

11MHz CMOS Rail-to-Rail IO Opamps

Features

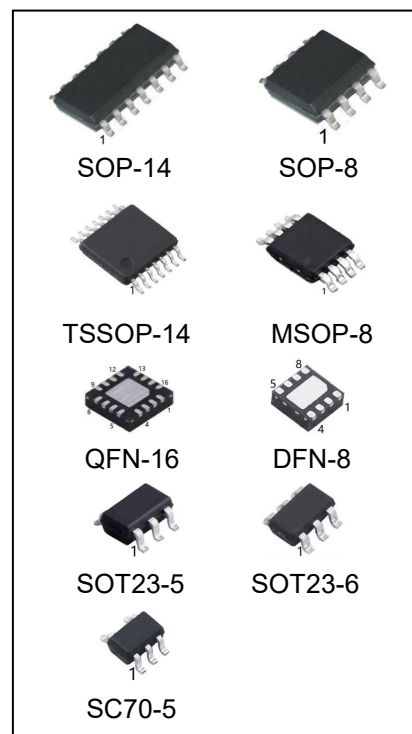
- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V
- Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 11MHz (Typ.)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)
- High Slew Rate: 9V/μs
- Settling Time to 0.1% with 2V Step: 0.3μs
- Low Noise : 8nV/ Hz @10kHz
- Quiescent Current: 1.1mA per Amplifier (Typ.)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Small Package:

TLV9061 Available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 Packages

TLV9062 Available in SOP-8、MSOP-8 and DFN-8 Packages

TLV9064 Available in SOP-14、TSSOP-14 and QFN-16 Packages

TLV9061N Available in SOT23-6 Packages



Ordering Information

DEVICE	Package Type	MARKING	Packing	Packing Qty
TLV9061M5/TR-HG	SOT-23-5	9061,1N2	REEL	3000pcs/reel
TLV9061M7/TR-HG	SC70-5(SOT-353)	9061,1N5	REEL	3000pcs/reel
TLV9061NM6/TR-HG	SOT-23-6	9061N,2CTF	REEL	3000pcs/reel
TLV9062M/TR-HG	SOP-8	TLV9062,V9062	REEL	2500pcs/reel
TLV9062MM/TR-HG	MSOP-8	TLV9062,V9062,27CT	REEL	3000pcs/reel
TLV9062DQ3/TR-HG	DFN-8 3*3	V9062	REEL	5000pcs/reel
TLV9064M/TR-HG	SOP-14	TLV9064	REEL	2500pcs/reel
TLV9064MT/TR-HG	TSSOP-14	TLV9064,V9064	REEL	2500pcs/reel
TLV9064LQ/TR-HG	QFN-16 3*3	V9064	REEL	5000pcs/reel

General Description

The TLV906x have a high gain-bandwidth product of 11 MHz, a slew rate of 9V/ μ s, and a quiescent current of 1.1mA per amplifier at 5V. The TLV9061N has a power-down disable feature that reduces the supply current to 90nA. The TLV906x are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for TLV906x. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The TLV9061 single is available in Green SC70-5 and SOT23-5 packages. The TLV9062 dual is available in Green SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DFN-8 packages. The TLV9064 Quad is available in Green SOP-14, TSSOP-14 and QFN-16 packages. The TLV9061N single with shutdown is available in Green SOT23-6 packages.

Applications

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Laptops and PDAs
- Audio
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

