Features

• Single-Supply Operation from +1.8V ~ +5.5V

• Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

Gain-Bandwidth Product: 1MHz (Typ)

Low Input Bias Current: 10pA (Typ)

Low Offset Voltage: 0.6mV (Typ)

• Quiescent Current: 44µA per Amplifier (Typ)

• Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

• Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

• Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

• Small Package:

LMV358B Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages
LMV324B Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

General Description

The LMV358B/324B have a high gain-bandwidth product of 1MHz, a slew rate of $0.6V/\mu s$, and a quiescent current of 44 μ A/amplifier at 5V. The LMV358B/324B is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the input offset voltage range is $0.4mV\sim0.8mV$ for LMV358B/324B. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 1.8V to 5.5V. The LMV358B dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages. The LMV324B Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

Applications

- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Medical Communication
- Smoke Detectors

- Audio Output
- Piezoelectric Transducer Amplifier
- Medical Instrumentation
- Portable Systems

Pin Configuration

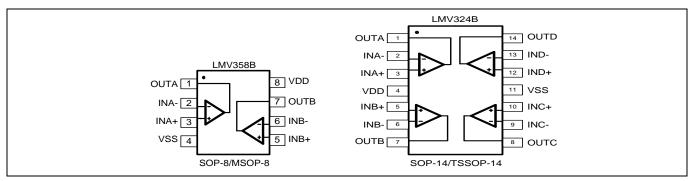


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram

July 2025-REV_V0 1/13

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+8V		
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V		
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C		
Junction Temperature	+160	0°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C		
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260	+260°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T _A =+25℃)				
SOP-14, θ _{JA}	120°C	C/W		
TSSOP-14, θ _{JA}	180°C	C/W		
SOP-8, θ _{JA}	125°C	C/W		
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}	216°C	216°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
HBM [®]	±5h	±5KV		
CDM	±2h	±2KV		
Latch up	±350	± 350 mA		

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. ① OUT to VDD+ only pass 2kV.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
LMV358B	N/259D Dual	LMV358B-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	358B
LIVIVSOOD	Dual	LMV358B -MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	358B
L MV/224D	Ound	LMV324B-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	LMV324B
LMV324B Qua	Quad	LMV324B-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	LMV324B

July 2025-REV_V0 2/13

Electrical Characteristics

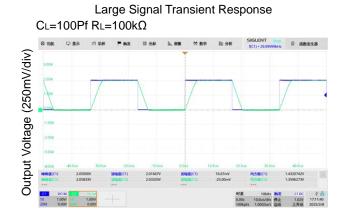
(At V_S = +5V, R_L = 100k Ω connected to $V_S/2$, and V_{OUT} = $V_S/2$, T_A = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)

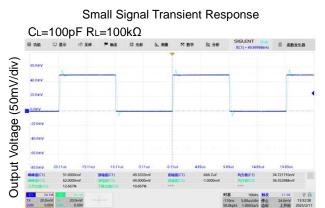
PARAMETER		CONDITIONS					
	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TYP	MAX	MIN	UNITS	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = 0V$ to (Vs-1.2V)	0.6	0.8	0.4	mV	
Input Bias Current	I _B		10			pA	
Input Offset Current	Ios		1			pA	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{СМ}	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	70		62	dB	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CIVIRR	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to $5.6V$	68		56	uБ	
Open Lean Voltage Cain	Λ	$R_L = 5k\Omega$, $V_O = +0.1V$ to $+4.9V$	80		70		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A _{OL}	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_O = +0.1V$ to $+4.9V$	100		94	dB	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{OS} /Δτ		2.7			μV/°C	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
	Vон	$R_L = 100k\Omega$	4.997			mV	
Output Valtage Cuing from Bail	V _{OL}	R _L = 100kΩ	5	30		mV	
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	Voн	R _L = 10kΩ	4.992			mV	
	VoL	R _L = 10kΩ	8	30		mV	
Output Current	Isink	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	60		40	mA	
Output Current	Isource	RL - 1012 to Vg/2	60		40	IIIA	
POWER SUPPLY							
Operating Voltage Bange					1.8	V	
Operating Voltage Range				5.5		V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = +2V \text{ to } +5V, V_{CM} = +0.5V$	82		60	dB	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	Ιq		44	75	30	μA	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL	= 100pF)						
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP		1			MHz	
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.6			V/µs	
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	G = +1, 2V Output Step	5.3			μs	
Overload Recovery Time		V _{IN} ⋅Gain = V _S	2.6			μs	
NOISE PERFORMANCE							
Valtage Naige Develts	_	f = 1kHz	150			nV/\sqrt{Hz}	
Voltage Noise Density	e n	f = 10kHz	70			nV/\sqrt{Hz}	

July 2025-REV_V0 3/13

Typical Performance characteristics

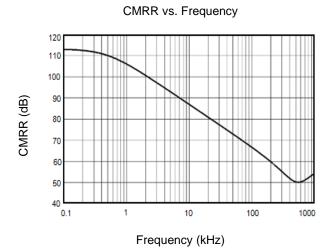
At T_A =+25°C, V_S =5V, R_L =100K Ω connected to V_S /2 and V_{OUT} = V_S /2, unless otherwise noted.

