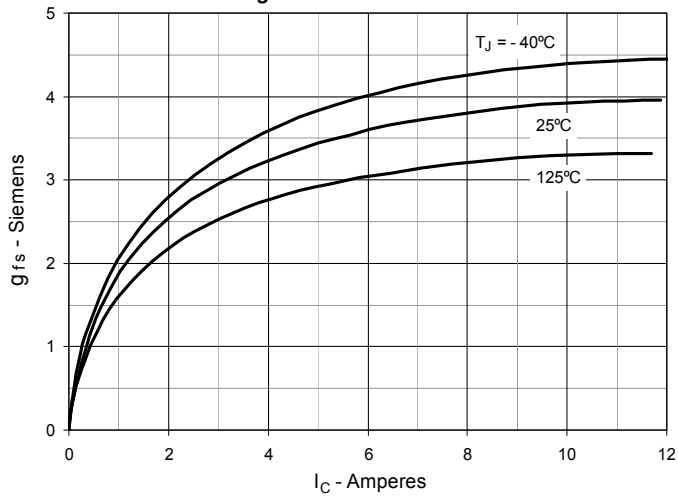


Fig. 8. Gate Charge

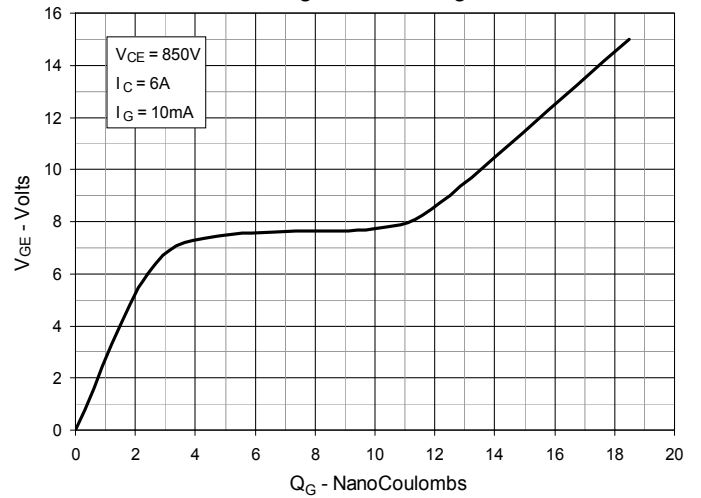


Fig. 9. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

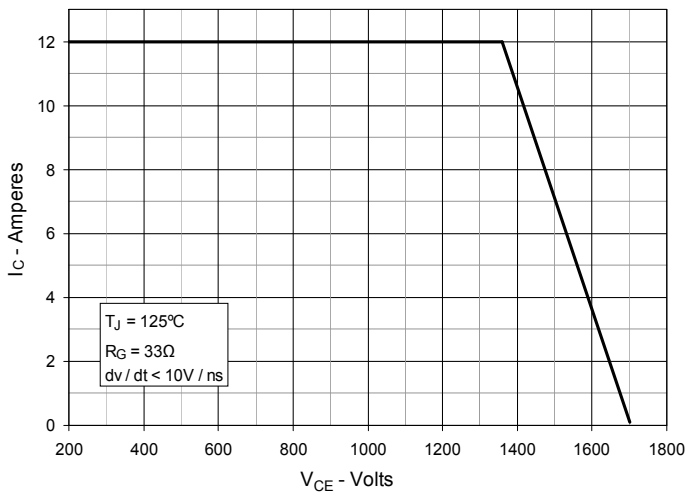


Fig. 10. Capacitance

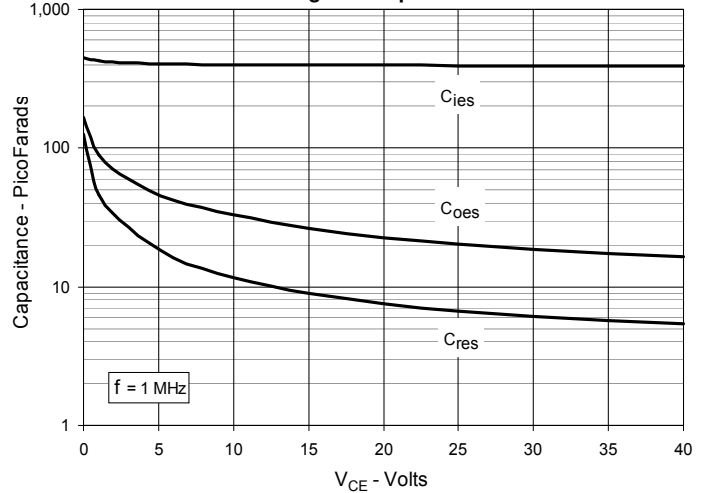


Fig. 11. Forward-Bias Safe Operating Area

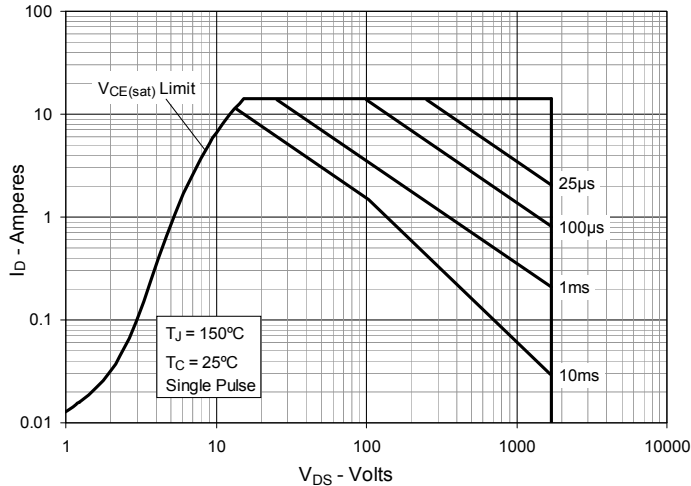


