

## 1. DESCRIPTION

The 74HC4514 is a 4-to-16 line decoder/demultiplexer having four binary weighted address inputs (A0 to A3), with latches, a latch enable input (LE), an enable input (E) and 16 outputs (Q0 to Q15). When LE is HIGH, the selected output is determined by the data on An. When LE goes LOW, the last data present at An are stored in the latches and the outputs remain stable. When E is LOW, the selected output, determined by the contents of the latch, is HIGH. At E HIGH, all outputs are LOW. The enable input E does not affect the state of the latch. When the device is used as a demultiplexer, E is the data input and A0 to A3 are the address inputs. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of  $V_{CC}$ .

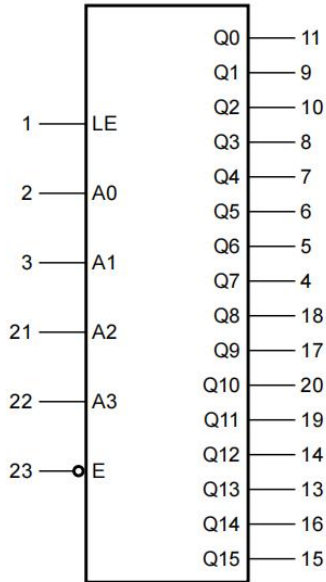
## 2. FEATURES

- Wide supply voltage range from 2.0 to 6.0 V
- CMOS low power dissipation
- High noise immunity
- Input levels: CMOS level
- 16-line demultiplexing capability
- Decodes 4 binary-coded inputs into 16 mutually-exclusive outputs
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II Level B
- Complies with JEDEC standards
  - JESD8C (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
  - JESD7A (2.0 V to 6.0 V)

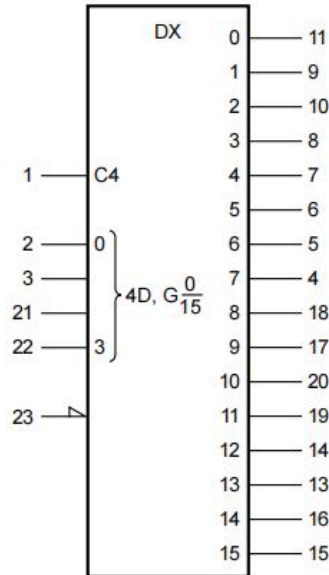
## 3. APPLICATIONS

- Digital multiplexing
- Address decoding
- Hexadecimal/BCD decoding

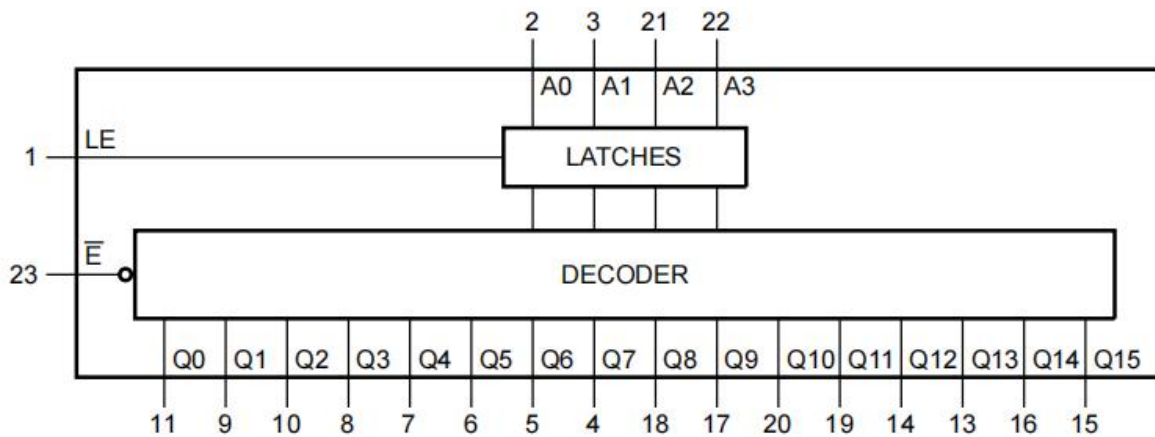
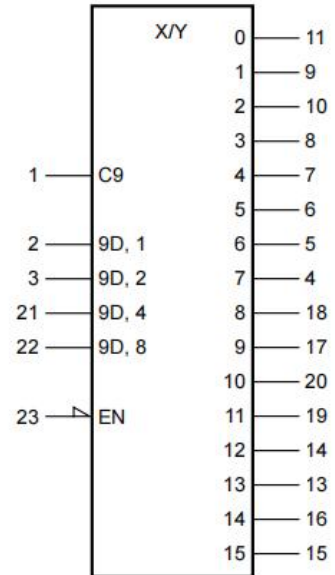
**4. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM**



