

DESCRIPTION

The JW[®]5222 is a current mode monolithic buck switching regulator. Operating with an input range of 2.5V-6V, the JW5222 delivers 2.5A of continuous output current with integrated P-Channel and N-Channel MOSFETs. The internal synchronous power switches provide high efficiency. At light loads, the regulator operates in low frequency to maintain high efficiency and low output ripples. Current mode control provides tight load transient response and cycle-by-cycle current limit.

The JW5222 guarantees robustness with hiccup output short-circuit protection, FB short-circuit protection, start-up current run-away protection, input under voltage lockout and hot-plug in protection, and thermal protection.

The JW5222 provides output power good indication which is only available in SOT23-6 package.

The JW5222 is available in 5-pin SOT23-5 or 6-pin SOT23-6 package, which provides a compact solution with minimal external components.

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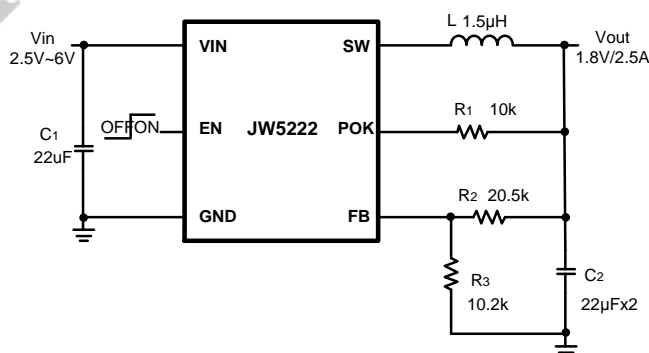
FEATURES

- 2.5V to 6V operating input range
- Up to 2.5A output current
- Up to 94% peak efficiency
- High efficiency at light load
- Internal Soft-Start
- 1MHz switching frequency
- Input under voltage lockout
- Hot-plug in protection
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal protection
- Output POK indication (available in SOT23-6 package)
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free
- Available in SOT23-5/SOT23-6 package

APPLICATIONS

- 5V or 3.3V Point of Load Conversion
- Set Top Boxes
- Telecom/Networking Systems
- Storage Equipment
- GPU/DDR Power Supply

TYPICAL APPLICATION



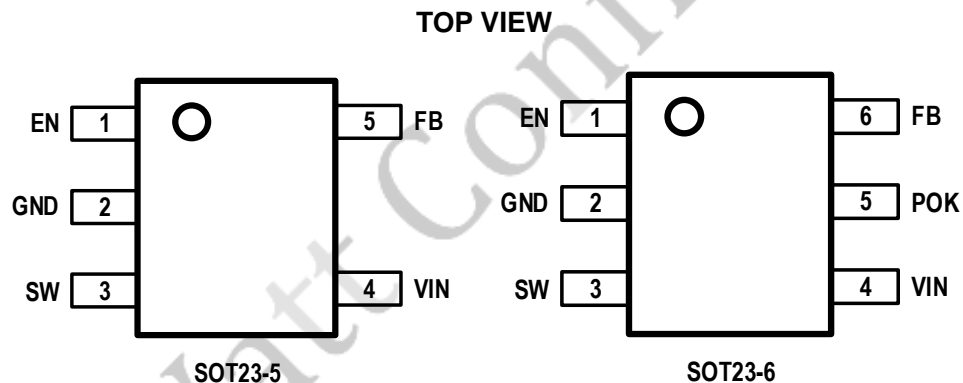
ORDER INFORMATION

DEVICE ¹⁾	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING ²⁾
JW5222SOTA#TRPBF	SOT23-5	JWB6□ YW□□□
JW5222SOTB#TRPBF	SOT23-6	JWAU□ YW□□□

Notes:

- 1) JW□□ # TRPBF
 PB Free
 Tape and Reel (if "TR" is not shown, it means tube)
 Package Code
 Part No.
- 2) Line1: JW□□□ Internal control code
 Product code
 Joulwatt LOGO
- Line2: YW□□□ Lot number
 Week code
 Year code

PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING¹⁾

All Pins	-0.3V to 7.0V
SW Pin.....	-0.3V (-1.7V for 40ns) to 7.0V (7.1V for 70ns)
Junction Temperature. ^{2) 3)}	150°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
ESD Susceptibility (Human Body Model)	2kV

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Input Voltage VIN	2.5V to 6V
Output Voltage Vout.....	0.6V to VIN

THERMAL PERFORMANCE⁴⁾

Absolute Max Storage Temp.	Recommended Operating Junction Temp. Range	Recommended Max Case Temp. T_C (°C)	Abs. Max Junction Temp. T_j (°C)	Recommended Max Power Loss $P_D@25^\circ\text{C}$ (W)
-65°C to 150°C	-40°C to 125°C	122	150	0.45
$R_{\theta JC}$ (°C/W)	$R_{\theta JA}$ (°C/W)	$R_{\theta JB}$ (°C/W)	ψ_{JT} (°C/W)	ψ_{JB} (°C/W)
130	220	36.1	2.3	35.3

