

## BUK763R6-40C,118-VB Datasheet

### N-Channel 40 V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY			
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	R <sub>DS(on)</sub> (Ω)	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a, c</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)
40	0.0017 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	150	120 nC
	0.0025 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	135	

#### FEATURES

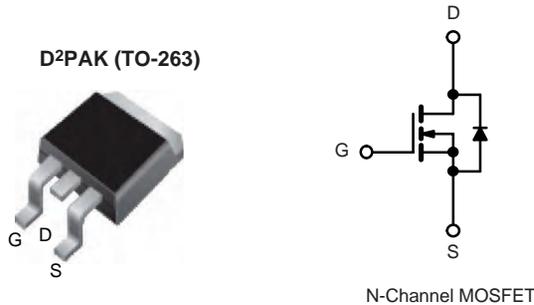
- Trench Power MOSFET
- 100 % R<sub>g</sub> and UIS Tested



RoHS  
COMPLIANT

#### APPLICATIONS

- Synchronous Rectification
- Power Supplies



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted				
Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	40	V
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 25	
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 175 °C)	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	150 <sup>a, c</sup>	A
	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		120 <sup>c</sup>	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		29 <sup>b</sup>	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		23 <sup>b</sup>	
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	380	
Avalanche Current Pulse	L = 0.1 mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	80	mJ
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		E <sub>AS</sub>	320	
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	110 <sup>a, c</sup>	A
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		2.6 <sup>b</sup>	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	312 <sup>a</sup>	W
	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C		200	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		3.13 <sup>b</sup>	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		2.0 <sup>b</sup>	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b</sup>	Steady State	R <sub>thJA</sub>	32	40	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady State	R <sub>thJC</sub>	0.33	0.4	

Notes:

a. Based on T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C.

b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.

c. Calculated based on maximum junction temperature. Package limitation current is 110 A.

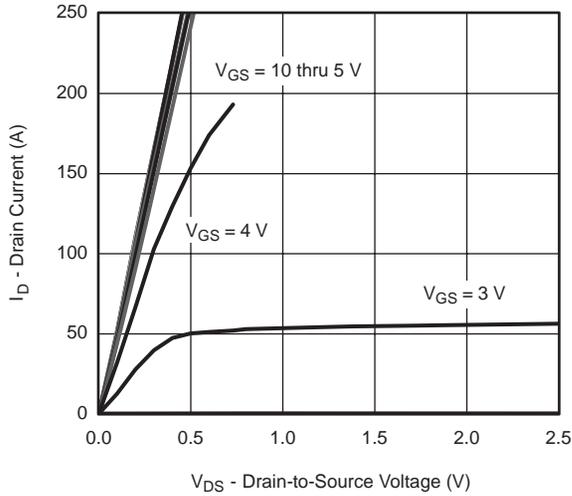
SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
<b>Static</b>						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	45			V
$V_{DS}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	$I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		41		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GS(th)}$ Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_J$			- 8		
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	1.2		2.5	V
Gate-Source Leakage	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = 40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS} = 40\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			10	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{D(on)}$	$V_{DS} \geq 5\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	120			A
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 30\text{ A}$		0.0017		$\Omega$
		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 20\text{ A}$		0.0025		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 30\text{ A}$		180		S
<b>Dynamic<sup>b</sup></b>						
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		9000		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			650		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			450		
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 20\text{ A}$		120	180	nC
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$			30		
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$			16		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.85	1.3	$\Omega$
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 1.0\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D \cong 20\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10\text{ V}, R_g = 1\text{ }\Omega$		20	30	ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			11	17	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			77	115	
Fall Time	$t_f$			10	15	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}, R_L = 1.0\text{ }\Omega$ $I_D \cong 20\text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5\text{ V}, R_g = 1\text{ }\Omega$		102	155	
Rise Time	$t_r$			62	95	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			180	270	
Fall Time	$t_f$			60	90	
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics</b>						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	$I_S$	$T_C = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$			110	A
Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	$I_{SM}$				200	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$I_S = 20\text{ A}$		0.8	1.2	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 20\text{ A}, di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		50	75	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$			70	105	nC
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	$t_a$			30		ns
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	$t_b$			20		