Pin Configuration

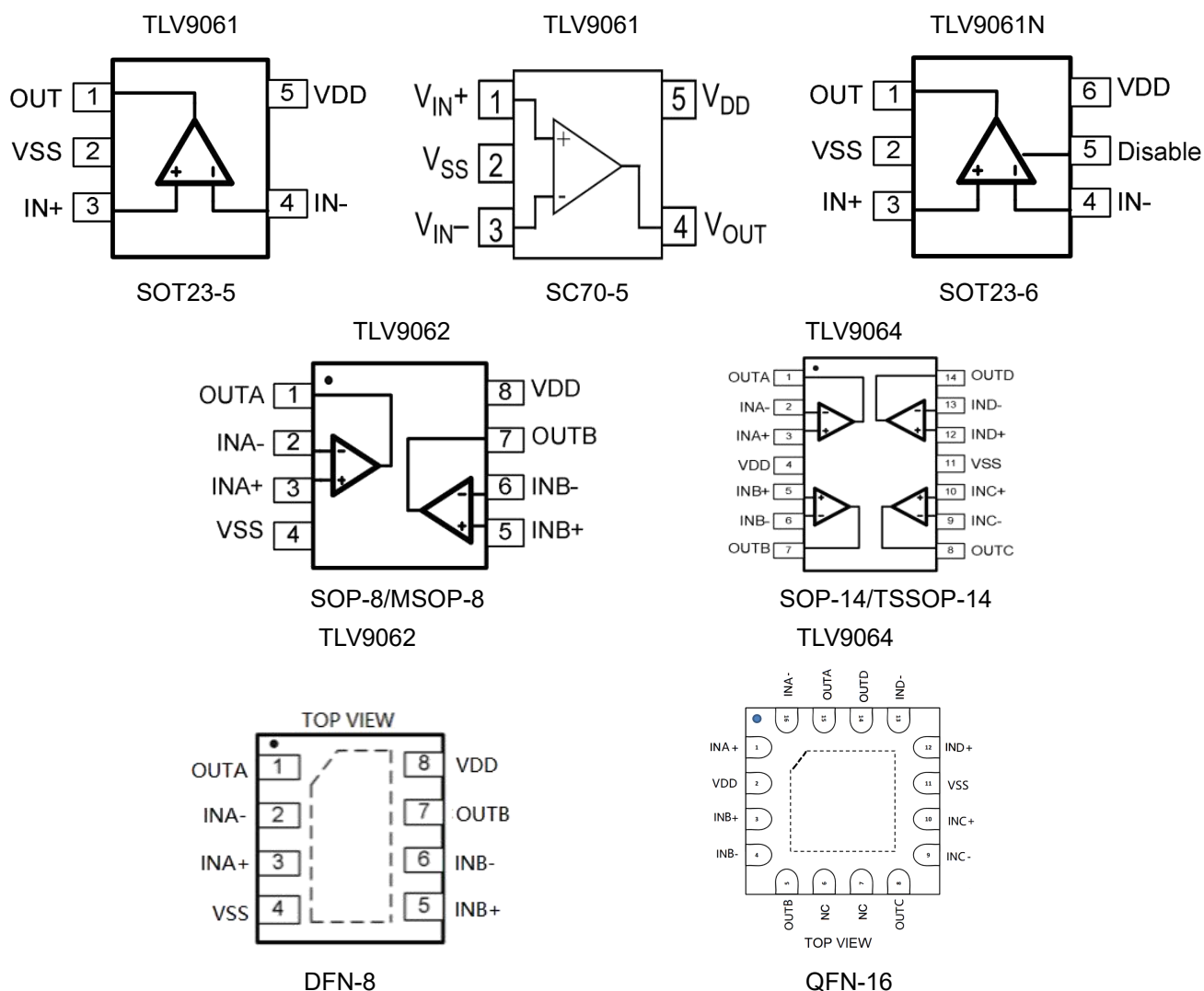


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max
Power Supply Voltage (VDD to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	VDD+0.5V
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V
Operating Temperature Range ⁽¹⁾	-40°C	+125°C
Junction Temperature	-	+160°C
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	-	+260°C
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25°C)		
SOP-8, θ_{JA}	-	125°C/W
MSOP-8, θ_{JA}	-	216°C/W
SOT23-5, θ_{JA}	-	190°C/W
SOT23-6, θ_{JA}	-	190°C/W
SC70-5, θ_{JA}	-	333°C/W
ESD Susceptibility		
HBM	-	8KV
MM	-	400V

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

(1) Operating temperature range: -40°C to +125°C. This product is designed for industrial grade applications. For automotive grade versions compliant with AEC-Q100, please conduct internal screening per the standard or contact our sales team for availability.

Electrical Characteristics

(At $V_S=5V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TLV9061/62/64/61N							
		TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					UNITS	MIN / MAX
		+25°C	+25°C	0°C to 70°C	-40°C to 85°C	-40°C to 125°C			
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS									
Input Offset Voltage (VOS)	VS = 5.5V	0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX	
Input Bias Current (IB)		1					pA	TYP	
Input Offset Current (IOS)		1					pA	TYP	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (VCM)		-0.1 to +5.6					V	TYP	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	VS = 5.5V, VCM = -0.1V to 4V	82	65	64	64	63	dB	MIN	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (AOL)	VS = 5.5V, VCM = -0.1V to 5.6V	75					dB	MIN	
	RL = 600Ω, VO = 0.15V to 4.85V	90	80	76	75	68	dB	MIN	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (ΔVOS/ΔT)	RL = 10kΩ, VO = 0.05V to 4.95V	108					dB	MIN	
		2.4					μV/°C	TYP	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS									
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	RL = 600Ω	0.1					V	TYP	
	RL = 10kΩ	0.015					V	TYP	
Output Current (IOUT)		70	55	45	42	38	mA	MIN	
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 100kHz, G = 1	7.5					Ω	TYP	
POWER-DOWN DISABLE									
Turn-On Time		1.1					μs	TYP	
Turn-Off Time		0.3					μs	TYP	
DISABLE Voltage-Off			0.8				V	MAX	
DISABLE Voltage-On			2				V	MIN	
POWER SUPPLY									
Operating Voltage Range	VS = +2.5V to +5.5V VCM = (-VS) + 0.5V IOUT = 0		2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	2.1 5.5	V V	MIN MAX	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)		91	74	72	72	68	Db	MIN	
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (IQ)		1.1	1.5	1.65	1.7	1.85	mA	MAX	
Supply Current when Disabled (TLV9061N Only)		90					nA	MAX	