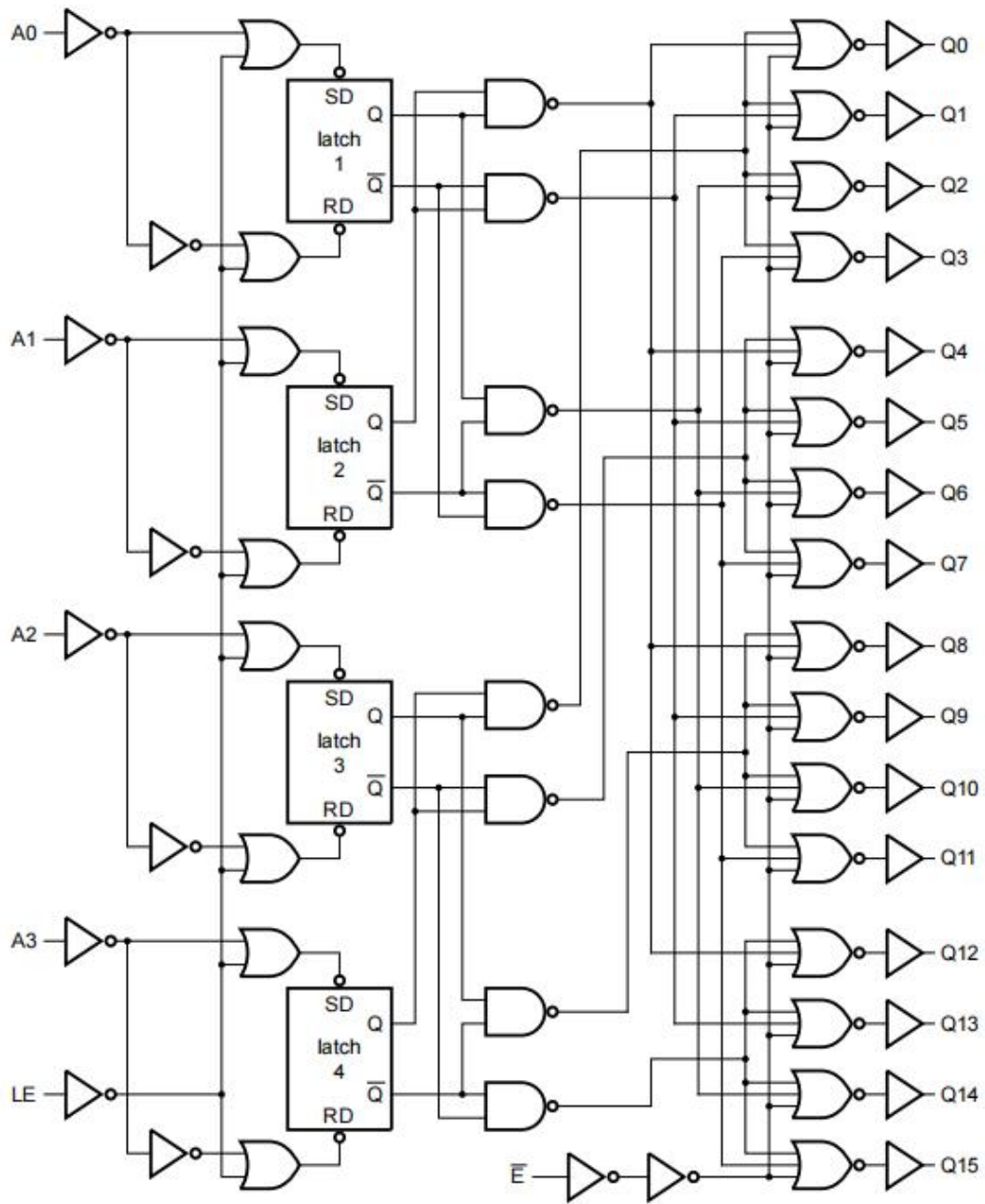
**Fig. 1. Logic symbol**



**Fig. 2. IEC logic symbol**

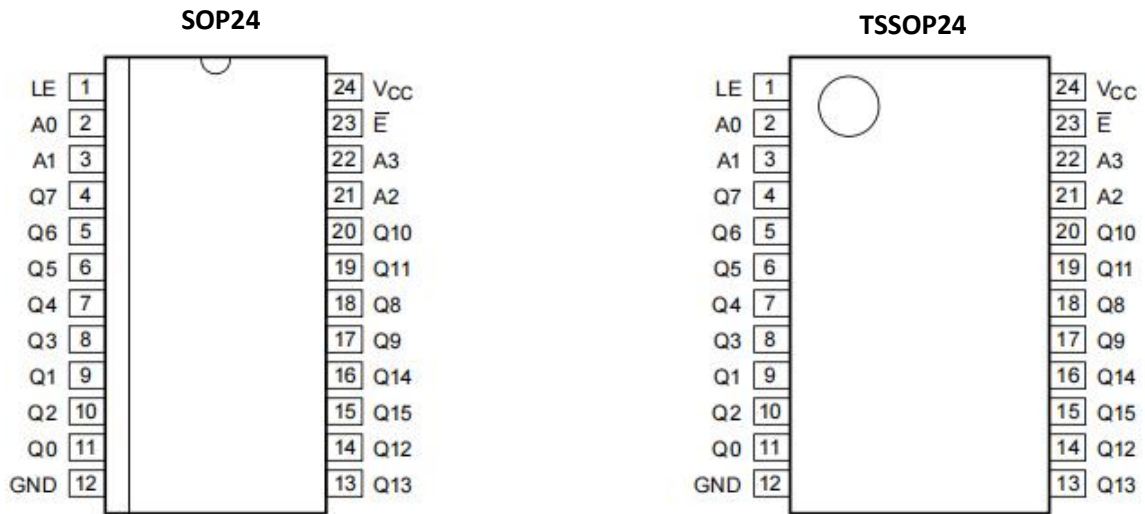


**Fig. 3. Functional diagram**



**Fig. 4. Logic diagram**

## 5. PINNING INFORMATION



**Table 1. Pin description**

Symbol	Pin	Description
LE	1	latch enable input (active HIGH)
$\bar{E}$	23	enable input (active LOW)
Q0, Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4, Q5, Q6, Q7, Q8, Q9, Q10, Q11, Q12, Q13, Q14, Q15	11, 9, 10, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 18, 17, 20, 19, 14, 13, 16, 15	multiplexer outputs (active HIGH)
A0, A1, A2, A3	2, 3, 21, 22	address inputs
GND	12	ground (0 V)
VCC	24	supply voltage

## 6. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

**Table 2. Function table**

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care.

Input LE = HIGH.

Inputs					Outputs																
E	A0	A1	A2	A3	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	
H	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	H	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	H	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
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L	L	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L
L	H	L	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L
L	L	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L	L
L	H	H	H	H	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	L

## 7. LIMITING VALUES

**Table 3. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+7	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5 V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V	—	±20	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < -0.5 V or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V	—	±20	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	-0.5 V < V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V	—	±25	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current		—	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current		-50	—	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	<a href="#">Note1</a>	—	500	mW

Note: 1. For SO24 package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 16.2 mW/K above 119 °C.

For TSSOP24 package: P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 12.4 mW/K above 110 °C.

