



AiPTS010X

X-Bit Bidirectional Level-Shifting, Voltage-Level Translator

Product Specification

Specification Revision History:

Version	Date	Description
2021-04-A1	2021-04	New
2023-02-A2	2023-02	Modify the content
2023-05-A3	2023-05	Update the package information
2023-11-A4	2023-11	Update the package information
2023-12-A5	2023-12	Add XSON8/QFN10 package information
2024-03-A6	2024-03	Modify the parameters
2024-05-A7	2024-05	Modify the content
2024-07-A8	2024-07	Modify the content
2024-09-A9	2024-09	Modify the parameters; Add VQFN14 package information
2026-01-A10	2026-01	Add electrostatic discharge
2026-05-A11	2026-05	Add VQFN14 package form for AiPTS0104



Contents

1、General Description.....	4
2、Block Diagram And Pin Description	7
2.1、Block Diagram	7
2.2、Pin Configurations.....	7
2.3、Pin Description.....	8
2.3.1、SOT23-6/SOT363.....	8
2.3.2、TSSOP8/VSSOP8/XSON8.....	8
2.3.3、QFN10	9
2.3.4、UQFN12	9
2.3.5、SOP14/TSSOP14.....	9
2.3.6、VQFN14	10
2.3.7、TSSOP20	10
2.4、Function table.....	11
3、Electrical Parameter	11
3.1、Absolute Maximum Ratings.....	11
3.2、Recommended operating conditions	12
3.3、Electrical Characteristics.....	12
3.3.1、DC Characteristics 1.....	12
3.3.2、DC Characteristics 2.....	13
3.3.3、DC Characteristics 3.....	15
3.3.4、AC Characteristics 1.....	16
3.3.5、AC Characteristics 2.....	17
3.3.6、AC Characteristics 3.....	19
4、Testing Circuit	21
4.1、AC Testing Circuit	21
4.2、AC Testing Waveforms.....	22
4.3、Measurement Points	23
4.4、Test Data	23
5、Typical Application Circuit And Application Note.....	23
5.1、Voltage Level-translation Applications.....	23
5.2、Architecture	24



5.3、Input Driver Requirements.....	24
5.4、Output Load Considerations.....	25
5.5、Power Up.....	25
5.6、Enable And Disable.....	25
5.7、Pull-up Or Pull-down Resistors On I/O Lines.....	25
6、Package Information	26
6.1、SOT23-6.....	26
6.2、SOT363	27
6.3、TSSOP8.....	28
6.4、VSSOP8	29
6.5、XSON8.....	30
6.6、QFN10.....	31
6.7、UQFN12.....	32
6.8、SOP14	33
6.9、TSSOP14.....	34
6.10、VQFN14.....	35
6.11、TSSOP20.....	36
7、Statements And Notes	37
7.1、The name and content of Hazardous substances or Elements in the product.....	37
7.2、Notes	37



1、General Description

The AiPTS010X is a X-bit, dual supply translating transceiver with auto direction sensing, that enables bidirectional voltage level translation. It features two 1-bit input-output ports (A and B), one output enable input (OE) and two supply pins ($V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$). $V_{CC(A)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 1.65V and 3.6V. $V_{CC(B)}$ can be supplied at any voltage between 2.3V and 5.5V. This flexibility makes the device suitable for translating between any of the voltage nodes (1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V and 5.0V). Pins A and OE are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$ and pin B is referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$. A LOW level at pin OE causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF} . The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

Features:

- Wide supply voltage range:
 $V_{CC(A)}$: 1.65V to 3.6V
 $V_{CC(B)}$: 2.3V to 5.5V
- Maximum data rates:
Push-pull: 50 Mbps
Open-drain: 2 Mbps
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Inputs accept voltages up to 5.5V
- Specified from -40 to +125°C
- Package:
AiPTS0101: SOT23-6/SOT363
AiPTS0102: TSSOP8/VSSOP8/XSON8
AiPTS0103: QFN10
AiPTS0104: SOP14/TSSOP14/VQFN14/UQFN12
AiPTS0108: TSSOP20

**Ordering Information:****Tube packing specifications:**

Part number	Packaging form	Marking code	Tube quantity	Boxed tube quantity	Boxed quantity	Notes
AiPTS0102 TA8.TB	TSSOP8	DAXX	100 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	20000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 3.0mm×3.0mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiPTS0104 SA14.TB	SOP14	AiPTS0104	50 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 8.7mm×3.9mm Pin spacing: 1.27mm
AiPTS0104 TA14.TB	TSSOP14	TS0104	96 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	19200 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiPTS0108 TA20.TB	TSSOP20	TS0108	70 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	14000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 6.5mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm

**Reel packing specifications:**

Part number	Packaging form	Marking code	Reel quantity	Boxed reel quantity	Notes
AiPTS0101GB236.TR	SOT23-6	CZXX	3000 PCS/reel	30000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 2.9mm×1.6mm Pin spacing: 0.95mm
AiPTS0101GC363.TR	SOT363	CZXX	3000 PCS/reel	30000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 2.1mm×1.3mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiPTS0102TA8.TR	TSSOP8	DAXX	3000 PCS/reel	3000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 3.0mm×3.0mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiPTS0102YA8.TR	VSSOP8	DA XX	3000 PCS/reel	3000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 2.0mm×2.3mm Pin spacing: 0.50mm
AiPTS0102EB8.TR	XSON8	DA XX	5000 PCS/reel	25000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 1.35mm×1.00mm Pin spacing: 0.35mm
AiPTS0103QI10.TR	QFN10	DZ	3000 PCS/reel	15000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 1.80mm×1.40mm Pin spacing: 0.40mm
AiPTS0104SA14.TR	SOP14	AiPTS0104	4000 PCS/reel	8000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 8.7mm×3.9mm Pin spacing: 1.27mm
AiPTS0104TA14.TR	TSSOP14	TS0104	5000 PCS/reel	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiPTS0104QK14.TR	VQFN14	TS0104	5000 PCS/reel	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 3.5mm×3.5mm Pin spacing: 0.5mm
AiPTS0104QP12.TR	UQFN12	S0104	4000 PCS/reel	40000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 2.0mm1.7mm Pin spacing: 0.4mm
AiPTS0108TA20.TR	TSSOP20	TS0108	4000 PCS/reel	8000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 6.5mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm

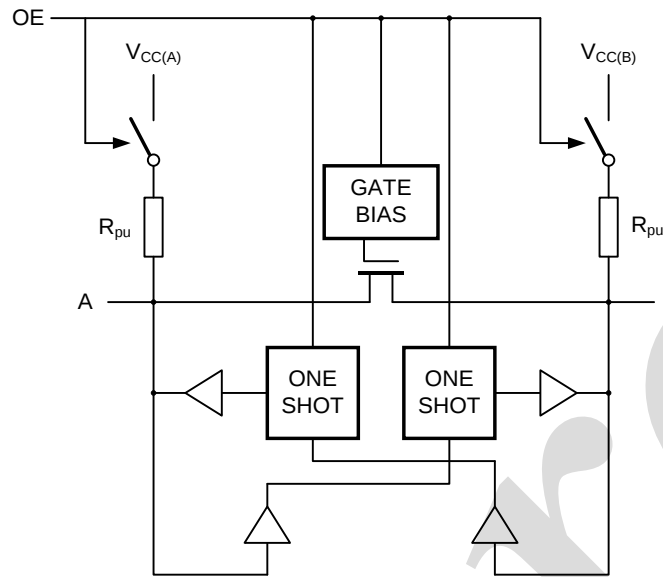
Note 1: “XX” refers to variable content, meaning package batch serial number.

Note 2: If the physical information is inconsistent with the ordering information, please refer to the actual product.