Note:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The JW5222 guarantees robust performance from -40°C to 150°C junction temperature. The junction temperature range specification is assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.
- 3) The JW5222 includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Thermal protection is active when junction temperature exceeds the maximum operating junction temperature. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN}=5V$, $T_A=25^\circ C$, unless otherwise stated.						
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Threshold	V_{IN_UVLO}	V_{IN} rising	2.3	2.45	2.55	V
V_{IN} Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis ⁵⁾	$V_{IN_UVLO_HYST}$	V_{IN} falling		200		mV
V_{IN} Over Voltage Protection Threshold	V_{IN_OVP}	V_{IN} rising	6.6	6.88	7.1	V
V_{IN} Over Voltage Protection Hysteresis ⁵⁾	$V_{IN_OVP_HYST}$	V_{IN} falling		360		mV
Shutdown Current	I_{SHDN}	$V_{EN}=0V$		0.1	1	μA
Quiescent Current	I_Q	$V_{EN}=5V$, $I_{OUT}=0A$, $V_{FB}=V_{REF} \times 105\%$		60	80	μA
Regulated Feedback Voltage	V_{FB}	$2.5V < V_{IN} < 6V$	0.588	0.6	0.612	V
PFET On Resistance ⁵⁾	$R_{DS(on)_P}$	$V_{IN}=3.6V$, $I_{SW}=200mA$		110		$m\Omega$
NFET On Resistance ⁵⁾	$R_{DS(on)_N}$	$V_{IN}=3.6V$, $I_{SW}=-200mA$		90		$m\Omega$
PFET Leakage Current	I_{LEAK_P}	$V_{IN}=5.5V$, $V_{EN}=0V$, $V_{SW}=0V$		0.1	1	μA
NFET Leakage Current	I_{LEAK_N}	$V_{IN}=5.5V$, $V_{EN}=0V$, $V_{SW}=5.5V$		0.1	1	μA
PFET Current Limit ⁵⁾	I_{LIM_TOP}	Duty Cycle=65%	3.2	3.7	4.3	A
Switch Frequency	F_{SW}	$I_{OUT}=1A$	0.8	1	1.2	MHz
Minimum On Time ⁵⁾	T_{ON_MIN}			70		ns
Maximum Duty Cycle ⁵⁾	D_{MAX}			100		%
Soft-start Time ⁵⁾	t_{SS}	$V_{OUT}=1.8V$		1		ms
EN Input Logic High Voltage ⁵⁾	V_{EN_H}	V_{EN} rising, $FB=0.4V$	1.5			V
EN Input Logic Low Voltage ⁵⁾	V_{EN_L}	V_{EN} falling, $FB=0.4V$			0.4	V
POK Low Threshold	V_{POKL}	V_{FB} falling	500	525	550	mV
POK High Threshold	V_{POKH}	V_{FB} rising	660	695	730	mV
Thermal Shutdown Threshold ⁵⁾	T_{SHDN}			150		$^\circ C$
Temperature Hysteresis ⁵⁾	T_{HYS}			15		$^\circ C$

Note:

5) Guaranteed by design.

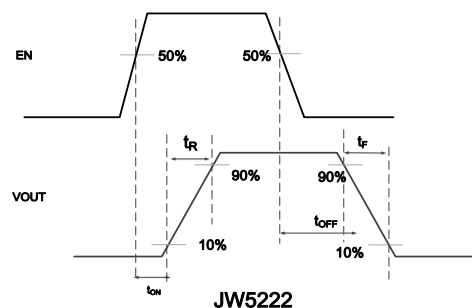
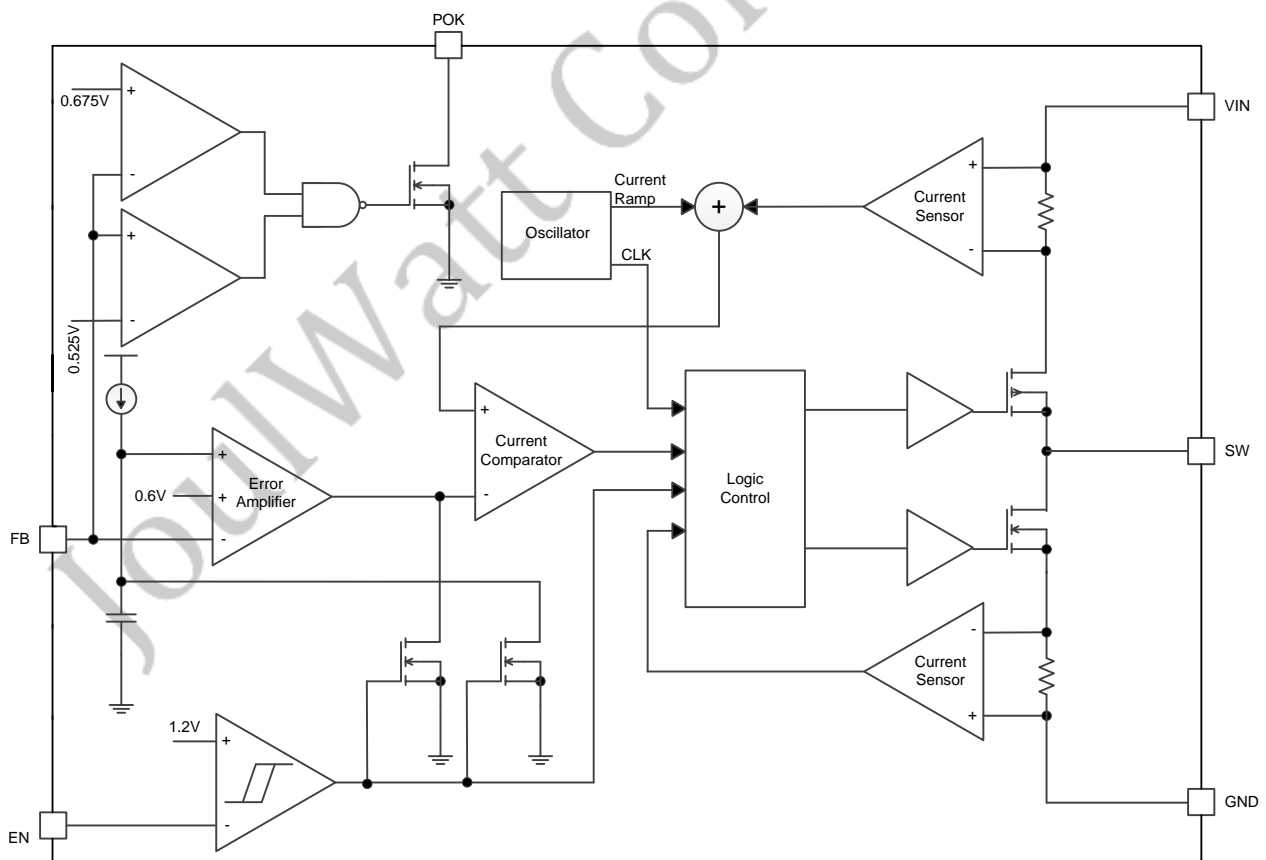