## 8. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

**Table 4. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	supply voltage		2.0	5.0	6.0	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	—	$V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	output voltage		0	—	$V_{CC}$	V
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	—	—	625	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	—	1.67	139	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	—	83	ns/V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-40	—	+85	°C

## 9. STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 5. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	+25°C			-40°C to 85°C		Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	1.5	1.2	—	1.5	—	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	3.15	2.4	—	3.15	—	V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	4.2	3.2	—	4.2	—	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	—	0.8	0.5	—	0.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	—	2.1	1.35	—	1.35	V
		$V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	2.8	1.8	—	1.8	V
$V_{OH}$	HIGH level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$						
		$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	V
		$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—	V
		$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	5.9	6.0	—	5.9	—	V
		$I_O = -4.0\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	3.98	4.32	—	3.84	—	V
	$I_O = -5.2\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	5.48	5.81	—	5.34	—	V	
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$						
		$I_O = 20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 2.0\text{ V}$	—	0	0.1	—	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	—	0	0.1	—	0.1	V
		$I_O = 20\ \mu\text{A}; V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	0	0.1	—	0.1	V
		$I_O = 4.0\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	—	0.15	0.26	—	0.33	V
	$I_O = 5.2\text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	0.16	0.26	—	0.33	V	
$I_I$	input leakage current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	μA
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0\text{ A}; V_{CC} = 6.0\text{ V}$	—	—	8.0	—	80	μA
$C_I$	input capacitance		—	3.5	—	—	—	pF

## 10. DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 6. Dynamic characteristics**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V);  $C_L = 50$  pF unless otherwise specified; for test circuit, see Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	+25°C			-40°C to 85°C		Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{pd}$	propagation delay	An to Qn; see Fig. 5-NOTE1						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	—	74	230	—	290	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	—	27	46	—	58	ns
		$V_{CC} = 5$ V; $C_L = 15$ pF	—	23	—	—	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	—	22	39	—	49	ns
		LE to Qn; see Fig. 5						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	—	74	230	—	290	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	—	27	46	—	58	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	—	22	39	—	49	ns
		E to Qn; see Fig. 5						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	—	41	175	—	220	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	—	15	35	—	44	ns
$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	—	12	30	—	37	ns		
$t_t$	transition time	Qn; see Fig. 5-NOTE2						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	—	19	75	—	95	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	—	7	15	—	19	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	—	6	13	—	16	ns
$t_w$	pulse width	LE HIGH; see Fig. 6						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	80	14	—	100	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	16	5	—	20	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	14	4	—	17	—	ns
$t_{su}$	set-up time	An to LE; see Fig. 6						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	90	25	—	115	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	18	9	—	23	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	15	7	—	20	—	ns
$t_n$	hold time	An to LE; see Fig. 6						
		$V_{CC} = 2.0$ V	1	-11	—	1	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 4.5$ V	1	-4	—	1	—	ns
		$V_{CC} = 6.0$ V	1	-3	—	1	—	ns
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance	per package; $V_1 = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ -NOTE3	—	44	—	—	—	pF

NOTE: 1.  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$

2.  $t_t$  is the same as  $t_{TLH}$  and  $t_{THL}$

3.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ).

$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

$f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

$f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;

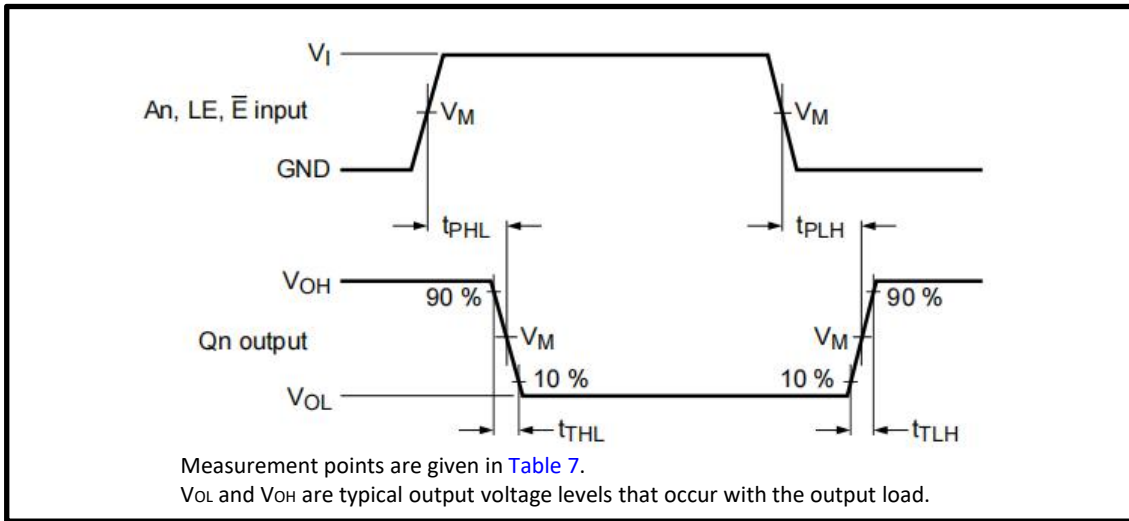
$C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;

