



# RHBS1010

## Bridge Recifiers

### Features

- Glass passivated junction
- Ideal for printed circuit board application
- High surge current capability
- Meets MSL level1, per J-STD-020, LF maximum peak of 260°C

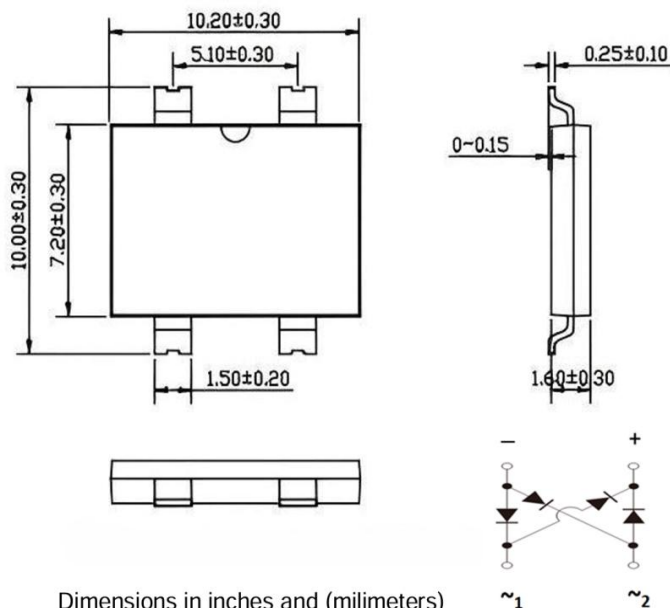
### Typical Applications

General purpose use in AC/DC bridge full wave rectification for SMPS, lighting ballast, adapter, battery charger, home appliances, office equipment, and telecommunication applications.

### Mechanical Data

- Package: HBS  
Molding compound meets UL 94 V-0 flammability rating, RoHS-compliant, Halogen-free
- Terminals: Tin plated leads, solderable per J-STD-002 and JESD22-B102
- Polarity: As marked on body

### Package : HBS



### Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C Unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	RHBS 1010		unit
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage		V <sub>RRM</sub>	1000		V
Maximum RMS bridge input voltage		V <sub>RMS</sub>	700		V
Maximum DC blocking voltage		V <sub>DC</sub>	1000		V
Average rectified output current @60HZ sine wave, R-load, Tc=30℃		I <sub>O</sub>	10.0		A
Instantaneous forward voltage drop per diode @ I <sub>FM</sub> =5.0A		V <sub>F</sub>	1.10    Typ.	1.3    Max.	V
Forward Surge Current (Non-repetitive) @60Hz Half-sine wave,1 cycle, Tj=25℃		I <sub>FSM</sub>	220		A
Forward Surge Current (Non-repetitive) @1ms square wave,1 cycle, Tj=25℃			440		
Maximum DC reverse current at ratde TA=25℃		I <sub>R</sub>	5		μA
DC blocking voltage per element    TA=125℃			100		
Rating for fusing(t<8.3ms)		I <sup>2</sup> t	200.9		A <sup>2</sup> sec
Maximum reverse recovery time @ IF=0.5A,IR=1.0A, Irr=0.25A		t <sub>rr</sub>	500.0		ns
Thermal resistance	Between Junction and    Ambient	R <sub>eJ-A</sub>	55		℃/w
	Between Junction and    Lead	R <sub>eJ-L</sub>	14		
	Between Junction and    Case	R <sub>eJ-C</sub>	8		
Operating junction and stroage temperature range		T <sub>J.</sub>	-55to+150		℃
		T <sub>STG</sub>			

