



# HERMETIC SCHOTTKY RECTIFIERS 4 Amp, 45 Volts

Qualified per MIL-PRF-19500/567

Qualified Levels: JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV

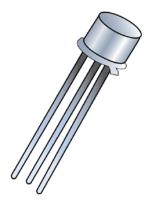
# **DESCRIPTION**

The 1N6492 hermetic Schottky rectifier is military qualified and ideally suited for output rectifiers and catch diodes in high efficiency, low voltage and high-reliability switching power supplies. Microsemi also offers numerous other products to meet higher and lower power voltage regulation applications.

Important: For the latest information, visit our website <a href="http://www.microsemi.com">http://www.microsemi.com</a>.

#### **FEATURES**

- JEDEC registered 1N6492.
- Rugged hermetic package, no pressure contacts.
- JAN, JANTX and JANTXV qualifications are also available per MIL-PRF-19500/567.
- RoHS compliant versions available (commercial grade only).



TO-205AF (TO-39) Package

# **APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS**

- · Extremely low VF and IR.
- High surge capability.
- Low recovered charge.
- ESD to Class 3A per MIL-STD-750 method 1020.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameters/Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction and Storage Temperature	$T_J$ and $T_{STG}$	-65 to +175	οС
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\Theta JA}$	175	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	$R_{ extsf{ iny OJC}}$	12	°C/W
DC Blocking Voltage	$V_R$	45	V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	$V_{RWM}$	45	V
Repetitive Peak Inverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	45	V
Non-Repetitive Peak Inverse Voltage	$V_{RSM}$	54	V
Maximum Average DC Output Current , T <sub>C</sub> = +100 °C (2)	Io	3.6	Α
Average Forward Current, T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C	I <sub>F1(AV)</sub>	1.2	Α
Average Forward Current (50% duty cycle), T <sub>C</sub> = +100 °C (1)	I <sub>F1(AV)</sub>	4	Α
Non-Repetitive Sinusoidal Surge Current	I <sub>FSM</sub>	80	Α

#### Notes:

- 1. Average current with a 50 percent duty cycle square wave including reverse voltage amplitude equal to the magnitude of full rated  $V_{RWM}$ . Derate linearly at 114 mA/°C for  $T_C > +100$  °C (to 0 at  $T_C = +135$  °C); if  $V_{RWM} = 20$ , derate  $I_F$  (AV) at 62 mA/°C, to 0 at  $T_C = +165$  °C.
- 2. Average current with an applied sine wave including reverse voltage equal to the magnitude of full rated  $V_{RWM}$ . Derate linearly at 103 mA dc/°C for  $T_C > +100$  °C; if  $V_{RWM} = 20$ , derate at 55 mA/°C.

# MSC - Lawrence

6 Lake Street, Lawrence, MA 01841 Tel: 1-800-446-1158 or (978) 620-2600 Fax: (978) 689-0803

#### MSC - Ireland

Gort Road Business Park, Ennis, Co. Clare, Ireland Tel: +353 (0) 65 6840044 Fax: +353 (0) 65 6822298

#### Website:

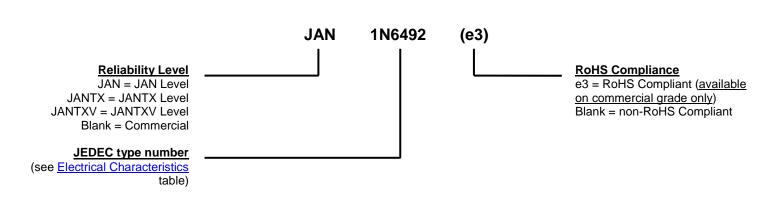
www.microsemi.com



# **MECHANICAL and PACKAGING**

- CASE: Metal TO-205AF (TO-39).
- TERMINALS: Lead/tin or RoHS compliant matte/tin plating (commercial grade only).
- MARKING: Part number and date code.
- POLARITY: Terminal 1 = Anode, Terminal 2 = Open, Terminal 3 = Cathode (Case).
- · WEIGHT: 1.064 grams.
- See Package Dimensions on last page.

# **PART NOMENCLATURE**



SYMBOLS & DEFINITIONS			
Symbol	Definition		
Ct	Total Capacitance: The total capacitance in pF at a frequency of 1 MHz and specified voltage.		
I <sub>F</sub>	Forward Current: The forward current dc value, no alternating component.		
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Maximum Forward Surge Current: The forward current, surge peak or rated forward surge current.		
Io	Average Rectified Output Current: The Output Current averaged over a full cycle with a 50 Hz or 60 Hz sine-wave input and a 180 degree conduction angle.		
I <sub>RM</sub>	Maximum Reverse Current: The maximum reverse (leakage) current that will flow at the specified voltage and temperature.		
$V_{FM}$	Maximum Forward Voltage: The maximum forward voltage the device will exhibit at a specified current.		
$V_R$	Reverse Voltage: The reverse voltage dc value, no alternating component.		
$V_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage: The peak reverse voltage including all repetitive transient voltages but excluding all non-repetitive transient voltages.		
$V_{RWM}$	Working Peak Reverse Voltage: The maximum peak voltage that can be applied over the operating temperature range excluding all transient voltages (ref JESD282-B). Also sometimes known as PIV.		

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** @ 25°C unless specified otherwise.