$V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

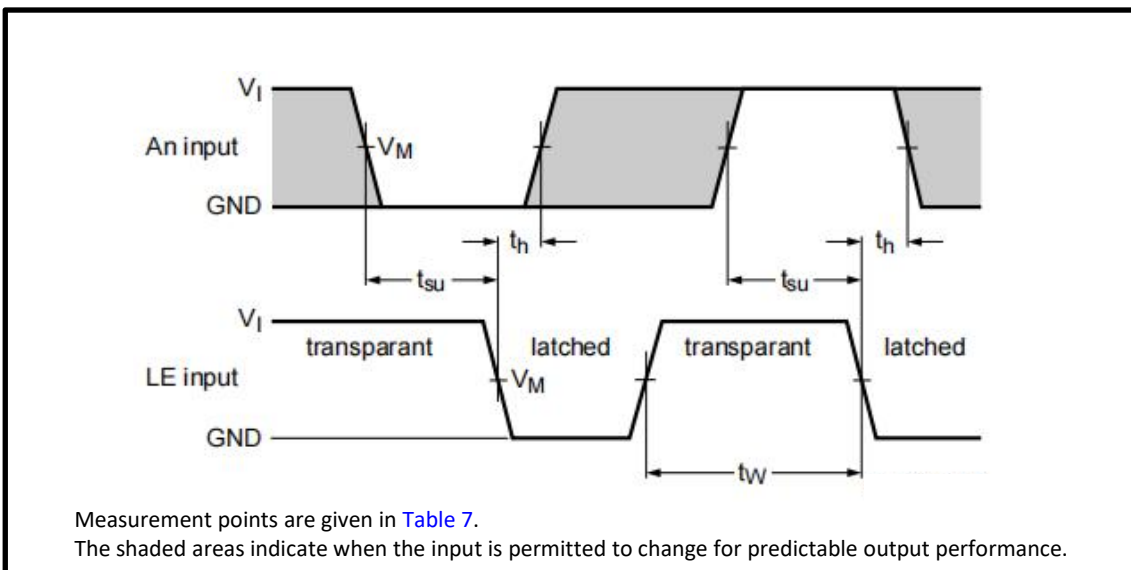
$N$  = number of load switching outputs;