Figure 1 Voltage Waveforms

PIN DESCRIPTION

SOT23-6 Pin	Name	Description
1	EN	Drive EN pin high to turn on the regulator and low to turn off the regulator.
2	GND	Ground pin.
3	SW	SW is the switching node that supplies power to the output. Connect the output LC filter from SW to the output load.
4	VIN	Input voltage pin. VIN supplies power to the IC. Connect a 2.5V to 6V supply to VIN and bypass VIN to GND with a suitably large capacitor to eliminate noise on the input to the IC.
5	POK	Open drain output. Connect a 10KΩ resistor from POK to output. POK is high when V_{FB} is within $\pm 12.5\%$ of V_{REF} .
6	FB	Output feedback pin. FB senses the output voltage and is regulated by the control loop to 0.6V. Connect a resistive divider at FB.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

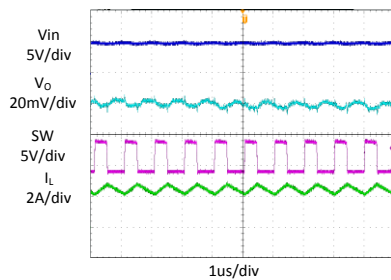


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{in} = 5V$, $V_{out} = 1.8V$, $L = 2.2\mu H$, $C_{out} = 44\mu F$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted

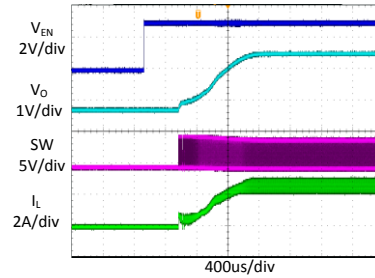
Steady State Test

$V_{in}=5V$, $V_{out}=1.8V$
 $I_{out}=2.5A$



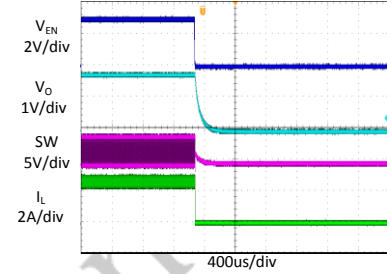
Startup through Enable

$V_{in}=5V$, $V_{out}=1.8V$
 $I_{out}=2.5A$ (Resistive load)



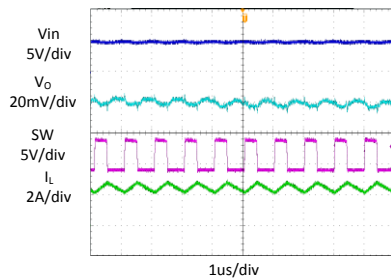
Shutdown through Enable

$V_{in}=5V$, $V_{out}=1.8V$
 $I_{out}=2.5A$ (Resistive load)



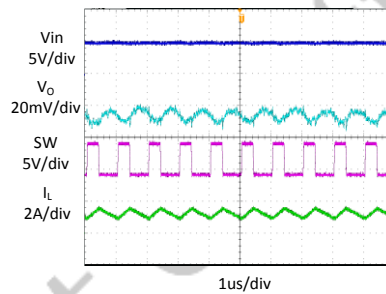
Heavy Load Operation

2.5A LOAD



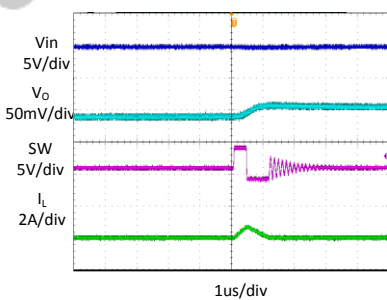
Medium Load Operation

1.25A LOAD



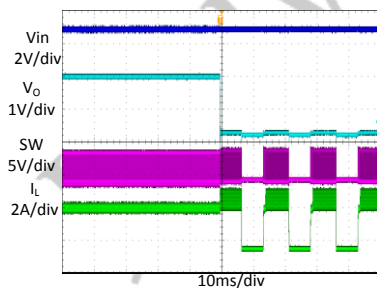
Light Load Operation

0 A LOAD



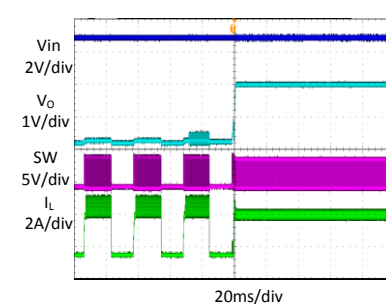
Short Circuit Protection

$V_{in}=5V$, $V_{out}=1.8V$
 $I_{out}=2.5A$ - Short



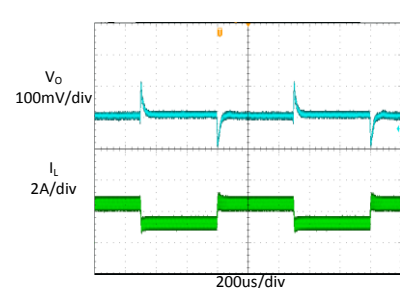
Short Circuit Protection

$V_{in}=5V$, $V_{out}=1.8V$
 $I_{out}=2.5A$ - Short



Load Transient

1.25A LOAD \rightarrow 2.5A LOAD
 \rightarrow 1.25A LOAD

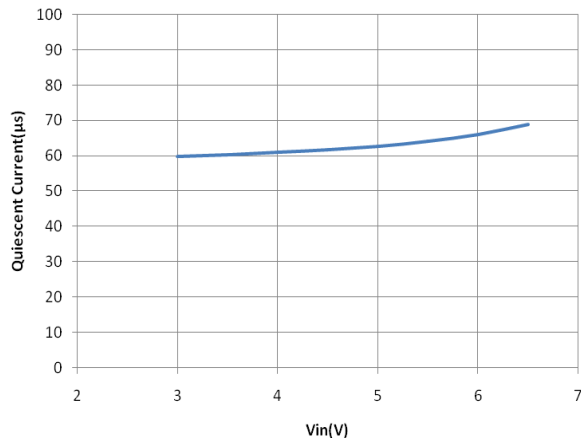


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS *(continued)*

$V_{in} = 5V$, $V_{out} = 1.8V$, $L = 2.2\mu H$, $C_{out} = 44\mu F$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted

