

HSMF-C255

Tri-color Reverse-Mount ChipLED

Overview

HSMF-C255 is a versatile and easy-to-use tricolor RGB LED that can be used in top-mount or reverse-mount configurations. This surface-mount device is available in a $3.2 \times 1.2 \text{ mm}^2$ footprint.

The device's wide viewing angle allows optimal color mixing and this package is ideal for applications with headroom constraints by mounting the LED in the reverse-mount configuration.

By utilizing efficient and high brightness AllnGaP and InGaN chip technology, this product is capable of delivering high light output performance.

This LED is compatible with the reflow soldering process. For easy pick and place, the LEDs are shipped in tape and reel. Every reel is shipped from a single intensity and color bin (except the red color) for better uniformity.

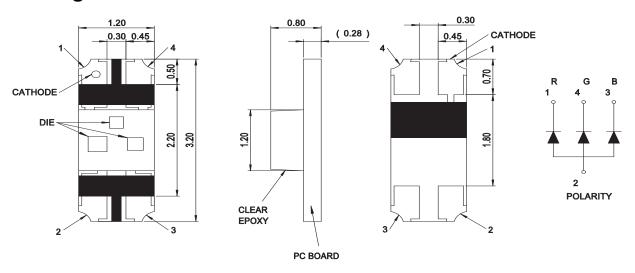
Features

- LED with AllnGaP Red, InGaN Green, and InGaN Blue
- Compatible with reflow soldering
- Available in 8-mm tape on 7-inch diameter reel

Applications

- Indicator
- Backlighting

Package Dimensions



NOTE:

- All dimensions in millimeters (mm).
- Tolerance is ±0.10 mm unless otherwise specified.
- Dimension in bracket for reference only.

CAUTION! This LED is Class 1A ESD sensitive per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001. Observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Red	Green	Blue	Unit
DC Forward Current ^{a b}	20	20	10	mA
Power Dissipation ^a	48	70	35	mW
DC Forward Current ^{c d}	15	15	10	mA
Power Dissipation ^c	36	58	35	mW
LED Junction Temperature		95		°C
Operating Temperature Range		-40 to +85		°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +85		°C	

- a. When one color lights up.
- b. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5.
- c. When three colors light up.
- d. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 6.

Optical Characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 10$ mA)

	Luminous Intensity, I _V (mcd) ^a		Dominant Wavelength (nm) ^b	Peak Wavelength (nm)
Color	Min.	Max.	Тур.	Тур.
Red	28.5	180.0	623	633
Green	180.0	450.0	521	516
Blue	28.5	180.0	466	462

a. The luminous intensity is measured at the mechanical axis of the LED package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern may not be aligned with the axis.

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J = 25$ °C, $I_F = 10$ mA)

	Forward Voltage, V _F (V) ^a		Reverse Current, I _R (μA) at V _R = 5V ^b	Thermal Resistance, Rθ _{J-S} (°C/W) ^c
Color	Min.	Max.	Max.	Тур.
Red	1.6	2.4	100	600
Green	2.5	3.5	100	550
Blue	2.5	3.5	100	550

a. Forward voltage tolerance = ± 0.1 V.

b. The dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE Chromaticity diagram and represents the perceived color of the device.

b. Indicates product final test condition only. Long term reverse bias is not recommended.

c. Thermal resistance from LED junction to solder point.

Bin Information

Intensity Bin Limit (CAT)

	Luminous Intensity (mcd)			
Bin	Min.	Max.		
Red/Blue	Red/Blue			
N	28.50	45.00		
Р	45.00	71.50		
Q	71.50	112.50		
R	112.50	180.00		
Green				
S	180.0	285.0		
Т	285.0	450.0		

Tolerance = ±15%

Color Bin Limit (BIN)

Red

	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
Bin	Min.	Max.
_	615	635

Tolerance = ±1.0 nm

Green

	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
Bin	Min.	Max.
Α	515	520
В	520	525
С	525	530
D	530	535
Е	535	540

Tolerance = ±1.0 nm

Blue

	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
Bin	Min.	Max.
Α	460	465
В	465	470
С	470	475
D	475	480

Tolerance = ±1.0 nm

CAUTION! The above optical specifications are valid in the case where a single LED is lit up. The above product specifications DO NOT provide any guarantee on color mixing, color consistency over time, or uniformity in luminous intensity when more than one LED is lit up.