$\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

**10.1. Waveforms and test circuit**



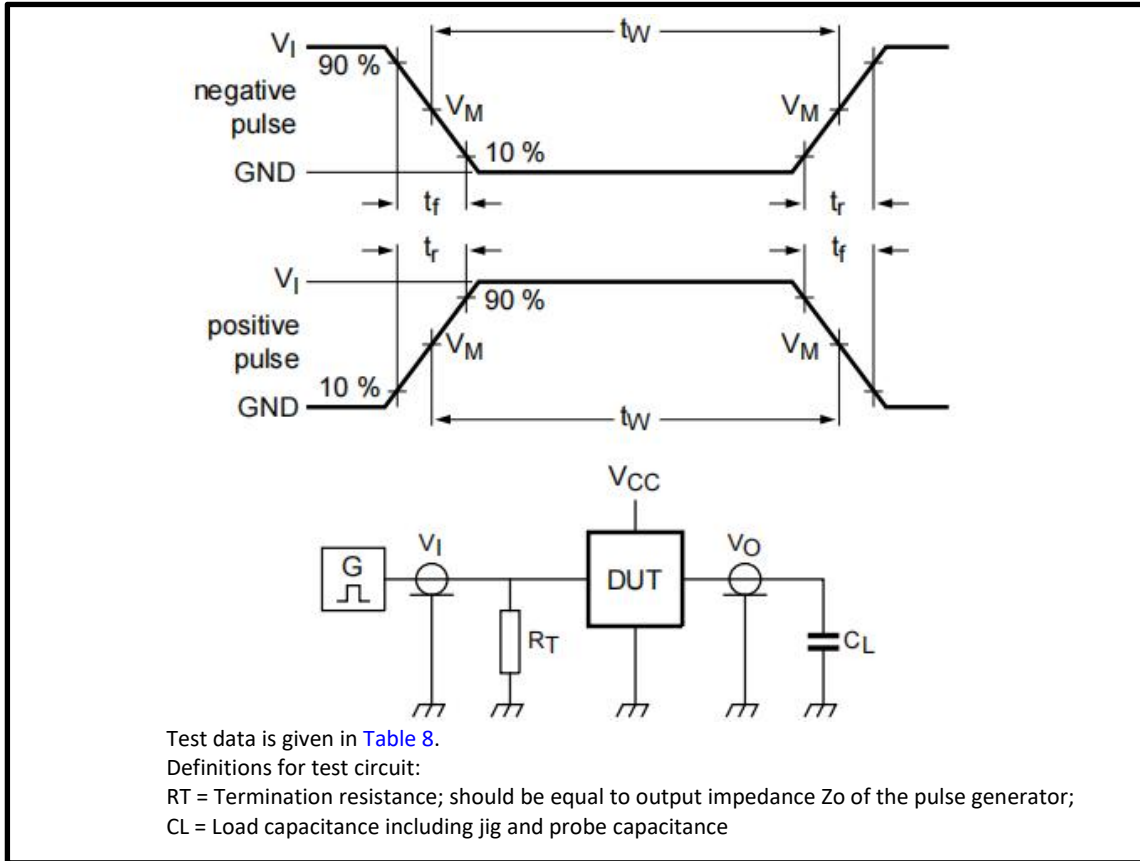
**Fig. 5. The inputs (An, LE, E) to output (Qn) propagation delays and the output transition times**



