

Ultra-Low Power Omnipolar Switch Hall Effect Sensor

1. Features

- Ultra-Low Power Omni polar Switch Hall Effect Sensor
- Industry ultra-low power consumption
 - 2.5 μA at 2.8V supply voltage
- 2.2 to 5.5V operating range
- Extremely high sensitivity
- Push-Pull and Open-Drain output options
- -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range
- Small package
 - 3-pin TO-92S (UA)
 - 3-pin SOT23-3L (SO)

2. Applications

- Battery-critical position sensing
- Water meter/gas meter flow monitoring
- Cell Phone, laptop, or tablet case sensing
- E-locks, smoke detectors, appliances
- TWS Headphone Opening and Closing Detection
- Smart home and small household appliances
- Smart toys and innovative devices
- Valve or solenoid position detection
- Liquid level detection

3. Description

The SC2061/2 family produced with advanced CMOS technology family is a Ultra-low power Omnipolar switch Hall Effect Sensor designed for the most compact and battery supply systems. The device is offered in multiple magnetic thresholds, sampling rates, output drivers, and packages to accommodate various applications. When the applied magnetics flux density exceeds the B_{OP} threshold, the device outputs a low voltage. The output stays low until the flux density decreases to less than B_{RP} , output either drives a high voltage. By incorporating an internal oscillator, Omnipolar magnetic responses are available.

The device operates from a VDD range of 2.2 to 5.5V, and is packaged in a standard SOT23-3L, TO-92S.



Fig. 1: Left-TO-92S; Right-SOT23-3L



CONTENTS

1. Features	1
2. Applications	1
3. Description	1
4. Terminal Configuration	4
5. Ordering Information	5
6. Absolute Maximum Ratings	6
7. ESD Protection	6
8. Thermal Characteristics	6
9. Operating Characteristics	7
9.1. Electrical Characteristics	7
9.2. Magnetic Characteristics	7

10. Block Diagram	8
11. Function Description	8
11.1. Field Direction Definition	9
11.2. Transfer Function	9
12. Typical Application	10
13. Package Information "UA"	11
14. Package Information "SO"	12
15. Revision History	13



4. Terminal Configuration

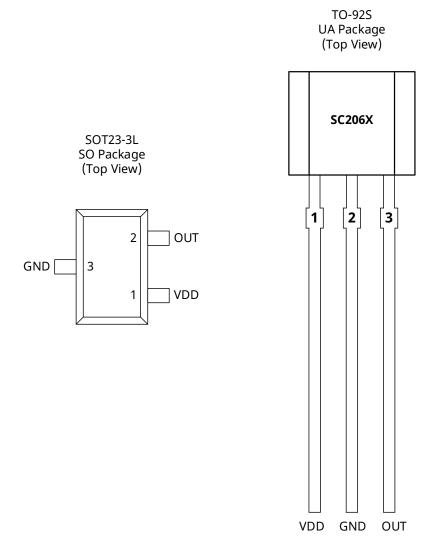


Fig. 2: Pin Definition Diagram

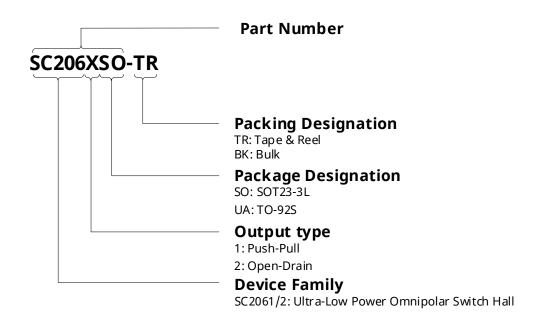
Те	rminal			
Name	Number		Туре	Description
Name	UA	so		
VDD	1	1	PWR	2.2 to 5.5V power supply
GND	2	3	Ground	Ground terminal
OUT	3	2	Output	Push-Pull or Open-drain output. The open drain requires a pull-up resistor to supply



5. Ordering Information

Ordering Information	Marking	Options	Ambient, (℃)	Package	Packing	Quantity
SC2061SO-TR	2061	Push-Pull	-40~85	SOT23-3L	TR	3000/reel
SC2061UA-BK	2061	Push-Pull	-40~85	TO-92S	BK	1000/bag
SC2062SO-TR	2062	Open-Drain	-40~85	SOT23-3L	TR	3000/reel
SC2062UA-BK	2062	Open-Drain	-40~85	TO-92S	Bk	1000/bag

Ordering Information Format







6. Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V_{DD}	Power supply voltage	-	-0.3	5.5	٧
V _{OUT}	Output terminal voltage	-	-0.3	5.5	V
I _{SINK}	Output terminal current sink	-	0	1	mA
T _A	Operating ambient temperature	-	-40	85	°C
T _J	Maximum junction temperature	-	-40	125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-	-65	125	°C

Note:

Stresses above those listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7. ESD Protection

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
V	НВМ	standard ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001	-6	+6	KV
V _{ESD}	CDM	standard ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002	-750	750	٧

8. Thermal Characteristics

	Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Test Conditions		
	$R_{\Theta ja}$	UA Package thermal resistance	Single-layer PCB, with copper limited to solder pads	200	°C/W
Ī	$R_{\Theta ja}$	SO Package thermal resistance	Single-layer PCB, with copper limited to solder pads	300	°C/W

Note:

(1) Maximum voltage must be adjusted for power dissipation and junction temperature, see Thermal Characteristics.



