



Tentative Specification
<b>Preliminary Specification</b>
Approval Specification

# MODEL NO.: G156HCE SUFFIX: LH1

Customer: All	
APPROVED BY	SIGNATURE
Name / Title Note	
Please return 1 copy for you signature and comments.	ur confirmation with your

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By
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### **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
Ver 2.0	2 Jau 2024	All	Approval Specification was first issued.

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#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

G156HCE-LH1 is a 15.6" TFT Liquid Crystal Display IA module with LED Backlight units and 40 pins 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 FHD mode and can display 16.7M colors.

The PSWG is to establish a set of displays with standard mechanical dimensions and select electrical interface requirements for an industry standard 15.6" FHD LCD panel and the LED driving device for Backlight is built in PCBA.

#### **1.2 FEATURE**

- FHD (1920 x 1080 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS Interface with 1pixel/clock
- PSWG (Panel Standardization Working Group)
- Wide operating temperature.
- RoHS compliance

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- -TFT LCD Monitor
- Factory Application

#### 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	344.16 (H) x 193.59(V) (15.6" real diagonal)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.17925(H) x 0.17925(W)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical Stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Display Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard Coating (3H), Anti-Glare	-	-
Module Power Consumption	Total 24.5W @ Cell 3.5W,CNV 21 W	W	Тур.



### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	363.3	363.8	364.3	mm	
	Vertical(V)	215.4	215.9	216.4	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	11.5	12	12.5	mm	
Bezel Area	Horizontal	346.76	347.06	347.36	mm	-
	Vertical	196.19	196.49	196.79	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal	-	344.16	-	mm	
Active Area	Vertical	-	193.59	-	mm	
We	ight	774	815	856	g	

Note (1)Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

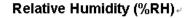
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

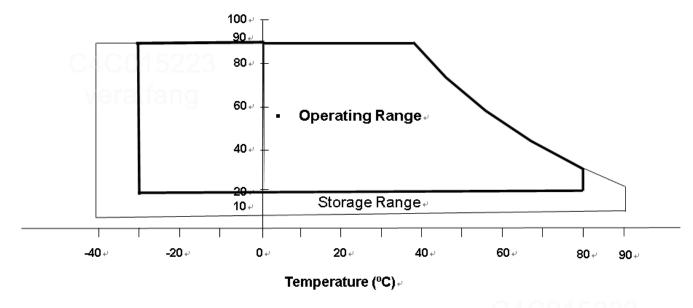
ltom	Cumbal	Va	lue	l loit	Note	
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit		
Operating Ambient Temperature	TOP	-30	+80	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+90	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	(1)(2)	

Note (1)

- (a) 90 %RH Max.
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max.
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) Panel surface temperature should be  $0^{\circ}$ C min. and  $80^{\circ}$ C max under Vcc=5.0V, fr =60Hz, typical LED string current,  $25^{\circ}$ C ambient temperature, and no humidity control. Any condition of ambient operating temperature, the surface of active area should be keeping not higher than  $80^{\circ}$ C.





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### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

### 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	5.5	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3	4.0	V	(1)	

#### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Val	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic		
Converter Voltage	Vi	-0.3	18	V	(1), (2)	
Enable Voltage	EN		5.5	V		
Backlight Adjust	Dimming		5.5	V		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for LED (Refer to 3.2 for further information).



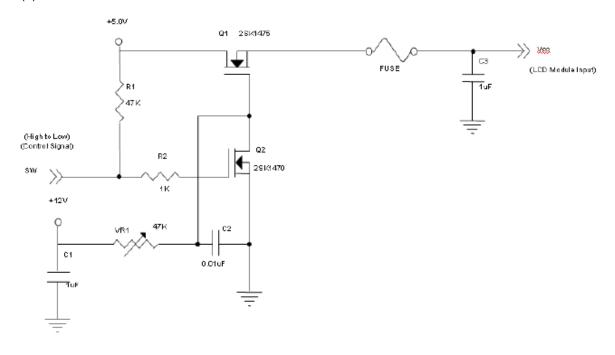
### 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

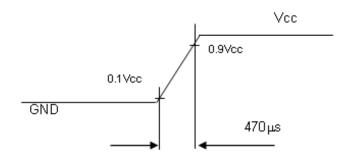
Parameter	Cumbal		Value	Unit	Note		
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Power Supply Vo	ltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.3	V	-
Ripple Voltag	е	$V_{RP}$	-	ı	250	mVp-p	
Inrush Current		I <sub>INRUSH</sub>	-	-	3.0	Α	(2)
Dower Supply Current	White	lcc	-	0.7	0.9	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black		-	0.5	0.6	Α	(3)b
LVDS differential inpu	it voltage	Vid	100	-	600	mV	(4)
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	(4)
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	ViH	-	-	100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold	"L" Level	VıL	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Res	istor	R⊤	-	100	-	Ohm	-