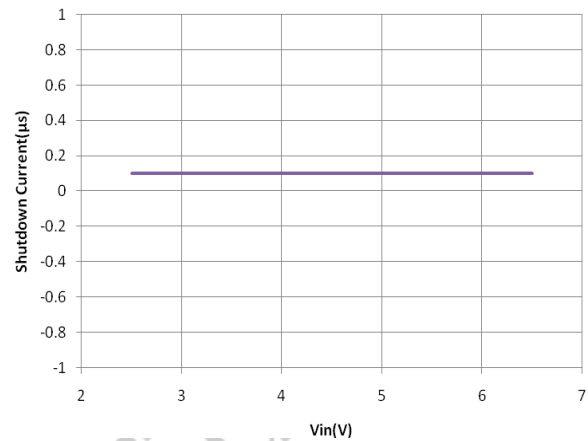
Quiescent Current Vs. Input Voltage

$V_{IN}=3V \sim 6.5V$, $V_{EN}=3V$, $V_{FB}=0.8V$

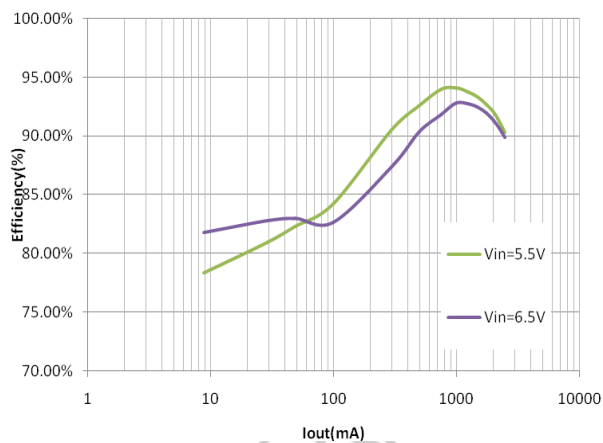


Shutdown Current Vs. Input Voltage

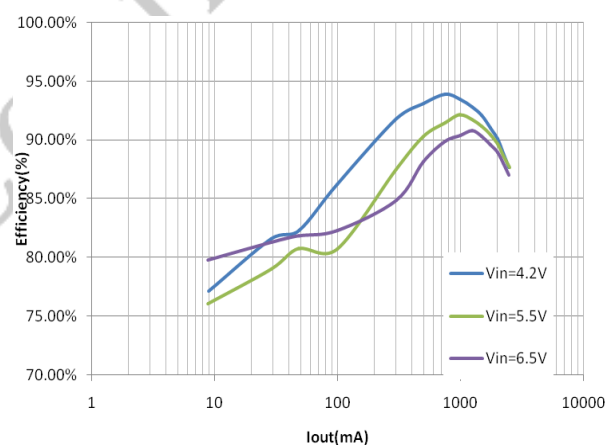
$V_{IN}=3V \sim 6.5V$, $V_{EN}=0V$, $V_{FB}=0.3V$



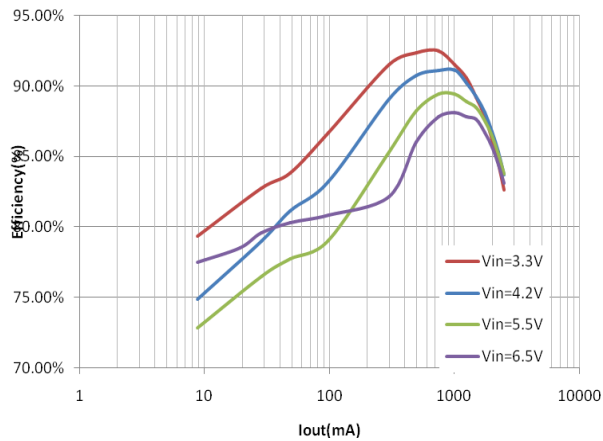
Efficiency @ $V_{out}=3.3V$



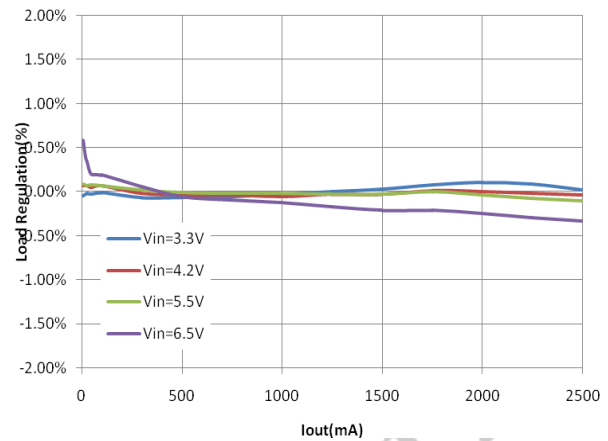
Efficiency @ $V_{out}=2.5V$



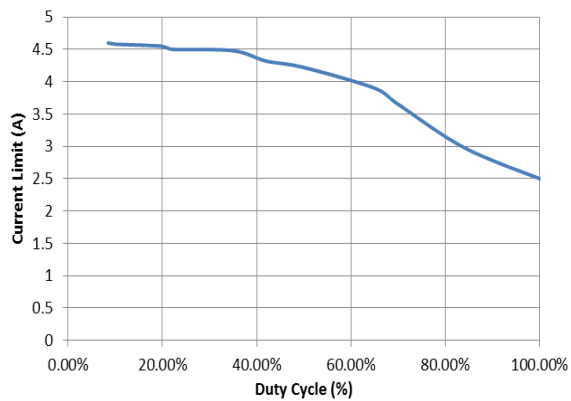
Efficiency @ Vout=1.8V



Load regulation @ Vout=1.8V



Current Limit



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The JW5222 is a synchronous, current-mode, step-down regulator. It regulates input voltages from 2.5V~6V down to an output voltage as low as 0.6V, and is capable of supplying up to 2.5A of load current.

Current-Mode Control

The JW5222 utilizes current-mode control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at the FB pin through a resistive voltage divider and the error is amplified by the internal transconductance error amplifier. Output of the internal error amplifier is compared with the switch current measured internally to control the output current limit.

