

Product Specification

TUDI-MAX4091/4092/4094

Single/Dual/Quad, Micropower, Single-Supply, Rail-to-Rail Op Amps

网址 www.sztdbdt.com Q

用芯智造・卓越品质

semiconductor device manufacturer

- Design
- research and development
- production
- and sales



Features

- Low-Voltage, Single-Supply Operation (2.7V to 6V)
- Beyond-the-Rails[™] Inputs
- No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- 30µV Offset Voltage
- ■Rail-to-Rail Output Swing with 1kΩ Load
- Unity-Gain Stable with 2000pF Load
- 165µA (max) Quiescent Current Per Op Amp
- 500kHz Gain-Bandwidth Product
- High Voltage Gain (115dB)
- High Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (90dB) and Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (100dB)
- Temperature Range (-40°C to +125°C)

Description

The single MAX4091, dual MAX4092, and quad MAX4094 operational amplifiers combine excellent DC accuracy with Rail-to-Rail® operation at the input and output. Since the common-mode voltage extends from VCC to VEE, the devices can operate from either a single supply (2.7V to 6V) or split supplies (± 1.35 V to ± 3 V). Each op amp requires less than 130 μ A of supply current. Even with this low current, the op amps are capable of driving a 1k Ω load, and the input-referred voltage noise is only 12nV/ \sqrt{Hz} . In addition, these op amps can drive loads in excess of 2000pF.

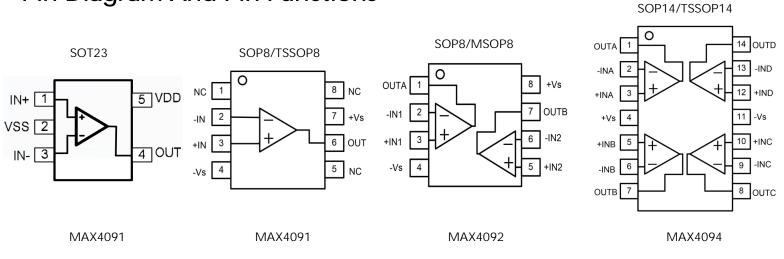
The precision performance of the MAX4091/MAX4092/ MAX4094 combined with their wide input and output dynamic range, low-voltage, single-supply operation, and very low supply current, make them an ideal choice for battery-operated equipment, industrial, and data acquisition and control applications. In addition, the MAX4091 is available in space-saving 5-pin SOT23, 8-pin TSSOP, and 8-pin SOP packages. The MAX4092 is available in 8-pin MSOP and SOP packages, and the MAX4094 is available in 14-pin TSSOP and 14-pin SO packages.

Applications

- Portable Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instruments
- Data Acquisition and Control
- ■Low-Voltage Signal Conditioning



Pin Diagram And Pin Functions



Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier.Voltage range of this pin can go from-Vs-0.3V to +Vs-1V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as-IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
NC	No connection	

Product Specification

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	2.7V ~ 6V	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	- 40°C to 125°C	



Electrical Characteristics

 $(+Vs=+5V,-Vs=0,VeM=Vs/2,TA=+25^{\circ}C,RL=10kQto\ Vs/2,unless\ otherwise\ noted)$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Characteristics							
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			1.0	5.0	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	△Vos/△T	-40 to 125℃		5		μV/°C	
Input Bias Current	IB			2.5		рА	
Input Offset Current	los			2.5		рА	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	VcM	Vs=5.5V	-0.1		4.5	V	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	VCM=0.1V to 4.5V		125		dB	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	Vo=0.2V to 4.5V		120		dB	
	0	utput Characteristics				7	
		RL=100kΩ		1		mV	
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	T	RL=10kΩ		10		mV	
	Tuc	RL=2kΩ	COL	40	ICU	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	IsR	Sourcing		45		mA	
Short-Circuit Current	lsk	Sinking		50		mA	
		Power Supply					
Operating Voltage Range			2.7		6	V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	Vs=+1.8V to +5.5V	80	100		dB	
Quiescent Current /Amplifier	IQ			85		μΑ	
	D	ynamic Performance					
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	G=+1		1.5		MHz	
Slew Rate SR G=+1,2V Output Step 1					V/µs		
Noise Performance							
Voltage Noise Density	en	f=1kHz		28		nVI √Hz	