Note (1)The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2)Measurement Conditions:



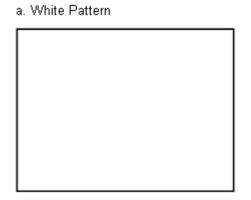
### Vcc rising time is 470µs



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Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc =5.0V, Ta = 25  $\pm$  2  $^{\circ}$ C, DC Current and f<sub>v</sub> = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



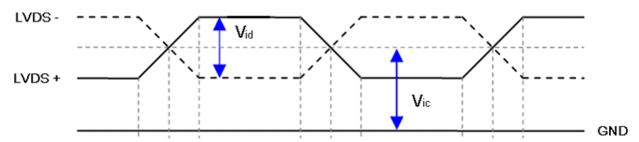
Active Area

b. Black Pattern



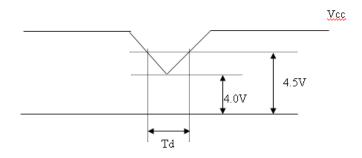
Active Area

Note (4) VID waveform condition



#### 3.2 VCC POWER DIP CONDITION

- Dip condition:  $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$ 



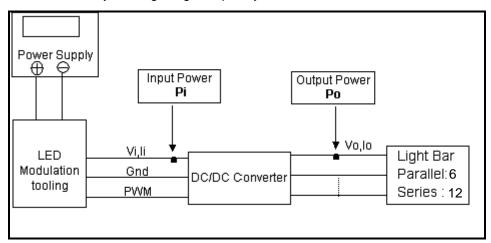




#### 3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parame	Cumbal		Value		Unit	Note		
Parame	eter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE	
Converter Inp	ut Voltage	Vi	10.8	12.0	13.2	$V_{DC}$	(Duty 100%)	
Converter Input F	Ripple Voltage	V <sub>iRP</sub>	-	-	500	mV		
Converter Inp	ut Current	li	1.5	1.7	2.0	ADC	@ Vi = 12V (Duty 100%)	
Converter Inru	lirush	-	-	5.0	А	@ Vi rising time=10ms (Vi=12V)		
Input Power Co	Input Power Consumption			21	24	W	(1)	
EN Control Level	Backlight on	ENLED	2.5	3.3	5.0	V		
EN Control Level	Backlight off	(BLON)	0		0.3	V		
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level	Dimming	2.5	3.3	5.0	V		
r www.control Level	PWM Low Level	(E_PWM)	0		0.15	V		
PWN Noise	Range	VNoise	-	-	0.1	V		
PWM Control	Frequency	f <sub>PWM</sub>	190	200	20k	Hz	(2)	
DIAMA Dimamin - Co		5	-	100	%	(2), @ 190Hz <f<sub>PWM&lt;1kHz</f<sub>		
PWM Dimming Co	introi Duty Ratio	-	20	-	100	%	(2), @ 1kHz≦f <sub>PWM</sub> <20kHz	
LED Life	Time	L <sub>LED</sub>	50,000		-	Hrs	(3)	

Note (1)LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note (2) The lifetime of LED is estimated data and defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C and Duty 100% until the brightness becomes  $\leq 50\%$  of its original value. Operating LED at high temperature condition will reduce life time and lead to color shift.

Note (3) At 190  $\sim$ 1kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 5% to 100%.

1K ~20kHz PWM control frequency, duty ratio range is restricted from 20% to 100%.

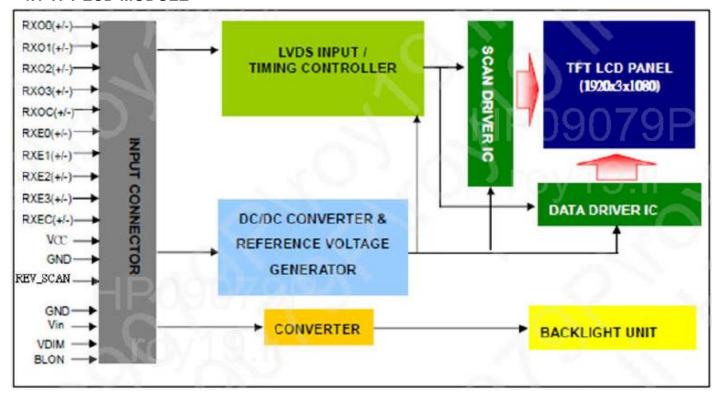
If PWM control frequency is applied in the range from 1KHz to 20KHZ, The "non-linear" phenomenon on the Backlight Unit may be found. So It's a **suggestion** that PWM control frequency should be **less than 1KHz** 

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### 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