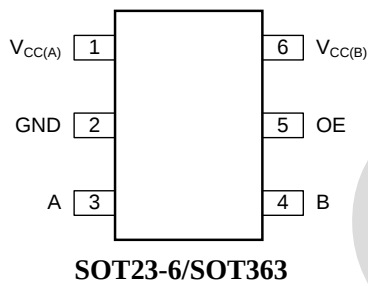


2、Block Diagram And Pin Description

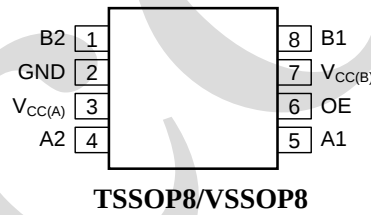
2.1、Block Diagram



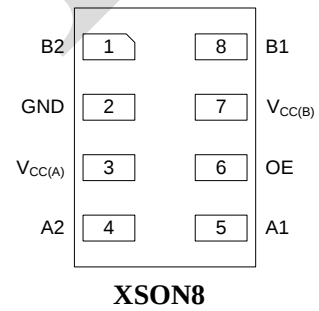
2.2、Pin Configurations



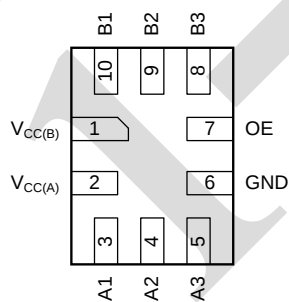
SOT23-6/SOT363



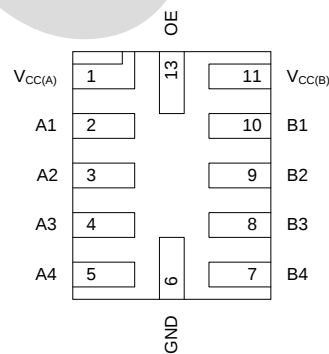
TSSOP8/VSSOP8



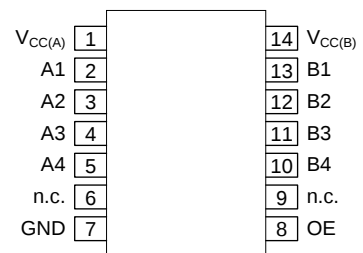
XSON8



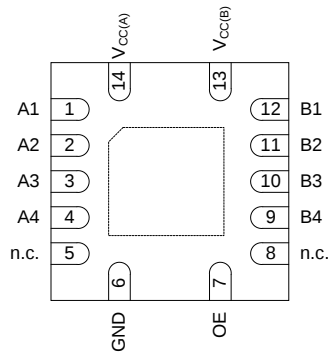
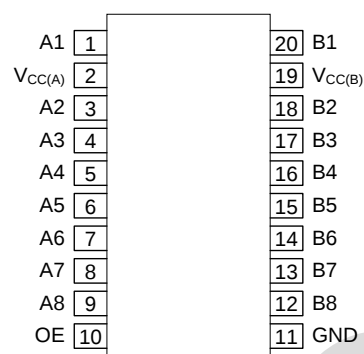
QFN10



UQFN12



SOP14/TSSOP14

**VQFN14****TSSOP20**

2.3、Pin Description

2.3.1、SOT23-6/SOT363

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A
2	GND	ground (0V)
3	A	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
4	B	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
5	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})
6	V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B

2.3.2、TSSOP8/VSSOP8/XSON8

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	B2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
2	GND	ground (0V)
3	V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A
4	A2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
5	A1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
6	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})
7	V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B
8	B1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})



2.3.3、QFN10

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B
2	V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A
3	A1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
4	A2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
5	A3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
6	GND	ground (0V)
7	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})
8	B3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
9	B2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
10	B1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})

2.3.4、UQFN12

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A
2	A1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
3	A2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
4	A3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
5	A4	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
6	GND	ground (0V)
7	B4	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
8	B3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
9	B2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
10	B1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
11	V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B
12	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})

2.3.5、SOP14/TSSOP14

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{CC(A)}	supply voltage A
2	A1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
3	A2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
4	A3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
5	A4	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(A)})
6	n.c.	not connected
7	GND	ground (0V)
8	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to V _{CC(A)})
9	n.c.	not connected
10	B4	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
11	B3	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
12	B2	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
13	B1	data input or output (referenced to V _{CC(B)})
14	V _{CC(B)}	supply voltage B



2.3.6、VQFN14

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	A1	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
2	A2	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
3	A3	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
4	A4	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
5	n.c.	not connected
6	GND	ground (0V)
7	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
8	n.c.	not connected
9	B4	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
10	B3	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
11	B2	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
12	B1	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
13	$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B
14	$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A

2.3.7、TSSOP20

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	A1	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
2	$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A
3	A2	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
4	A3	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
5	A4	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
6	A5	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
7	A6	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
8	A7	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
9	A8	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
10	OE	output enable input (active HIGH; referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
11	GND	ground (0V)
12	B8	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
13	B7	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
14	B6	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
15	B5	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
16	B4	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
17	B3	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
18	B2	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)
19	$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B
20	B1	data input or output (referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)

**2.4、Function table**

Supply voltage		Input	Input/output	
$V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(B)}$	OE	A	B
1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	L	Z	Z
1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	H	input or output	output or input
GND	2.3V to 5.5V	X	Z	Z
1.65V to 3.6V	GND	X	Z	Z

Note:

[1] H=HIGH voltage level; L=LOW voltage level; X=don't care; Z=high-impedance OFF-state.

[2] $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$.**3、Electrical Parameter****3.1、Absolute Maximum Ratings**(T_{amb}=25℃, All voltage referenced to GND, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
supply voltage A	$V_{CC(A)}$	-	-0.5	+6.5	V
supply voltage B	$V_{CC(B)}$	-	-0.5	+6.5	V
input voltage	V_I	OE ^[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		A, B port; Power-down or 3-state mode ^[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		A, B port; Active mode ^{[1][2][3]}	-0.5	$V_{CCI}+0.5$	V
output voltage	V_O	A, B port; Power-down or 3-state mode ^[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
		A, B port; Active mode ^{[1][3][4]}	-0.5	$V_{CCO}+0.5$	V
input clamping current	I_{IK}	$V_I < 0V$	-50	-	mA
output clamping current	I_{OK}	$V_O < 0V$	-50	-	mA
output current	I_O	$V_O = 0V$ to V_{CCO} ^[4]	-	±50	mA
supply current	I_{CC}	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$	-	100	mA
ground current	I_{GND}	-	-100	-	mA
storage temperature	T_{stg}	-	-65	+150	℃
total power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	500	mW
soldering temperature	T_L	10s	260		℃
electrostatic discharge	ESD	HBM	$V_{CC(A)}$	2000	V
			$V_{CC(B)}$	8000	V

Note:

[1] The minimum input and minimum output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.[3] $V_{CCI}+0.5V$ or $V_{CCO}+0.5V$ should not exceed 6.5V.[4] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.



3.2、Recommended operating conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
supply voltage A	V _{CC(A)}	-		1.65	3.6	V
supply voltage B	V _{CC(B)}	-		2.3	5.5	V
input voltage	V _I	OE		0	5.5	V
		Power-down or 3-state mode	A port	0	3.6	V
			B port	0	5.5	V
		Active mode	A, B port	0	V _{CCI}	V
output voltage	V _O	Power-down or 3-state mode	A port	0	3.6	V
			B port	0	5.5	V
		Active mode	A, B port	0	V _{CCO}	V
ambient temperature	T _{amb}	-		-40	+125	°C
input transition rise and fall rate	Δt/ΔV	A or B port; push-pull driving	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	-	10	ns/V
		OE input	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	-	10	ns/V

Note:

- [1] The A and B sides of an unused I/O pair must be held in the same state, both at V_{CCI} or both at GND.
- [2] $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$.
- [3] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.
- [4] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

3.3、Electrical Characteristics

3.3.1、DC Characteristics 1

($T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
LOW-level output voltage	V_{OL}	A port; $V_I \leq 0.15V$; $V_{CC(B)}=1.65V$ to $5.5V$; $V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$; $I_O=-135\mu A$	-	0.25	-	V
input leakage current	I_I	OE input; $V_I=0V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	± 1	μA
OFF-state output current	I_{OZ}	A or B port; $V_O=0V$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	± 1	μA
power-off leakage current	I_{OFF}	A port; V_I or $V_O=0V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(A)}=0V$; $V_{CC(B)}=0V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	± 1	μA
		B port; V_I or $V_O=0V$ to $5.5V$; $V_{CC(B)}=0V$; $V_{CC(A)}=0V$ to $3.6V$	-	-	± 1	μA
input capacitance	C_I	OE input; $V_{CC(A)}=3.3V$; $V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	2.6	-	pF
input/output capacitance	$C_{I/O}$	A port; $V_{CC(A)}=3.3V$; $V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	enabled	-	9	pF
			disabled	-	5.2	pF
		B port;	enabled	-	10.5	pF



		$V_{CC(A)}=3.3V$; $V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	disabled	-	9	-	pF
supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.8V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	0.1	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}=2.5V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	0.1	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}=3.3V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	-	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	0.1	-	μA
	$I_{CC(B)}$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.8V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	0.5	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	1.5	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	4.6	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}=2.5V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	0.8	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	3.8	-	μA
		$V_{CC(A)}=3.3V$	$V_{CC(B)}=2.5V$	-	-	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=3.3V$	-	0.1	-	μA
			$V_{CC(B)}=5.0V$	-	2.8	-	μA

Note:

[1] $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$.[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