**Fig. 6. Data set-up and hold times for An input to LE input and LE input pulse width**

**Table 7. Measurement points**

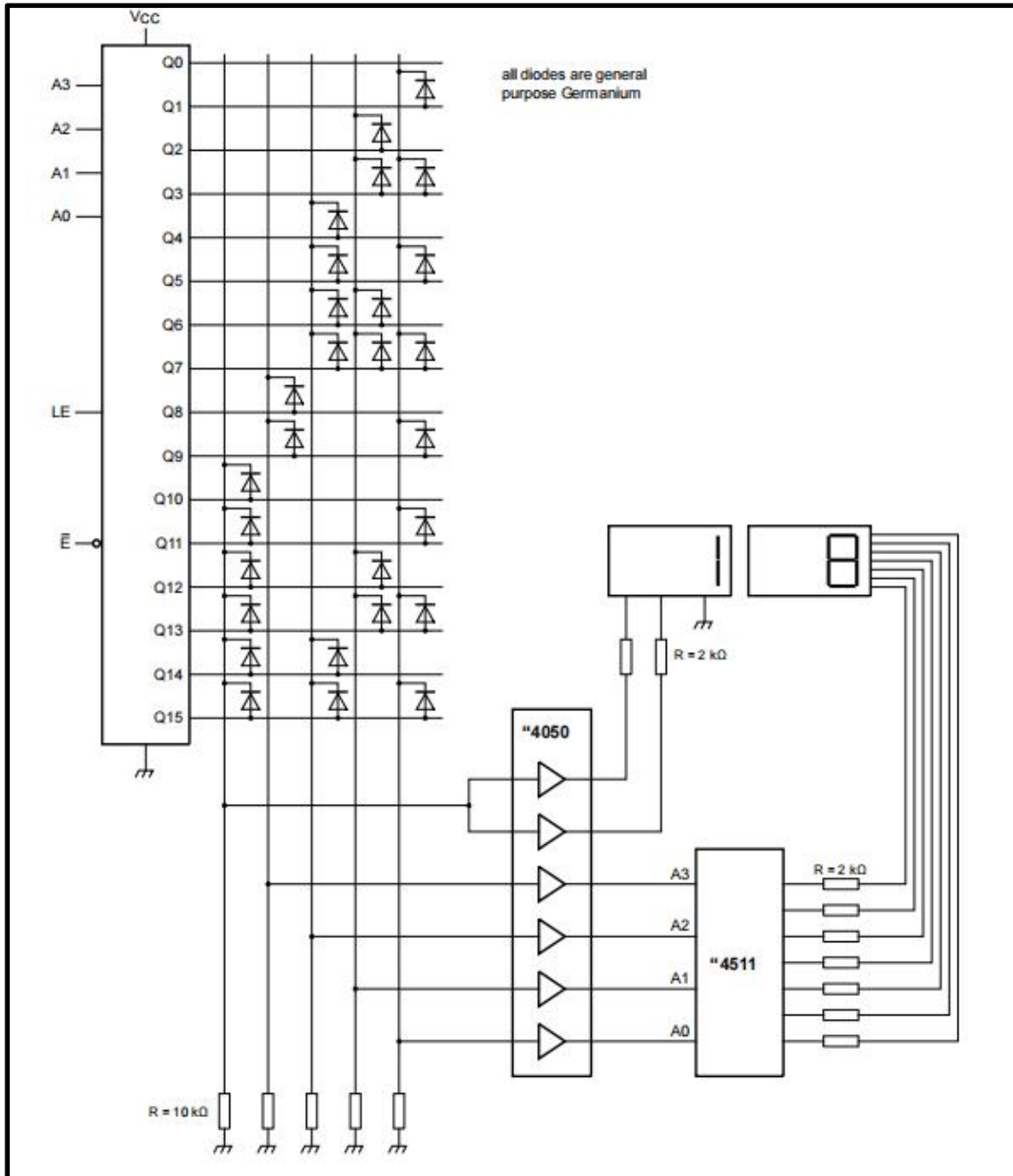
Type	Input		Output
	$V_I$	$V_M$	$V_M$
74HC4514	GND to $V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$	$0.5V_{CC}$