Notes:

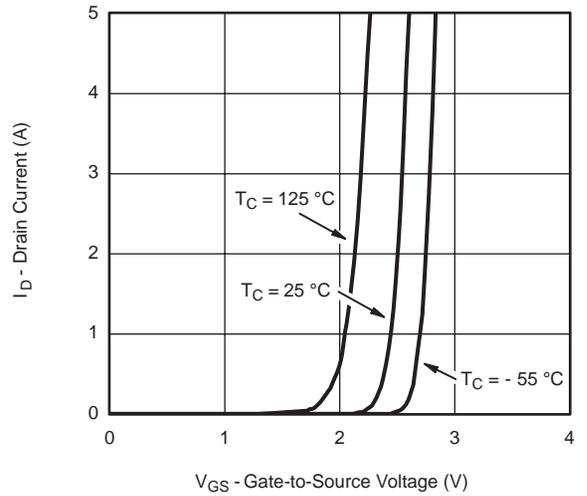
- a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

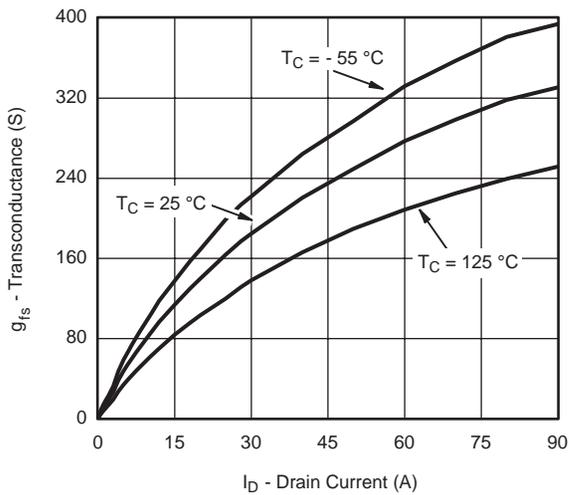
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