3.3.2、DC Characteristics 2

(T_{amb}=-40°C to +85°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
HIGH-level input voltage	V_{IH}	A port	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $1.95V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$V_{CC(A)}-0.2$	-	-	V
			$V_{CC(A)}=2.3V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$V_{CC(A)}-0.4$	-	-	V
		B port	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$V_{CC(B)}-0.4$	-	-	V
		OE input	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	V_{IL}	A or B port	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	0.15	V
		OE input	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	V
HIGH-level output voltage	V_{OH}	A port; $I_O=-20\mu A$; $V_I \geq V_{CC(B)}-0.4V$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$0.67V_{CC(A)}$	-	-	V
		B port; $I_O=-20\mu A$; $V_I \geq V_{CC(A)}-0.2V$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	$0.67V_{CC(B)}$	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V_{OL}	A port; $V_I \leq 0.15V$; $V_{CC(B)}=1.65V$ to $5.5V$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$; $I_O=-220\mu A$	-	-	0.4	V
			$V_{CC(A)}=2.3V$; $I_O=-300\mu A$	-	-	0.4	V
			$V_{CC(A)}=3.0V$; $I_O=-400\mu A$	-	-	0.55	V



		B port; $V_I \leq 0.15V$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$	$V_{CC(B)} = 1.65V$; $I_O = -220\mu A$	-	-	0.4	V
			$V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$; $I_O = -300\mu A$	-	-	0.4	V
			$V_{CC(B)} = 3.0V$; $I_O = -400\mu A$	-	-	0.55	V
			$V_{CC(B)} = 4.5V$; $I_O = -620\mu A$	-	-	0.55	V
input leakage current	I_I	OE input; $V_I = 0V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	± 2	μA
OFF-state output current	I_{OZ}	A or B port; $V_O = 0V$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	± 2	μA
power-off leakage current	I_{OFF}	A port; V_I or $V_O = 0V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(A)} = 0V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	± 2	μA
		B port; V_I or $V_O = 0V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0V$; $V_{CC(A)} = 0V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	± 2	μA
supply current	I_{CC}	OE = $0V$ or $V_{CC(A)}$; An, Bn open					
		$I_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65V$ to $5.5V$	-20	-	20	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-20	-	20	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0V$	-	-	20	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 0V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 5.5V$	-20	-	-	μA
		$I_{CC(B)}$	$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	45	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	45	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0V$	-20	-	-	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 0V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 5.5V$	-	-	20	μA
		$I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$	$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.65V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	65	μA
			$V_{CC(A)} = 1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)} = 2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	65	μA

Note:

[1] $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$.[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.



3.3.3、DC Characteristics 3

(T_{amb}= -40°C to +125°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
HIGH-level input voltage	V _{IH}	A port	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 1.95V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CC(A)} -0.2	-	-	V
			V _{CC(A)} =2.3V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CC(A)} -0.4	-	-	V
		B port	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	V _{CC(B)} -0.4	-	-	V
		OE input	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	0.65V _{CC(A)}	-	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}	A or B port	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	-	-	0.15	V
		OE input	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	-	-	0.35V _{CC(A)}	V
HIGH-level output voltage	V _{OH}	A port; I _O =-20uA; V _I ≥V _{CC(B)} -0.4V	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	0.67V _{CC(A)}	-	-	V
		B port; I _O =-20uA; V _I ≥V _{CC(A)} -0.2V	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	0.67V _{CC(B)}	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V _{OL}	A port; V _I ≤0.15V; V _{CC(B)} =1.65V to 5.5V	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V; I _O =-220uA	-	-	0.4	V
			V _{CC(A)} =2.3V; I _O =-300uA	-	-	0.4	V
			V _{CC(A)} =3.0V; I _O =-400uA	-	-	0.55	V
		B port; V _I ≤0.15V; V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V	V _{CC(B)} =1.65V; I _O =-220uA	-	-	0.4	V
			V _{CC(B)} =2.3V; I _O =-300uA	-	-	0.4	V
			V _{CC(B)} =3.0V; I _O =-400uA	-	-	0.55	V
			V _{CC(B)} =4.5V; I _O =-620uA	-	-	0.55	V
input leakage current	I _I	OE input; V _I =0V to 3.6V; V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 1.95V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V		-	-	±12	uA
OFF-state output current	I _{OZ}	A or B port; V _O =0V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 1.95V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V		-	-	±12	uA
power-off leakage current	I _{OFF}	A port; V _I or V _O =0V to 3.6V; V _{CC(A)} =0V; V _{CC(B)} =0V to 5.5V		-	-	±12	uA
		B port; V _I or V _O =0V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =0V; V _{CC(A)} =0V to 5.5V		-	-	±12	uA
supply current	I _{CC}	OE=0V or V _{CC(A)} ; A _n , B _n open					
		I _{CC(A)}	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V; V _{CC(B)} =1.65V to 5.5V	-5	-	20	uA
			V _{CC(A)} =1.65V to 3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =2.3V to 5.5V	-2	-	45	uA
			V _{CC(A)} =3.6V; V _{CC(B)} =0V	-	-	20	uA
			V _{CC(A)} =0V; V _{CC(B)} =5.5V	-1	-	-	uA
		I _{CC(B)}	V _{CC(A)} =1.65V; V _{CC(B)} =1.65V to 5.5V	-	-	45	uA



			$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	60	μA
			$V_{CC(A)}=3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=0V$	-1	-	-	μA
			$V_{CC(A)}=0V$; $V_{CC(B)}=5.5V$	-	-	20	μA
		$I_{CC(A)}+I_{CC(B)}$	$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$; $V_{CC(B)}=1.65V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	65	μA
			$V_{CC(A)}=1.65V$ to $3.6V$; $V_{CC(B)}=2.3V$ to $5.5V$	-	-	65	μA

Note:

[1] $V_{CC(A)}$ must be less than or equal to $V_{CC(B)}$.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

3.3.4、AC Characteristics 1

($T_{amb}=25^{\circ}C$, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$				Unit
			$1.8V \pm 0.15V$	$2.5V \pm 0.2V$	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$5.0V \pm 0.5V$	
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	A to B	6.5	5.9	5.7	5.5	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	A to B	7.1	6.3	6.2	6.6	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	B to A	6.2	5.4	5.1	5	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	B to A	5.6	4.1	3.6	3.2	ns
enable time	t_{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	200	200	200	200	ns
disable time	t_{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	12	12	12	12	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	12	12	12	12	ns
		OE to A; see Figure 3	90	90	90	90	ns
		OE to B; see Figure 3	95	75	100	75	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t_{TLH}	A port	6.5	5.2	4.8	4.4	ns
		B port	6.6	4.3	2.1	1.5	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t_{THL}	A port	5.8	4.8	4.3	3.8	ns
		B port	3.6	2.2	1.8	1.5	ns
output skew time	$t_{sk(o)}$	between channels ^[3]	1	1	1	1	ns
pulse width	t_W	data inputs	20	16.7	16.7	16.7	ns
data rate	f_{data}	-	50	50	50	50	Mbps

**Note:**

[1] t_{en} is the same as t_{pZL} and t_{pZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{pLZ} and t_{pHZ} .

[2] These values are guaranteed by design.

[3] Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

3.3.5、AC Characteristics 2

($T_{amb} = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}								Unit
			1.8V ±0.15V		2.5V ±0.2V		3.3V ±0.3V		5.0V ±0.5V		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{CC(A)} =1.8V ±0.15V											
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t _{PHL}	A to B	-	9.7	-	7.3	-	6.5	-	5.9	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t _{PLH}	A to B	-	11.3	-	8.4	-	7.4	-	6.5	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t _{PHL}	B to A	-	9.8	-	8.0	-	7.4	-	7.0	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t _{PLH}	B to A	-	10.2	-	7.0	-	5.8	-	5.0	ns
enable time	t _{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	200	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t _{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	13	-	13	-	13	-	13	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	16	-	13	-	13	-	13	ns
		OE to A; see Figure 3	-	140	-	140	-	140	-	145	ns
		OE to B; see Figure 3	-	165	-	125	-	175	-	125	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t _{TLH}	A port	2.2	11.9	2.0	8.6	1.9	7.8	1.9	7.2	ns
		B port	2.8	12.2	1.8	7.7	1.2	5.3	0.7	2.9	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t _{THL}	A port	1.8	8.8	1.3	6.6	0.9	5.7	0.6	4.9	ns
		B port	1.3	8.3	1.0	5.4	0.9	3.9	0.7	3.0	ns
output skew	t _{sk(o)}	between channels ^[3]	-	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	ns
pulse width	t _W	data inputs	22.2	-	16.7	-	16.7	-	16.7	-	ns
data rate	f _{data}	-	-	45	-	50	-	50	-	50	Mbps
V _{CC(A)} =2.5V ±0.2V											
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t _{PHL}	A to B	-	-	-	6.2	-	5.3	-	4.7	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t _{PLH}	A to B	-	-	-	6.8	-	5.9	-	5.2	ns



HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	B to A	-	-	-	5.9	-	4.8	-	4.2	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	B to A	-	-	-	6.2	-	4.6	-	3.6	ns
enable time	t_{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	-	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t_{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	-	-	9	-	9	-	9	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	-	-	11	-	9	-	9	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	105	-	105	-	105	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	125	-	175	-	120	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t_{TLH}	A port	-	-	1.7	7.3	1.7	6.4	1.8	5.8	ns
		B port	-	-	1.8	7.3	1.3	5.4	0.8	3.3	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t_{THL}	A port	-	-	1.3	5.7	0.8	4.7	0.6	3.8	ns
		B port	-	-	1.1	5.4	0.9	4.1	0.7	3.0	ns
output skew time	$t_{sk(o)}$	between channels ^[3]	-	-	-	1	-	1.2	-	1	ns
pulse width	t_W	data inputs	-	-	14	-	11	-	11	-	ns
data rate	f_{data}	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	-	50	Mbps
$V_{CC(A)}=3.3V \pm 0.3V$											
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	A to B	-	-	-	-	-	4.9	-	4.2	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	A to B	-	-	-	-	-	5.2	-	4.6	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	B to A	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	-	3.8	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	B to A	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	-	4.3	ns
enable time	t_{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t_{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	8	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	150	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	120	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t_{TLH}	A port	-	-	-	-	1.6	5.7	1.8	5.0	ns
		B port	-	-	-	-	1.5	5.4	0.9	3.9	ns
HIGH to LOW	t_{THL}	A port	-	-	-	-	1.0	4.5	0.6	3.5	ns



output transition time		B port	-	-	-	-	1.0	4.2	0.8	3.1	ns
output skew time	$t_{sk(o)}$	between channels ^[3]	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	ns
pulse width	t_W	data inputs	-	-	-	-	11	-	9	-	ns
data rate	f_{data}	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	Mbps

Note:

[1] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} .

[2] These values are guaranteed by design.

[3] Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

3.3.6、AC Characteristics 3

(T_{amb}=-40°C to +125°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}								Unit
			1.8V ±0.15V		2.5V ±0.2V		3.3V ±0.3V		5.0V ±0.5V		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
V _{CC(A)} =1.8V ±0.15V											
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t _{PHL}	A to B	-	12.1	-	9.1	-	8.1	-	7.4	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t _{PLH}	A to B	-	14.1	-	10.5	-	9.3	-	8.1	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t _{PHL}	B to A	-	12.3	-	10.0	-	9.3	-	8.8	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t _{PLH}	B to A	-	12.8	-	8.8	-	7.3	-	6.3	ns
enable time	t _{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	200	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t _{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	14	-	14	-	14	-	14	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	17	-	14	-	14	-	14	ns
		OE to A; see Figure 3	-	140	-	140	-	140	-	145	ns
		OE to B; see Figure 3	-	165	-	125	-	175	-	125	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t _{TLH}	A port	2.2	14.9	2.0	10.8	1.9	9.8	1.9	9.0	ns
		B port	2.8	15.3	1.8	9.6	1.2	6.6	0.7	3.6	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t _{THL}	A port	1.8	11.0	1.3	8.3	0.9	7.1	0.6	6.1	ns
		B port	1.3	10.4	1.0	6.8	0.9	4.9	0.7	3.8	ns
output skew	t _{sk(o)}	between channels ^[3]	-	1.1	-	1.1	-	1.1	-	1.1	ns
pulse width	t _w	data inputs	25	-	20	-	20	-	20	-	ns
data rate	f _{data}	-	-	40	-	50	-	50	-	50	Mbps
V _{CC(A)} =2.5V ±0.2V											



HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	A to B	-	-	-	7.8	-	6.6	-	5.9	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	A to B	-	-	-	8.5	-	7.4	-	6.5	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	B to A	-	-	-	7.4	-	6.0	-	5.3	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	B to A	-	-	-	7.8	-	5.8	-	4.5	ns
enable time	t_{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	-	-	200	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t_{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	10	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	-	-	12	-	10	-	10	ns
		OE to A	-	-	-	105	-	105	-	105	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	125	-	175	-	120	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t_{TLH}	A port	-	-	1.7	9.1	1.7	8.0	1.8	7.3	ns
		B port	-	-	1.8	9.1	1.3	6.8	0.9	4.1	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t_{THL}	A port	-	-	1.3	7.1	0.8	5.9	0.6	4.8	ns
		B port	-	-	1.1	6.8	0.9	5.1	0.7	3.8	ns
output skew time	$t_{sk(o)}$	between channels ^[3]	-	-	-	1.1	-	1.3	-	1.1	ns
pulse width	t_w	data inputs	-	-	16.7	-	12.5	-	12.5	-	ns
data rate	f_{data}	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	-	50	Mbps
$V_{CC(A)}=3.3V \pm 0.3V$											
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	A to B	-	-	-	-	-	6.1	-	5.3	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	A to B	-	-	-	-	-	6.5	-	5.8	ns
HIGH to LOW propagation delay	t_{PHL}	B to A	-	-	-	-	-	5.9	-	4.8	ns
LOW to HIGH propagation delay	t_{PLH}	B to A	-	-	-	-	-	5.9	-	5.4	ns
enable time	t_{en}	OE to A; B ^[1]	-	-	-	-	-	200	-	200	ns
disable time	t_{dis}	OE to A; no external load ^{[1][2]}	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	ns
		OE to B; no external load ^[2]	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	ns



		OE to A	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	150	ns
		OE to B	-	-	-	-	-	170	-	120	ns
LOW to HIGH output transition time	t_{TLH}	A port	-	-	-	-	1.6	7.1	1.8	6.3	ns
		B port	-	-	-	-	1.5	6.8	0.9	4.9	ns
HIGH to LOW output transition time	t_{THL}	A port	-	-	-	-	1.0	5.6	0.7	4.4	ns
		B port	-	-	-	-	1.0	5.3	0.8	3.9	ns
output skew time	$t_{sk(o)}$	between channels ^[3]	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	1.1	ns
pulse width	t_W	data inputs	-	-	-	-	13	-	10	-	ns
data rate	f_{data}	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	50	Mbps

Note:

[1] t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} .

[2] These values are guaranteed by design.

[3] Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction.

4、Testing Circuit

4.1、AC Testing Circuit

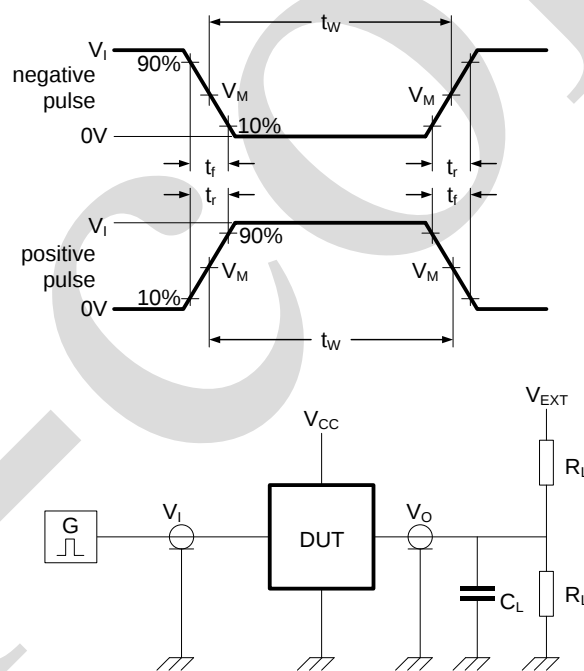


Figure 1. Test circuit for measuring switching times

All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10\text{MHz}$; $Z_0 = 50\Omega$; $dV/dt \geq 1.0\text{V/ns}$.

R_L =Load resistance.

C_L =Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

V_{EXT} =External voltage for measuring switching times.