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply:+Vs to-Vs	6.0	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to+Vs+0.5V	V
Input Current(2)	10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
ESD Susceptibility,HBM	2000	V

- (1) Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.
- (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause staility problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer (G=+1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps(e.g., >100 pF when G=+1), a small series resistor at the output (Riso in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin(stability) bymaking the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth. To select Riso, check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need Riso. Otherwise, start Riso at 1k and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

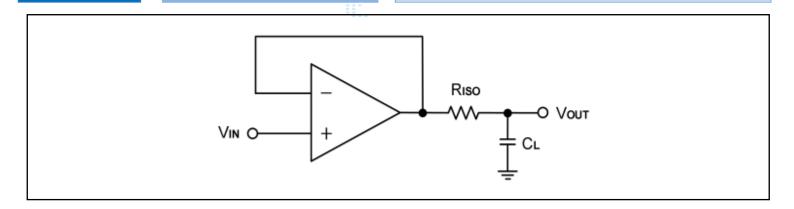


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. RF provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, CF and RISO serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier 's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

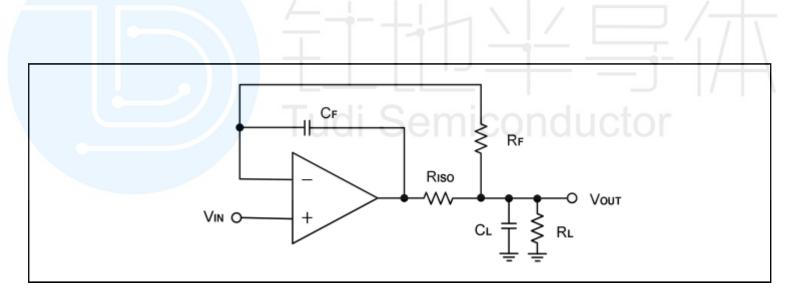


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

For non-inverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin:

- (a) by increasing the amplifier 's gain or
- (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.



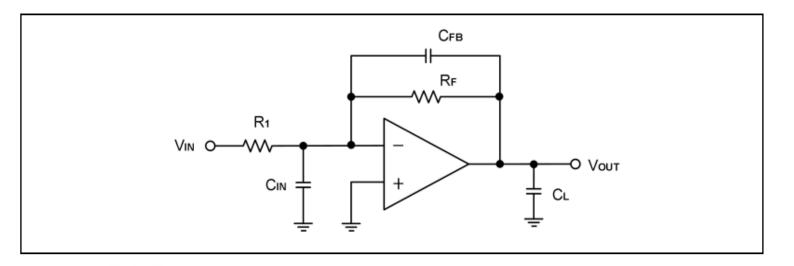


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Non-inverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The MAX4091/4092/4094 operates from a single +2.7V to +6V supply or dual ± 1.35 V to ± 3 V supplies.

For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor which should beplaced close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors. 2.2 μ F tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal (R4/R3 = R2/R1), then $VOUT = (VIP - VIN) \times R2/R1 + VREF$.

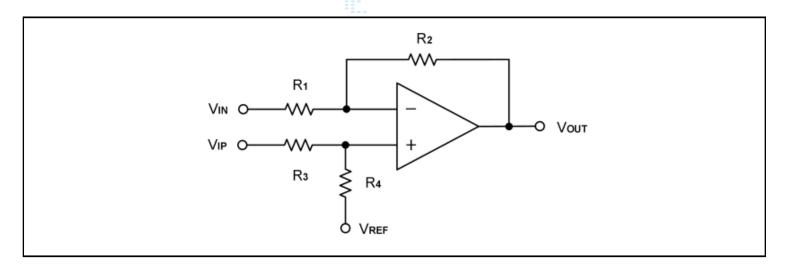


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Fiter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