Electrical Characteristics

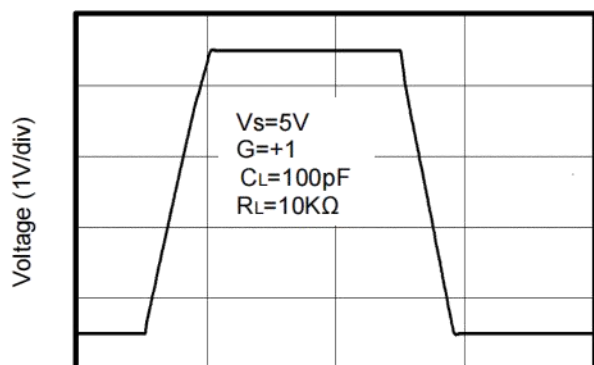
(At $V_S=5V$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TLV9061/62/64/61N						
		TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
		+25°C	+25°C	0°C to 70°C	-40°C to 85°C	-40°Cto 125°C	UNITS	MIN / MAX
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	RL = 10kΩ, CL = 100pF	11					MHz	TYP
Phase Margin (φO)	RL = 10kΩ, CL = 100pF	51					Degrees	TYP
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	<1% distortion, RL = 600Ω	400					kHz	TYP
Slew Rate (SR)	G = +1, 2V Step, RL = 10kΩ	9					V/μs	TYP
Settling Time to 0.1% (tS)	G = +1, 2V Step, RL = 600Ω	0.3					μs	TYP
Overload Recovery Time	VIN ·Gain = VS, RL = 600Ω	1.5					μs	TYP
NOISE PERFORMANCE								
Voltage Noise Density (en)	f = 1kHz	11.5					nV /Hz	TYP
	f = 10kHz	8					nV /Hz	TYP

Typical Performance characteristics

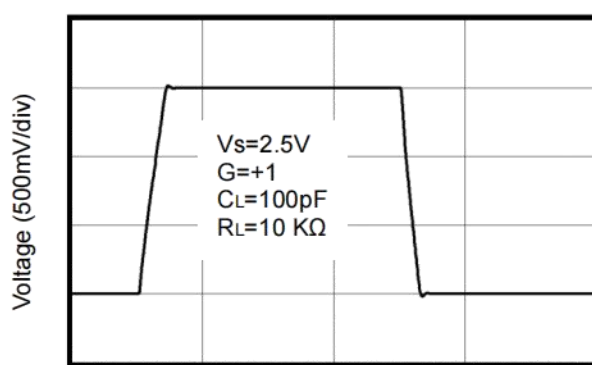
(At $V_s=5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, $V_{CM} = V_s/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

Large-Signal Step Response



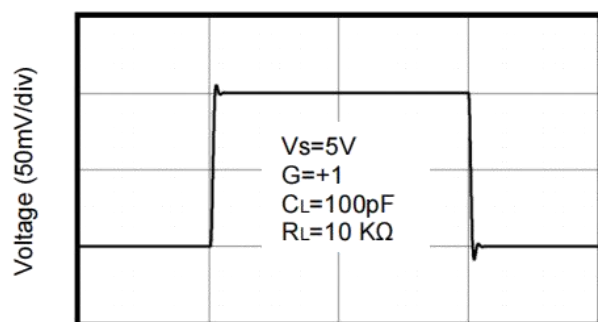
Time (1 μs /div)

Large-Signal Step Response



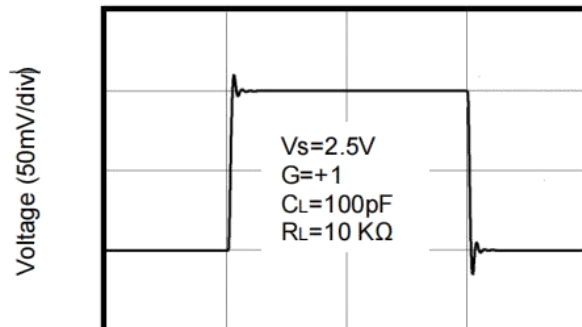
Time (1 μs /div)

Small-Signal Step Response



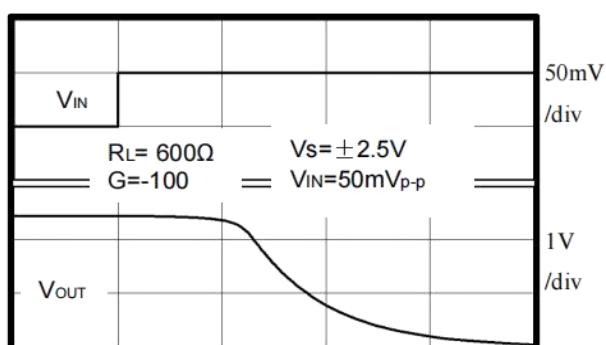
Time (1 μs /div)

Small-Signal Step Response



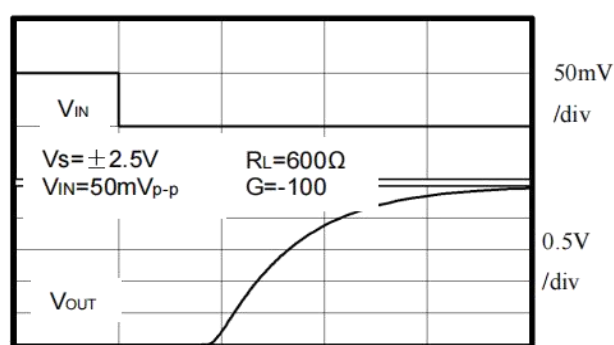
Time (1 μs /div)

Positive Overload Recovery



Time (2 μs /div)