PFM Mode

The JW5222 operates in PFM mode at light load. In PFM mode, switch frequency is continuously controlled in proportion to the load current, i.e. switch frequency decreases when load current drops to boost power efficiency at light load by reducing switch-loss, while switch frequency increases when load current rises, minimizing output voltage ripples.

Shut-Down Mode

The JW5222 operates in shut-down mode when voltage at EN pin is driven below 0.4V. In shut-down mode, the entire regulator is off and the supply current consumed by the JW5222 drops below 1 μ A .

Power Switches

P-channel and N-channel MOSFET switches are integrated on the JW5222 to down convert the input voltage to the regulated output voltage.

Output Current Run-Away Protection

At start-up, due to the high voltage at input and low voltage at output, current inertia of the output inductance can be easily built up, resulting in a large start-up output current. A valley current limit is designed in the JW5222 so that only when output current drops below the valley current limit can the bottom power switch be turned off. By such control mechanism, the output current at start-up is well controlled.

Short Circuit Protection

When output is shorted to ground, the switching frequency is reduced to prevent the inductor current from increasing beyond PFET current limit. If short circuit condition holds for more than 1024 cycles, both PFET and NFET are forced off and can be enabled again after 8mS. This procedure is repeated as long as short circuit condition is not removed.

FB Short Circuit Protection

When FB is shorted to ground and holds for more 16 cycles, NFET will be turned off after inductor current drops to zero, and then both PFET and NFET are latched off. Only toggling EN or VIN UVLO/OVP can PFET and NFET be enabled again.

Hot-Plug in Protection

If the input voltage at VIN pin exceeds 6.85V, IC will turn off power switch, entering over-voltage protection. It will remain in this state until the input voltage is less than 6.5V.

Thermal Protection

When the temperature of the JW5222 rises above 150°C, it is forced into thermal shut-down. Only when core temperature drops below 130°C can the regulator becomes active again.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Output Voltage Set

The output voltage is determined by the resistor divider connected at the FB pin, and the voltage ratio is:

$$V_{FB} = V_{OUT} \cdot \frac{R_3}{R_2 + R_3}$$

where V_{FB} is the feedback voltage and V_{OUT} is the output voltage.

Choose R_3 around 10k Ω , and then R_2 can be calculated by:

$$R_2 = R_3 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.6V} - 1 \right)$$

The following table lists the recommended values.

V _{OUT} (V)	R ₂ (k Ω)	R ₃ (k Ω)
1.0	6.8	10.2
1.2	10.2	10.2
1.8	20.5	10.2
2.5	31.6	10
3.3	49.9	11

Input Capacitor

The input capacitor is used to supply the AC input current to the step-down converter and maintaining the DC input voltage. The ripple current through the input capacitor can be calculated by:

$$I_{C1} = I_{LOAD} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right)}$$

where I_{LOAD} is the load current, V_{OUT} is the output voltage, V_{IN} is the input voltage.

Thus the input capacitor can be calculated by the following equation when the input ripple voltage is determined.

$$C_1 = \frac{I_{LOAD}}{f_s \cdot \Delta V_{IN}} \cdot \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right)$$

where C_1 is the input capacitance value, f_s is the switching frequency, ΔV_{IN} is the input ripple current.

The input capacitor can be electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic. To minimizing the potential noise, a small X5R or X7R ceramic capacitor, i.e. 0.1 μ F, should be placed as close to the IC as possible when using electrolytic capacitors.

A 22 μ F ceramic capacitor is recommended in typical application.

Output Capacitor

The output capacitor is required to maintain the DC output voltage, and the capacitance value determines the output ripple voltage. The output voltage ripple can be calculated by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_s \cdot L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \right) \cdot \left(R_{ESR} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot f_s \cdot C_2} \right)$$

where C_2 is the output capacitance value and R_{ESR} is the equivalent series resistance value of the output capacitor.

The output capacitor can be low ESR electrolytic, tantalum or ceramic, which lower ESR capacitors get lower output ripple voltage.

The output capacitors also affect the system stability and transient response, and 22 μ F ~ 22 μ Fx2 ceramic capacitor are recommended in typical application.

Inductor

The inductor is used to supply constant current to the output load, and the value determines the ripple current which affect the efficiency and the output voltage ripple. The ripple current is

typically allowed to be 40% of the maximum switch current limit, thus the inductance value can be calculated by:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_s \cdot \Delta I_L} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

where V_{IN} is the input voltage, V_{OUT} is the output voltage, f_s is the switching frequency, and ΔI_L is the peak-to-peak inductor ripple current.

PCB Layout Note

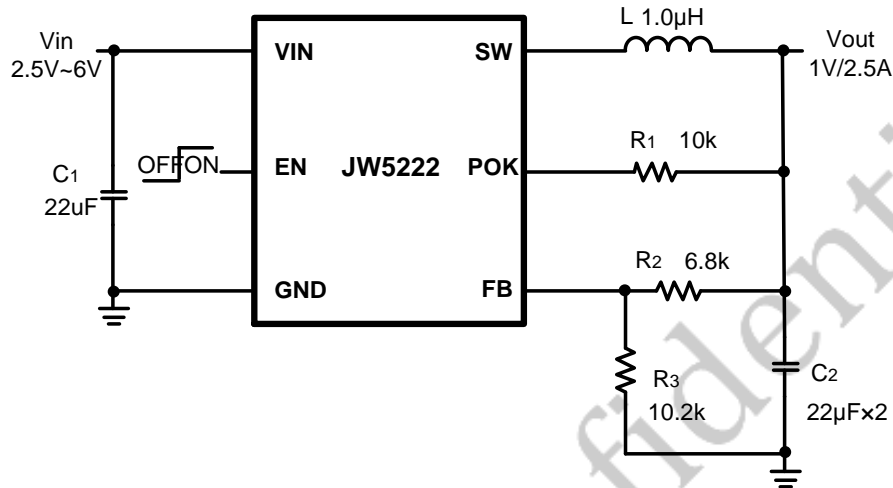
For minimum noise problem and best operating

performance, the PCB is preferred to following the guidelines as reference.