Fig. 12. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Gate Resistance

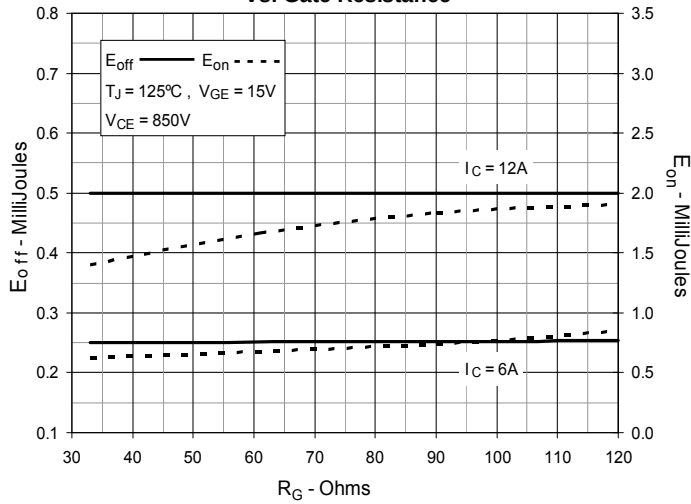


Fig. 13. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Collector Current

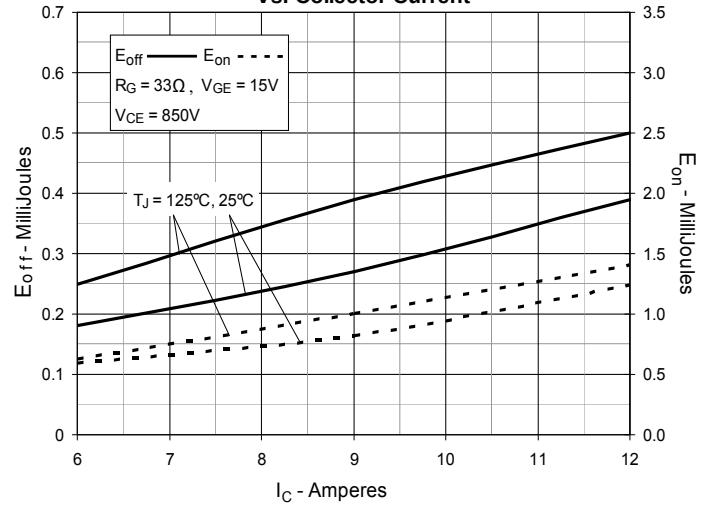


Fig. 14. Inductive Switching Energy Loss vs. Junction Temperature

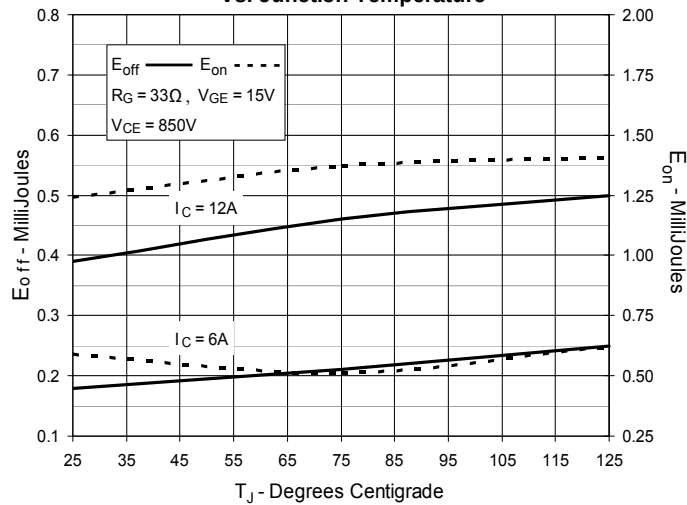