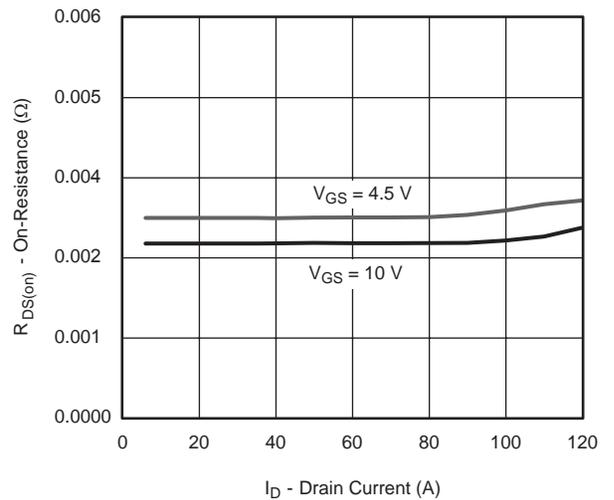
**Output Characteristics**



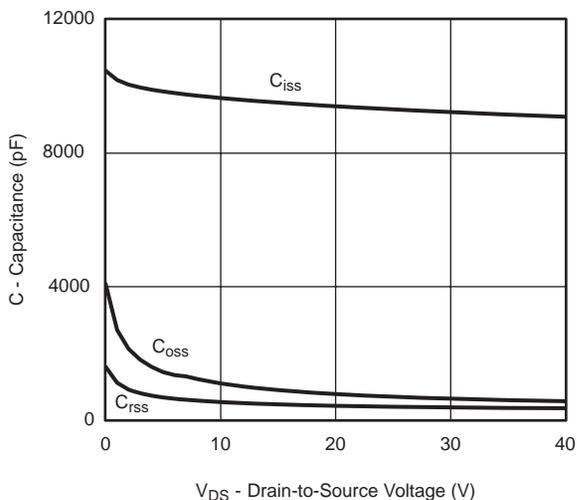
**Transfer Characteristics**



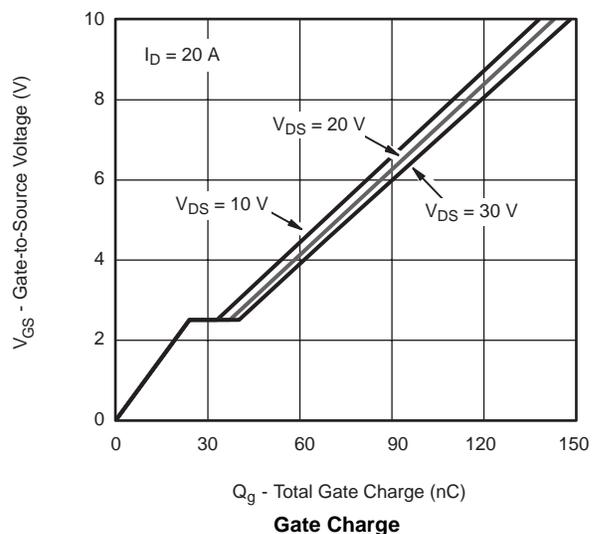
**Transconductance**



**On-Resistance vs. Drain Current**

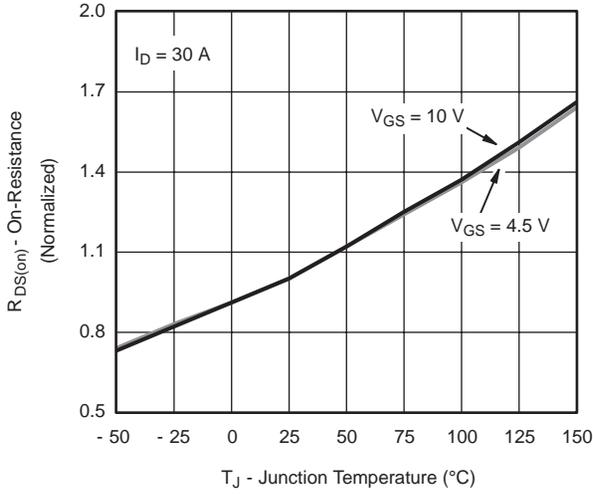


**Capacitance**

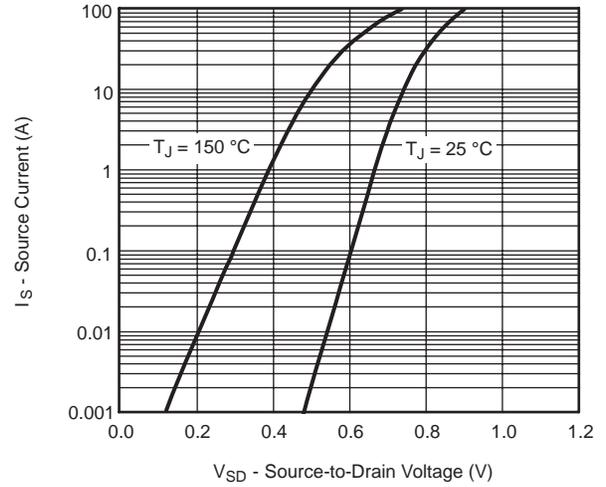


**Gate Charge**

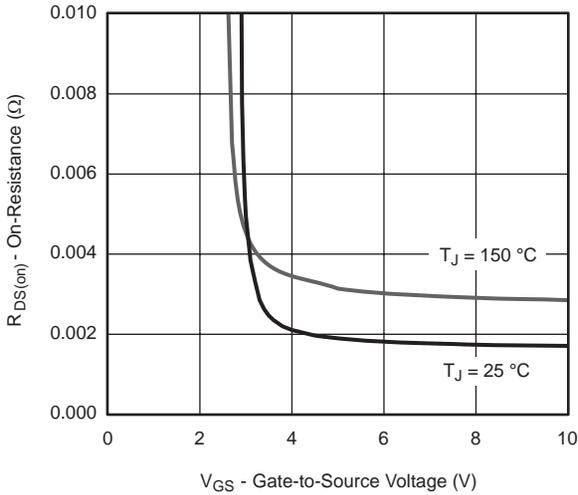