4.2、AC Testing Waveforms

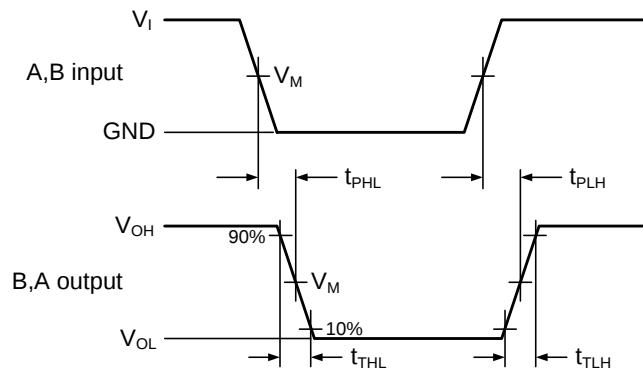


Figure 2. The data input (A, B) to data output (B, A) propagation delay times

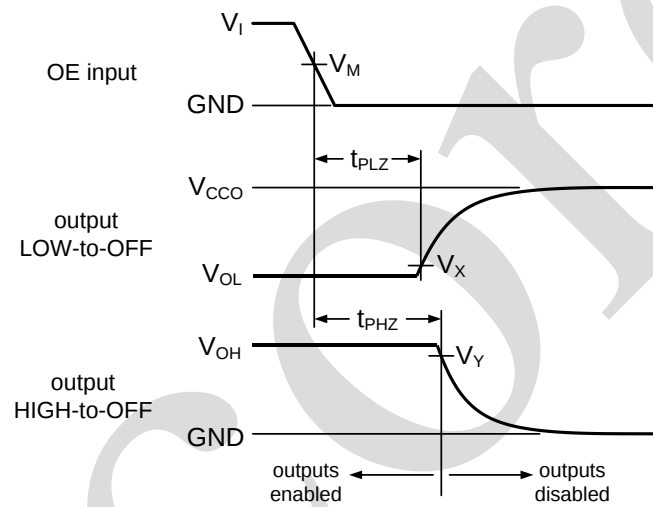
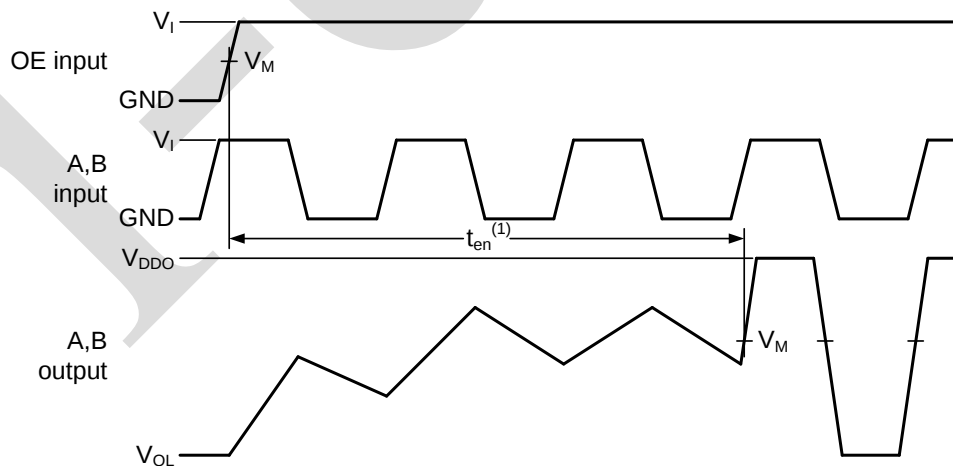


Figure 3. Disable times



(1) The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for one one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken HIGH. See also Section 5.6.

Figure 4. Enable times



4.3、Measurement Points

Supply voltage	Input	Output		
V_{CCO}	V_M	V_M	V_X	V_Y
$1.8V \pm 0.15V$	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL}+0.15V$	$V_{OH}-0.15V$
$2.5V \pm 0.2V$	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL}+0.15V$	$V_{OH}-0.15V$
$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL}+0.3V$	$V_{OH}-0.3V$
$5.0V \pm 0.5V$	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL}+0.3V$	$V_{OH}-0.3V$

Note:

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

4.4、Test Data

Supply voltage		Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
$V_{CC(A)}$	$V_{CC(B)}$	V_I	$\Delta t/\Delta V$	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	t_{PZH} , t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL} , t_{PLZ}
1.65V to 3.6V	2.3V to 5.5V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0ns/V$	15pF	50k Ω , 1M Ω	open	open	$2V_{CCO}$

Note:

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input.

[2] For measuring data rate, pulse width, propagation delay and output rise and fall measurements, $R_L=1M\Omega$. For measuring enable and disable times, $R_L=50K\Omega$.

[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output.

5、Typical Application Circuit And Application Note

5.1、Voltage Level-translation Applications

The AiPTS010X can be used in point-to-point applications to interface between devices or systems operating at different supply voltages. The device is primarily targeted at I²C or 1-wire which use open-drain drivers, it may also be used in applications where push-pull drivers are connected to the ports, however the AiPTB010X may be more suitable.

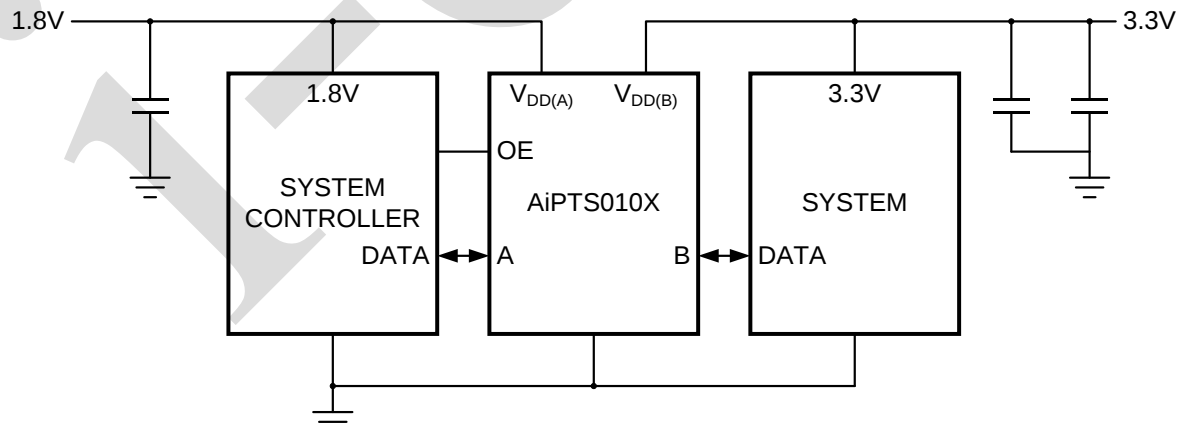


Figure 5. Typical operating circuit

The architecture of the AiPTS010X is shown in Figure 6. The device does not require an extra input signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or B to A.

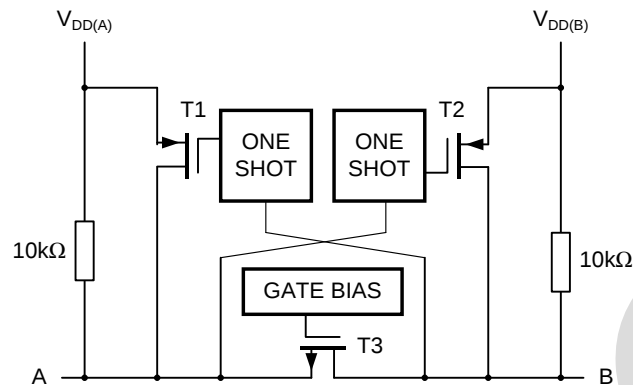


Figure 6. Architecture of AiPTS010X I/O cell (one channel)

The AiPTS010X is a "switch" type voltage translator, it employs two key circuits to enable voltage translation:

1. A pass-gate transistor (N-channel) that ties the ports together.
2. An output edge-rate accelerator that detects and accelerates rising edges on the I/O pins.

The gate bias voltage of the pass gate transistor (T3) is set at approximately one threshold voltage above the V_{CC} level of the low-voltage side. During a LOW-to-HIGH transition the output one-shot accelerates the output transition by switching on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) bypassing the $10K\Omega$ pull-up resistors and increasing current drive capability. The one-shot is activated once the input transition reaches approximately $V_{CC}/2$; it is de-activated approximately 50ns after the output reaches $V_{CC}/2$. During the acceleration time the driver output resistance is between approximately 50Ω and 70Ω . To avoid signal contention and minimize dynamic I_{DD} , the user should wait for the one-shot circuit to turn-off before applying a signal in the opposite direction. Pull-up resistors are included in the device for DC current sourcing capability.

5.3、 Input Driver Requirements

As the AiPTS010X is a switch type translator, properties of the input driver directly effect the output signal. The external open-drain or push-pull driver applied to an I/O determines the static current sinking capability of the system; the max data rate, HIGH-to-LOW output transition time (t_{THL}) and propagation delay (t_{PHL}) are dependent upon the output impedance and edge-rate of the external driver. The limits provided for these parameters in the datasheet assume a driver with output impedance below 50Ω is used.



5.4、Output Load Considerations

The maximum lumped capacitive load that can be driven is dependant upon the one-shot pulse duration. In cases with very heavy capacitive loading there is a risk that the output will not reach the positive rail within the one-shot pulse duration. To avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure correct triggering of the one-shot it's recommended to use short trace lengths and low capacitance connectors on AiPTS010X PCB layouts. To ensure low impedance termination and avoid output signal oscillations and one-shot re-triggering, the length of the PCB trace should be such that the round trip delay of any reflection is within the one-shot pulse duration (approximately 50ns).

5.5、Power Up

During operation $V_{CC(A)}$ must never be higher than $V_{CC(B)}$, however during power-up $V_{CC(A)} \geq V_{CC(B)}$ does not damage the device, so either power supply can be ramped up first. There is no special power-up sequencing required. The AiPTS010X includes circuitry that disables all output ports when either $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is switched off.