Fig. 15. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

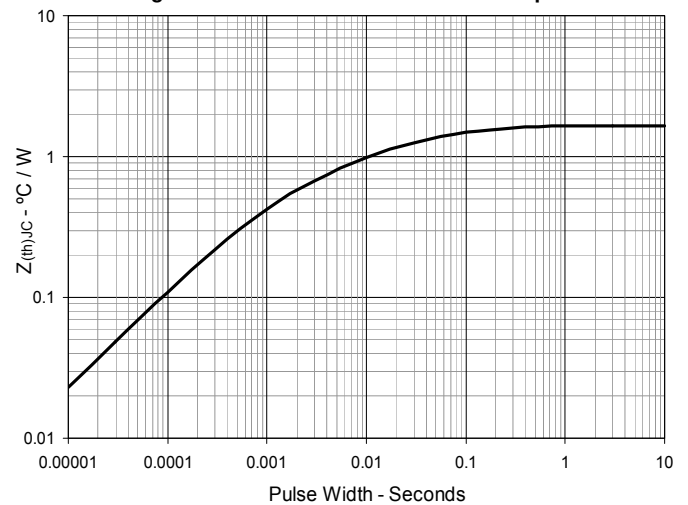
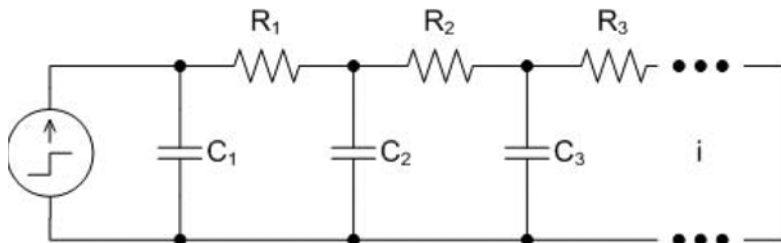


Fig. 16. Cauer Thermal Network



i	Ri (°C/W)	Ci (J/°C)
1	0.11615	0.0019257
2	0.29930	0.0016574
3	0.26377	0.0262960



Disclaimer Notice - Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.