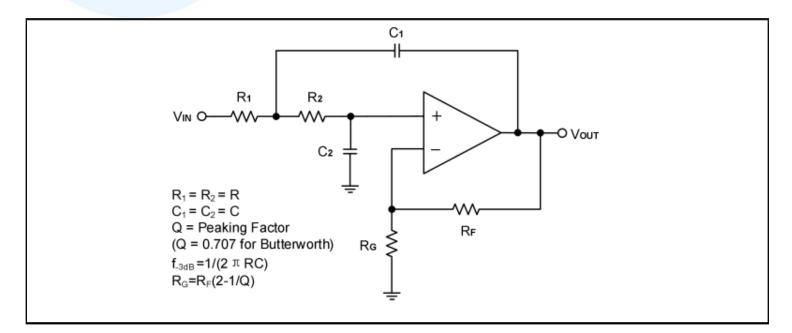
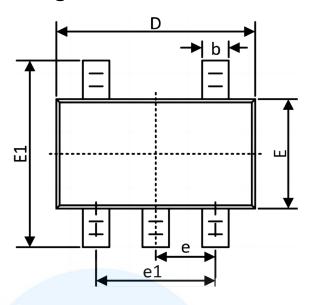


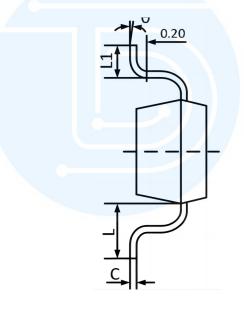
Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter

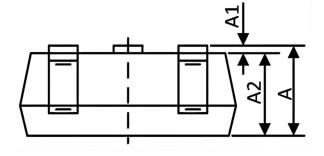




Package SOT23-5





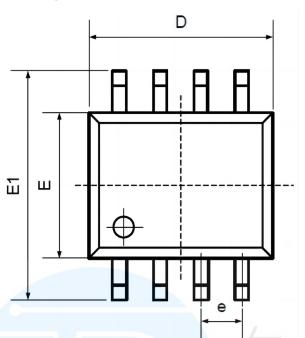


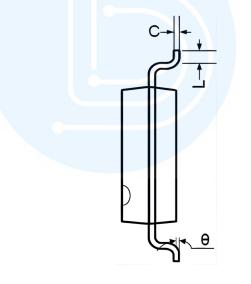
Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches	
Symbol	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
) E _{E1}	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.950	0TYP	0.03	7TYP
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.028	8REF
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

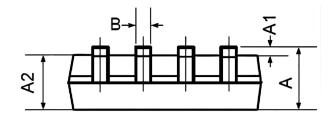




Package SOP8





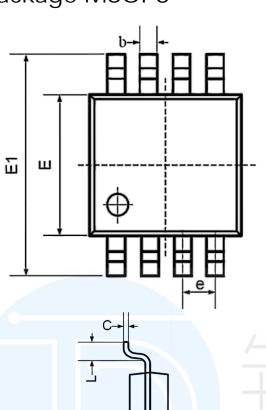


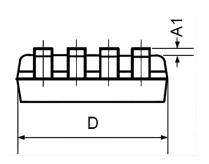
Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches	
Зушьог	Min	Max	Min	Max
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
Semi	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
е	1.270TYP		0.05	ОТҮР
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°





Package MSOP8

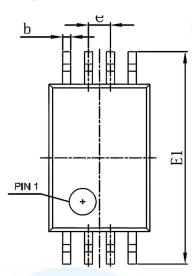


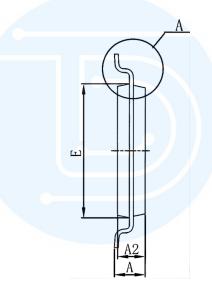


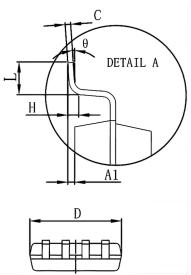
Symbol		nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches	
Зуппрог	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038
b	0.30 TYP		0.012 TYP	
Semi	0.15 TYP		0.006 TYP	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
е	0.65 TYP		0.026 TYP	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°