Negative Overload Recovery

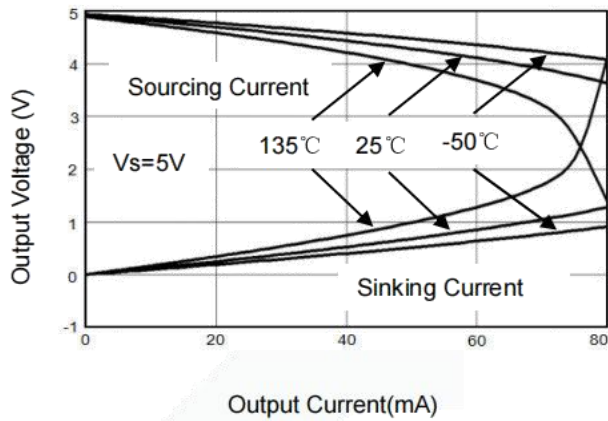


Time (2 μs /div)

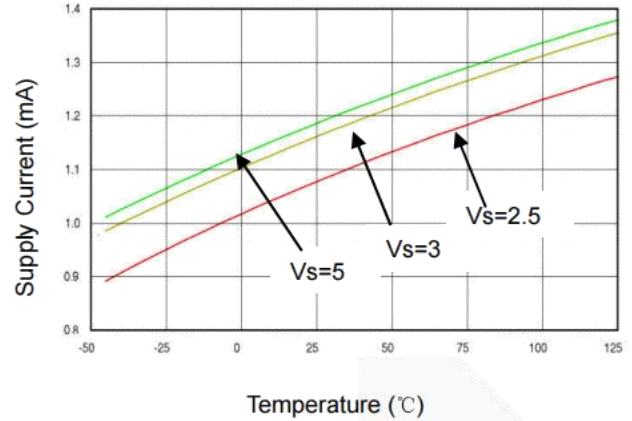
Typical Performance characteristics

(At $V_s=5V$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, $V_{CM} = V_S/2$, $R_L = 600\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.)

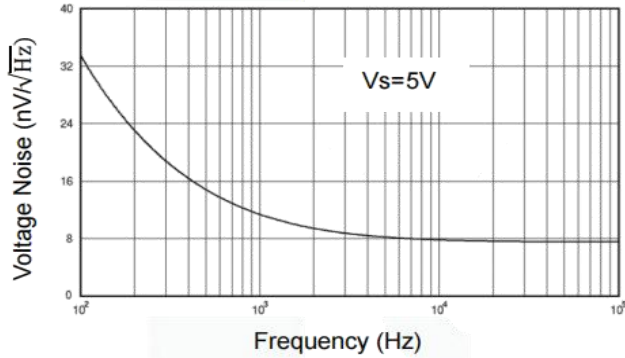
Output Voltage Swing vs. Output Current



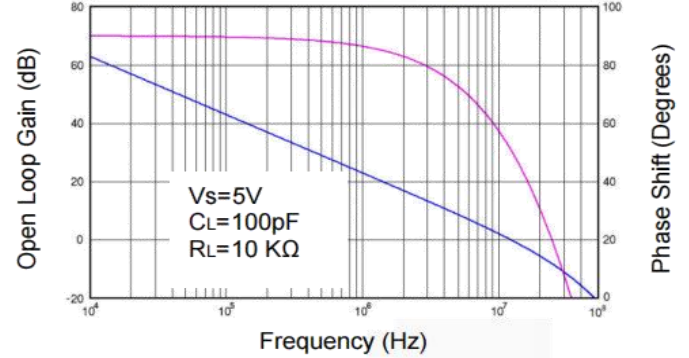
Supply Current vs. Temperature



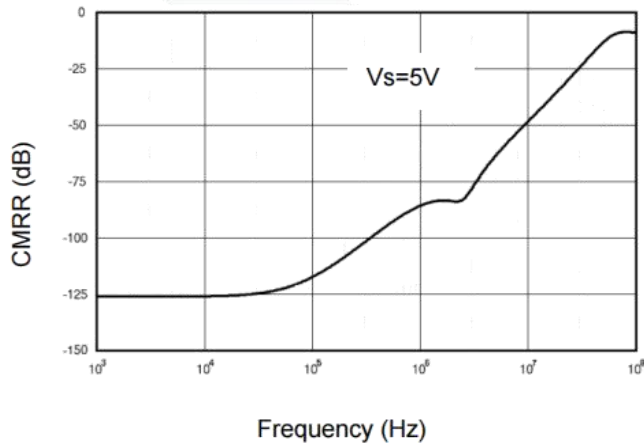
Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs. Frequency



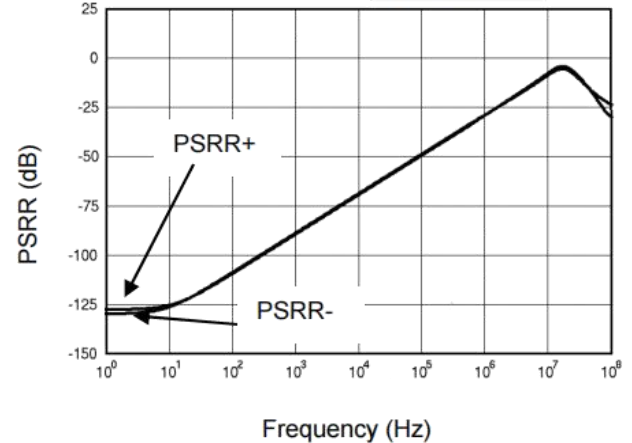
Open Loop Gain, Phase Shift vs. Frequency