9. Operating Characteristics

9.1. Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (V_{DD} = 2.8V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Operating C	Operating Characteristics						
V_{DD}	Operating voltage	$T_{J} < T_{J(Max.)}$	2.2	2.8	5.5	٧	
	Average current consumption	V _{DD} =2.2 to 5.5V ,T _A =25°C	-	2.5	6.0	μΑ	
I _{DD} (Average)		V _{DD} =2.2 to 5.5V ,T _A =85°C	-	3.0	10.0	μΑ	
t _{ACTIVE}	Active time	V _{DD} =2.2 to 5.5V	-	100	200	μs	
t _{on}	Power on time	V _{DD} =2.2 to 5.5V	-	40	55	μs	
t _s	Period of magnetic sampling	V _{DD} =2.2 to 5.5V	-	100	150	ms	
Push Pull O	Push Pull Output Characteristics						
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	I _{OUT} = -1 mA	V _{DD} -0.3V	V _{DD} -0.1V	V _{DD} +0.3V	٧	
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	I _{OUT} = 1 mA	-0.3	0.1	0.3	٧	

9.2. Magnetic Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
B _{OPS}	On a water disparation		-	1.8	3.0	mT ⁽¹⁾
B _{OPN}	Operated point		-3.0	-1.8	-	mT
B _{RPS}		T _A =25°C	0.5	1.0	-	mT
B _{RPN}	Release point		-	-1.0	-0.5	mT
B _{HYS}	Hysteresis		-	0.8	-	mT

Note:

(1)1mT=10GS

Magnetic flux density, B, is indicated as a negative value for North-polarity magnetic fields, and as a positive value for South-polarity magnetic fields.



10. Block Diagram

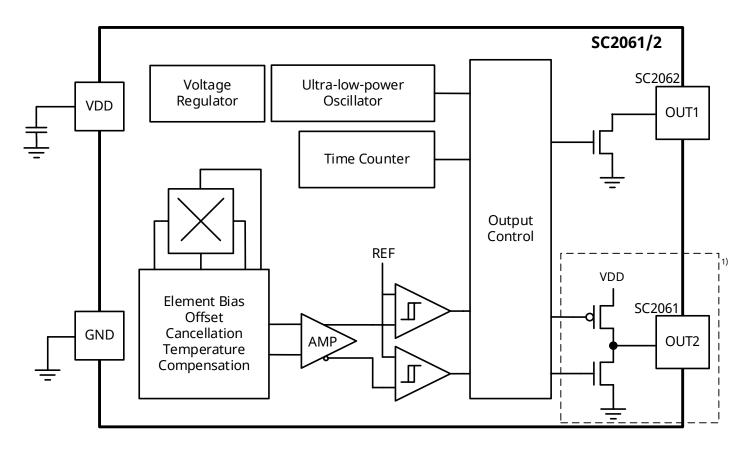


Fig. 3: Functional block diagram

11. Function Description

The SC2061/2 device is a magnetic sensor with a digital output that indicates when the magnetic flux density threshold has been crossed. The device integrates a Hall Effect element, analog signal conditioning, and a low-frequency oscillator that enables ultra-low average power consumption. Operating from a 2.2 to 5.5V supply voltage, the device periodically measures magnetic flux density, updates the output, and enters a low power sleep state.

The output of SC2061/2 switches low (turns on) when a magnetic field (South or North polarity) perpendicular to the Hall element exceeds the operate point threshold, B_{OP} . After turn-on, the output is capable of sinking 1mA and the output voltage is VQ (sat). When the magnetic field is reduced below the release point, B_{RP} , the device output goes high (turns off). The difference in the magnetic operate and release points is the hysteresis, B_{HYS} , of the device. This built-in hysteresis allows clean switching of the output even in the presence of external mechanical vibration and electrical noise.



11.1. Field Direction Definition

A positive magnetic field is defined as a South Pole near the marked side of the package.

