



ASIA AKITA

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**ASIA AKITA ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD**

**NON-INDUCTIVE RESIN PAINT WIRE WOUND RESISTORS**

**Specification : NKNP 5WS \*\* J T76**

**RESISTOR SPECIFICATION**

**MADE PRODUCT :**

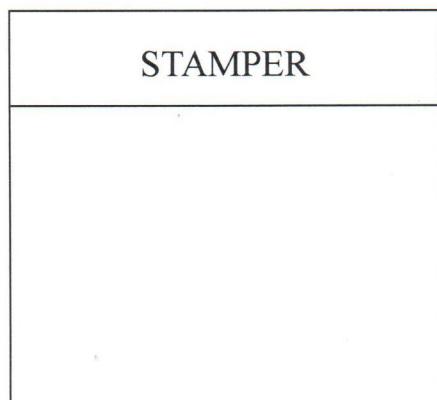
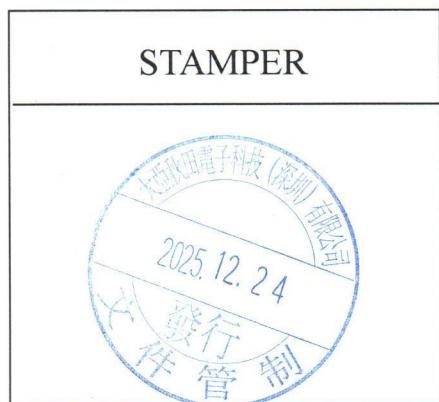
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**USE PRODUCT :**

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APPROVED	REVIEWED	PRODUCED
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APPROVED	REVIEWED	PRODUCED



# NON-INDUCTIVE RESIN PAINT WIRE WOUND RESISTORS

## 1. Applicable Scope:

This standard specification is for use in consumer electronics, computers, telecommunications, control instruments...etc.

## 2. Part Number:

It is composed by Type, Rated Wattage, Nominal Resistance , Tolerance and Package. e.g.

<u>NKNP</u>	<u>5WS</u>	<u>0R027</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>T76</u>
Type	Rated Wattage	Nominal Resistance	Tolerance	Package

### 2.1 Type :

Non Inductive Resin Paint Wire Wound Resistors are called "NKNP".

### 2.2 Rated Wattage:

Shown by "W", such as 5WS.

### 2.3 Nominal Resistance:

$\Omega$  is its unit, which be in accordance with JIS-C6409 article 6 (EIA RS-196A) series.

Letter "0R027" indicates resistance value  $0.027\Omega$ .

### 2.4 Tolerance:

It is measured by Bridge-method at room temperature and expressed by a capital letter.

$J = \pm 5\%$ .

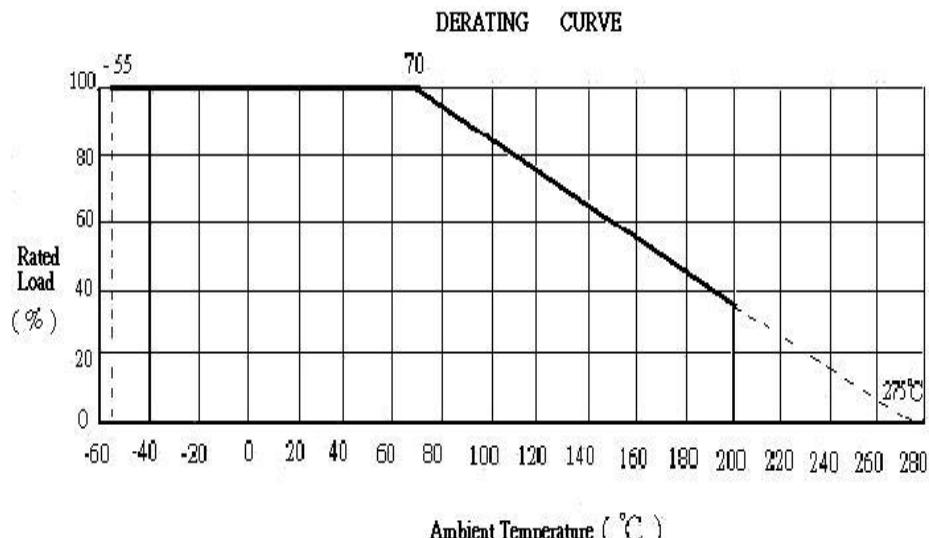
### 2.5 Package:

T76=76 mm width special tape in box.