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Figure 1: Spectral Power Distribution

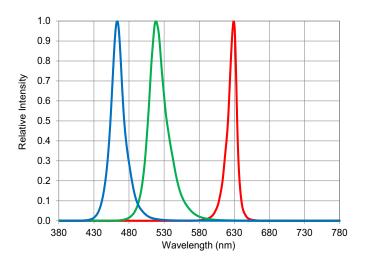


Figure 2: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

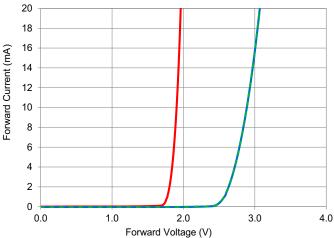


Figure 3: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

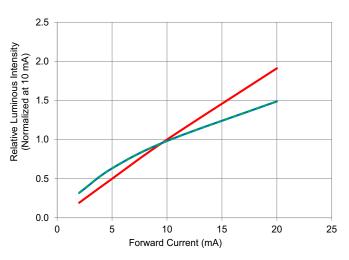


Figure 4: Radiation Pattern

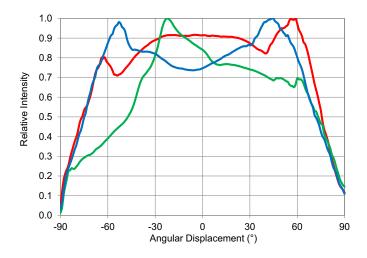


Figure 5: Derating Curve (One Chip On)

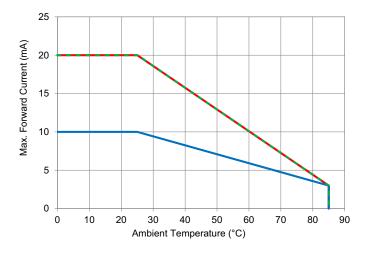


Figure 6: Derating Curve (Three Chips On)

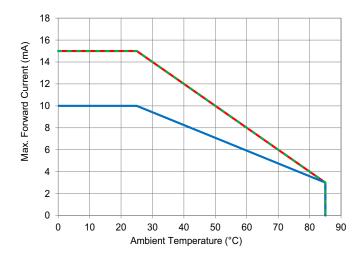
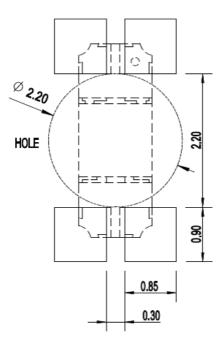
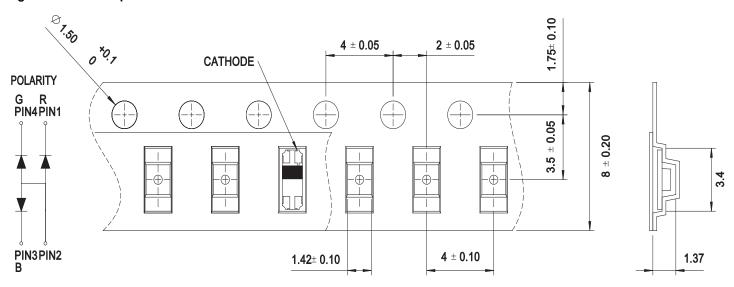