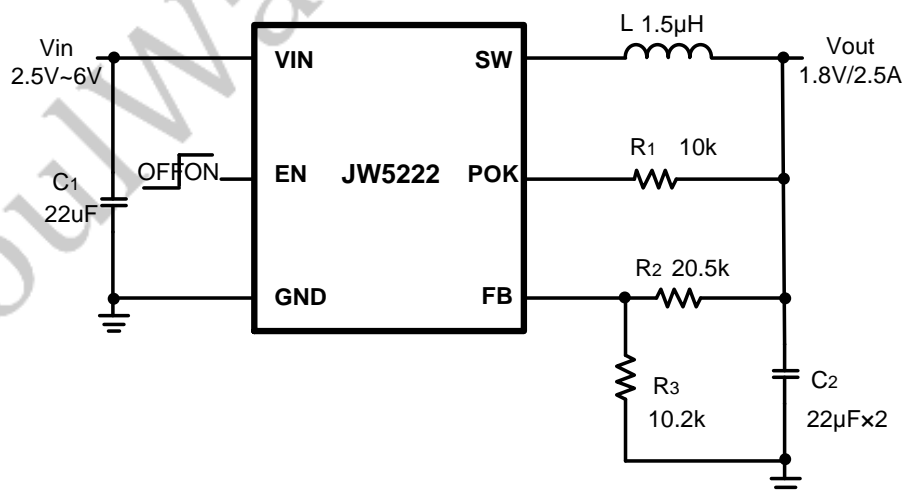
1. Place the input decoupling capacitor as close to JW5222 (VIN pin and PGND) as possible to eliminate noise at the input pin. The loop area formed by input capacitor and GND must be minimized.
2. Put the feedback trace as far away from the inductor and noisy power traces as possible.
3. The ground plane on the PCB should be as large as possible for better heat dissipation.

REFERENCE DESIGN

Reference 1:

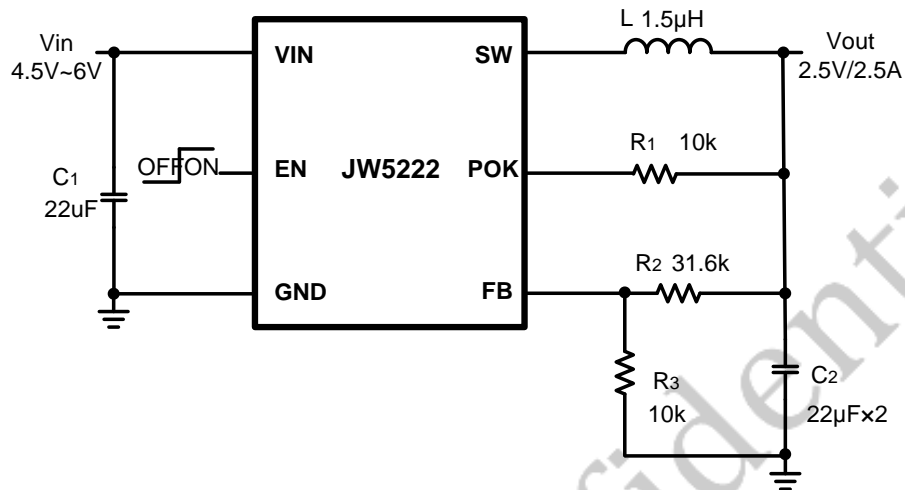
 V_{IN} : 2.5V ~ 6V V_{OUT} : 1V I_{OUT} : 0~2.5A

Reference 2:

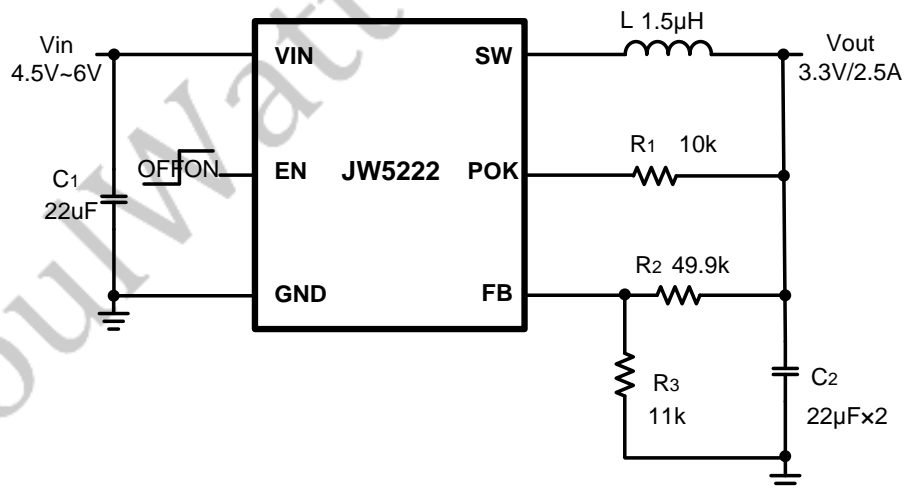
 V_{IN} : 2.5V ~ 6V V_{OUT} : 1.8V I_{OUT} : 0~2.5A