### 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





### 5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

### **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

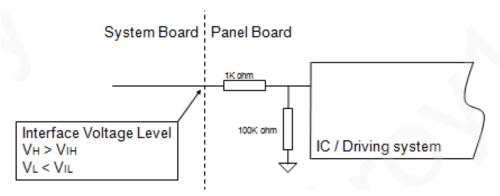
Pin	Name	Description	Note
1	LED _Vcc	+12V Vi power supply	-
2	LED _Vcc	+12V Vi power supply	-
3	LED _Vcc	+12V Vi power supply	-
4	LED _Vcc	+12V Vi power supply	-
5	GND	Ground	-
6	GND	Ground	-
7	GND	Ground	-
8	GND	Ground	-
9	LED_EN	Enable pin	-
10	LED_PWM	Backlight Adjust	-
11	LCD_VCC	LCD logic and driver power 5.0V	-
12	LCD_VCC	LCD logic and driver power 5.0V	-
13	LCD_VCC	LCD logic and driver power 5.0V	-
14	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open	-
15	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open	-
16	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open	-
17	DEV COAN	Low →Normal Mode.	(2)
17	REV_SCAN	High →Horizontal & Vertical Reverse Scan	(3)
18	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)	-
19	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)	-
20	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)	-
21	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)	-
22	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)	-
23	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)	-
24	LCD GND	LCD logic and driver ground	-
25	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)	-
26	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)	-
27	LCD GND	LCD logic and driver ground	-
28	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)	-
29	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)	-
30	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)	-
31	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)	-
32	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)	-
33	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)	-
34	LCD GND	LCD logic and driver ground	-
35	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)	-
36	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)	-
37	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)	-
38	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)	-
39	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)	-
40	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)	-

Note (1) Connector Part No.: I-PEX 20455-040E-76 or equivalent.

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: I-PEX 20453-040T-03 or equivalent.

Note (3) "Low" stands for 0V. "High" stands for 3.3V.





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### **5.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												D	ata	_	nal										
	Color				Re									een							BI				
	<u> </u>	R7	R6	R5	R4	_	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2		G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cross	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	: ` ´	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cross	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Gray Scale	: ` ´	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Diue	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1)0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



### 6. INTERFACE TIMING

### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

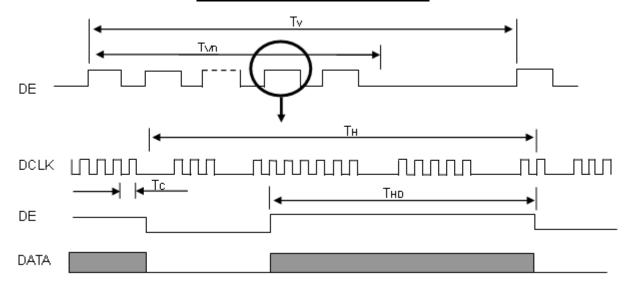
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fr	60	70.93	73	MHz	-
	Period	Tc		14.1		ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>	-0.02*Tc		0.02*Tc	ns	(3)
LVDS Clock	Input Clock to data skew	TLVCCS	-0.02*Tc		0.02*Tc	ps	(4)
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	FC*98%		FC*102 %	MHz	(5)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	Fssm			200	KHz	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	60	Hz	-
Vertical Display	Total	Tv	1090	1110	1130	Th	$Tv=T_{vd}+T_{vb}$
Term	Active Display	T <sub>vd</sub>	1080	1080	1080	Th	-
	Blank	$T_{vb}$	10	30	50	Th	-
	Total	Th	1050	1065	1075	Tc	$T_{h}=T_{hd}+T_{hb}$
Horizontal Display Term	Active Display	T <sub>hd</sub>	960	960	960	Tc	-
101111	Blank	T <sub>hb</sub>	90	105	115	Tc	-

Note (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

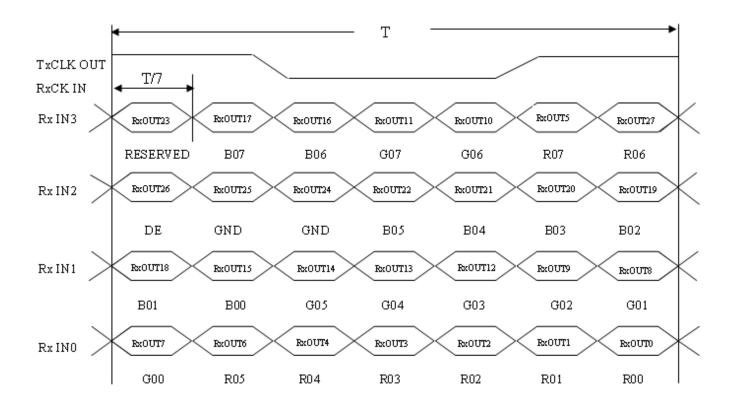
Note (2) The Tv(Tvd+Tvb) must be integer, otherwise, the module would operate abnormally.