Package TSSOP8



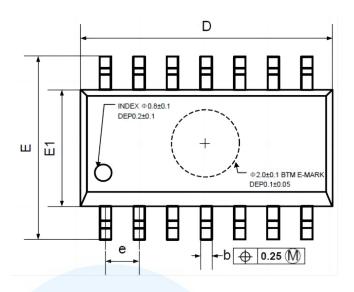


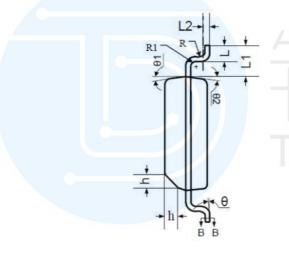


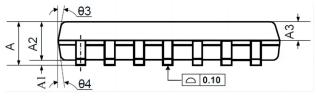
Compleal	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177	
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012	
С	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008	
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258	
А		1.200		0.047	
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039	
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
е	0.65(BSC)		0.026	(BSC)	
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028	
Н	0.25(TYP)		0.01	(TYP)	
θ	1°		1°		

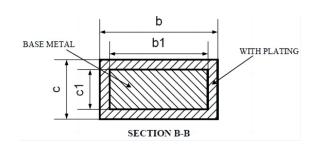


Package SOP14









Sumb al		Dimensio Millime	
Symbol	MIN	NOM	MAX
А	1.35	1.60	1.75
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75
b	0.36		0.49
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45
С	0.16		0.25
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	8.53	8.63	8.73
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
е	du	1.27 BS0	9r
L	0.45	0.60	0.80
L1		1.04 REI	=
L2		0.25 BS0	2
R	0.07		
R1	0.07		
h	0.30	0.40	0.50
θ	0°		8°
θ1	6°	8°	10°
θ2	6°	8°	10°
θ3	5°	7°	9°
θ4	5°	7°	9°



MIN

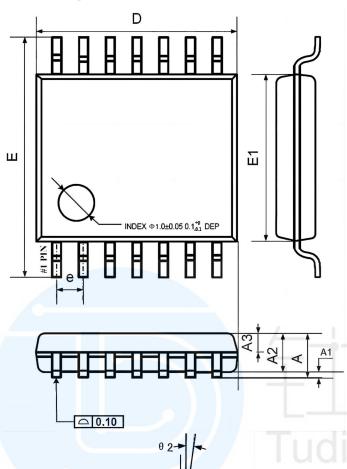
Symbol

Dimensions In Millimeters

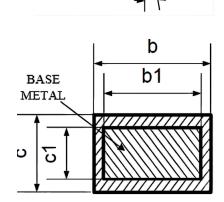
NOM

MAX

Package TSSOP14



Α	_	_	1.20		
A1	0.05	_	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
А3	0.34	0.44	0.54		
b	0.20	_	0.28		
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24		
С	0.10	_	0.19		
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
E	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е	0.65 BSC				
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1	1.00 REF				
L2		0.25 BSC			
R	0.09	0.09 —			
R1	0.09	_	_		
S	0.20	_	_		
θ1	0°	_	8°		
θ2	10°	12°	14°		



θ3

10°

12°

14°

Order information

Order Number	Package	Package Quantity	Marking On The park	Temperature
MAX4091AUK-TUDI	SOT23	Tape,Reel,3000	ADRL	
MAX4091ASA-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX4091ASA	
MAX4091AUA-TUDI	TSSOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	4091AUA	
MAX4092ASA-TUDI	SOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX4092ASA	-40 to 125
MAX4092AUA-TUDI	MSOP8	Tape,Reel,2500	4092AUA	
MAX4094AUD-TUDI	TSSOP14	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX4094AUD	
MAX4094ASD-TUDI	SOP14	Tape,Reel,2500	MAX4094ASD	



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