**Fig. 7. Test circuit for measuring switching times**

**Table 8. Test data**

Type	Input		Load
	$V_I$	$t_r, t_f$	CL
74HC4514	GND to $V_{CC}$	6ns	15pF, 50pF



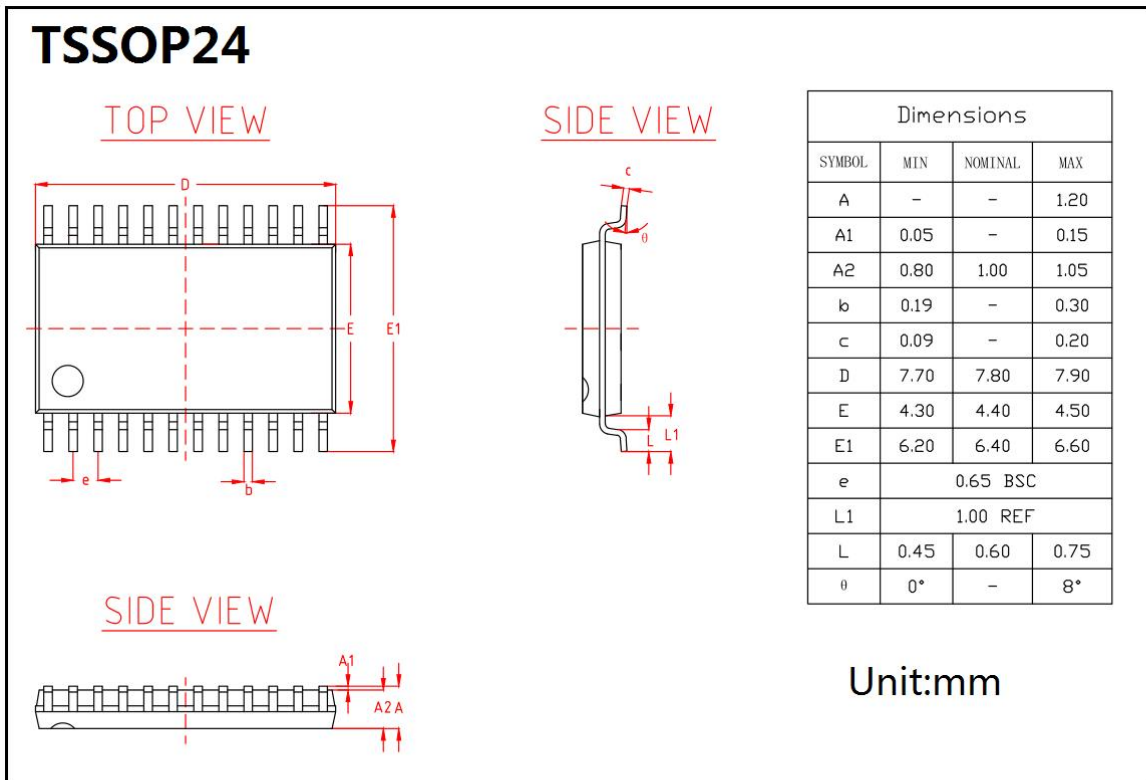
**Fig. 8. Code-to-code conversion; hexadecimal to BCD**