### **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**

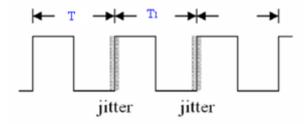




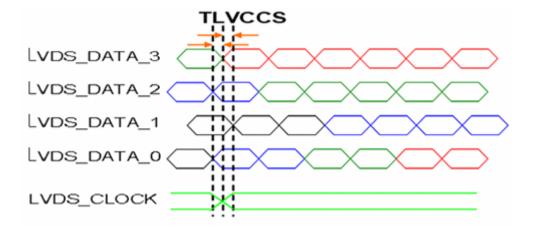
### **TIMING DIAGRAM of LVDS**



Note (3) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures.  $T_{rcl} = I T1 - TI$ 

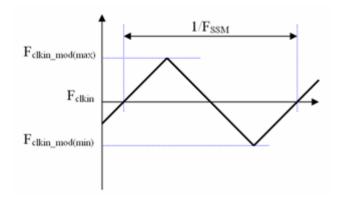


Note (4) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures.





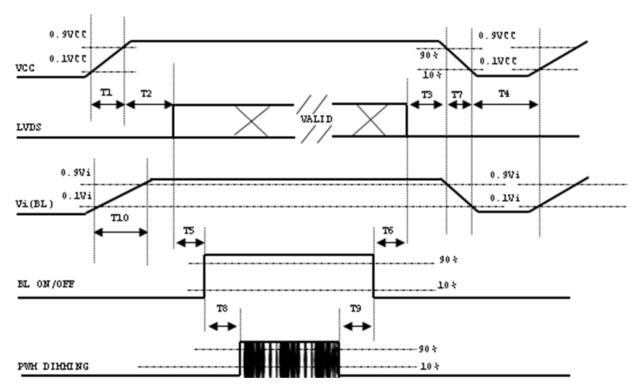
Note (5) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.





#### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD assembly, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Dovometer		Linita		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units
T1	0.5	-	10	ms
T2	0	-	50	ms
T3	0	-	50	ms
T4	500	-	-	ms
T5	450	-	-	ms
T6	200	-	-	ms
Т7	10	-	100	ms
Т8	10	-	-	ms
Т9	10	-	-	ms
T10	20	-	50	ms

#### Note:

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.

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- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) INX won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "T7 spec".

#### 6.3 SCANNING DIRECTION

The following figures show the image see from the front view. The arrow indicates the direction of scan.



Fig. 1 Normal scan (PCBA on the bottom side)

( pin 17, REV\_SCAN = Low )



Fig. 2 Reverse scan (PCBA on the bottom side) (pin 17, REV\_SCAN = High\_3.3V)



### 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit				
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$				
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH				
Supply Voltage	According to typical value and tolerance in						
Input Signal	"ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"						
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%				

#### 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown here and all items are measured at the center point of screen unless otherwise noted. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described above and stable conditions shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note	
	Red	Rx		0.602	0.652	0.702			
	Red	Ry		0.288	0.338	0.388			
	Green	Gx		0.283	0.333	0.383			
Color	Green	Gy		0.563	0.613	0.663		(1) (5)	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	0.100	0.150	0.200	_	(1), (5)	
	blue	Ву	Grayscale Maximum	0.000	0.050	0.100			
	White	Wx		0.263	0.313	0.363			
	vviile	Wy		0.279	0.329	0.379			
Center Lumina	nce of White	LC		960	1200			(4), (5)	
Contrast	Ratio	CR		600	800			(2), (5)	
Pagnang	o Timo	TR	0V_0° 0V _0°	-	13	18	-	(3)	
Respons	Response Time		TF θX=0°, θY =0°			17	-	(3)	
White Va	ariation	δW	$\theta X=0^{\circ}, \ \theta Y=0^{\circ}$	70	-	-	%	(5), (6)	
	Horizontal	θX+		85	89	-	(2), (3)		
Viewing Angle	Tionzontai	θX-	CR≧10	85	89	-	Deg.	(4) (E)	
viewing Angle	Vertical	θΥ+	ON≦ IU	85	89	-	Deg.	(1), (5)	
	vertical	θΥ-		85	89	-			

#### Definition:

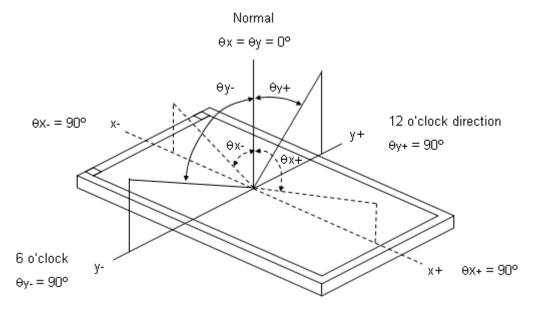
Grayscale Maximum: Grayscale 255 (10 bits: grayscale 1023; 8 bits: grayscale 255; 6 bits: grayscale 63)

White: Luminance of Grayscale Maximum (All R,G,B)

Black: Luminance of grayscale 0 (All R,G,B)