5.6、Enable And Disable

An output enable input (OE) is used to disable the device. Setting OE=LOW causes all I/Os to assume the high-impedance OFF-state. The disable time (t_{dis} with no external load) indicates the delay between when OE goes LOW and when outputs actually become disabled. The enable time (t_{en}) indicates the amount of time the user must allow for one one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken HIGH. To ensure the high-impedance OFF-state during power-up or power-down, pin OE should be tied to GND through a pull-down resistor, the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

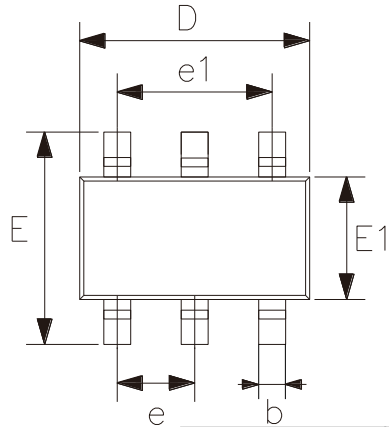
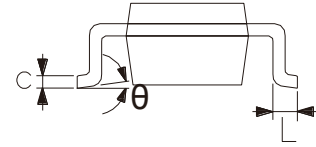
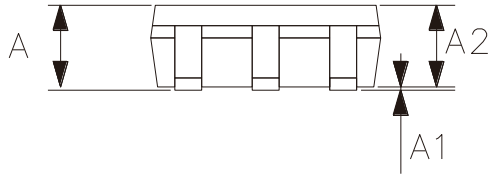
5.7、Pull-up Or Pull-down Resistors On I/O Lines

The AiPTS010X has the pull-up resistors dynamically change value based on whether a low or a high is being passed through the I/O line. Each A-port I/O has a pull-up resistor (R_{PUA}) to V_{CCA} and each B-port I/O has a pull-up resistor (R_{PUB}) to V_{CCB} . R_{PUA} and R_{PUB} have a value of 40k Ω when the output is driving LOW. R_{PUA} and R_{PUB} have a value of 4k Ω when the output is driving HIGH. R_{PUA} and R_{PUB} are disabled when OE=LOW. This feature provides lower static power consumption (when the I/Os are passing a LOW) and supports lower V_{OL} values for the same size pass-gate transistor and helps improve simultaneous switching performance.



6、Package Information

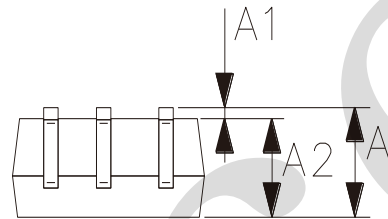
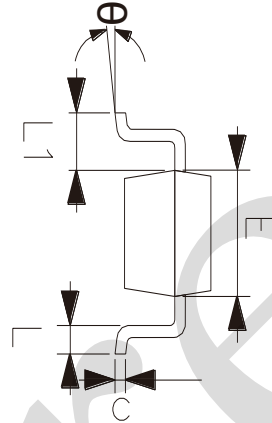
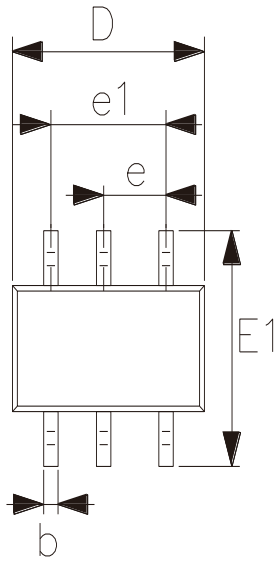
6.1、SOT23-6



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min.	Max.
A	—	1.25
A1	0.00	0.12
A2	1.00	1.20
b	0.30	0.50
c	0.10	0.20
D	2.82	3.02
E	2.60	3.00
E1	1.50	1.70
e	0.95	
e1	1.80	2.00
L	0.30	0.60
θ	0°	8°



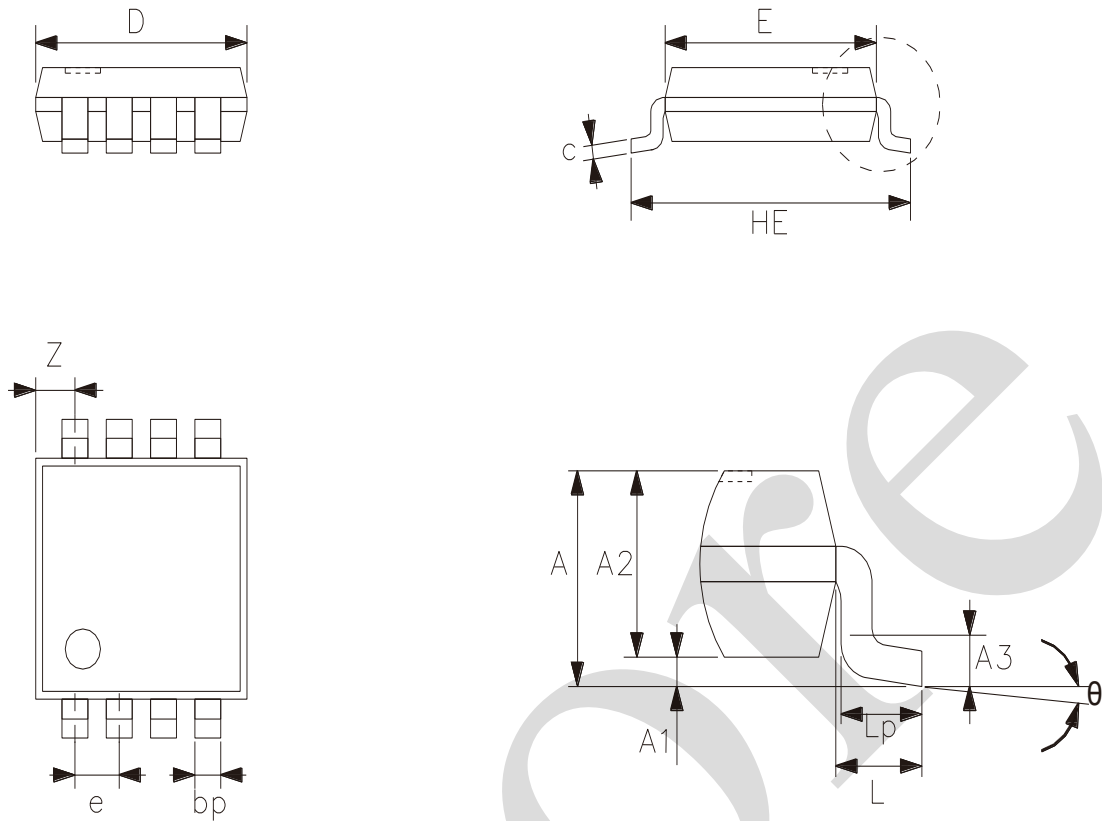
6.2、SOT363



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min.	Max.
A	0.90	1.10
A1	0.00	0.10
A2	0.90	1.00
b	0.15	0.35
c	0.11	0.175
D	2.00	2.20
E1	2.15	2.45
E	1.15	1.35
e	0.65	
e1	1.20	1.40
L	0.26	0.46
L1	0.525	
θ	0°	8°



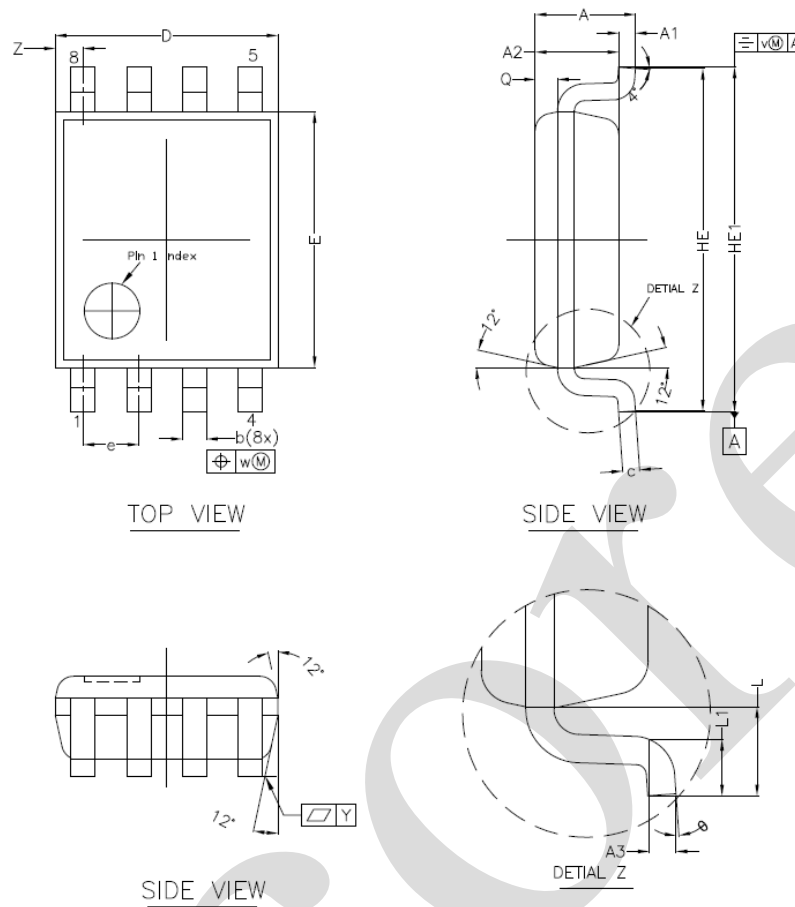
6.3、TSSOP8



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	—	1.10
A1	0	0.15
A2	0.75	0.95
A3	0.25	
bp	0.22	0.38
c	0.08	0.18
D	2.90	3.10
E	2.90	3.10
HE	3.90	4.10
L	0.50	
Lp	0.33	0.47
e	0.65	
Z	0.35	0.70
θ	0°	8°