Figure 7: Recommended Soldering Land Pattern



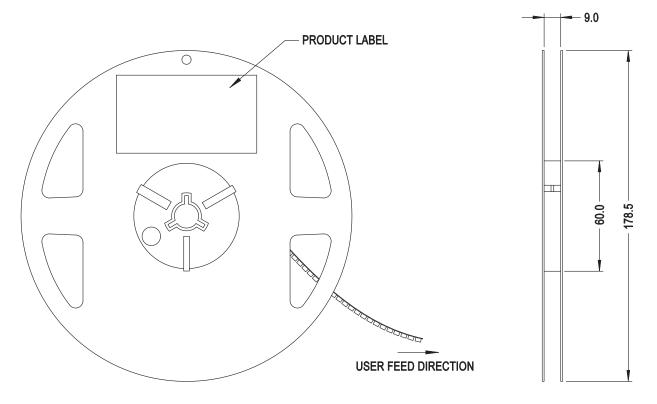
Tolerance is ± 0.10 mm unless otherwise specified. Units: millimeters.

Figure 8: Carrier Tape Dimensions



NOTE: Units in millimeters.

Figure 9: Reel Dimensions



NOTE: Units in millimeters.

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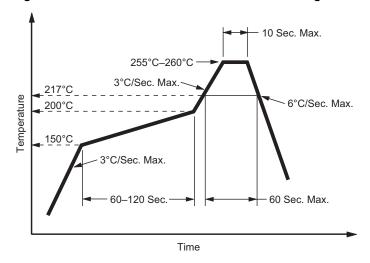
Precautionary Notes

Soldering

Do not perform reflow soldering more than twice.
Observe the necessary precautions of handling moisture sensitive devices, as stated in the following section.

- Do not apply any pressure or force on the LED during reflow or after reflow when the LED is still hot.
- Use reflow soldering to solder the LED. Hand soldering shall only be used for rework if unavoidable, but must be strictly controlled to the conditions below:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 310°C max.
 - Soldering duration = 2 sec. max.
 - Number of cycle = 1 only
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W max.
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals as it may cause damage to the LED.
- Confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by hand soldering.

Figure 10: Recommended Lead-Free Reflow Soldering Profile



Handling of Moisture Sensitive Device

This product has a Moisture Sensitive Level 2a rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Application Note AN5305, Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

Before use:

- An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at <40°C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity Indicator Card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required, then it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
- It is recommended that the MBB not be opened prior to assembly (for IQC, as an example).
- Control after opening the MBB:
 - The humidity indicator card (HIC) shall be read immediately upon opening of MBB.
 - The LEDs must be kept at <30°C/60% RH at all times and all high temperature related processes including soldering, curing or rework need to be completed within 672 hours.
- Control for unfinished reel: Unused LEDs must be stored in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH.
- Control of assembled boards: If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high-temperature processes, the PCB must be stored in sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 672 hours.
- Baking is required if:
 - The HIC indicator is indicating a change in color for 10% and 5% as stated on the HIC.
 - The LEDs are exposed to a condition of >30°C/60% RH at any time.
 - The LED floor life exceeded 672 hrs.

The recommended baking condition is: 60°C ±5°C for 20 hrs. Baking should only be done once.

Application Precautions

- Drive current of the LED must not exceed the maximum allowable limit across temperature as stated in the datasheet. Constant current driving is recommended to ensure consistent performance.
- Circuit design must cater to the whole range of the forward voltage of the LEDs to ensure the intended drive current can always be achieved.
- LEDs do exhibit slightly different characteristics at different drive current which might result in larger variation of their performance (meaning intensity, wavelength and forward voltage). User is recommended to set the application current as close as possible to the test current in order to minimize these variations.
- LEDs are not intended for reverse bias. Use other appropriate components for such purpose. When driving the LED in matrix form, it is crucial to ensure that the reverse bias voltage is not exceeding the allowable limit of the LED.

- Avoid rapid change in ambient temperature especially in high humidity environment as this will cause condensation on the LED.
- If the LED is intended to be used in harsh environment, the LED must be protected against damages caused by rain water, dust, oil, corrosive gases, external mechanical stress, and so on.

Eye Safety and Precautions

LEDs may pose optical hazards when in operation. It is not advisable to view directly at operating LEDs as it may be harmful to the eyes. For safety reasons, use appropriate shielding or personnel protection equipment.

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