Note (1)Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

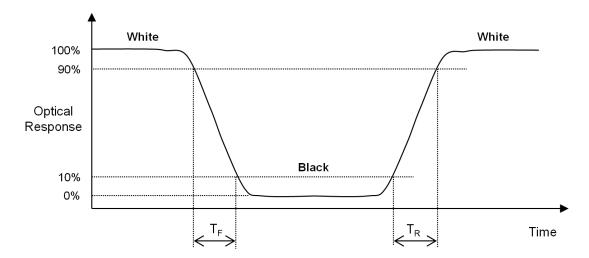


Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression at center point.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = White / Black

Note (3)Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):



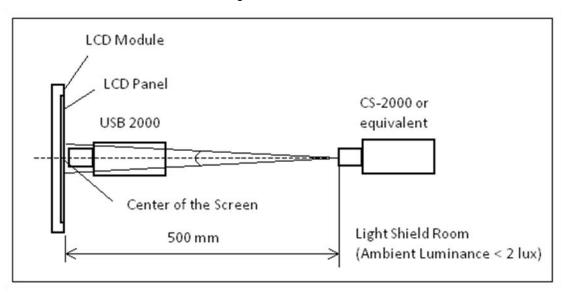


Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>):

Measure the luminance of White at center point.

#### Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room. The measurement placement of module should be in accordance with module drawing.



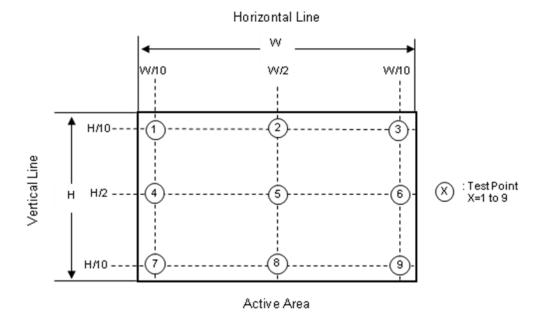
#### Note (6) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of White at 9 points.

Luminance of White : L(X), where X is from 1 to 9.

$$\delta W = \frac{\text{Minimum [ L(1) to L(9)]}}{\text{Maximum [ L(1) to L(9)]}} \quad X \ 100\%$$







### 8. RELIABILITY TEST CRITERIA

Test Item	Test Condition	Note				
High Temperature Storage Test	90℃, 240 hours					
Low Temperature Storage Test	-40°C, 240 hours					
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-20°C, 0.5 hour ←→60°C, 0.5 hour; 100cycles, 1 hour/cycle)	(1),(2)				
High Temperature Operation Test	80°C, 240 hours					
Low Temperature Operation Test	-30°C, 240 hours	(4),(5)				
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	60℃, RH 90%, 240 hours					
	150pF, 330 Ω, 1 sec/cycle					
ESD Test (Operation)	Condition 1 : panel contact, ±8 KV	(1), (4)				
	Condition 2 : panel non-contact ±15 KV					
Shock (Non-Operating)	50G, 11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z direction					
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G, 10 ~ 300 Hz sine wave, 30 min/cycle, 1 cycles each X, Y, Z direction	(2), (3)				

- Note (1) There should be no condensation on the surface of panel during test,
- Note (2) Temperature of panel display surface area should be 80°C Max.
- Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.
- Note (4) In the standard conditions, there is no function failure issue occurred. All the cosmetic specification is judged before reliability test.
- Note (5) Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 24 hours at room temperature.



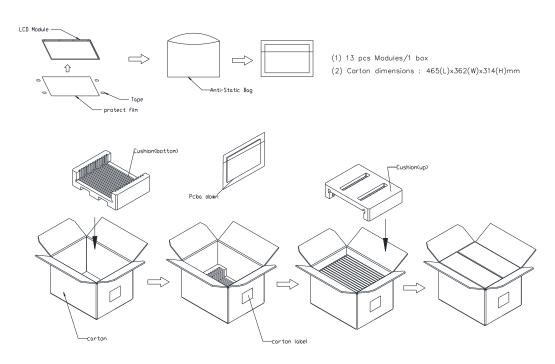
### 9. PACKAGING

### 9.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 13 pcs LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 465 (L) X 362 (W) X 314 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 12.70 Kg (13 modules per box)