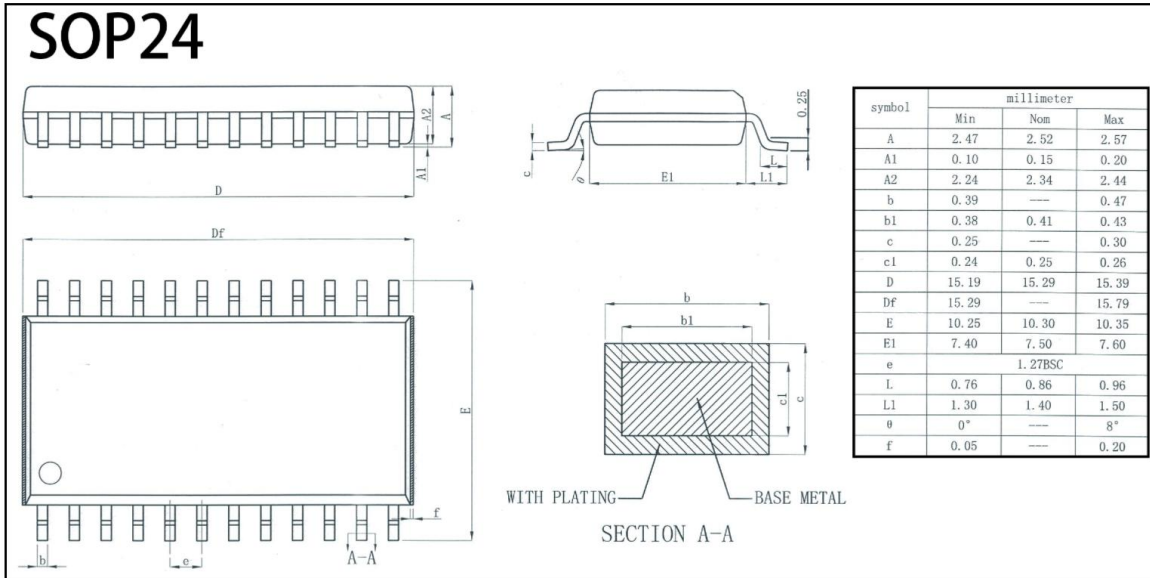
## 11. ORDERING INFORMATION

### Ordering Information

Part Number	Device Making	Package type	Body size (mm)	Temperate (°C)	MSL	Transpo Rt	Package Quantit
XL74HC4514D	XL4514D	SOP24	15.29 *7.50	-40 to +85	MSL3	T&R	2000
XL74HC4514PW	XL4514	TSSOP24	7.80*4.40	-40 to +85	MSL3	T&R	2500

## 12. DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS





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