6.4、VSSOP8

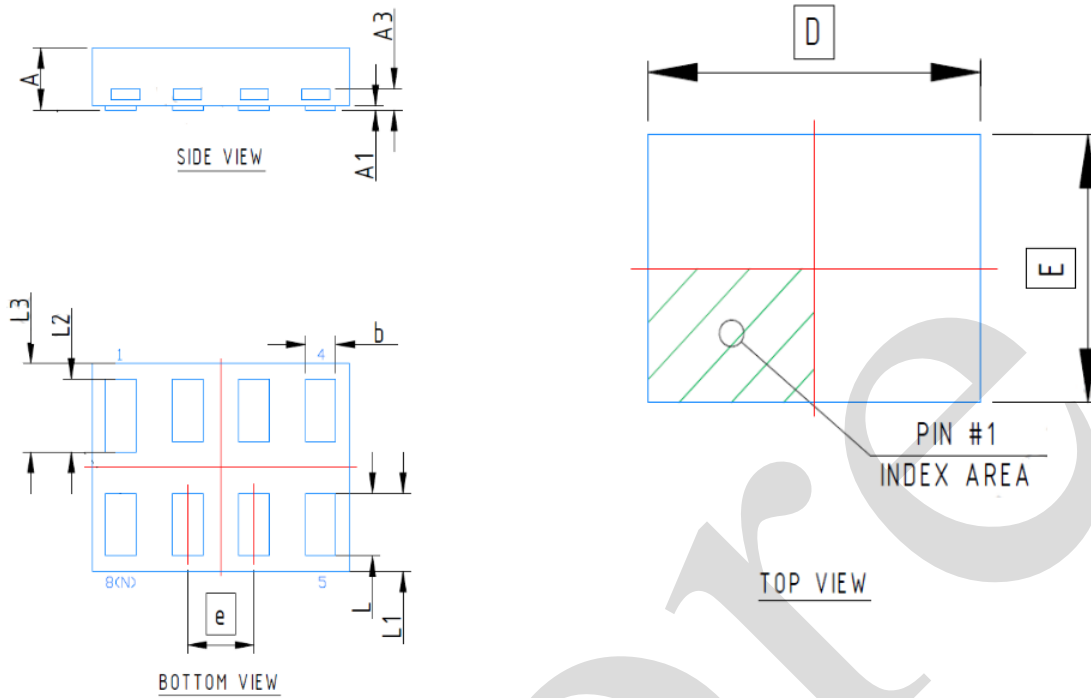


NOTES
1.0 COP
DIE ATTA
2.0 D E

2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	—	1.00
A1	0.00	0.15
A2	0.60	0.85
A3	0.12	
Q	0.19	0.21
b	0.17	0.27
c	0.08	0.23
D	1.90	2.10
E	2.20	2.40
HE	3.00	3.20
HE1	3.00	3.40
e	0.50	
L	0.40	
L1	0.15	0.40
Y	0.10	
Z	0.10	0.40
θ	0°	8°



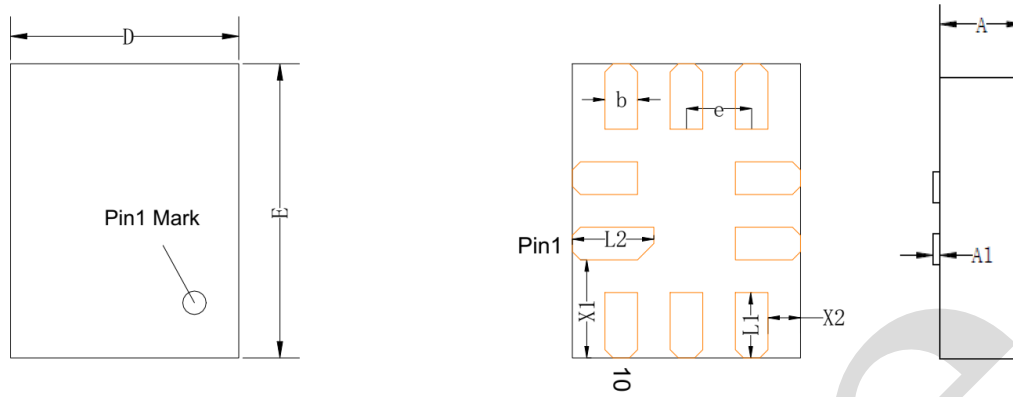
6.5、XSON8



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	0.28	0.32
A1	0.00	0.05
A3	0.10	
b	0.11	0.21
D	1.35	
E	1.00	
e	0.35	
L	0.25	0.35
L1	0.275	0.475
L2	0.30	0.40
L3	0.325	0.525



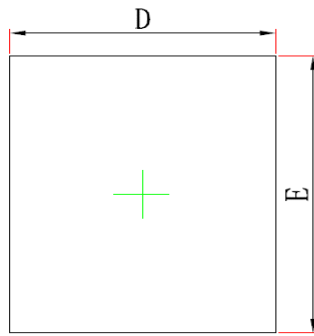
6.6、QFN10



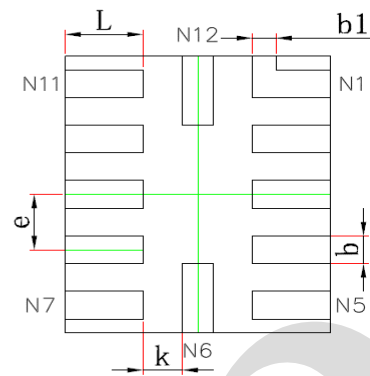
2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	0.45	0.55
A1	0.03	
D	1.30	1.50
E	1.70	1.90
b	0.15	0.25
L1	0.35	0.45
L2	0.45	0.55
e	0.40	
X1	0.55	0.65
X2	0.15	0.25



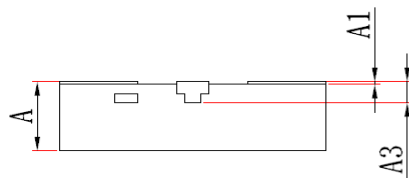
6.7、UQFN12



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

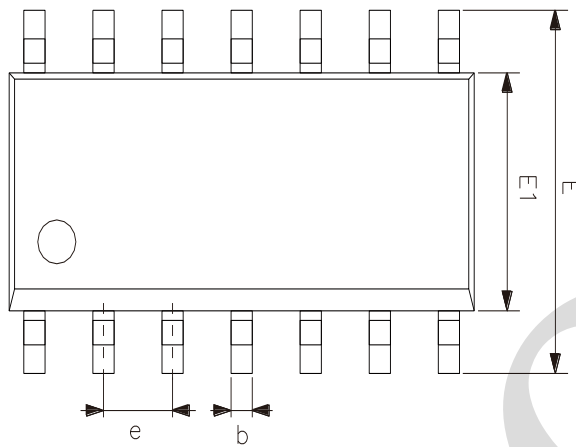
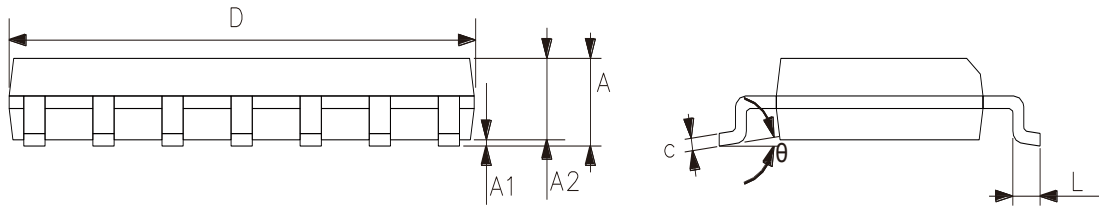