#### 9.2 PACKING METHOD

Figure. 9-1 Packing method



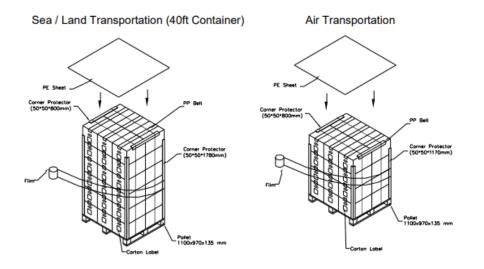


Figure. 9-2 Packing method



### 9.3 UN-PACKING METHOD

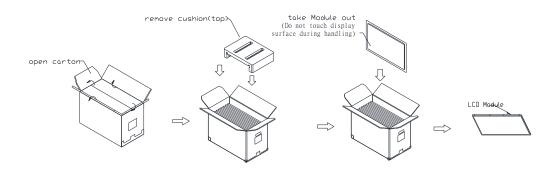


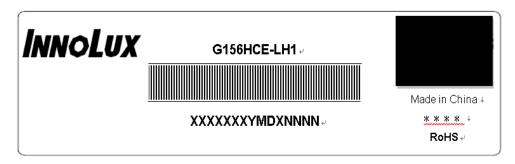
Figure. 9-3 UN-Packing method



#### 10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

#### **10.1 INX MODULE LABEL**

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



Note (1) Safety Compliance (UL logo) will open after C1 version.

(a) Model Name: G156HCE-LH1

(b) \* \* \* \* : Factory ID

(c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D X N N N N

Serial
INX Internal Use
Year, Month, Date
INX Internal Use
Revision
INX Internal Use

Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2021~2029

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I, O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

## INNOLUX 群創光電

### PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

#### 11. PRECAUTIONS

#### 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

#### 11.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- (1)When storing for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.
  - (a) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 30°C at humidity 50+-10%RH.
  - (b) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
  - (c) It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
  - (d) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
  - (e) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition
- (2) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (3) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (4) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.
- (5) It Storage must be in a fully packaged state (PET bag) and do not expose the sample (module).

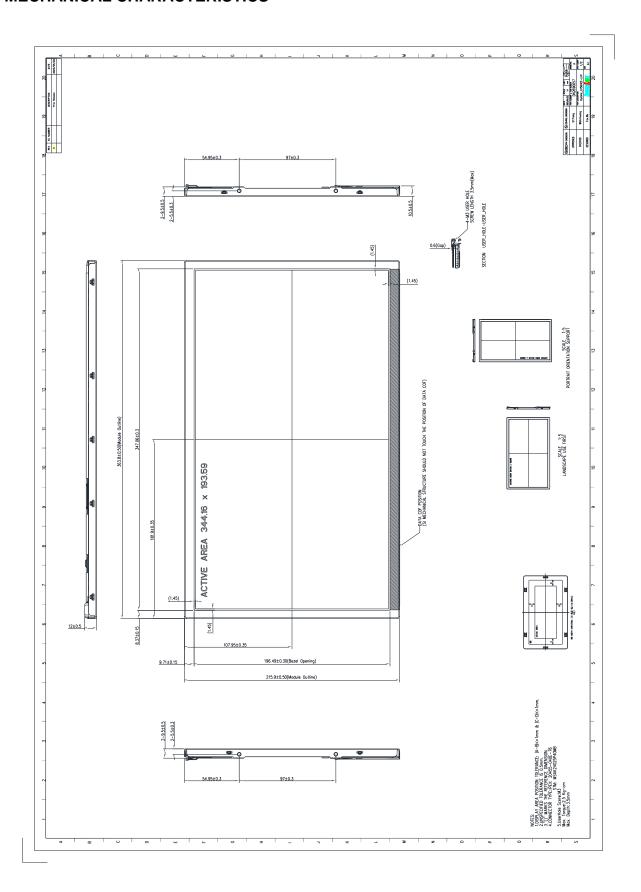


### 11.3 OTHER PRECAUTIONS

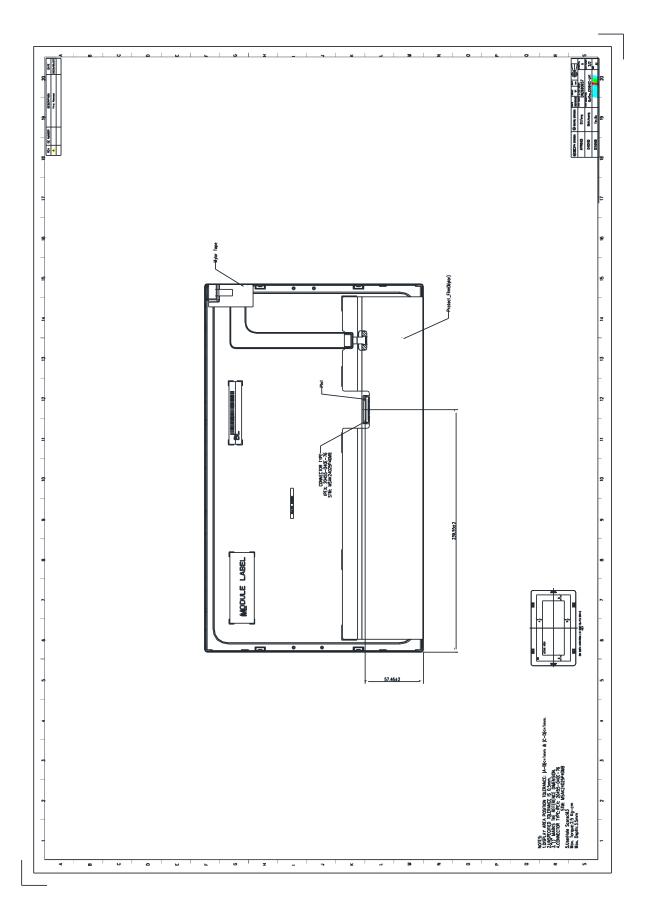
- (1) Normal operating condition
  - (a) Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)(Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- (2) Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term (≥16hrs) static display
  - (a) Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- (3) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.