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



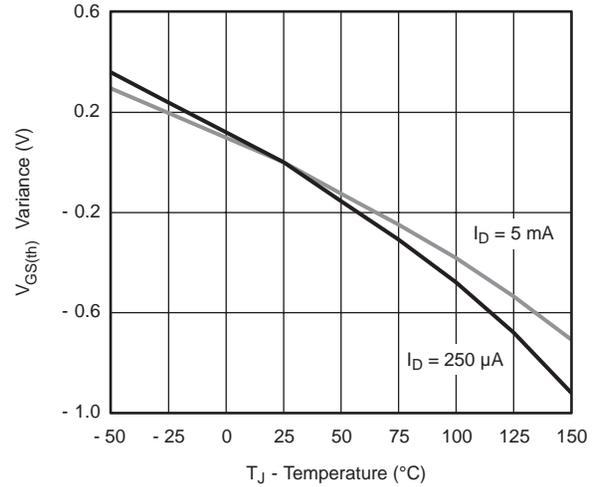
**On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**



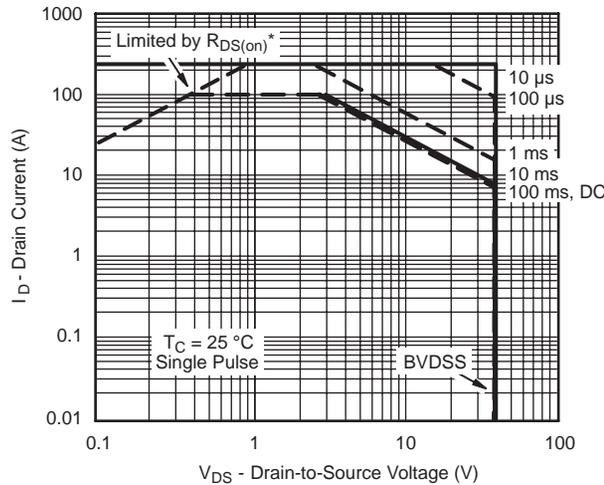
**Forward Diode Voltage vs. Temperature**



**On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage**



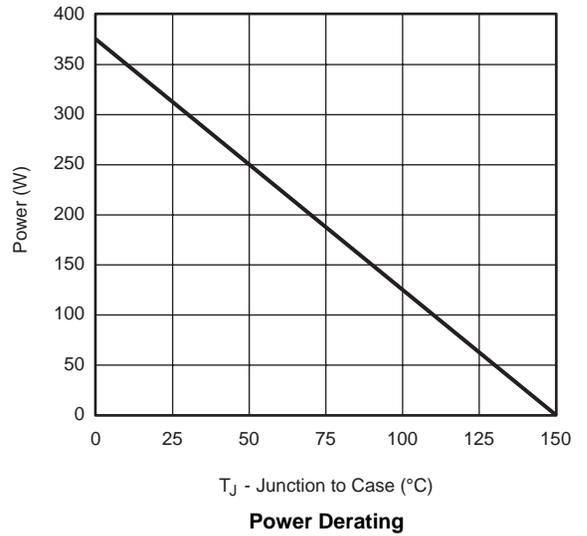
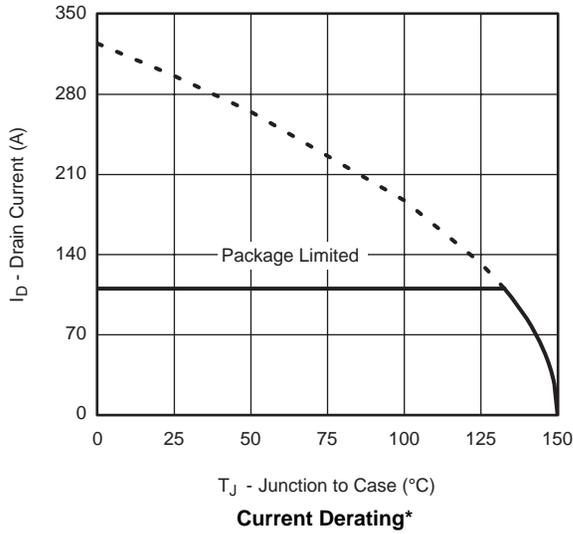
**Threshold Voltage**