SIDE VIEW

2024/11/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	0.45	0.55
A1	0	0.05
A3	0.152 REF	
D	1.60	1.80
E	1.90	2.10
b	0.15	0.25
b1	0.15 REF	
k	0.25 REF	
e	0.40	
L	0.40	0.60



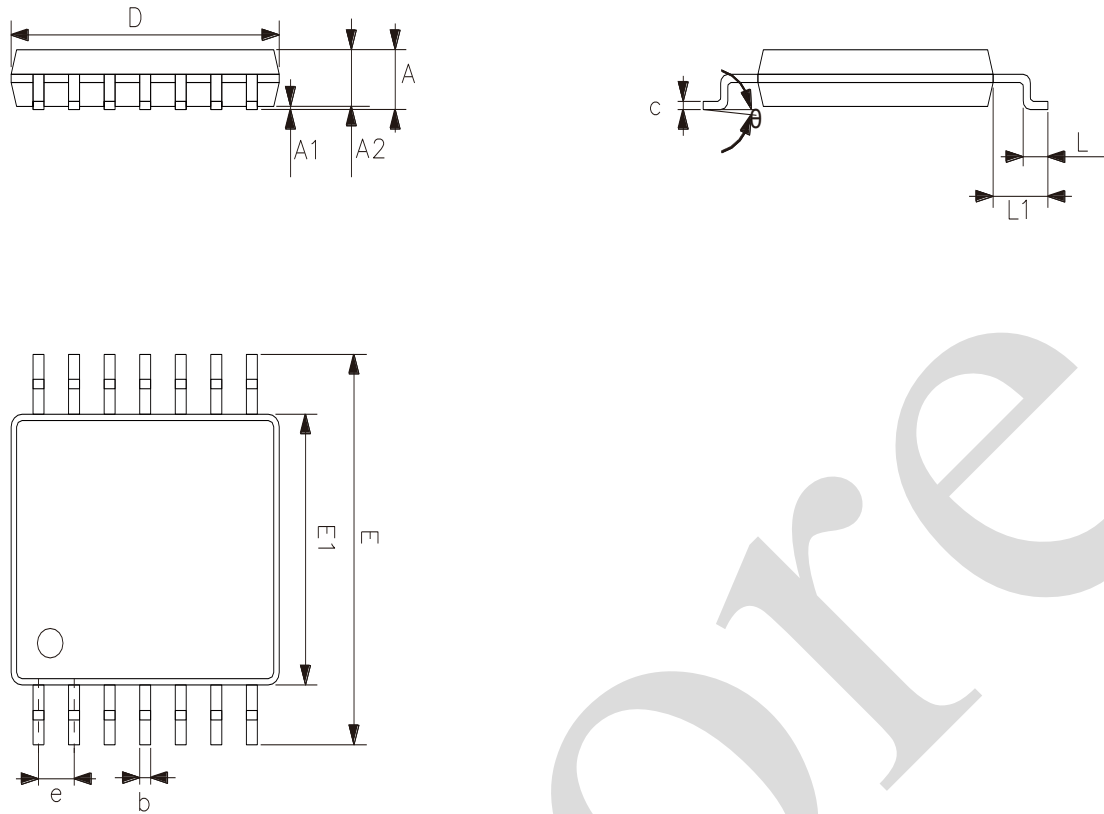
6.8、SOP14



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min.	Max.
A	1.50	1.75
A1	0.05	0.25
A2	1.30	—
b	0.33	0.50
c	0.19	0.25
D	8.43	8.76
E	5.80	6.25
E1	3.75	4.00
e	1.27	
L	0.40	0.89
θ	0°	8°



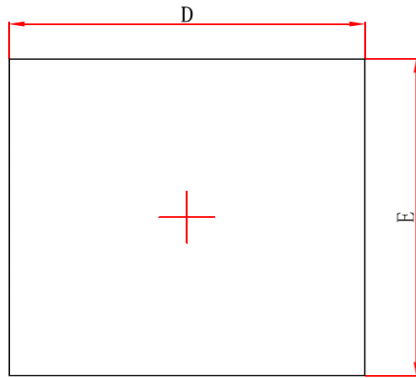
6.9、TSSOP14



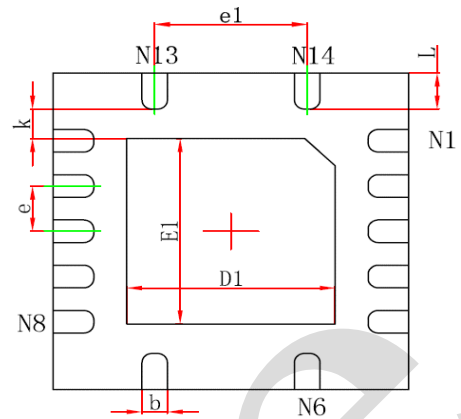
2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	—	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	4.90	5.10
E1	4.30	4.50
E	6.20	6.60
e	0.65	
L	0.45	0.75
L1	1.00	
θ	0°	8°



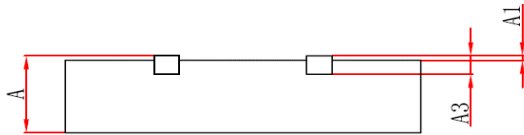
6.10、VQFN14



Top View



Bottom View

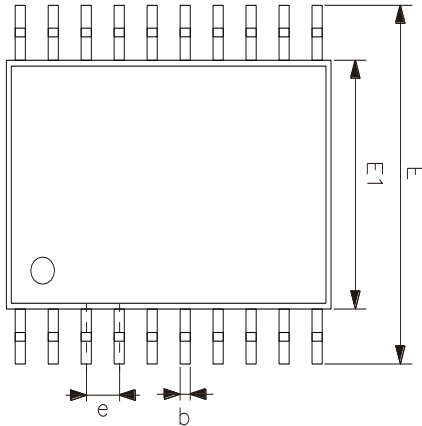
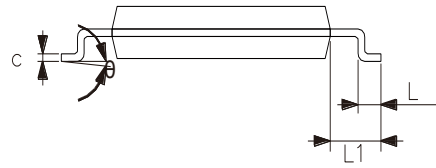
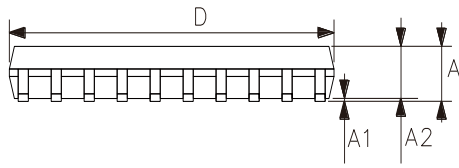


Side View

2024/08/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	0.70	0.90
A1	0	0.05
A3	0.203 REF	
D	3.424	3.576
E	3.424	3.576
D1	1.95	2.15
E1	1.95	2.15
k	0.20	—
b	0.20	0.30
e	0.50	
e1	1.50	
L	0.324	0.476



6.11、TSSOP20



2023/12/A	Dimensions In Millimeters	
Symbol	Min	Max
A	—	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	6.40	6.60
E1	4.30	4.50
E	6.20	6.60
e	0.65	
L	0.45	0.75
L1	1.00	
θ	0°	8°



7、Statements And Notes

7.1、The name and content of Hazardous substances or Elements in the product

Part name	Hazardous substances or Elements									
	Lead and lead compounds	Mercury and mercury compounds	Cadmium and cadmium compounds	Hexavalent chromium compounds	Polybrominated biphenyls	Polybrominated biphenyl ethers	Dibutyl phthalate	Butylbenzyl phthalate	Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate	Diisobutyl phthalate
Lead frame	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Plastic resin	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chip	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
The lead	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Plastic sheet installed	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
explanation	○: Indicates that the content of hazardous substances or elements in the detection limit of the following the SJ/T11363-2006 standard. ×: Indicates that the content of hazardous substances or elements exceeding the SJ/T11363-2006 Standard limit requirements.									

7.2、Notes

We recommend you to read this chapter carefully before using this product.

The information in this chapter is provided for reference only and i-Core disclaims any express or implied warranties, including but not limited to applicability, special application or non-infringement of third party rights.

This product is not suitable for critical equipment such as life-saving, life-sustaining or safety equipment. It is also not suitable for applications that may result in personal injury, death, or serious property or environmental damage due to product malfunction or failure. I-Core will not be liable for any damages incurred by the customers at their own risk for such applications.

The customer is responsible for conducting all necessary tests i-Core's application to avoid failure in the application or the application of the customer's third party users. I-Core does not accept any liability.

The Company reserves the right to change or improve the information published in this chapter at any time. The information in this chapter are subject to change without notice. We recommend the customer to consult our sales staff before purchasing.

Please obtain related materials from i-Core's regular channels and we are not responsible for its content if it is provided by sources other than our company.

In case of any conflict between the Chinese and English version, the version is subject to the Chinese one.