### 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS



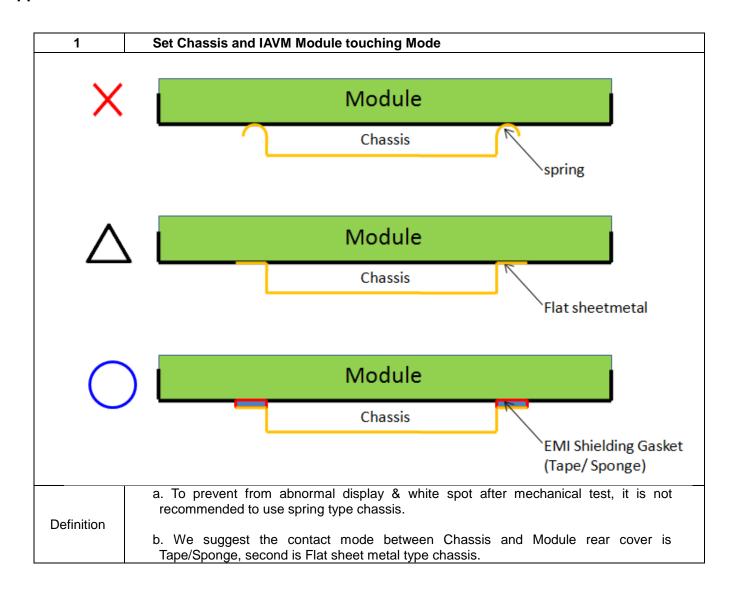




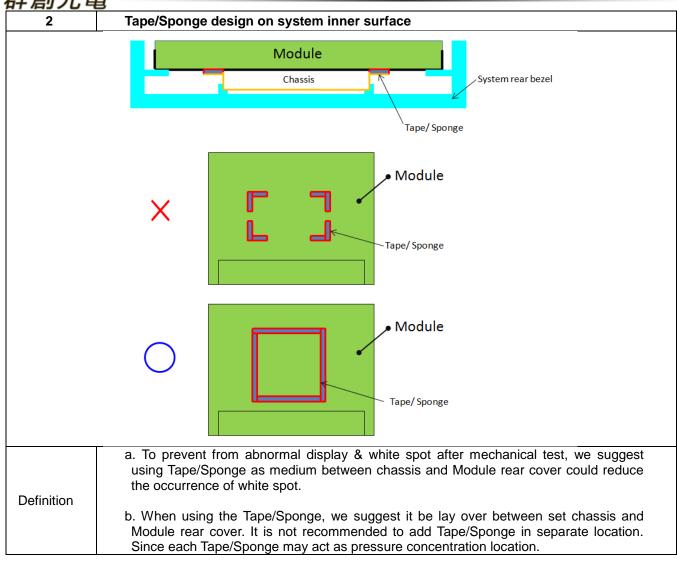




### **Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN NOTICE**

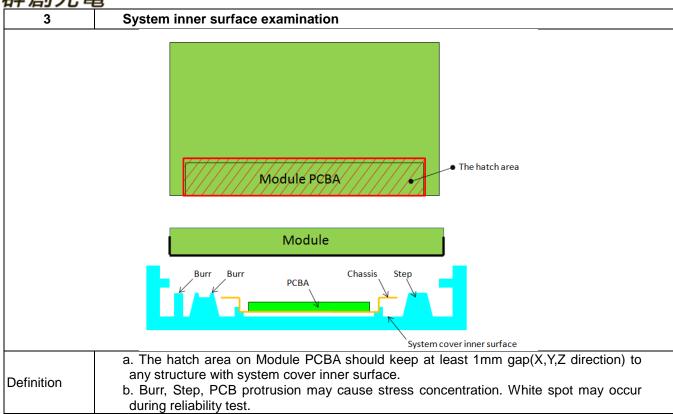


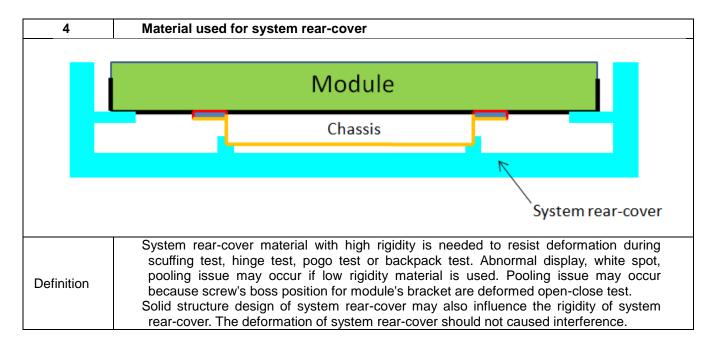