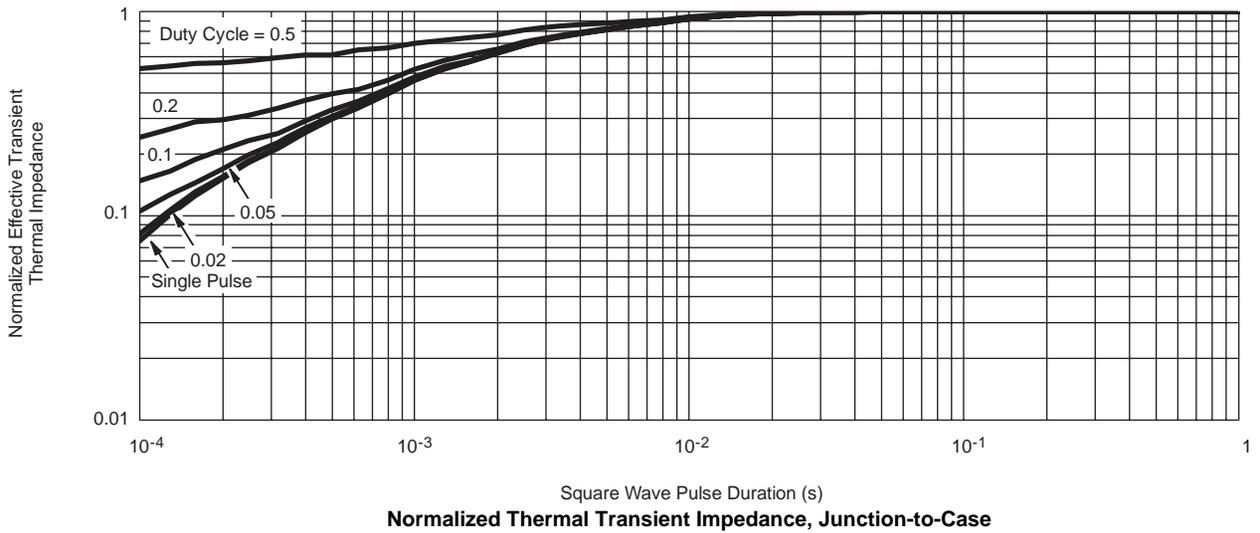
\*  $V_{GS} >$  minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified

**Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient**

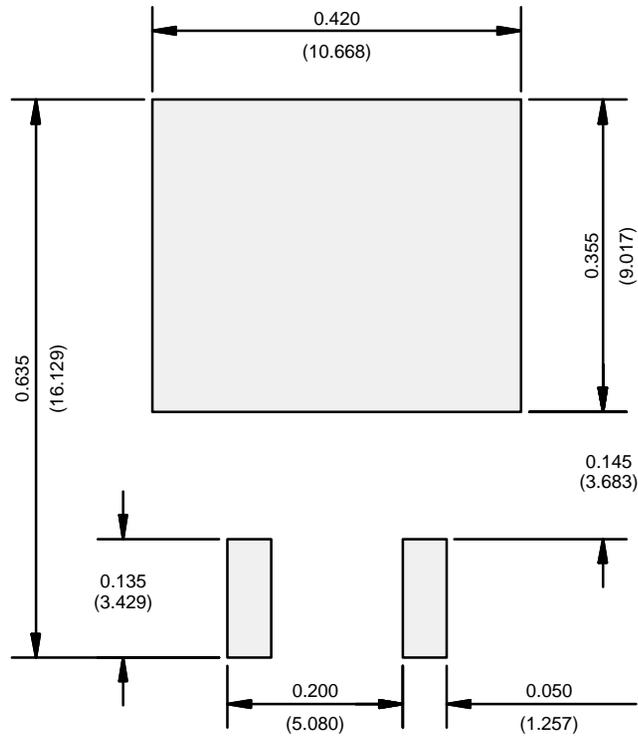
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



\* The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150\text{ °C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.



**RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR D<sup>2</sup>PAK: 3-Lead**



Recommended Minimum Pads  
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

# Disclaimer

All products due to improve reliability, function or design or for other reasons, product specifications and data are subject to change without notice.

Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd., branches, agents, employees, and all persons acting on its or their representatives (collectively, the "Taiwan VBsemi"), assumes no responsibility for any errors, inaccuracies or incomplete data contained in the table or any other any disclosure of any information related to the product.(www.VBsemi.com)

Taiwan VBsemi makes no guarantee, representation or warranty on the product for any particular purpose of any goods or continuous production. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law on Taiwan VBsemi relinquished: (1) any application and all liability arising out of or use of any products; (2) any and all liability, including but not limited to special, consequential damages or incidental ; (3) any and all implied warranties, including a particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability guarantee.

Statement on certain types of applications are based on knowledge of the product is often used in a typical application of the general product VBsemi Taiwan demand that the Taiwan VBsemi of. Statement on whether the product is suitable for a particular application is non-binding. It is the customer's responsibility to verify specific product features in the products described in the specification is appropriate for use in a particular application. Parameter data sheets and technical specifications can be provided may vary depending on the application and performance over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters must be made by customer's technical experts validated for each customer application. Product specifications do not expand or modify Taiwan VBsemi purchasing terms and conditions, including but not limited to warranty herein.

Unless expressly stated in writing, Taiwan VBsemi products are not intended for use in medical, life saving, or life sustaining applications or any other application. Wherein VBsemi product failure could lead to personal injury or death, use or sale of products used in Taiwan VBsemi such applications using client did not express their own risk. Contact your authorized Taiwan VBsemi people who are related to product design applications and other terms and conditions in writing.

The information provided in this document and the company's products without a license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights granted to the VBsemi act or document. Product names and trademarks referred to herein are trademarks of their respective representatives will be all.

## Material Category Policy

**Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd., hereby certify that all of the products are determined to be RoHS compliant and meets the definition of restrictions under Directive of the European Parliament 2011/65 / EU, 2011 Nian. 6. 8 Ri Yue restrict the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - modification, unless otherwise specified as inconsistent.(www.VBsemi.com)**

**Please note that some documents may still refer to Taiwan VBsemi RoHS Directive 2002/95 / EC. We confirm that all products identified as consistent with the Directive 2002/95 / EC European Directive 2011/65 /.**

**Taiwan VBsemi Electronics Co., Ltd. hereby certify that all of its products comply identified as halogen-free halogen-free standards required by the JEDEC JS709A. Please note that some Taiwanese VBsemi documents still refer to the definition of IEC 61249-2-21, and we are sure that all products conform to confirm compliance with IEC 61249-2-21 standard level JS709A.**