Part Number	V <sub>FM1</sub> I <sub>FM</sub> = 4 A (pk)	V <sub>FM2</sub> I <sub>FM</sub> = 2 A (pk)	I <sub>RM</sub> V <sub>RM</sub> = 45 V (pk) T <sub>A</sub> = +125 °C	I <sub>RM</sub> V <sub>RM</sub> = 45 V (pk) T <sub>A</sub> = +25 °C	$ C_t \\ V_R = 5 \text{ V dc}, \\ .01 \le f \le 1 \text{ MHz}, \\ V_{\text{SIG}} = 15 \text{ mV(p-p)} $
	V (pk)	V (pk)	mA (pk)	mA (pk)	pF
1N6492	.68	.56	20	2.0	450



#### **GRAPHS**

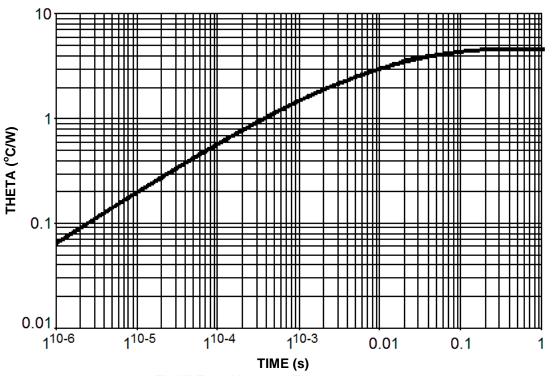


FIGURE 1 - Maximum Thermal Impedance

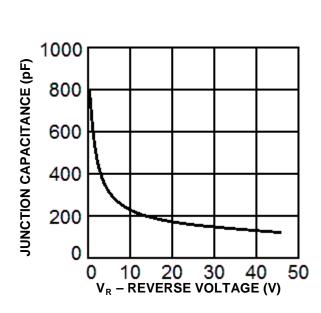


FIGURE 2 – <u>Typical Junction Capacitance vs.</u>
<u>Reverse Voltage</u>

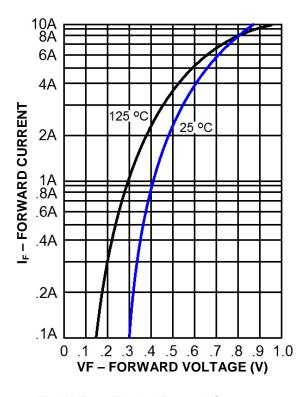
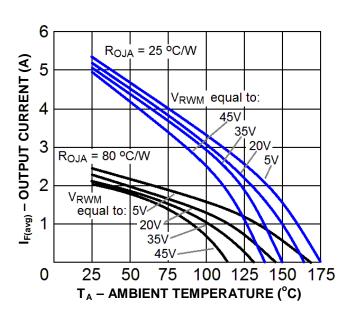


FIGURE 3 – <u>Typical Forward Current vs.</u>
<u>Forward Voltage</u>



# **GRAPHS** (continued)



**FIGURE 4** – <u>Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature</u> 50% Duty Cycle Application (I<sub>F(avg)</sub> and V<sub>RRM</sub>)

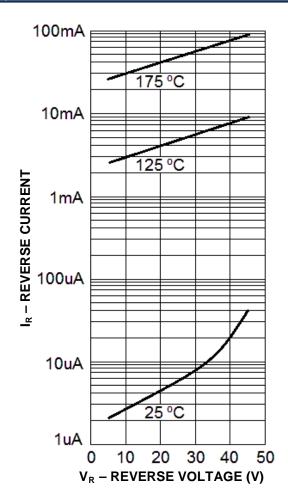
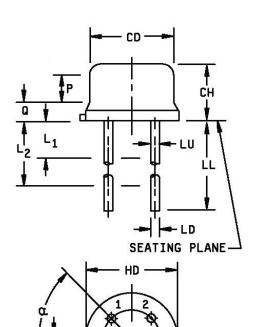


FIGURE 5 – <u>Typical Reverse Current vs.</u>
Reverse Voltage



# **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



	Dimensions				
Symbol	Inches		Millimeters		Note
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
CD	.305	.335	7.75	8.51	
CH	.160	.180	4.07	4.57	
HD	.335	.370	8.51	9.40	
LC	.200 TP		5.08 TP		7
LD	.016	.021	0.41	0.53	8, 9
LL	.500	.750	12.7	19.05	8, 9
LU	.016	.019	0.41	0.48	8, 9
L <sub>1</sub>		.050		1.27	8, 9
L <sub>2</sub>	.250		6.35		8, 9
Р	.100		2.54		6
Q		.040		1.02	5
TL	.029	.045	0.74	1.14	
TW	.028	.034	0.72	0.86	
r		.010		0.254	10
α	45° TP		45° TP		7

Term 1	Anode	
Term 2	Open (no connection)	
Term 3	Cathode (case)	



#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for general information only.
- 3. Beyond radius (r) maximum, TW shall be held for a minimum length of .011 inch (0.279 mm).
- 4. Dimension TL measured from maximum HD.
- 5. Outline in this zone is not controlled.
- 6. Dimension CD shall not vary more than .010 inch (0.25 mm) in zone P. This zone is controlled for automatic handling.
- 7. Leads at gauge plane .054 +.001, -.000 inch (1.37 +0.03, -0.00 mm) below seating plane shall be within .007 inch (0.18 mm) radius of true position (TP) at maximum material condition (MMC) relative to tab at MMC. The device may be measured by direct methods.
- 8. LU applies between L1 and L2. LD applies between L2 and LL minimum. Diameter is uncontrolled in L1 and beyond LL minimum.
- 9. All three leads.
- 10. Radius (r) applies to both inside corners of tab.
- 11. Cathode is electrically connected to the case.
- 12. In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to Φx symbology.