Reference3:
 V_{IN} : 4.5V ~ 6V

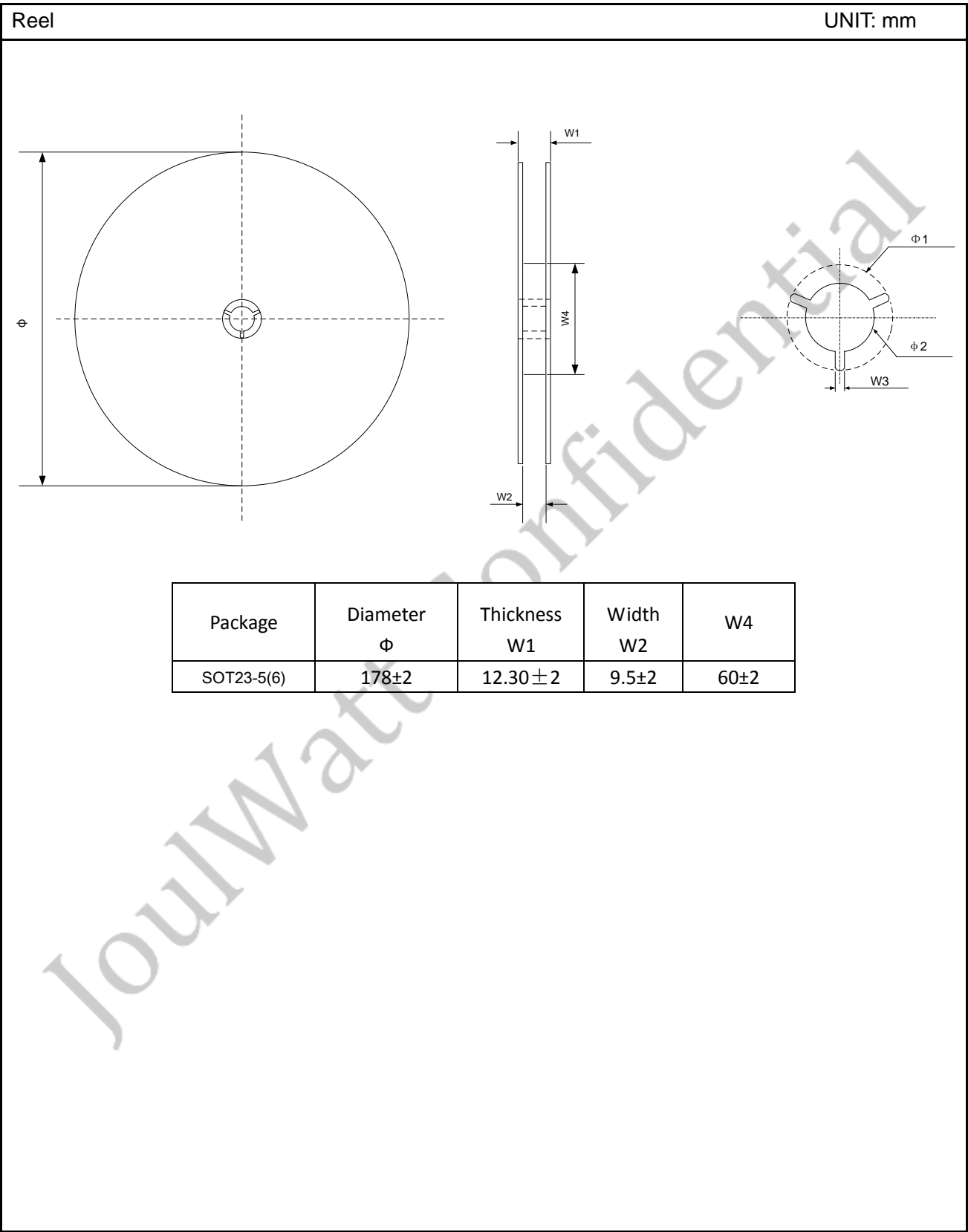
 V_{OUT} : 2.5V

 I_{OUT} : 0~2.5A

Reference 4:
 V_{IN} : 4.5V ~ 6V

 V_{OUT} : 3.3V

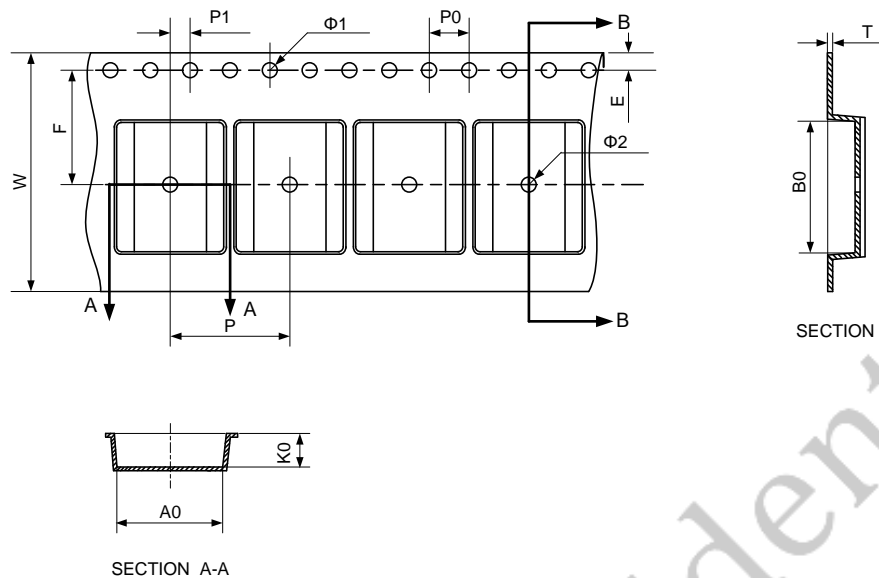
 I_{OUT} : 0~2.5A


TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



Carrier Tape

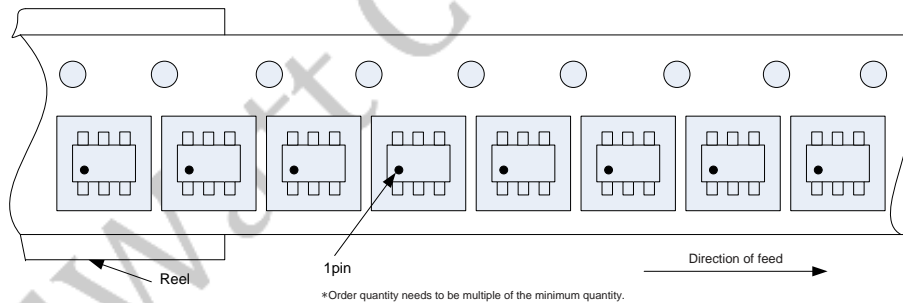
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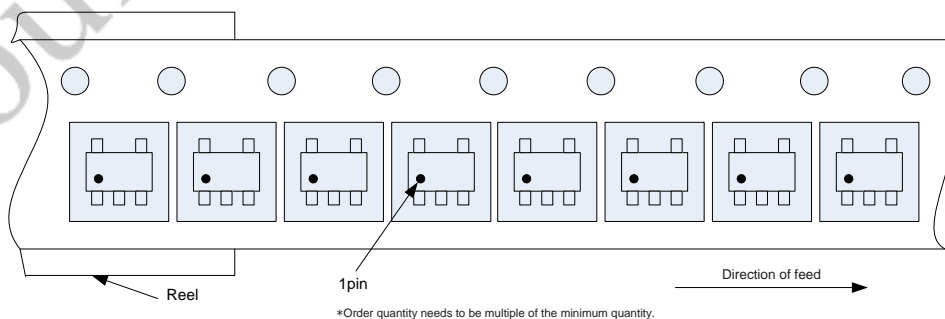
Note :

- 1) The carrier type is black, and colorless transparent.
- 2) Carrier camber is within 1mm in 100mm.
- 3) 10 pocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance: ± 0.20 .
- 4) All dimensions are in mm.