CMRR vs. Frequency



PSRR vs. Frequency



Application Note

Size

TLV906x series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the TLV906x series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

TLV906x series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual $\pm 1.05\text{V}$ to $\pm 2.75\text{V}$ supplies. For best performance, a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the VDD pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both VDD and VSS supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 1.1mA per channel) of TLV906x series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

TLV906x series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of TLV906x series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ($V_{SS}-0.1\text{V}$ to $V_{DD}+0.1\text{V}$). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of TLV906x series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads ($>100\text{k}\Omega$), and 15mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads ($10\text{k}\Omega$).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The TLV906x family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain.

Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

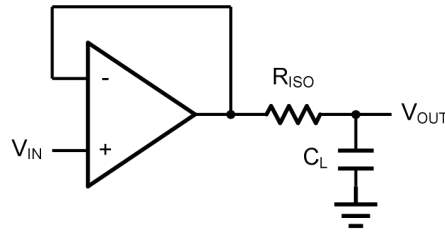


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

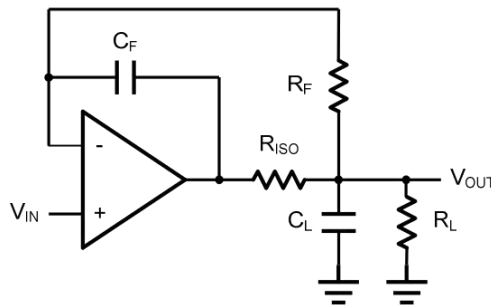


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal.

Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using TLV906x.

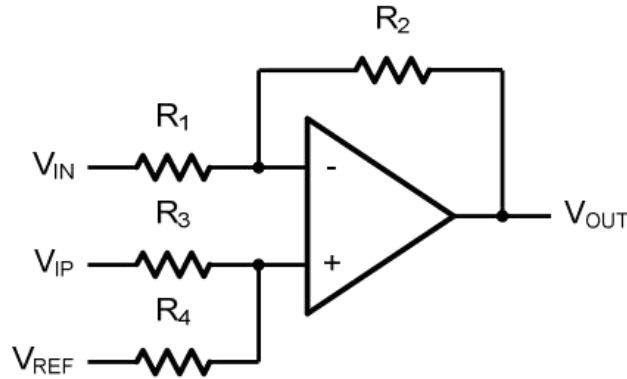


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{OUT} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4} \right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{IN} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{IP} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4} \right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{REF}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. $R_1=R_3$ and $R_2=R_4$), then

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) + V_{REF}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3 C_1)$.

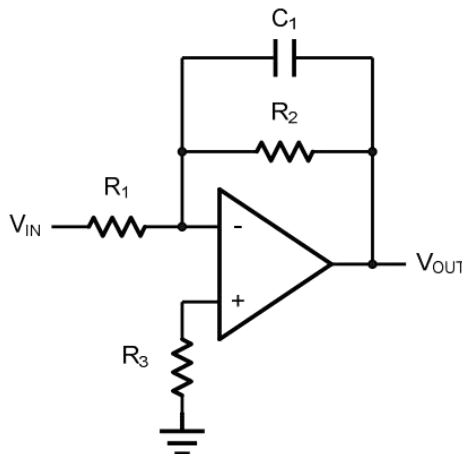


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple TLV906x can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

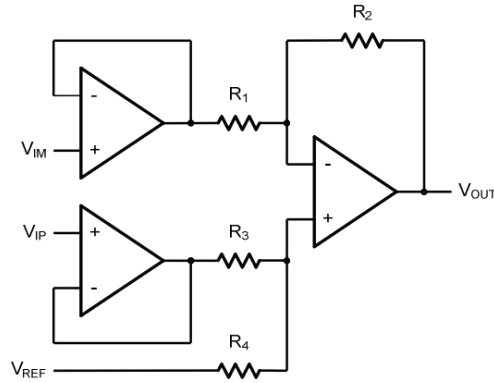
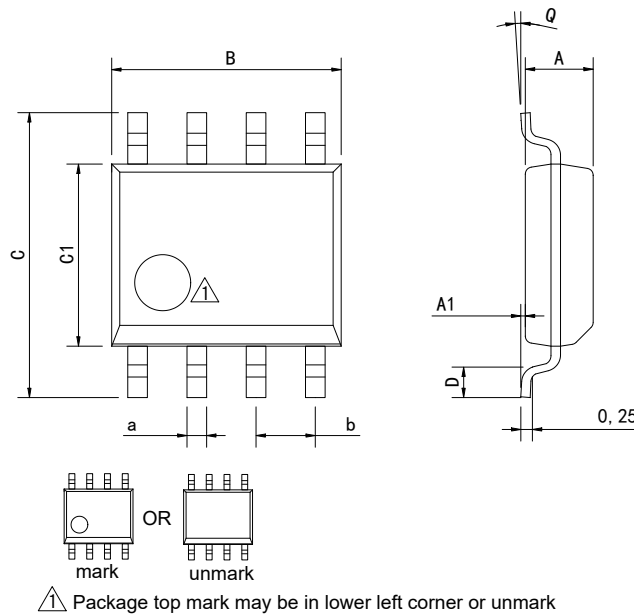


Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

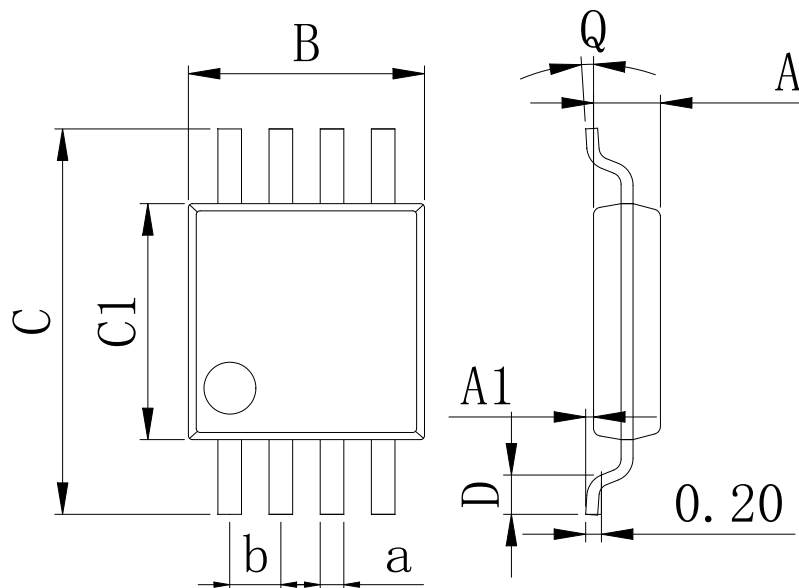
Physical Dimensions

SOP-8



Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-8)									
Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b
Min:	1.35	0.05	4.90	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1.27 BSC
Max:	1.55	0.20	5.10	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	

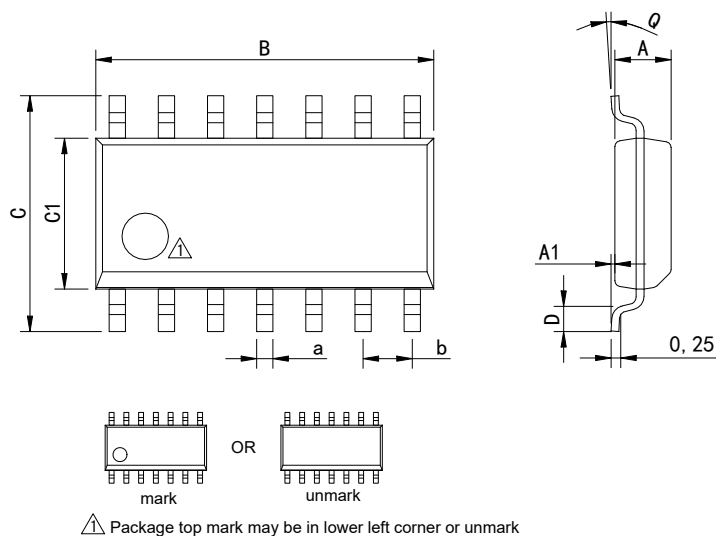
MSOP-8



Dimensions In Millimeters(MSOP-8)									
Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b
Min:	0.80	0.05	2.90	4.75	2.90	0.35	0°	0.25	0.65 BSC
Max:	0.90	0.20	3.10	5.05	3.10	0.75	8°	0.35	

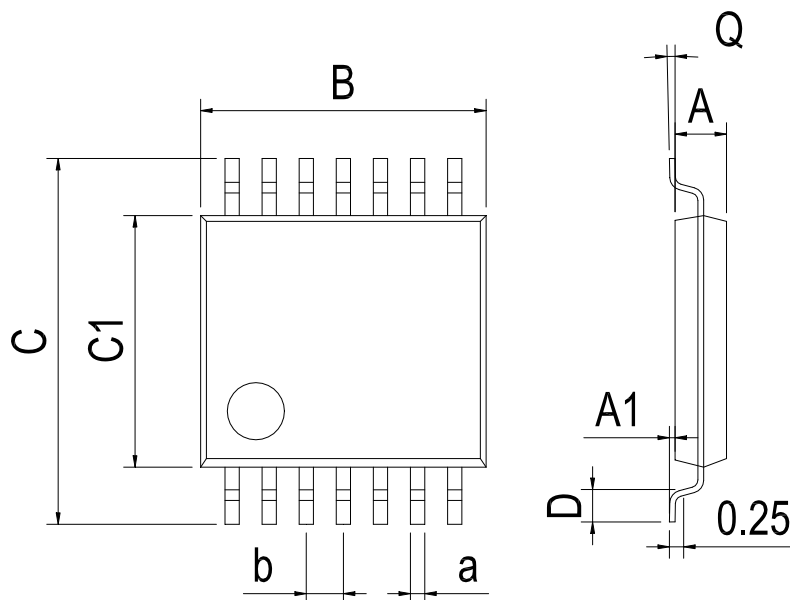
Physical Dimensions

SOP-14



Dimensions In Millimeters(SOP-14)									
Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b
Min:	1.35	0.05	8.55	5.80	3.80	0.40	0°	0.35	1.27 BSC
Max:	1.55	0.20	8.75	6.20	4.00	0.80	8°	0.45	