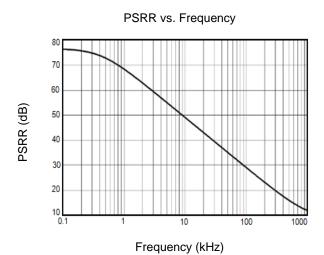


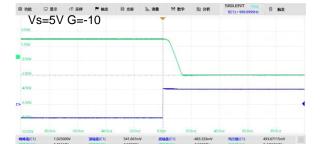


Time(10µs/div)

Time(5µs/div)







Overload Recovery Time



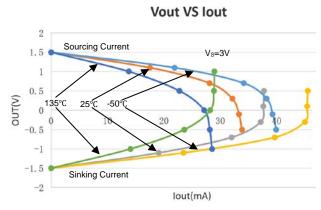
Overload Recovery Time

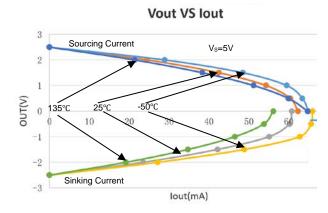


July 2025-REV_V0 4/13

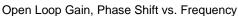
Typical Performance characteristics

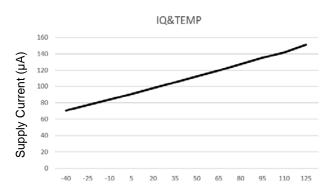
At T_A =+25°C, R_L =100K Ω connected to V_S /2 and V_{OUT} = V_S /2, unless otherwise noted.





Supply Current vs. Temperature



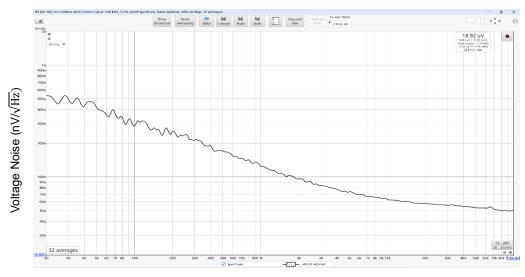




Temperature (℃)

Frequency (kHz)

Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs. Frequency



Frequency (kHz)

July 2025-REV_V0 5/13

Application Note

Size

LMV358B/324B series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the LMV358B/324B packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

LMV358B/324B series operates from a single 1.8V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 0.9V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For best performance, a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical $44\mu\text{A}$ per channel) of LMV358B/324B will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

LMV358B/324B operates under wide input supply voltage (1.8V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of LMV358B/324B extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of LMV358B/324B can typically swing to less than 10mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k Ω), and 30mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k Ω).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The LMV358B/324B is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2 shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

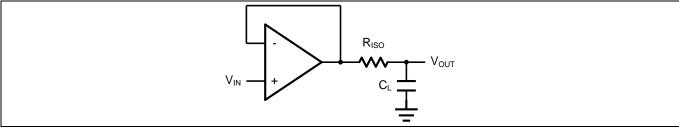


Figure 2 Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

July 2025-REV_V0 6/13

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

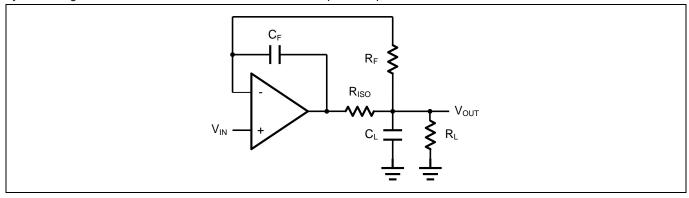


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

July 2025-REV_V0 7/13

Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using LMV358B/324B.