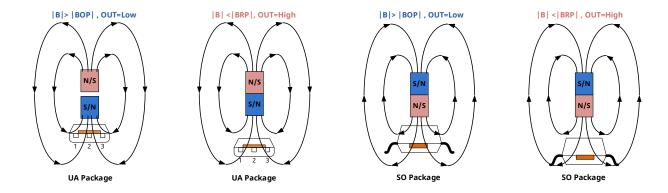


Fig. 4: Field Direction Definition diagram

11.2. Transfer Function

The SC2061/2 exhibits "Omni polar" magnetic characteristics. It means the device reacts to both North and South magnetic pole. The purpose is to detect the presence of any magnetic field applied on the device. This mode of operation simplifies customer production processes by avoiding the need to detect the Hall sensor pole active on the magnet used in the application. Therefore, the "Omni polar" magnetic behavior helps customers by removing the need of magnet pole detection system during production phase.

Powering-on the device in the hysteresis region, less than B_{OP} and higher than B_{RP} , allows an indeterminate output state. The correct state is attained after the first excursion beyond B_{OP} or B_{RP} . If the field strength is greater than B_{OP} , then the output is pulled low. If the field strength is less than B_{RP} , the output is released.

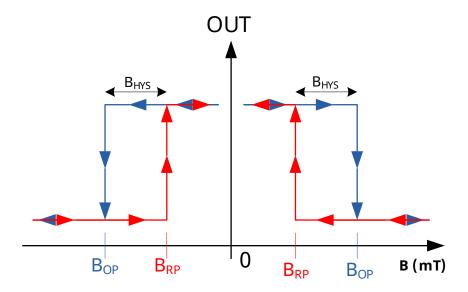
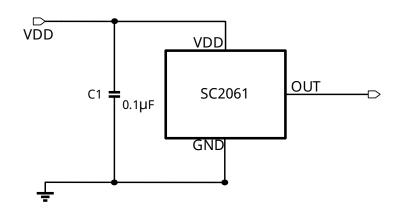


Fig. 5: Transfer Function diagram



12. Typical Application

Push Pull Output



Open Drain Output

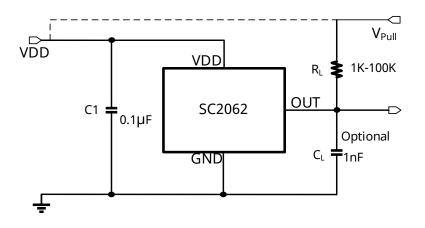
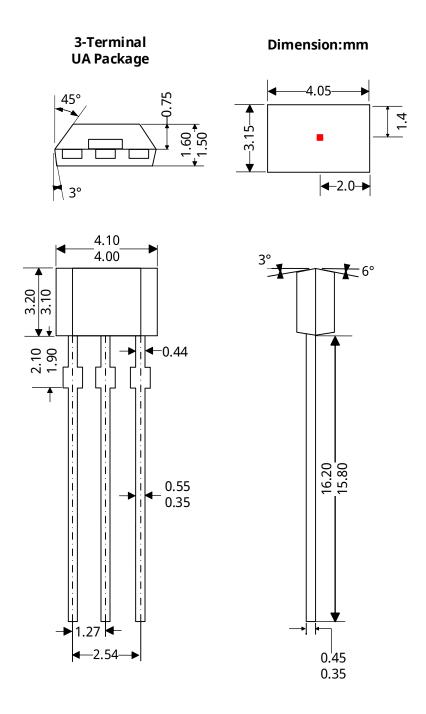


Fig. 6: SC2061/2 Typical Application Circuit

The SC2061/2 contains an on - chip voltage regulator, which can reduce ripple and noise in the power output. In applications that operate the device from an unregulated power supply, transient protection must be added externally. For applications using a regulated line, EMI/RFI protection may still be required. It is recommended that C1 capacitor be connected to the ground in parallel near the VDD power end of the chip, with a typical value of 0.1uF.



13. Package Information "UA"



Notes: 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown. 2. Height does not include mold gate flash.

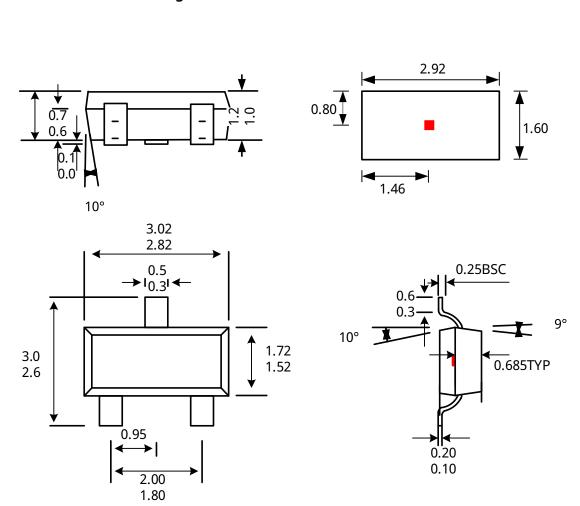
Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.



14. Package Information "SO"

3-Terminal SO Package

Dimension:mm



Notes:

- 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
- 2. Height does not include mold gate flash.

Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.



15. Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
Rev0.1	2021-03-26	Preliminary Datasheet
Rev A1.0	2025-03-31	Update POD size, uniform format publishing