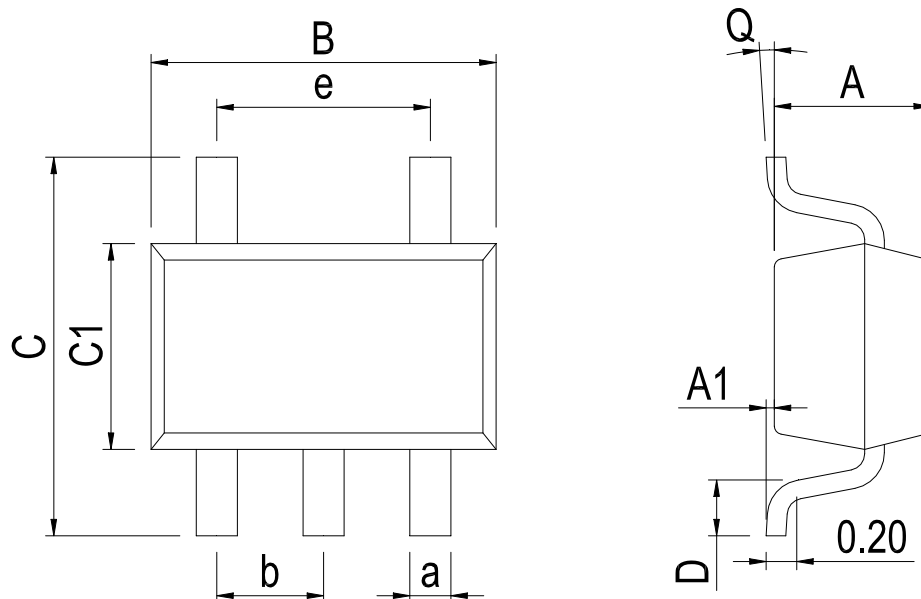
TSSOP-14



Dimensions In Millimeters(TSSOP-14)									
Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b
Min:	0.85	0.05	4.90	6.20	4.30	0.40	0°	0.20	0.65 BSC
Max:	0.95	0.20	5.10	6.60	4.50	0.80	8°	0.25	

Physical Dimensions

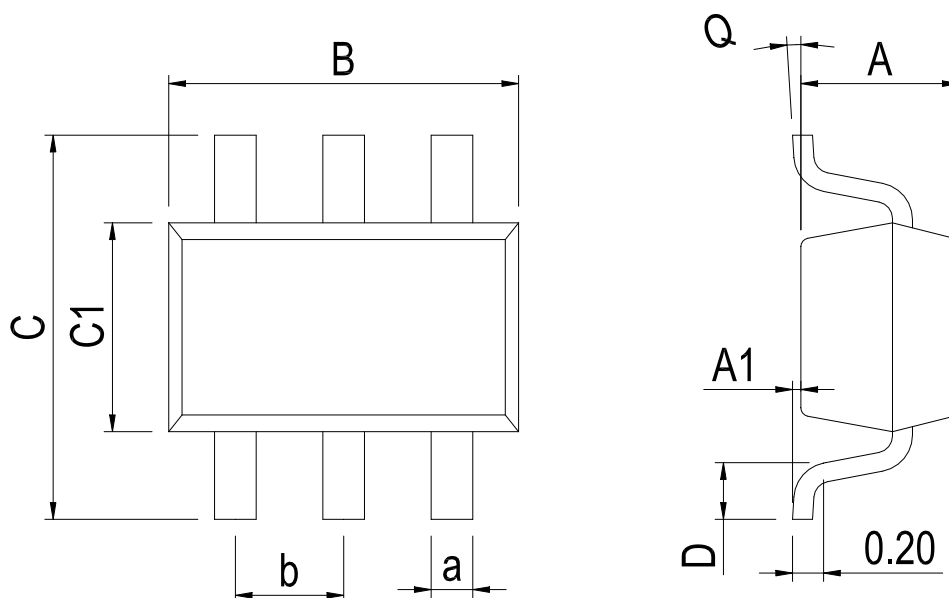
SOT-23-5



Dimensions In Millimeters(SOT-23-5)

Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b	e
Min:	1.00	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.95 BSC	1.90 BSC
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.50		

SOT-23-6

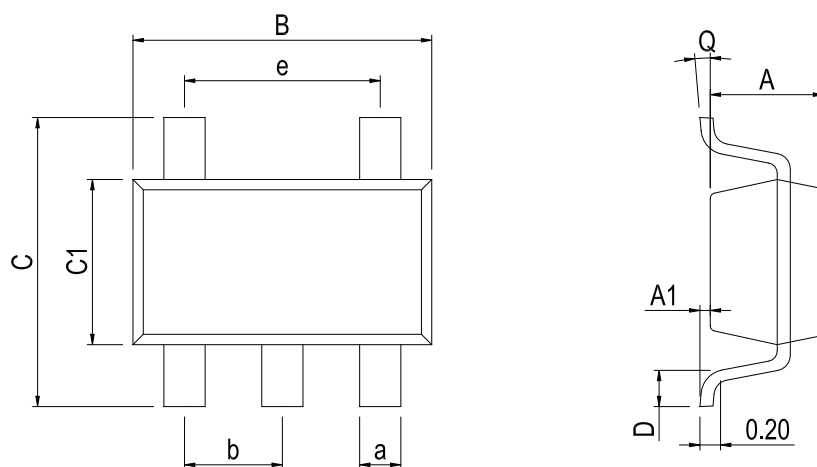


Dimensions In Millimeters(SOT-23-6)

Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b
Min:	1.00	0.00	2.82	2.65	1.50	0.30	0°	0.30	0.95 BSC
Max:	1.15	0.15	3.02	2.95	1.70	0.60	8°	0.50	

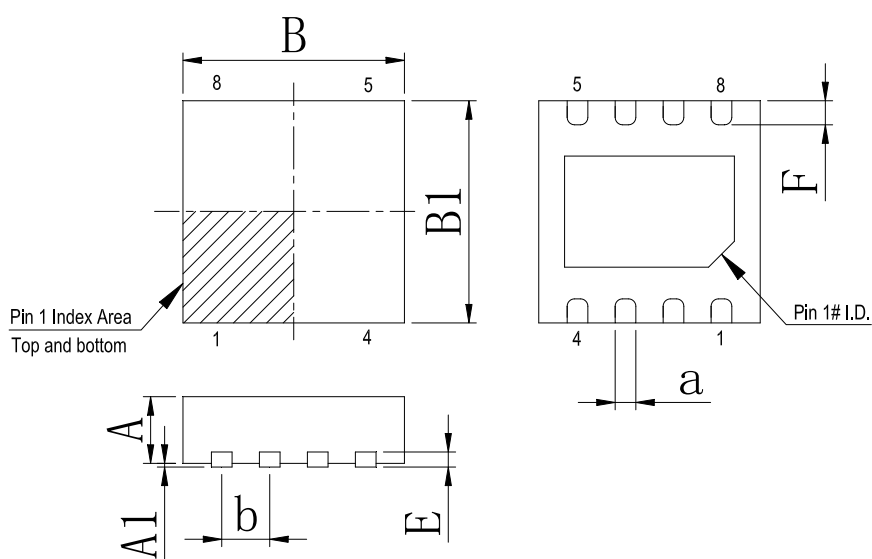
Physical Dimensions

SC70-5



Dimensions In Millimeters(SC70-5)										
Symbol:	A	A1	B	C	C1	D	Q	a	b	e
Min:	0.90	0.00	2.00	2.15	1.15	0.26	0°	0.15	0.65	1.30 BSC
Max:	1.00	0.15	2.20	2.45	1.35	0.46	8°	0.35	BSC	

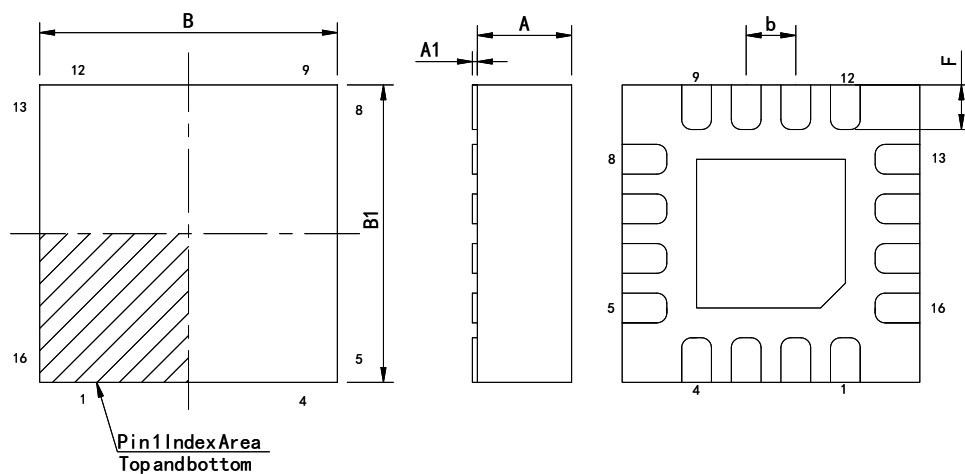
DFN-8 3*3



Dimensions In Millimeters(DFN-8 3*3)								
Symbol:	A	A1	B	B1	E	F	a	b
Min:	0.85	0.00	2.90	2.90	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.65 BSC
Max:	0.95	0.05	3.10	3.10	0.25	0.50	0.34	

Physical Dimensions

QFN-16 3*3



Dimensions In Millimeters(QFN-16 3*3)								
Symbol:	A	A1	B	B1	E	F	a	b
Min:	0.85	0	2.90	2.90	0.15	0.25	0.18	0.50TYP
Max:	0.95	0.05	3.10	3.10	0.25	0.45	0.30	

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	DATE	REVISION	PAGE
V1.0	2014-11	New	1-16
V1.1	2019-11	Update SOT-23-5 Physical dimension and Lead Temperature	3、 12
V1.2	2024-12	Document Reformatting	1-17
V1.3	2025-11	Update important statements、 Update sop-8 and sop-14 Dimension drawing	12、 13、 18

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