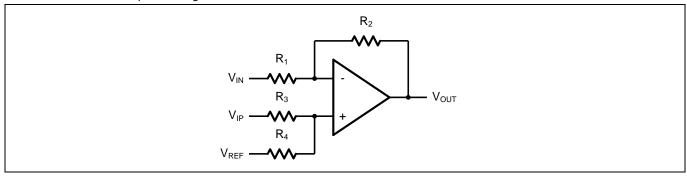


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R₁=R₃ and R₂=R₄), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

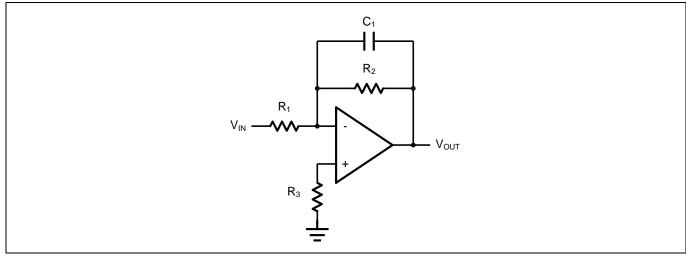


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

July 2025-REV_V0 8/13

Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple LMV358B/324B can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

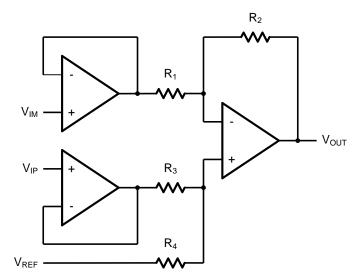
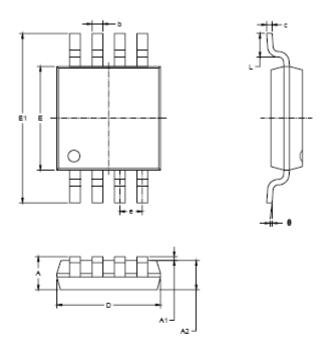


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

July 2025-REV_V0 9/13

Package Information

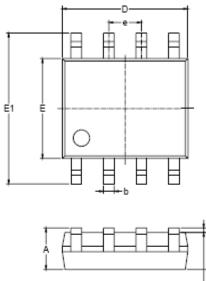
MSOP-8

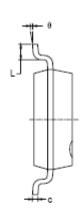


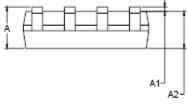
Symbol	Dimer In Milli	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008	
A2	0.750	0.750 0.950		0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	2.900 3.100		0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650	BSC	0.026	BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

July 2025-REV_V0 10/13

SOP-8



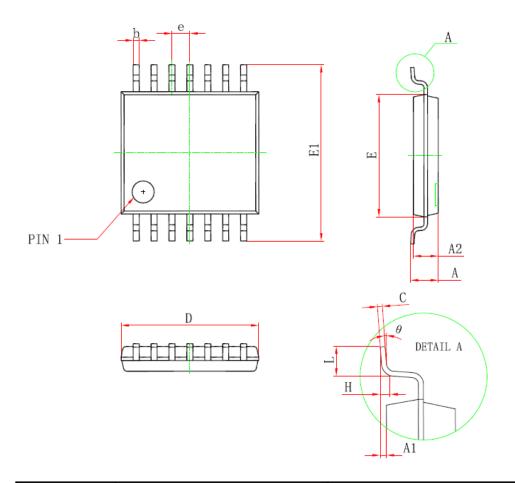




Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
е	0°	8°	0°	8°	

July 2025-REV_V0 11/13

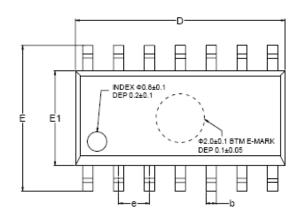
TSSOP-14

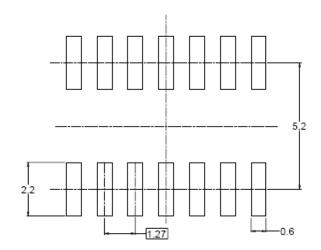


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
D	4. 900	5. 100	0. 193	0.201	
E	4.300	4. 500	0.169	0.177	
ъ	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012	
c	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008	
E1	6.250	6. 550	0.246	0.258	
A		1. 200		0.047	
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039	
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
e	0.65 (BSC)		0.026(BSC)		
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028	
H	0.25(TYP)		0.01(TYP)		
θ	1 °	7°	1 °	7°	

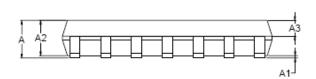
July 2025-REV_V0 12/13

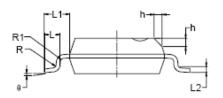
SOP-14





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches			
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC			
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1	1.04 REF			0.040 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC			
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°

July 2025-REV_V0 13/13