Remark : NKNP Series Resistors are RoHS Compliant.

## 3. Rated Power:

Rated power is the value of Max load power specified at the ambient temperature of  $70^\circ\text{C}$ , and shall meet the functions of electrical and mechanical performance. When the ambient temperature surpasses above mentioned temperature, the value declines as per following DERATING CURVE.



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## 3.1 Rated Voltage:

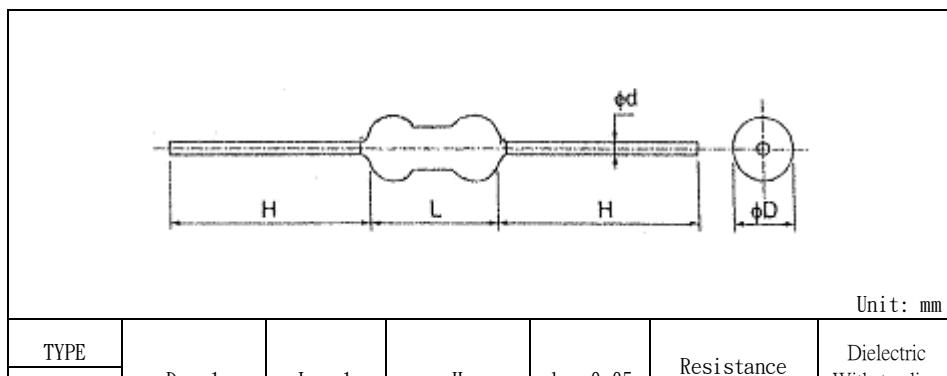
It is calculated through the following formula:

$$E = \sqrt{PXR}$$

where E: rated voltage (V)  
P: rated power (W)  
R: total nominal resistance ( $\Omega$ )

## 4. Dimension and structure:

### 4.1 Dimension:



Unit: mm						
TYPE	D $\pm$ 1	L $\pm$ 1	H	d $\pm$ 0.05	Resistance Range	Dielectric Withstanding Voltage
NKNP	6	17.5	>32	0.8	0.015 $\Omega$ ~10 $\Omega$	350V

◎Notes: Too low or too high ohmic values can be supplied only case by case.

## 4.2 STRUCTURE:

### 4.2.1 Ceramic Rod:

It is made of alumina ceramic of the kind.

### 4.2.2 Terminal:

Terminal is to be firmly connected with resistors element, both electrically and mechanically, and allow easy soldering.

### 4.2.3 Coating:

Coating is done by green flameproof paint (resistant to 800°C) or Silicon Resin which is solid enough to be free from looseness, crack and easy breakage. It is also resistant to cleaning and industrial solvents, and the paint shall be limited within 2mm of lead wires from resistor body.

### 4.2.4 Marking:

Marking is made on resistors surface, by colors coding.

## 5. Operating Temperature Range: -55°C ~ 200°C

## 6. Mechanical Performance:

### 6.1 Terminal tensile:

To fix the resistor body, a static load of 2.5kg. is to be gradually applied into the terminal for 10 seconds without causing any looseness and fall.

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## 6.2 Twist withstand:

To bend the lead wire at the point of about 6mm from resistor body to  $90^\circ$ , then catch the wire at 1.2  $\pm 0.4$ mm apart from the bent point end and turn it (clockwise) by 360 degrees perpendicular to the resistor axis at speed of 10 seconds per turn, and do the same counterclockwise again which constitute a whole turn. Repeat the turn 2 times without causing any break and looseness.