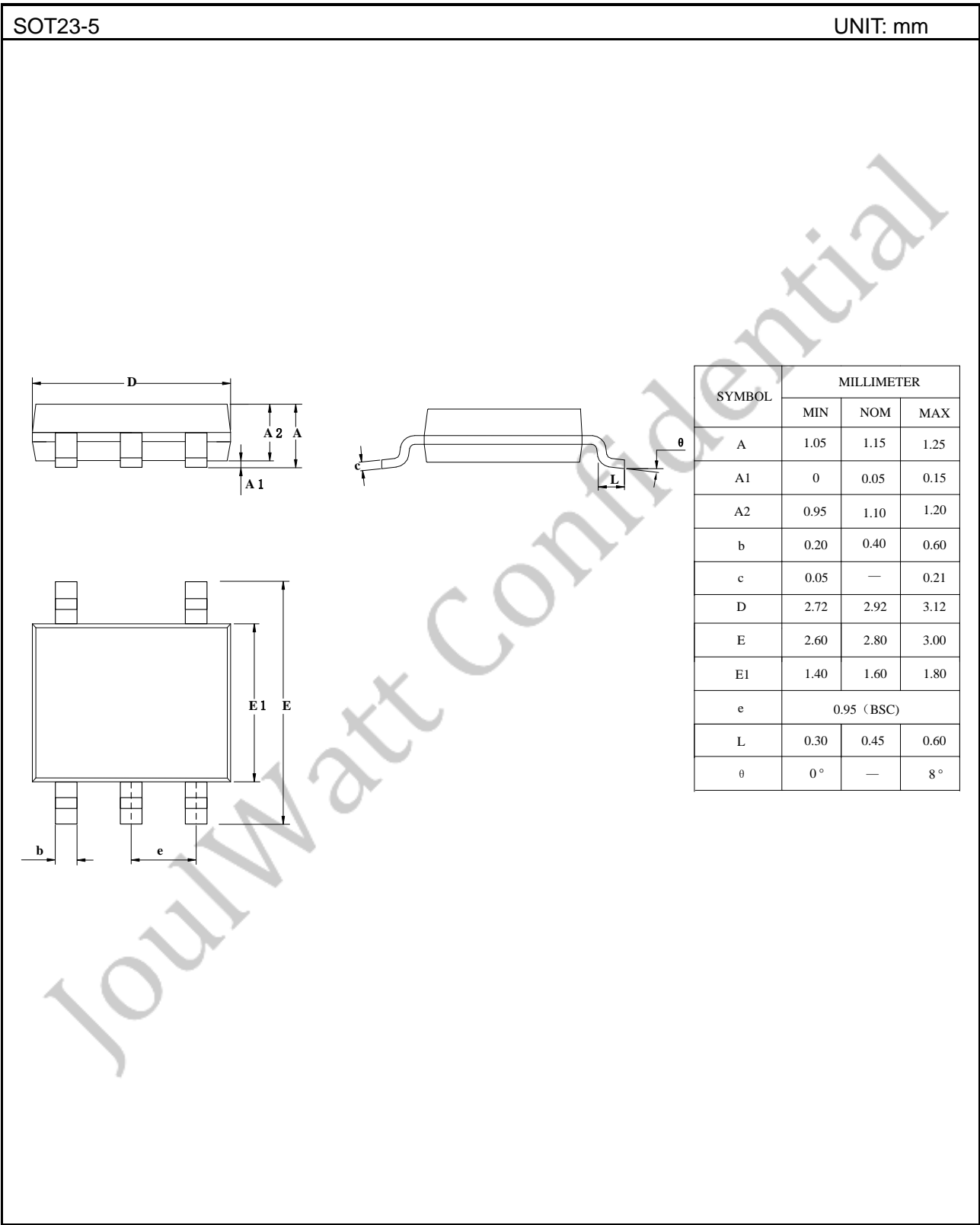
SOT23-6:



SOT23-5:

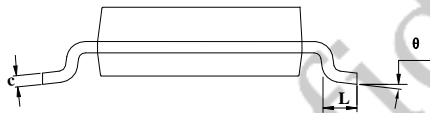
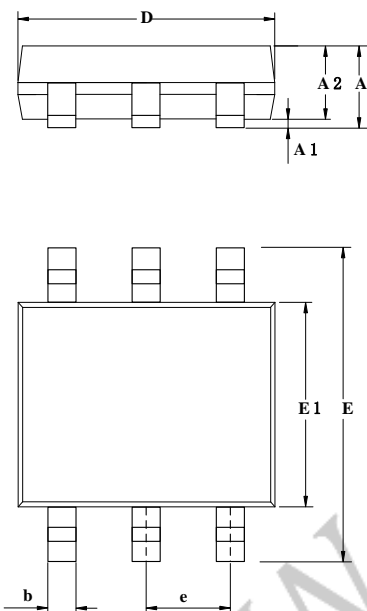


PACKAGE OUTLINE



SOT23-6

UNIT: mm



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.05	1.15	1.25
A1	0	0.05	0.15
A2	0.95	1.10	1.20
b	0.20	0.40	0.60
c	0.05	—	0.21
D	2.72	2.92	3.12
E	2.60	2.80	3.00
E1	1.40	1.60	1.80
e	0.95 (BSC)		
L	0.30	0.45	0.60
θ	0°	—	8°

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