# Characteristics (Typical)

## RHBS1010

FIG1:Io-Tc Curve

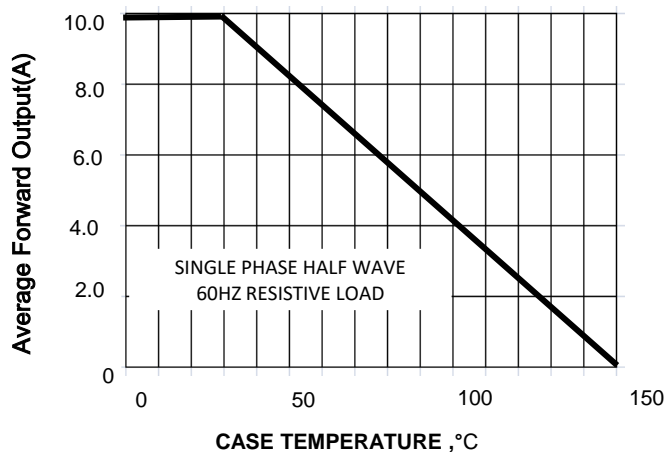


FIG2:Surge Forward Current Capability

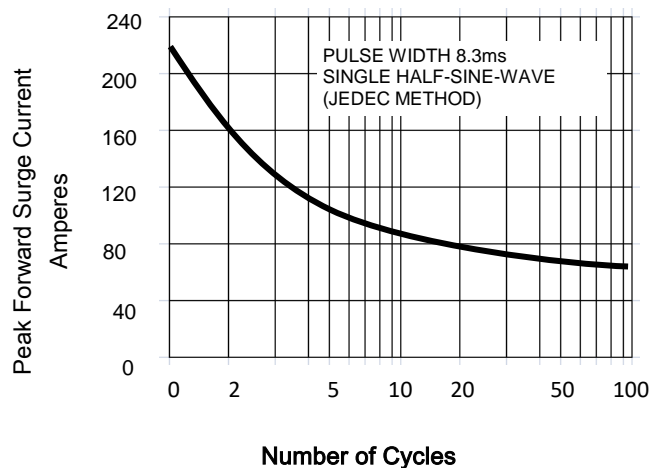


FIG3:Typical Reverse Characteristics

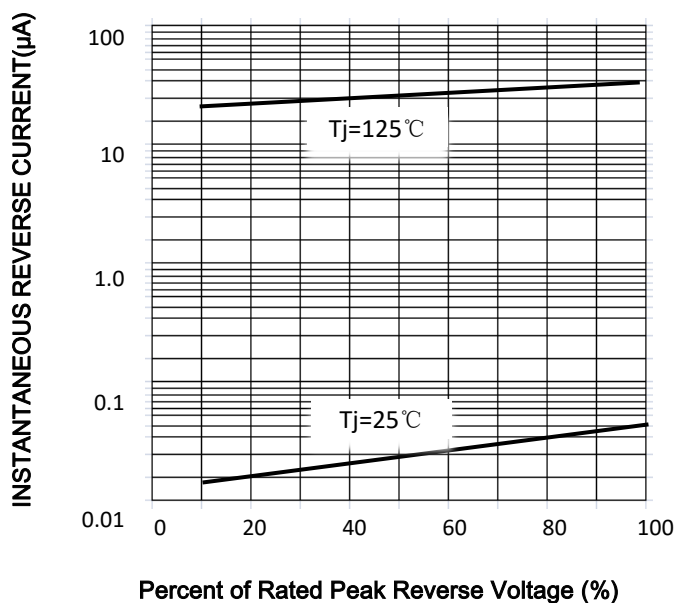


FIG4: Typical Forward Voltage

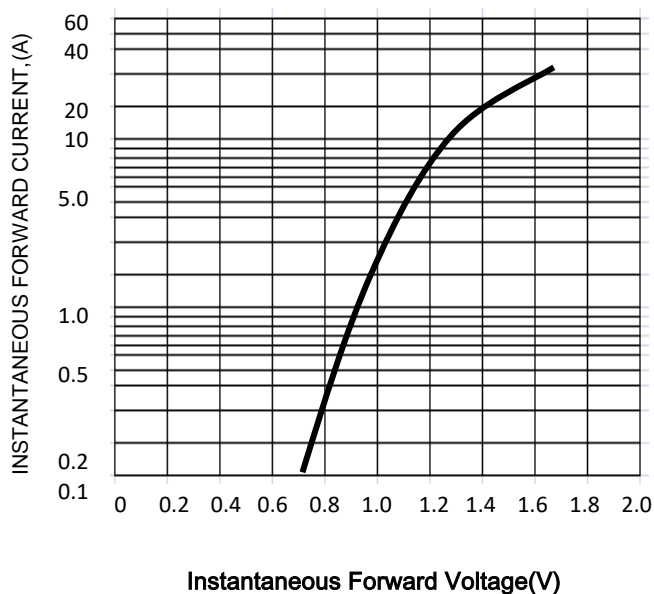


FIG.5: Diagram of circuit and Testing wave form of reverse recovery time