## 7. Electrical Performance:

### 7.1 Resistance Temperature Coefficient:

It shall be within  $\pm 800$ ppm/ $^\circ$ C.

$$T.C \text{ (ppm/}^\circ\text{C)} = [(R_2 - R_1) \div R_1] \times [1 \div (T_2 - T_1)] \times 10^6$$

where

R1: resistance value at reference temperature

R2: resistance value at test temp.

T1: reference temp.

T2: test temp.

### 7.2 Temperature Cycle:

Following temp. cycles are to be made 5 times and then put at room temp. for one hour, the resistance value change rate between pre-and-post test shall be within  $\pm 1\%$ .

Steps	Temperature( $^\circ$ C)	Time (minutes)
1 <sup>st</sup> step	$-55 \pm 3$	30
2 <sup>nd</sup> step	Room temp.	3
3 <sup>rd</sup> step	$200 \pm 3$	30
4 <sup>th</sup> step	Room temp.	3

### 7.3 Short Time Over Load:

When the resistors are applied 2.5 times as much as rated voltage for 5 seconds continuously, it shows no evidence of arc, flame...etc. Removing the voltage and place the resistors to the normal condition for 30 minutes, the resistance value change rate between pre-and-post test shall be within  $\pm 2\%$ .

### 7.4 Voltage Withstanding:

Resistors are located in a V-shaped metal trough. Applying suitable voltage listed on DIMENSION for one minute and should find no physical damage to the resistors, such as arc, char...etc.

### 7.5 Insulation Character :

Resistors are located in a V-shaped metal trough. Using the DC 100V megger instrument 2 poles to clutch either side of lead wires and metal trough, measuring the Insulation Resistance which shall be over  $1000M\Omega$ .

### 7.6 Moisture-proof Load Life:

The resistors arrayed are placed into a constant temp./humidity oven at the temp. of  $40 \pm 2$  $^\circ$ C and the humidity of 90~95%, then 1/10 DC rated power is applied for 1.5 hours and cut off for 0.5 hour. The similar cycle will be repeated for  $500^{+24}_0$  hours in total (including cut-off time). Then remove the voltage, taking the resistors out of the oven and leaving them at room temp. for one hour. The resistance value change rate between pre-and-post test shall be within  $\pm 3\%$ . There also shall be no evidence of remarkable change on appearance, and the marking shall not be illegible.

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## 7.7 Load Life:

The resistors arrayed are sent into the 70°C oven, applying rated voltage at the cycle of 1.5 hours ON, 0.5 hour OFF for  $1000^{+48}_{-0}$  hours in total. Then, after removing the voltage, take the resistors out of the oven and left under normal temp. for one hour cooling. The resistance value change rate between pre-and-post test shall be within  $\pm 3\%$ .

## 7.8 Solder-ability:

The leads with flux are dipped in a melted solder of  $235 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$  for 2 seconds, more than 95% of the circumference of the lead wires shall be covered with solder.

## 7.9 Resistance to Soldering Heat:

Two leads are together dipped in a melted solder of  $270 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$  for  $10 \pm 1$  seconds, or  $350 \pm 10^\circ\text{C}$  for  $3.5 \pm 0.5$  seconds, Then remove the resistors and leaving them at room temp. for one hour. The resistance value change rate between pre-and-post test shall be within  $\pm 1\%$ .

## 7.10 Nonflammability:

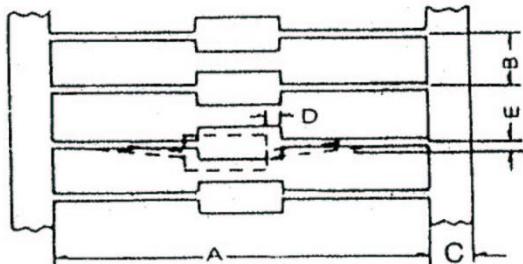
The resistors are applied the power of 16 times the rated wattage for 5 min. and shall not get flame.

## 7.11 Inductance:

It shall be less than  $1 \mu\text{H}$ .

## 8. Package:

### 8.1 Taping Specifications:



Unit: mm

NKNP	Package	A	B	C $\pm 1$	D Max	E Max
5WS	T76	$76 \pm 1.5$	$10 \pm 1$	6	0.6	1.2