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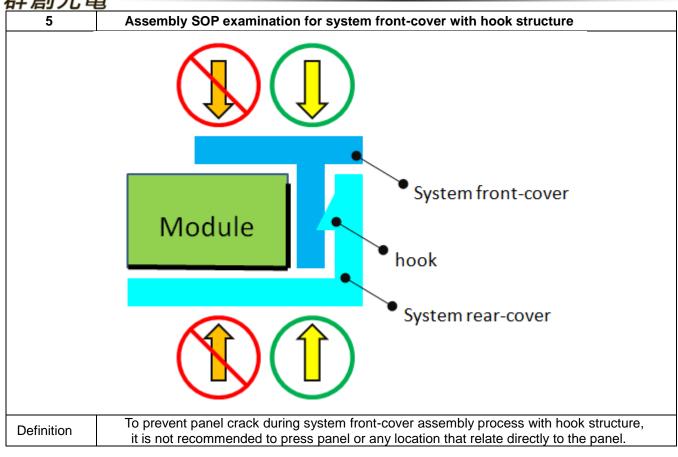






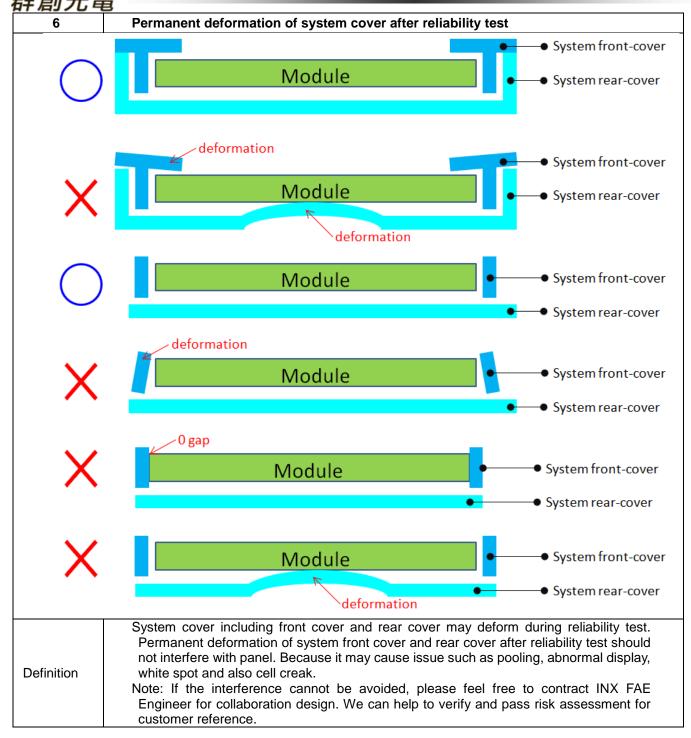
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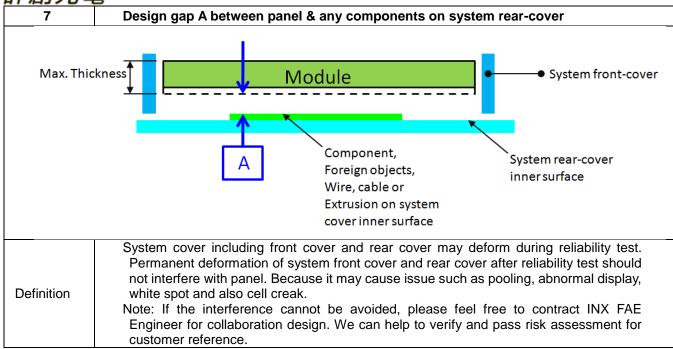
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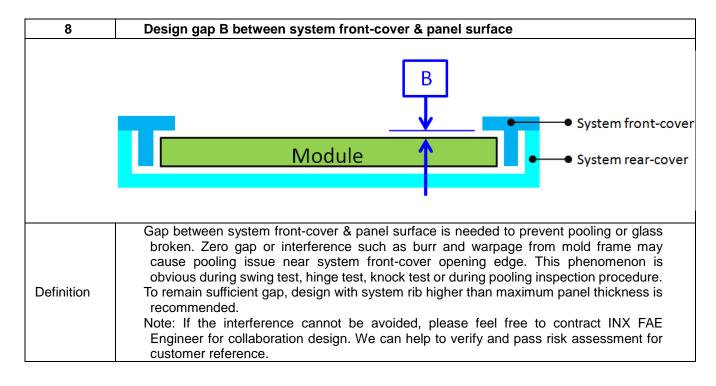




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